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DRUGGISTS

12 North Main St. Owsley Block

Washington, May 24.—The house is rapidly clearing the decks for final adjournment. Conference reports are likely to consume a large portion of the time of the house this week, as they did last. In the last days of the session little indulgence is given members, and by the operation of the rules in matters of high privilege, like conference reports, questions can be brought to a vote at the will of the leaders. The clamor for unanimous consent, which becomes louder as the session grows shorter, promises to be checked at this session by the action of Kem, populist, Nebraska, if he persists in his threat. He demanded the "regular order" at every opportunity last week and he threatens to continue to do so to the end of his congressional career unless the speaker recognizes him to move the passage of a bill to grant an abandoned military reservation to his state. If he carries out his programme he will relieve Speaker Reed, whom he is seeking to embarrass, of the immense pressure to which a speaker is always subjected at such times. The Phillips labor commission bill and the Erdman arbitration bill, which were crowded out by conference reports last week, will be brought up this week if time permits. The bill to repeal the free alcohol clause of the present tariff law in the shape of the compromise proposition agreed upon by the friends and foes of the measure will, however, be allowed the right-of-way before these two bills. There are also six election cases on the calendar. The Murray vs. Elliott case, from South Carolina, and the Mitchell vs. Walsh case, from New York, in both of which the majority reports favor the republican contestants, are the most urgent of these, and it is the intention of the leaders to dispose of them at this session.

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An Exquisite Cream for Face and Hands

Invalid for Chapped and Rough Hands, Sun Burns, Freckles, etc. A pleasant dream after shaving.

25 Cents

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Mail orders promptly attended to.

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Sold at Gallogly's Drug Store

**STREET CAR TICKETS**

Sold at Gallogly's Drug Store

**ANOTHER WEEK OF IT**

The Outlook in Congress for the Next Six Days.

**BOND ISSUES AND THE LIKE**

Clearing the Decks in the House for the Final Adjournment, Which May Be Had This Month or the First of Next.

Washington, May 24.—The outlook to the line of proceeding in the senate during the present week is not very clear. It is the general understanding that debate on Senator Butler's bond resolution will continue Monday and possibly longer, but if it holds the floor beyond Monday, there will be an effort to displace it with the general deficiency appropriation bill. This is the only one of the appropriation bills which has not received the attention of the senate and, as it has not been reported, the members of the appropriation committee are now ready to take it up as soon as possible. On the other hand, Senator Butler, who has charge of the bond bill, feels that if a vote is not had on his bond bill before this appropriation bill is passed, it may be impossible to hold a quorum, which he will therefore insist upon going forward to a finish before the deficiency bill is considered. He thinks it will be possible to conclude the debate upon the bond bill Monday, or at the latest Tuesday. Senators Dubois and Pritchard have stated that they would ask to be heard on the bond bill before a vote is taken, and it is probable also that Senator Allison may submit some remarks upon it.

The opponents of the bond bill will try to prevent a vote being reached at all, and some of them will obstruct its passage to the fullest extent possible with appropriation bills and by other legitimate means at their command. Of 15 general appropriation bills, six only have become laws, leaving eight to be sent to the president, and none of these, except the legislative and the river and harbor bill, are entirely out of conference. There will therefore be numerous conference reports to be presented and, as these are always privileged matters, they can be used to displace the bond bill. Ordinarily, the deficiency bill would not occasion prolonged debate, but it may be used to prevent the consideration of others.

It is expected that in the week the bill to repeal the provision of the rebates of tax on alcohol used in the arts will be passed without opposition and the consumption of much time. The filled cheese bill is also to be debated as an opportunity offers. Senator Lodge will have some time to consider the immigration bill. Senator Mitchell, who hopes also to put up his resolution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, as does Senator Hill the bill defining contempt of court.

The talk is general that the date of final adjournment will depend almost entirely upon the length of time the president may hold the river and harbor bill. Without having any direct authority for the supposition, senators generally expect a veto of that measure, and count upon having to remain long enough to attempt to pass it despite the executive disapproval. Senator Allison expressed the opinion today that in case of early action by the president, whether favorable or adverse, that the senate would be prepared to adjourn by the first of next week. In that event, everything would be rushed aside this week for the appropriation bills.

