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BIG DEMOCRATIC GAINS

Mahone Buried Under Thirty Thousand Votes in Virginia.

The Democratic Candidates Elected in New York State—Democratic Gains in Nebraska—New Jersey Goes Democratic—Results Elsewhere.

Returns received at this office up to 3 o'clock this morning indicate that the result in Ohio is in doubt. Foraker has sustained heavy losses in several counties and if he pulls through his plurality will be small. In New York the democratic state ticket has been elected, but it is probable that the republicans retain control of the legislature. Virginia has gone democratic by 35,000. The republican plurality in Massachusetts has been considerably reduced. New Jersey has gone democratic, while Pennsylvania, and Nebraska have gone republican as usual. Late dispatches indicate that Iowa has drifted from the republican column. The returns show big democratic gains, and the state is claimed for the democrats by 10,000 plurality.

NEW YORK'S ELECTION.

The Democratic Ticket Goes Through With Flying Colors.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—No election in New York for a dozen years excited less public interest than that held to-day. The state issue awoke slight interest in so far as Wemple, the democratic comptroller might run behind his ticket. With so good a proportion of the registered vote cast, the majority for the democratic candidate for secretary of state of over 60,000, indicates that the democrats polled a good solid party vote, and the rebuke to Wemple cannot be considered very pronounced. The contest for state senate was interesting. Colonel Brown, Tammany nominee, defeated Colonel Murphy county democracy, who on several previous occasions, lowered Tammany's colors. In the sixth district, Tammany suffered defeat, Senator Thomas Grady being beaten by the fusionist candidate, John T. Ohearn. In the seventh, ninth and eleventh districts Tammany candidates were elected. In the eighth, Lespenard Stewart, republican, defeated the Tammany nominee. For the assembly, the democrats elected 20. The republican and county democracy nominee, Fitzgerald, defeated Gildersleeve, nominee for judge of the general sessions. The new board of aldermen will show the same relative Tammany strength as the legislature. The election at Brooklyn passed off quietly. The democrats carried two out of three senatorial districts and 10 of 12 assembly districts, and elected the mayor and city and county ticket and 15 aldermen.

New York city complete gives Rice 129,091, Gilbert 66,722, Wemple 126,247, Cook 68,602. Kings county complete gives Rice 69,163, Gilbert 58,328. Chapin is re-elected mayor of Brooklyn. 1,183 election districts in the state outside of New York and Brooklyn give Rice 173,880, Gilbert 204,470. The same in 1885 gave Cook 172,168, Grant 194,554.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—2:25 A. M.—Returns received up to this hour indicate that the democratic state ticket is elected by about 10,000 majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—On returns received up to 2 A. M., it is ascertained that the next legislature will be composed as follows: Senate, 21 republicans, 11 democrats; assembly, 67 republicans, 61 democrats.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Niagara county has elected the entire democratic ticket by overwhelming majorities. This was hitherto a republican stronghold.

One thousand three hundred and forty-two election districts outside of New York city and Brooklyn give Rice 196,150, Gilbert 230,103. The same districts in 1887 gave Cook 194,069, Grant 219,228.

UNDER THIRTY THOUSAND VOTES.

Mahone Buried Out of Sight by the Democrats of Virginia.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 5.—The election in this district passed off quietly except in two districts. In North Norfolk county in one precinct the judges asked the authorities for protection and the disturbance was quited without further disturbance. At Glebes precinct, same county, negroes attempted to break into the polling places when a pistol was fired and trouble seemed imminent for a while. The election officers kept cool and the authorities soon had the mob under control. The shot fired struck a colored man in the mob but the wound is not fatal.

RICHMOND, Nov. 5.—Nineteen counties and cities in the state including Richmond, Norfolk, Staunton, Danville and Lynchburg give a democratic gain of about 9,000 over 1888.

Forty counties and cities give the democrats a majority of about 20,000. From returns received the democrats claim the state by from 30,000 to 40,000 majority.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—The *Sun* special from Richmond, Va., says: Governor Lee has sent the following dispatch to ex-President Cleveland: "Virginia has buried Mahone by probably 30,000 majority."

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Oct. 6.—At 1:30 a. m. the state democratic committee estimate McKinney's majority at 35,000. They claim the legislature by a large majority.

THE RESULT IN MASSACHUSETTS.

