

PRINCE MEET PAPER MEN

BANQUET OF JOURNALISTS AT
WALDORF-ASTORIA.

CAPTAINS OF INDUSTRY

Attend Luncheon Given In Honor of
His Royal Highness At
Sherry's.

New York, Feb. 26.—The luncheon given today in honor of his royal highness, Prince Henry of Prussia, by 12 New York gentlemen and a German official to about 100 Americans from all parts of the United States who are of eminence in finance, commerce and industry of the United States at Sherry's, was in some respects the most notable function of its kind ever held in this city. There were 127 persons seated at 11 tables.

The luncheon was served in the banquet hall. The floor was covered with crimson rugs and the walls were concealed with tapestry, the same decorations prevailed in the balcony which extends along the east and south sides of the hall. The balustrades of the balcony, however, was left open so that the guests beneath might have an unobstructed view of the rich gowns of the women who had been invited to witness the function. The women numbered about 90 and were the guests of the wives of the hosts.

It had been the aim of those who gave the luncheon to conduct it in every essential as though it was an entertainment given in a private residence and it was explained that in inviting the "captains of industry" an effort had been made to select as such guests men who had done something toward the progress and prosperity of the United States.

From the dinner given by the "captains of industry" Prince Henry, preceded by mounted police who cleared Fifth avenue of all vehicles, sending them into the side streets, was driven to the imperial yacht Hohenzollern.

After a two hours stay the prince, accompanied by his suite, Ambassador von Hollenben and Admiral Evans, was driven to the Arien hall, there to review the torchlight procession of the German societies. He was escorted by Troop C of Brooklyn, and mounted police.

WITH THE EDITORS.

Prince Dines With Prominent Journalists of the Country.

New York, Feb. 26.—Prince Henry of Prussia dined tonight with 1,000 of the men who make American newspapers. He was the special guest of Herman Ridder, proprietor of the New York Staats Zeitung, who gathered at his table a majority of the leading figures in American journalism. They came from the four quarters of the country and made the most noteworthy gathering of their profession ever assembled in the United States. There was a felicitous exchange of greetings between Prince Henry and the men who spoke for the journalists and the affair claims rank as one of the notable incidents of the American tour of the German prince. The dinner was given in the handsome ball room of the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, but that immense apartment was not large enough to accommodate the newspaper guests and the Astoria gallery was also used. The two rooms were splendidly decorated.

Mr. Ridder and the special guests sat at an elevated table above which were the American and German flags. Above them was the Prussian eagle done in incandescent lights. From the boxes hung clinging vines and set in on the ledges were hundreds of palms. Each table carried bouquets of American Beauty roses, round which were candelabra shaded in red.

As the diners took their places the ladies of many of the party appeared in the boxes which wall the room.

Prince Henry, attended by the members of his suite drove to the hotel under escort of cavalry and mounted police. The demonstration in the streets leading to the hotel was the most cordial of any that has so far marked his appearance in public. Great crowds lined the way and pressed against the police guards that had been thrown around the Thirty-third street entry to the hotel. They cheered when the prince came in sight and he frequently touched his hand to his cap in acknowledgement of the demonstrations.

Send Greeting to Kaiser.

New York, Feb. 26.—The American editors who dined with Prince Henry tonight as guests of Herman Ridder sent a cablegram of greeting to Kaiser Wilhelm. It was submitted by Melville E. Stone, and, after cordial

endorsement by the guests was forwarded. It was as follows:

"To the German Emperor: Editors of the daily newspapers of the United States, 1,000 in number, in honor of your illustrious brother, send you cordial greetings and all good wishes for a long and prosperous reign. We hail the presence of Prince Henry in this country as an omen of even closer ties of amity and heartily reciprocate all of the splendid and repeated overtures of friendship you have been graciously pleased to extend."

FAMILY MURDERED.

Robbery Supposed to Have Been Object of the Crime.

Welsh, La., Feb. 26.—L. S. Earl and five members of his family have been murdered, the father's body having just been found in a ditch near their home. The only possible motive was robbery.