**The House Forecast.**

Washington, May 24.—The house is rapidly clearing the decks for final adjournment. Conference reports are likely to consume a large portion of the time of the house this week, as they did last. In the last days of the session little indulgence is given members, and by the operation of the rules in matters of high privilege, like conference reports, questions can be brought to a vote at the will of the leaders. The clamor for unanimous consent, which becomes louder as the session grows shorter, promises to be checked at this session by the action of Kem, populist, Nebraska, if he persists in his threat. He demanded the "regular order" at every opportunity last week and he threatens to continue to do so to the end of his congressional career unless the speaker recognizes him to move the passage of a bill to grant an abandoned military reservation to his state. If he carries out his programme he will relieve Speaker Reed, whom he is seeking to embarrass, of the immense pressure to which a speaker is always subjected at such times. The Phillips labor commission bill and the Erdman arbitration bill, which were crowded out by conference reports last week, will be brought up this week if time permits. The bill to repeal the free alcohol clause of the present tariff law in the shape of the compromise proposition agreed upon by the friends and foes of the measure will, however, be allowed the right-of-way before these two bills. There are also six election cases on the calendar. The Murray vs. Elliott case, from South Carolina, and the Mitchell vs. Walsh case, from New York, in both of which the majority reports favor the republican contestants, are the most urgent of these, and it is the intention of the leaders to dispose of them at this session.

**MISSIONARY WORK.**

Bishop Thoburn Takes the Delegates to Task for Their Indifference.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 24.—Bishop Thoburn took occasion in a sermon today to lecture the delegates to the Methodist conference for their indifference regarding missions. Bishop Thoburn has been a laborer in the missionary field in India, and he took the conference to task seriously for not giving better financial support to the work.

"Some day," he said, "we shall all stand before the great white throne and we shall be asked why, when we were in Cleveland four weeks, we did not do something for the mission cause. The only answer we can make will be that we were too busy with previous questions, questions of privilege, points of order and laying things on the table, that we could not attend to missions." The bishop said he had come to this country expecting something to be done and if the

**LI COMING HERE.**

He Says He Will Visit America Before Returning to China.

Moscow, May 24.—Li Hung Chang, the special envoy of the emperor of China to the coronation of the czar, has submitted to an interview on the subject of his mission in Russia and in other western countries which he will visit when he leaves Russia. He said he intended to go to America after visiting France and England. The sole mission entrusted to him, he continued, apart from the coronation, was to study European and American systems of government with a view to introducing foreign customs in China. He formally denied that any treaty had yet been concluded with Russia, as has so often been asserted in the last few months.

**REBELLION IN CUBA**

An Interesting Resume of the Past and Present Situation.

**CAMPOS DID NOT REFORM**

Instead He Brought Soldiers and Stirred Up a Dreadful Fuss, Which Continues in All Its Red Handedness.

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New York, May 24.—A gentleman, for 45 years a resident of Cuba, in an interview with a representative of the associated press to-day, gave the following timely resume of the past and present of the Cuban rebellion of to-day or that initiated Feb. 24, 1895. He said that he was in sympathy with the Cubans, he refused to permit his name to be used.

"The present rebellion," he said, "was devised and planned by Cubans in New York. Following its inception, a carefully worked-out propaganda was made in Eastern Cuba, and was conducted with great secrecy. It had many active adherents among the best classes in Central and Eastern Cuba. Since the close of the last war the very active propaganda of the autonomists have educated the masses. To-day they want equal freedom for all. Everything was done by the masses through their representatives to persuade Spain to grant their reasonable demands, but the long promised reforms were deferred from year to year. Early in 1895 many of the colored, or working classes were idle. Then, on the 24th of February, 1895, a number raised the flag of the rebellion and demanded 'Cuba Libre,' or free Cuba. The standard of revolt was set up in a number of places and the blacks joined the party leaders. Simultaneously in Central Cuba small parties formed. At that time the movement was not deemed a really serious one. However, the small parties maintained their independence and grew in numbers and strength. Then they had few or no arms, but all had the death dealing machete.

"The Spanish officials, not believing the movement was serious, so informed the government and made light of the whole uprising. Later, Spain became alarmed and sent out General Campos who, instead of bringing the long promised reforms, brought soldiers and regular troops. Later reports came authorized to adjust all the differences, the extension of the rebellion would have been prevented and a settlement had. While the insular events were multiplying, Generals Gomez and Maceo landed with a considerable following. They were joined later by the late Jose Marti. Then General Crambet and his party landed. They were ambushed by the Spanish. Crambet was killed, the survivors were made prisoners and to-day are in the Morro castle at Havana.