The Australian System a Complete Success—Republicans Elected.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—To-day's experience seemed to prove beyond a doubt the success of the Australian system of voting. In this city the voting places presented a remarkably quiet appearance, voting proceeded with dispatch and voters enjoyed freedom from the importunities of ballot distributers never known before. There was some slight friction caused by a conflict of opinion with regard to the duties of precinct and other officers, but it was insignificant and made but little trouble. With regard to the ballots themselves there was little or no complaint. From all over the state reports indicate a very quiet election and light vote. The returns come in slowly. The republican candidate for governor is probably elected.

Two hundred and eighty-five precincts in Boston give Russell 27,908, Brackett 22,810. Only one precinct is now lacking. This shows a decrease in the democratic plurality of 1887 of about 200 and a decrease in Russell's plurality over last year of about 3,800.

One hundred towns outside of Boston give Brackett 16,558, Russell 10,912, Blackmer 2,191. In 1887 the same gave Ames 18,424, Lovering 11,082. One hundred and ninety-seven towns give Brackett 24,076, Russell 27,109. Same in 1887 gave Ames 22,215, Lovering 17,421.

BOSTON, Nov. 6., 1 a. m.—Returns are coming in slowly. Brackett is undoubtedly elected governor, but even the republicans concede his plurality is very small.

Democratic Gains in Iowa.

DESMOINES, Nov. 5.—The *State Register* says: At midnight aggregate returns covering one-sixth of the state show very heavy democratic gains. The democrats have gains in the river counties and the republicans have failed to hold up in the northwest. So far as heard from the democratic state headquarters claim if the present ratio of gains is continued they will carry the state by 9,000. The republicans insist that strong republican counties have not yet reported, and will cut down the democratic gains.

The *State Register* says: Returns show slight republican loss on the vote of 1887 but it is pretty evenly distributed over the state. Smith, for railroad commissioner, and Given, for judge, run even with Hutchinson in nearly all precincts. With the precincts heard from Hutchinson's estimated plurality will be six thousand.

The *Herald*, democrat, has returns from 19 counties in Iowa, which give a gain for Boies of 8,200.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 5.—The democrats claim Dubuque county for Boies by 4,000 majority. In 1887 it was 2,627. Pottawattomie county gives Boies 1,500 majority. In 1887 the democratic majority was 125.

BURLINGTON, Nov. 5.—Four precincts of this city give Hutchison, republican, 686, Boies, democrat, 1,476. Democratic gain over two years ago of 358.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—A special from Des Moines at 1:45 a. m. says, 387 precincts in Iowa give Hutchinson 43,925, Boies 53,906. If this rate of gain continues Boies will be elected by a good plurality.

A dispatch received from Des Moines at 2:30 a. m: Democrats claim the election of their entire state ticket, majority 10,000.

The Day in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—The only state officer voted for in Pennsylvania to-day was state treasurer. The candidates were Henry K. Boyer, republican, Edward A. Biger, democrat, and James R. Johnson, prohibitionist. A light vote was cast, very little interest being manifested, the election of Boyer by a decided majority being a foregone conclusion. Hart, republican, for state treasurer in 1887, had a plurality of 45,245, and the returns from 27 counties, including Philadalphia, received up to 11 p. m., show a net republican gain over 1887 of about 25,000. Boyer's plurality exceeds 60,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 5.—The election to-day was quiet. The republican ticket was cut badly, but from meagre reports at midnight the indications are that this county will give Boyer, republican, for state treasurer, about 5,000 majority.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—12:30 a. m.—Returns from 57 of the 67 counties in the state and including Philadelphia and Allegheny counties show a majority for Boyer for state treasurer of 62,115 over Bigler. Boyer's majority in the state will be about 60,000.

Fatal Row in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Shortly before the polls closed in the first precinct of the fifteenth ward, a fight took place between John Apple, a fusionist ticket holder and William Driscoll, the latter a democrat. Apple was knocked down and kicked in the head and was dead when picked up. Driscoll is held for murder. There were several other assaults, but none of a serious nature.

At 10:35 p. m., partial returns to the *Sun* from city and counties indicate that Baughman (democrat) is re-elected state comptroller by about 11,000 majority, a gain of 2,000 on his former vote.