Hired Man Arrested.

Spikard, Mo., Feb. 26.—A. T. Batson, hired man on the Earl place near Welch, La., has been arrested here on suspicion in connection with the crime.

WILL PROTECT THE PACKERS

RAILROADS REFUSE REQUEST FOR INFORMATION.

Interstate Commerce Commission Would Like to Know About Rebates Paid By Roads.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—The interstate commerce commission and the management of western railroads have locked horns and it is expected that a legal contest will follow. The difficulty arises from a refusal by the traffic managers of the western roads to furnish the commission with data relative to rebates which were paid during 1901. Concerted action has been taken in the matter and is the result of several meetings, among the executive officials, in which the question was discussed at length. It is understood that all have agreed to stand together and that the refusal to give the information sought was made after legal advice had been taken.

Attorneys for the various roads are said to be a unit in asserting that the commission has not the power to compel the production of the data desired and the railroad officials have refused to give it because they believe the commission desires to punish the packers who accepted the rebates. It is believed generally that the commission will try to enforce the request.

TO REDUCE ISLAND ARMY

ALL REGIMENTS THAT WENT OUT IN 1899 TO RETURN.

The Fighting Force in the Archipelago to Be Kept at About 32,000.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Secretary Root, in conformity with assurances recently made to various committees of congress, has arranged for a gradual reduction of the military forces in the Philippines to about 32,000 men. Orders have been sent to General Chaffee, commanding the division of the Philippines, to arrange to send home all regiments under his command that were sent to the Philippines in 1899. About 13,000 troops are affected by these orders. The movement will be made very slowly, a regiment at a time, in the order in which they arrived in the Philippines, and in each case only when the regiment can be spared without embarrassment and without impairing the military control of the situation. All the troops sent out in 1898 already have been recalled to the United States with the exception of those who re-enlisted for service in the archipelago. When all the fresh troops in the United States under orders to the Philippines have arrived safely there it is calculated that General Chaffee will have an effective fighting force of nearly 22,000 men. It is not believed that it will be possible for the first of these troops to leave the Philippines for at least three months.

Goes to the Santa Fe.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 26.—C. G. Sholes, superintendent of telegraph of the Santa Fe system, has resigned, C. H. Guant of the Northern Pacific railway has been appointed to succeed him. Mr. Guant will take charge March 1.

Out of Danger Again.

Yalta, Feb. 26.—All immediate danger of Tolstol's death is passed.

IVE WILL NOT STAND FOR IT

REFUSES TO RESCIND ORDER REGARDING PELAGIC SEALING.

TAKES FLING AT MR. HAY

And Tells the Secretary of State of An Other Order That Some New Man May Revoke.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Some time ago the secretary of the treasury received unofficial information that J. W. Ivy, collector of customs at Sitka, had instructed his deputy at Unalak, not to permit Canadian vessels presumably about to engage in pelagic sealing to obtain supplies at that point. The collector was directed to send a statement of the facts to the department, and was informed that if such orders had been given, they must be rescinded. Today the department received a telegram from Ivy saying:

"My instructions were not against vessels about to engage in alleged illegal sealing, but against Canadian vessels actually engaged in pelagic sealing which is illegal and criminal when committed within the marine jurisdiction of the United States. If there is an ancient treaty between the United States and Great Britain by which the British can commit depredations, destroying American property, and depleting our revenue of tens of thousands of dollars, annually, while our own citizens are denied these privileges, the sooner such treaty is abrogated, the better. Your solicitude regarding international complications with Great Britain need cause you no uneasiness, as the poaching season is not yet opened. Your new collector will arrive in time to enforce your orders. My Americanism will not allow me to rescind an order which gives British subjects privileges within our marine jurisdiction, which are denied our own people.