"When it became known that Gomez, Marti and Maceo had landed, hundreds of Cubans abandoned their homes and joined them. Generals Gomez, Marti and others commenced organizing their respective commands. Later reports came of skirmishing with the Spanish troops. The rebels made many prisoners and thus secured arms. Eastern Cuba has been and remains the center of the rebellion. The people in Central and Eastern Cuba, who are openly on the side of the rebels, sympathize with them and keep them fully advised of every movement of the royal troops.

In reply to question regarding the rebel strength, the gentleman said fully 5,000 men are in the various rebel commands, of whom three-fourths have arms. "The men in the rebel army are about half white and half negroes. The latter make the best soldiers. The rebel army is officered by whites and blacks. Discipline is rigidly enforced. Robbery in the broad sense is also punished."

When asked as to the rebel method of attack, the speaker said that it was of the usual Cuban type. "They post their torreadores or sharpshooters in parties of 50. First they engage the advance guard of the royalists from ambush, firing upon them and producing panic and death. If crowded too much they will fall back, while a new one of 50 will make a flank attack, and so they simply harass the Spaniards and expose themselves as little as possible. The Cubans are as crafty in ambushing as Indians."

"The continued presence of Antonio Maceo in the province of Pinar del Rio is of his own volition. His following is well armed and has ammunition. The damage done to the coffee and sugar estates in Cuba," he said, "is almost irreparable."

**FATHER MALONE.**

He Addresses a Salt Lake Audience—Will Be Here This Week.

Salt Lake, May 24.—Father T. H. Malone of Denver lectured before an immense audience to-night at the Grand opera house. His subject, "Modern Infidels vs. Ingersoll," was followed most attentively by his hearers, and the event was unique, as the lecturer was introduced by President George Q. Cannon of the Mormon church, who, with Bishop Scanlan, Roman Catholic, occupied a prominent place on the stand, while grouped in the boxes and parquet were seen all the prominent Catholic and Protestant ministers of the city. Father Malone is master of the English and well up in the subject which he undertook to debate. Ingersoll was handled in refined yet thorough language. At the close of the lecture many ascended the stage to offer congratulations to the reverend speaker, who leaves to-morrow for a lecture tour of the Northwest, taking in Butte, Anaconda, Helena, Spokane and Portland.

**A NOTED MAN DEAD.**

Lansing, Mich., May 24.—Lieutenant Luther D. Baker, who, as an officer of the government detective service, had charge of the party which captured J. Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, died here to-day, aged 66 years.

**GASOLINE VICTIMS**

A FAMILY OF SIX ALMOST EXTERMINATED.

Chicago, May 24.—By the explosion of a gasoline stove on Townsend street to-day, a family of six persons was almost exterminated. Four were dead and a fifth is so badly burned that death is almost certain. The names of the dead are:

Otto Malm, a carpenter, 32 years old.

Sima Malm, 8 years old.

Hilva Malm, 6 years old.

Otto Malm, Jr., 3 years old.

The injured are: Mrs. Alla Malm, 33 years old, burned arms and face; will recover. Ellen Malm, 8 years old, severely burned about head and body; will probably die.

Mrs. Malm, the wife and mother, had arisen to prepare breakfast and her husband and children were still asleep in bed. She lighted a gasoline stove, when the reservoir, which holds the supply of oil, exploded, throwing the burning fluid about the rooms. Before the sleeping members of the family could be taken out, or even warned, they were shut in by the flames and burned almost to a crisp. When the explosion occurred Mrs. Malm rushed frantically from the dwelling and screamed for help. Then she returned to the house, soon reappearing with her 3-year-old child in her arms. Pieces of burning clothing still adhered to the burned flesh of the babe, and it died shortly afterwards. The screams of the mother had by this time brought the neighbors to the scene.

The fire department was summoned and removed the inmates while water was thrown upon the flames. The mother's burns were attended to by doctors, and it was found they were comparatively slight.

**CUBA'S FORBIDDEN FRUIT.**

Madrid, May 24.—Senor Canovas del Castillo, the premier, declares he will only sanction the export of orders for tobacco from Cuba which were given prior to Captain General Weyler's decree prohibiting the export of tobacco. This is presumably in reply to the presentations made by the United States government to Spain with regard to the prohibition of the export of tobacco.