Elections in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—Elections in Kansas to-day were for county officers only. In most cases purely local. In some of the counties, however, the campaign was fought on the issue of re-submission of the prohibitory amendent to a vote of the people, and in those counties the democrats were generally successful. The re-submission issue, was favored by a large number of anti-prohibition republicans. Shawnee county, in which is located Topeka, elected the republican ticket. The returns are coming in very slowly.

The Silver Tongued Orator Defeated.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—In the Sixth senatorial district of the city, Thomas F. Grady, known as the silver tongued orator, and whose retirement to private life was requested of John Kelly by Grover Cleveland when the latter was governor of New York, has been beaten for senator by John F. Ahearn, the county democracy candidate.

Denver Democrats Ahead.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—The weather was cold and cloudy to-day. The election for county officers and two district judges passed off quietly. A very light vote was cast. There were three tickets in the field, republican, democratic and peoples. As considerable scratching was done it is impossible to give the result at this hour, but a number of leading republicans express the opinion that the entire republican ticket is defeated.

Quiet Election in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 5.—So little interest was felt in election, there being no opposition to the democratic ticket, that the executive committee made no provisions for receiving returns. Five counties having local dissensions enjoyed some little excitement, but otherwise the election was unusually quiet.

New Jersey Democratic.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 5.—An unusually large vote was polled throughout the state. Slowly coming returns indicate that Abbett, democrat, for governor, has carried the state.

Late News From Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6, 1 a. m.—Returns come in slowly, and it will be impossible to give a careful estimate of the vote for twelve hours. The republican central committee considers that indications support the claim of a majority of 18,000 for the state ticket.

The Result in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—The democrats have elected their city ticket. In the state the democrats generally are victorious. The republicans gain half a dozen legislators, but the democrats still have a majority in both houses.

FORAKER FALLS BEHIND

The Election is Very Close and Both Parties Claim a Victory.

The Fire Alarm Candidate Loses Seven or Eight Thousand Votes in One County Alone—What the Latest Dispatches Show.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 5.—The election in Ohio was very quiet. In Cleveland the day was marked with no excitement. The republicans generally felt sure that Foraker would be cut here and there by cautious citizens who think that two terms in the gubernatorial chair quite enough for any man, and by others who do not believe that he was faithful to Sherman in the last convention. The republicans felt confident that Campbell would suffer at the hands of those members of his party who swear by ex-President Cleveland and tariff reform. All this complicated the situation and republicans were prepared to hear of Fosaker's election by a plurality of 10,000 or his defeat by a plurality not quite so large, perhaps, but equally convincing. The whisky question, too, cut no small figure in the contest. The impression prevailed that the brewers, distillers and dealers generally were democratic this autumn and many members of the democratic party in favor of restraining the liquor traffic were quite content to vote the republican ticket and thus defeat the supposed purposes of these men who seek to amend the present liquor law. Here again was another complication and there was indeed no logic of the situation. It was a plain case of unfathomable uncertainty.

Early this evening as returns came in from various precincts through the state it became evident that the prohibitionists was gaining which was a loss to the republicans. It was also observed that the labor party had lost heavily over two years ago, indicating a heavy gain for the democrats.

The first Cleveland precinct from which reports were received showed that while Foraker ran behind his ticket he made a gain over the vote cast for him two years ago. At 11:30 o'clock the indications were good for a republican plurality in Cuyahoga county of from 3,000 to 3,500.

At 12:30 the republicans are positive of having the legislature, which, if true, means a republican United States senator instead of Henry B. Payne. In the Western reserve republicans have gained almost in every county. If Foraker is defeated the southern end of the state did it.

Lake county, near Cleveland, reversed the order however, and returns from there give Foraker 487 and Campbell 932, a net democratic gain of 161.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—At 9 o'clock tonight returns received from Cincinnati, showed gains for Campbell so that republicans began to concede the county to him by from 3,000 to 4,000. Fifty precincts out of 527 in the city gave Foraker 7,249, Campbell 8,533. In the state outside of Cincinnati 64 precincts gave Foraker 846, Campbell 684, Helwig 361. The same precincts in 1887 gave Foraker 6,858, Powell, 5,886, Sharp (prohibition) 257. This shows a gain for Campbell of 600. Foraker ran behind his ticket in many precincts in Cincinnati. In 119 precincts in Ohio, outside of Cincinnati, Foraker has 15,810, Campbell 13,700, Helwig 1,008. The same places in 1887 gave Foraker 15,403, Powell 12,544, Sharp 930.