"There is another matter that may attract your attention. I have recently issued an order to the deputy at Skagway, a copy of which has been sent you, which has put the Canadian officers located there out of business, and sent them to their own territory. You are aware of the fact that this officer became so offensive that he interfered with American officers in the discharge of their official duties, opened United States customs mail, dominated over the railway officials, discriminated in the order of shipment in favor of Canadian merchandise against that shipped from Seattle, established a Canadian quarantine at Skagway, collected moneys and performed other acts of British sovereignty in the port of the United States, such as hoisting with bravado the cross of St. George on the flag staffs of his custom house. I have sent the concern, baggage, flag and other paraphernalia flying out of the country. You may fear the shadow of international complications and rescind this order but a Reed, an Olney or a Blaine would not."

OVERDUE VESSEL ARRIVES.

Crew Nearly Starved to Death—All Have Scurvy.

Port Angeles, Wash., Feb. 26.—The French bark Los Adelphes, 162 days from Madagascar bound for Portland, Oregon, against which there is insurance of 20 per cent, arrived here today with almost every man of the crew down with scurvy. For the last 25 days they had been subsisting on one biscuit per day to each man and were for some time without fresh water except rain water. The cook, F. L. Fletche, died and was buried at sea. The condition of the crew is pitiable and they will remain here until they recuperate. Five were taken to the hospital. Captain Coffin is obliged to wear a bandage covering his nose and face to hide the disease. The vessel weathered the storm without damage.

CONFEREES AGREE.

Most of the Senate Amendments to Be Retained in Census Bill.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The conferees of the two houses of congress on the bill creating a permanent census department reached an agreement today. The bill as agreed upon embodies most of the amendments made in the senate, though some of them are retained in modified forms. The senate provision concerning the civil service is retained. All the employees of the office at the time of the signing of the bill except unskilled laborers are to come under the provisions of the civil service law.

GENERAL LUCBAN CAPTURED.

Chaffee Notifies War Department of Capture of Insurgent Leader.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Gen. Chaffee today notified the war department that Lieutenant Stribler of the Philippine scouts, captured General Lucban on the 22nd. The prisoner is confined at Lagan. Also William Dunston, said to be a deserter from the Eighth Infantry. The war department regards Lucban's capture as the most important event since Aguinaldo was captured.

INDIANS SENTENCED.

Crazy Snake and Nine of His Followers Will Serve Time.

Muskogee, I. T., Feb. 26.—Chitto Hargo, or Crazy Snake, and nine of his followers were today sentenced to the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, for two years and each were fined \$5,000 on a charge of conspiring against the government. Crazy Snake over a year ago started an uprising that made it necessary to call out troops and he and his followers were arrested last week for again inciting the Indians to violence.

PROPELLER BLADES GONE

STEAMER NECKAR CONVOYED INTO HALIFAX HARBOR.

Rudder Shaft Broken In Two Places—Passengers None the Worse For Delay.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 26.—The big twin screw steamer Neckar, of the North German Lloyd line, with the propeller disabled, was convoyed into Halifax harbor this evening by the steamer Karlsruhe, of the same line, and the British Steamer Martinhead of the Head line. The Neckar and the Karlsruhe are both from Bremerhaven for New York with a combined passenger list of 2,500 people. The Martinhead and the Karlsruhe fell in with the Neckar on the same day that the accident happened and both stood by the disabled vessel.

The officers and crew had a thrilling experience for the nine days that they battled with the elements. For the first four days not a man of the whole crew got more than half an hour's sleep, and from the time of the accident Captain Hurrassowitz slept but 12 hours. Three blades of the port propeller were carried away, one and a half of the starboard propeller and the rudder shaft is broken in two places.

The first and second officers of the Karlsruhe and the boatswain received serious injuries. The passengers on the disabled steamer are well and none the worse for their exciting experience.

FLOODED BY MELTING SNOW

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD TRACKS SUBMERGED.

Residences Stand in Lakes and Occupants Use Rafts to Reach Land.

New York, Feb. 26.—The floods which have been caused throughout Long Island by the heavy snowfalls and rains of the past ten days became serious today. Travel is much impeded and in some cases service on the Long Island railroad has been temporarily abandoned. Owing to the large quantities of sand and great depth of water that covered the tracks at several points all trains of the main line and Port Jefferson branch were tied up. Hundreds of passengers were obliged to walk several miles in order to secure transportation to the city. A number of houses just east of Westbury were in the midst of a great lake of 300 acres in extent and the residents were forced to make their way to land by means of rafts. Pigs and chickens were drowned and all loose stuff floated away.