Senor Canovas' decision regarding the export of tobacco from Cuba does not extend the limit of time in which the exportation is allowed, but only authorizes the execution of orders for tobacco which are proved to have been given before Captain General Weyler's decree on the subject was published.

**AB REPORT FROM KEY WEST.**

Key West, Fla., May 24.—Advice from Cuba say that in a recent engagement with the Spanish general, Serrano Altamira, was badly defeated at San Cristobal in Pinar del Rio, losing many dead and wounded. The Cuban loss, it is said, was small compared with that of the Spanish.

**SILVER PROHIBS.**

The Main Issue at the Convention in Pittsburg on May 27.

Pittsburg, May 24.—Free silver at the rate of 16 to 1 of gold promises to be the main issue before the prohibitionist national convention, which will convene here next Wednesday. Leaders of both factions of the party are here, and they say it will be the liveliest convention the third party people have ever held. Ex-Governor John P. St. John of Kan-

**ITS TERRIBLE FALL**

A 3-Year Old Child Tumbles From a Five-Story Window.

**BUT IT'S NOT FATALY HURT**

The Little Tot Was Playing in the Open Window, Lost Its Balance and Away It Went—Clothes and Lines Save Its Life.

New York, May 24.—Dwellers in the big tenements on the east side of Chrystie street, near Houston, who were seeking relief from the heat in the yards, or at rear windows, last evening, noticed a little child crawl out of the fifth-story window of the house at 24, upon the fire escape balcony.

They watched it as it arose to its feet, and saw it clasp its hands, and heard it laugh with delight. Almost immediately its attention was arrested by the shouts of some children at play in the adjoining yard. Toddling to the far end of the balcony the child, grasping a rung in each hand, pressed its face against the railing and peered down at the noisy group, 60 feet below. It evidently did not see very well, for a few moments later the people watching it saw the child grasp the top of the railing and begin to draw itself up.

The chorus of warning shouts that followed were unheeded by the child, who drew itself up until the upper part of its body hung over the top of the rail. The next moment it lost its balance and plunged head foremost down toward the stone-paved yard below. Several persons to the window in time to see it disappear.

The shouts that followed the child's fall roused the entire neighborhood and many rushed for the yard expecting to find the little one's crushed and bleeding body there. They were surprised. On falling, the child's body struck a clothes line at the fourth floor, then it dropped to another one at the second floor, from which it bounded to the roof of an outhouse, and then rolled off into the yard. When they picked the child up it was pale and seemed to be dead. Under the treatment of a neighboring druggist, however, it revived and began to cry for its mother. She was close by with her husband, and eagerly clutched it to her breast. Then an ambulance surgeon came and, after an examination, pronounced the child apparently un hurt.

The child's father, Gianco Canizaro, is an Italian laborer, and the little one is a 3-year-old girl.

The Chief is about \$137,000.

**DEBS DECLINES.**

He Will Not Accept a Public Office—He's for Labor Alone.

Memphis, May 24.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Birmingham, Ala., says: Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union, said to-night: "I will state for the public print that I will not serve in a public office, I have a fixed conception of a public office and do not care to hold one. Politics and labor are two different institutions, and I will not give up labor for politics. The two don't go well together, and I believe I am of more use in labor. No, I will not go into politics and will not accept the nomination for president."

**THE IMPERIAL RUSSIANS.**

Moscow, May 24.—The Grand Duke Vladimir to-day, in behalf of the czar, commanded the grand church parade of troops. The consecration of the new imperial standard in the presence of the czar and czarina, the grand dukes and foreign princes and the general staff was performed this afternoon in the throne room, together with a display of the banners and arms of all the territories and historic events of the empire in the palace armories, accompanied by interesting ceremonies. Part of the ceremony is the swearing of allegiance by the czar to the colors. The higher clergy, arrayed in sumptuous canonicals, took part in the ceremony. After it was concluded the czar and czarina returned to the Alexandrisky palace, where the imperial pair passed the period in the evening before the coronation at their devotions.

**A DENVER STREET CAR WRECK.**

Denver, May 24.—A car on the Agate avenue line of the Tramway company got out of the control of the motorman about midnight last night, jumped the track at a curve when going down hill at a high speed, and turned over. There were 74 passengers on the car, a dozen of whom were injured. The most seriously injured are: Mrs. Sarah Hanson, Mrs. Jessie Connett and Mrs. Albert Zimmerman.

**INSTANTLY KILLED**

THE MANGLED BODY OF AN UNKNOWN MAN FOUND.