One hundred and one of 170 precincts in Cincinnati give Campbell a plurality of 2,610. This indicates for the city and county a majority for Campbell of 4,386, which will be a democratic gain in Hamilton county of 11,000. This would leave a little over 12,000 in other portions of the state to be overcome by Campbell.

At 12:30 o'clock 14 precincts in the city had not been heard from. The majority for Campbell without these was 5149.

The loss by Foraker of Hamilton county which gave him a majority of nearly 1,000 two years ago has been largely effected by defection in German republican wards. The losses in single precincts in some of these wards amounts to more than 200. The result was not anticipated by the republicans. While the losses of Foraker were not confined to these wards, they are much less marked in other portions of the city. The returns also show that especially in German wards the head of the ticket was the thing most severely hit by republican scratches.

The *Commercial Gazette*, commenting on the result in Hamilton county, says it is the outgrowth of the Sunday question. Saloon legislation did not seem to be the disturbing thing, but rather the administration of the Sunday laws was the cause of discontent among the Germans. The estimate at midnight is that Campbell will carry Hamilton county by over 6,000. Four hundred and sixty-three precincts in Ohio, outside of Hamilton county, give Foraker 66,976, Campbell 63,181, Helwig 3,534. The same in 1887, Foraker 65,788, Powell 58,395, Sharp 3,532. This shows an average gain of 7.7 per cent. for Campbell.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—The *Enquirer* claims the election of Campbell by a slight majority, but concedes the election of the rest of the state ticket. As to the legislature it is in doubt. Six hundred and forty-eight voting places in Ohio, outside of Cincinnati, give Foraker 100,105, Campbell 96,148, Helwig 5,058. The same places in 1887 gave Foraker 98,067, Powell 88,757, Sharp 5,140. Cincinnati complete gives Foraker 25,662, Campbell 31,714. Campbell's majority 6,052.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 5.—The *Herald* says the democrats carry every precinct in the city. The Fourth ward, which gave Larrabie 138 majority two years ago, was carried for Boies by 61 majority. The Third ward gives Boies 660 majority against a democratic majority two years ago of 396.

In 761 precincts in Ohio outside of Cincinnati Foraker has 116,698, Campbell 111,219, Helwig 5,663. Same in 1887, Foraker 114,088, Powell 101,867, Sharp 4,761.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—The election in Columbus was one of the most quiet ever experienced in the city. The polls did not close until 6 p. m.

Chairman Neal of the democratic state executive committee claims Campbell's election from 5,000 to 15,000 majority. As to the legislature he is in doubt. He thinks however, it may be democratic on joint ballot. The entire legislative ticket in Hamilton county is claimed by democrats and gains elsewhere.

Ex-Chairman Cooper of the republican committee expresses confidence that Foraker is elected. He does not concede Hamilton county to the democrats by more than 4,000 votes and says democratic gains elsewhere in the state must be large to elect Campbell. He is sure the republicans will gain in country districts. The republicans claim they have the legislature surely.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 6.—1:30 a. m.—Later returns seem to assure a republican majority in the legislature on joint ballot. The republican state committee has issued the following: The republican state executive committee claim the election of the legislature and the state ticket except Governor Foraker, who is in doubt. If the republican count on the Western Reserve and other parts of the state hold up to expectations, Foraker will pull through by a small majority.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 5., midnight.—A dispatch from Senator Quay says: "The latest advices make Ohio very close."

WHAT THE ANARCHISTS WANT.

They Issue a Circular in Which the Institutions of the Country are Attacked.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—On Saturday and Sunday evenings the Anarchists of this city will hold meetings to commemorate the death of their brother Anarchists in Chicago, on November 11, 1887. The revolutionary sentiment is very strong judging from the circulars issued. It is one of the most venomous and radical ever published, and has been distributed all over the country. It speaks of barbarous laws, the assassin band of 200 policemen against whose attack the bomb was hurled in legitimate self-defence, etc. It declares that "a daring deed would have frustrated the hanging; instead the working people passed resolutions. How different it might have been had those who participated in this kind of demonstration made a bold stand as the urgency of the situation demanded." The circulars call on Anarchists, Socialists, Knights of Labor, Turners, Free Thinkers and citizens to seize the opportunity of November 11th to divide the good and evil into two camps and rally under the standard of social revolution.