The hospital for contagious diseases on Kingston avenue, Brooklyn, was flooded today. There was six feet of water in the boiler and engine room and it was impossible to make fires and gas stoves were used to heat the wards, in which there were many patients.

A Night Alarm.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup, which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordier of Manington, Ky., writes: "My three year old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Refuse substitutes. Sold by Holmes & Rixon.

SENATE WILL FIX PENALTY

NOT INCLINED TO BE EASY WITH SOUTH CAROLINIANS.

DEMOCRATS MAKE THREATS

Republicans Appoint Committee to Look Up Authorities and Submit Report.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The most important development today in connection with the Tillman-McLaurin episode was the act of President pro tem Frye in ordering the clerk of the senate to erase the names of the two South Carolina senators from the roll. If the present plan is carried out, this will be followed by the adoption by the senate of a resolution before a vote on any other subject is taken practically indorsing the action of the president pro tem in ordering their names erased and suspending the two senators for some definite time. Frye's order was issued almost immediately after the senate convened today and was the result of a conference among the republican leaders. Republican members of the senate committee on privileges and elections were in consultation during the afternoon over a resolution which it was proposed to bring to the attention of the senate tomorrow through the committee, providing for suspension of the two South Carolina senators. None of the senators present at the conference would consent to disclose the details of their proceedings but it is learned in a general way that considerable doubt was expressed by some of the members as to the regularity of the suggested proceeding, some of the senators holding that the suspension of senators, even by the senate itself would be subject to criticism.

The feeling was quite general that the problem is a difficult and intricate one, and the opinion was expressed that it would be impossible to formulate a line of action that could be put into execution at so early a date as tomorrow. Senators Burrows and Foraker were appointed a sub-committee to consult authorities and suggest a form of proceeding, either in the line proposed or on other lines.

The democratic senators spent the day in a general discussion among themselves of the situation. They were unanimous in their characterization of Senator Frye's ruling as arbitrary and announced their purpose to resist by prolonged debate if necessary any further efforts to enforce the ruling.

Wants Vindication.

"To J. C. Pritchard, United States Senator, Washington—My Dear Senator: I was prevented, as you know, from offering the resolution which I wrote at my desk on Saturday, demanding an investigation of the charges made by my colleague, by being adjudged in contempt of the senate. I am now debarred the privilege, and request you to introduce the resolution for the reason that if the charges are true I am unfit to remain in the senate, and if they are untrue the man who made them is unfit to remain in that honorable body. In any event I feel that I am entitled to a vindication by the same body that makes investigation in the proceedings for contempt. I herewith enclose the resolution. Yours very truly,

"JOHN LOWNDES M'LAURIN."

"Whereas, The senior senator from the state of South Carolina charged in a speech on the floor of the senate that the junior senator from the same state had been improperly influenced in casting his vote for the ratification of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain; and,

"Whereas, The said charge was emphatically denied by the junior senator;

"Resolved, That the committee on privileges and elections be directed to investigate and report as to the truth of the said charges, with full power to send for persons and papers."

The House.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The house today passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. It was the fifth of the regular annual supply measures to be sent to the senate at this session. No amendments of importance were adopted.

Teacher's Tragedy.

Decatur, Ill., Feb. 25.—Fletcher Barnett, a teacher, today killed Miss Eva Wiseman, a teacher near Camargo, wounded Bert Hopewell, a pupil who tried to interfere, shot him twice but not fatally, then jumped in a well and drowned. Barnett has been a suitor for the girl's hand.

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Trustees.

Lee Mantle, president; Chas. Schatzlein, vice-president; Frank W. Haskins, treasurer; A. B. Clements, secretary; Charles R. Leonard, F. Aug. Heinze, Henry Mueller, James H. Monteth.

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