It is Thought He Was Struck by the East-bound Flyer at Night—Papers on His Person May Lead to Identification.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

Missoula, May 24.—John Hayes, acting as deputy coroner, went to Bonita this afternoon and returned on No. 3 this evening with the dead body of a man who was killed by the cars at a point on the road about three miles east of Bonita. The body is frightfully mangled, nothing being left of the head except some pieces of the face and a mass of pulp. The left arm and the left leg were cut off and the whole body was fearfully bruised.

There will be an inquest at the undertaking rooms of Woody & Hayes to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. All that has been learned of the man is that he came down from Quigley late yesterday afternoon and started to walk along the railroad to Missoula. He was apparently under the influence of liquor.

It is thought that he was struck in the cut, where his body was found, by the eastbound flyer last night. From some papers in his pocket, it is thought that his name is Batty Smith and that he had lived in Butte, as he has a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States in his pocket that was made in the district court of Silver Bow county. He had also lived in Gallatin county for some time. He is not known here at all, and if anything further is learned of him it must be from some place where he had lived.

**THE PRESBYTERIAN'S PROGRAMME.**

Saratoga, May 24.—To-morrow will be a busy day in Presbyterian conference. The further consideration of the report on young people is in order for the morning and the floor has been assigned to Rev. C. S. Lewis of Vermont, N. Y., who will move to strike out the remainder of the resolution and to discharge the committee. It is threatened by the more active supporters of the Christian Endeavor movement that they will move to reconsider what has already been done and to throw the whole matter back to the board. The report of the committee appointed to confer with the seminaries in order to bring them into a closer relation with the assembly will be presented to-morrow. It is understood there will be a minority report containing some very drastic features.

**THE SUPPOSED MURDER OF THE SAWYERS.**

St. Louis, May 24.—A special to the Republic from Mansfield, Mo., says: Prosecuting Attorney Farnsworth of Douglas county arrested the supposed murderers of the Sawyer family at his aunt's, about 16 miles from here, this afternoon. Perry registered at the Arlington hotel here last night from Kansas City, Mo., and claimed to be drumming for a Kansas City whiskey house. Excitement is so high that, through fears of a lynching, Deputy Sheriff Goss left for West Plains to-night with the prisoner, where he will be more secure from mob violence.

**GOLD FOUND DOWN SOUTH.**

Chattanooga, May 24.—Since the discovery of gold in paying quantities a short time ago at Healin, Ala., and Vicaragus, numerous prospectors have been at work in both fields. It is shown that a rich find has been made at a point 20 miles southwest of this city. E. N. Smith, a local assayer, has been at work on three specimens from the field indicated, and finds that they will assay from 129 to 142 grains of gold to the ton, which is remarkably free from pyrites or other deleterious substances.

**EXPLOSION IN A GLASS FACTORY.**

Hartford City, Ind., May 24.—An explosion occurred here to-day at the glass factory through a defective blast in the big tank. Several persons were badly burned. Desire Moll, inhaled steam and is dying; Master Tascen, badly burned, may die; William Sutton, Emil Withered and J. Moore, all more or less burned.

**BY A DUTCHMAN HIS TIME.**

Paris, May 24.—J. S. Johnson, the American wheelman, has not yet resumed his former good form. He was beaten to-day by a tenth in the 2,000-metre scratch by the Dutchman, A. de Heus. He was also beaten in the mile handicap.

**RASHLEY YESTERDAY.**

At Cincinnati—6; Louisville, 0. At St. Louis—3; Brooklyn, 2. At Chicago—4; Washington, 3.

**RAILROAD RATE AGREEMENTS.**

Denver, May 24.—It is announced that the agreement between the Southern Pacific and the other roads represented at the Transmissour committee provides that the Southern Pacific shall receive 75 per cent. of the tariff from the Missouri river to Utah common points instead of 82 1/2 per cent., as formerly. Building material is exempted from this agreement. A rate of \$2 per 100 pounds was made by the committee on wool from Utah to Boston by rail, or \$1.95 by water and rail. This has nominally been the rate heretofore, but secret cutting which generalized it will now, it is claimed, be abjured. The committee expects to adjourn finally Tuesday evening.

**CHERRY IN HOTTEST AFRICA.**

Chicago, May 24.—William Stamps Cherry, who spent three years in Central Equatorial Africa, left last night for New York on another expedition into that country. On this trip Cherry will take up scientific work that will be of interest to the general public.