James Continues His Speech.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Sir Henry James continued his speech for the *Times* before the Parnell commission to-day and declared that Parnellism was a conspiracy to destroy landlordism and rupture the union between Great Britain and Ireland. Parnell's last visit to America was ostensibly to collect funds for the relief of the distress in Ireland, but was really to procure funds to support the treasonable aims of the league. Parnell appealed for assistance to men well known as plotters against the British government.

Sir Henry said that Parnell was the ready recipient of the conspirators' money. He recalled an incident of Parnell receiving $25 from a contributor, accompanied by the remark that five dollars was for bread and twenty for lead. The Land League, he declared, owed its vitality to Irish-American treason funds.

WINDING UP THE BUSINESS.

Stockholders of the Oregon Transcontinental Company Hold a Meeting.

PORTLAND, Nov. 5.—At a special meeting of the stockholders of Oregon Transcontinental this afternoon resolutions were passed unanimously authorizing a reduction of $10,000,000 in the capital stock, reducing it to $30,000,000, also authorizing taking steps necessary for the dissolution of the company with instructions to the board to pay all obligations of the company, sell all the property and after settling business to divide the assets among the stockholders. The next annual meeting will be in June, when a proper mode of final settlement will be defined. The meeting was harmonious throughout.

The War in East Africa.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 5.—Details have been received of the recent engagement between a section of Capt. Wismann's expedition under command of Lieut. Groverness and Chief Bushrys' forces, which resulted in the defeat of the rebels. Lieut. Groverness found Bushrys at the head of 6,000 natives, who were ravaging the country around Resatama. The Mafits made three desperate charges upon the Germans but were repulsed with great slaughter. Seven friendly natives were killed but no Europeans. Lieut. Groverness pursued the enemy, making a four days journey inland from Bagomai and clearing the country of rebels. The Germans came upon the dead bodies of 500 Mafits. The friendly natives are killing rebels wherever found.

Election Rows in Virginia.

RICHMOMD, Va., Nov. 5.—This afternoon a negro judge of election in the first precinct in Jackson left the room for half an hour. When he returned he preferred charges against Preston Belvin and H. M. Smith, jr., for obstructing voters. The other two judges tried the case and discharged Belvin and Smith, and required the negro judge to pay the costs. This nettled the negro and he refused to serve as judge any longer. This put a stop to voting, but it was resumed about 5 o'clock. At the second precinct in the same ward Fred Massey, correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette*, got into difficulty with a commercial traveler, who dealt him several severe blows. Several negroes were arrested for alleged illegal voting.

Winners at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 5.—To-day's events resulted as follows:

Two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs—Happiness won, Syfalo second, Veshti third. Time 58:00.

Three-year-olds and upward, seven and a half furlongs—Amasa won, Buckler second, Balance third. Time 1:39.

Free handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards, mile and sixteenth—Prince Fortunatus won, Montia Hardy second, Comes third. Time 1:50¾.

Free handicap for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Basil Duke won, Lizzie C. second, Langtree third. Time 1:04½.

Three-year-olds and upward, six and a half furlongs—Dudley Oaks won, Boy Blue second, Regardless third. Time 1:25.

Races at Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 5.—The events to-day were:

Mile—Badger won, Lavinia Belle second, Martin Russell third. Time 1:53.

Six furlongs—Fordham won, Bradford second, Tipstaff third. Time 1:21.

Six furlongs—Tulla Blackburn won, Civil Service second, Rolespierri third. Time 1:22.

Mile and sixteenth—King Crab won, Castaway second, Theodisus third. Time 1:58¾.

Mile and sixteenth—Hydra won, Stephanana second, Barrister third. Time 2:09¼.

Six furlongs—Glendale won, Bohemian second, Arab third. Time 1:22.

LATE NEWS OF STANLEY

A Dispatch From the Great Explorer Received in London.

Incidents of His Trip Into the Wilds of Africa—It is Thought That He Will Reach the Coast Some Time in January or February.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Mr. Mackinnon, the head of the Emin Bey committee, has received a dispatch from Henry M. Stanley, which says: "I reached Albert Nyanzi from Banlai, fort third, in 140 days, and found Emin and Jefferson had both been prisoners since the 18th of August, 1888. The troops in the equatorial province had revolted and shaken off all allegiance. Shortly after the Mahidists invaded the province in full force. After the first battle in May the stations yielded, and a panic struck the natives, who joined the invaders and assisted in the work of destruction. The invaders subsequently suffered reverses. A steamer was dispatched to Kuhartom for reinforcements. I found a letter waiting for me near Albert Nyanzi, exposing the dangerous position of the survivors and urging the immediate necessity of my arrival before the end of December, otherwise it would be too late. I arrived there on the 18th of January for the third time. From the 14th of February to the 8th of May I waited for the fugitives. Homeward bound no hostile natives were met since we left Kabboreja. We traveled along the base of the snowy range Rujenyory, through side of Southern Naianza or Nyanzia of Usongeral, which is called now Albert Edward Nyanzi; having exit at Semilka, which receives over fifty streams from Rujenory and finally enters at Albert Nyanzia, making Albert Edward the source of the southwest branch of the White File, Victoria Nyanzi being of the southeast branch."

MacKennon says the committee has given orders that supplies for Stanley be hurried on to Nipwapwa and beyond if possible. Stanley is expected to reach the coast in January or February.

Washington Getting Anxious.

OLYMPIA, Nov. 5.—Governor Moore sent a letter with the constitution and returns to the president, certifying to both. The president's attention was called to this to-day by wire, and it is hoped he will issue the proclamation. Attorney General Miller telegraphed to-day, declining to give an opinion as to when the senators can be elected. On the same question the president referred the governor to the enabling act and the action taken by South Dakota. This is construed here to mean that the legislature can meet tomorrow to organize and Thursday ballot for senators. The supreme court will decide to-morrow whether the legislature shall meet or not.

The Cronin Case Adjourned.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—In order to be safe against error, to-day being a legal holiday Judge McConnell again adjourned the Cronin case till to-morrow.

State's Attorney Longenecker said to a reporter to-day that he expected to get in all the direct evidence for the state this week. As to the length of time required by the defense he could not say, but expressed his belief that not more than three weeks would be required to get the case to the jury. Attorney Forest of the defense, however, held a contrary view. He said he couldn't see how the state could finish this week and said the defense will require at least three weeks. His belief was that the case wouldn't get to the jury in six weeks.

The Charleston Festival.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 5.—Charleston's great earthquake festival opened yesterday. Buildings are bedecked with flags and bunting from one end of the city to the other. A hundred thousand United States flags are displayed, and there is not a Confederate flag in sight. King street last night presented a fairy picture with triumphal arches, illuminated show windows, swinging Chinese lanterns, gay throngs of sightseers, bands of music and military parades, both white and colored. There was a grand pyrotechnic display on Colonial lake with a mimic attack of the federal fleet on Fort Sumpter.

Murdered His Fiancee.

STREATER, Ill., Nov. 5.—A week ago Joseph Smith came here from Bessemer, Mich., to visit his fiancee, Hattie Lee. Last Tuesday they went together walking, and the man returned alone, saying the girl had stopped at a store on the way home. Nothing has been seen of her since, until yesterday, when Smith committed suicide, and left a letter saying he had killed the girl. A searching party found her body about two miles from the city with her head crushed in by blows from a club.

A New Railroad in Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 5.—Articles of incorporation of the Rio Grande Southern railroad were filed in the secretary of state's office to-day. The road begins at Dallas, in Ouray county, and extends to Telluride, Rica and Durango, a distance of 160 miles. The road is capitalized for $3,500,000. Work will be commenced at once. The incorporators are M. D. Thatcher, Fred W. Alzen, Joem S. McWiel, J. B. A. Cooper and Otto Means.

Charged With Criminal Carelessness.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—The coroner's verdict upon the Mt. Auburn inclined plane accident finds that Pilot Gable could have prevented the accident by proper use of the brake and reverse lever in spite of the obstruction in the machinery. The employees in charge of the machinery are charged with criminal carelessness in not stopping the train and examining the machinery when it first refused to work properly.

Uncle Sam's Pensioners.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Third Auditor Hart, in his annual report, says the number of pensioners on the rolls July 1, 1889, was 490,000, and there will probably be added 350,000 more by June 30, 1890, thus giving for examination 2,100,000 vouchers, and requiring for payment at least $100,000,000.

Ten Miners Killed by an Explosion.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—An explosion of gas in a colliery at Brenburg, Germany, to-day killed ten men and seriously wounded many others.