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TWO EVENTS IN COLUMBUS

Inauguration of Bushnell and the Grand Hanna Mass Meeting.

THERE MIGHT BE A CLASH

Senatorial Situation to Date Summed Up and Both Sides Claim the Pot—Extra Forces of Watchmen.

Columbus, Jan. 9.—The senatorial situation has not changed to-day. The conferences continue day and night and doubtful members are given no rest. But no suits were announced to-day as those of the previous two days in favor of Hanna. The workers for the senator say they now have enough votes. The Kurtz workers say they can spare another vote or two and still defeat Hanna. But they insist that they have lost all of their doubtful men now, and will stand to the last with at least eight republicans and 65 democratic members against Hanna. They even say that they expect to get Manuel of Montgomery and Griffith of Union back on their side again before Tuesday. It was also claimed by the opposition that while Senator Hanna's forces have been charging on their lines, they have been successfully attacking his lines and have promised from members on whom the senator has been depending.

The Hanna men claim two accessions to-day, but they will not give any names as they are not those of Representative Griffith and the Representative Griffith has not yet been named, authorizing the offer of \$5,000, when their names were demanded.

Democrats Want Assurances. The democratic steering committee reported to Mr. Kurtz this afternoon that they must have assurances from him that the dissenting republicans will hold out before they can give him a guaranty of the solid democratic vote of 65. It is said that the democratic steering committee finally got Mr. Kurtz until Monday midnight to produce affidavits from at least eight republican members that they would be against Hanna. The Hanna men claim that Mr. Kurtz cannot secure the requisite number of affidavits and that the contest will be over Monday night.

It is claimed that the eight affidavits requested of Mr. Kurtz are wanted for the purpose of holding the 65 democrats in line. There are some opposed to voting for any republican for senator and a dozen or more of the democrats have signified their desire to vote for Congressman John J. Lentz, Representative S. W. Cramer of Faudling county, one of the 65 democratic members of the senate. It is said that the physicians say he may not be able to be out for a week or more. His vote will be needed to defeat Hanna on the claims of the opposition to-night.

It is understood that Governor Bushnell is to stand for senator for either one or both terms and that the present programme is for Kurtz for both the long and the short term for senator against Hanna. While the gold standard democrats have all along been opposing this coalition, the ultra silver democrats are the ones who are now being courted by the Hanna men.

Another Statement of the Hannas. Ex-Governor Charles Foster, who was secretary of the treasury under Harrison, arrived in the city to-day. He has been considered as a compromise candidate for senator, and by some considered as unfriendly to Hanna, but he soon declared himself for the senator and the existing citizenship laws, and was in conference with the senator soon after his arrival.

The following was given out to-night by the Hanna men: "Some recent developments regarding the senatorial campaign are especially pertinent to the present movement because they fully justify the course of those men who are now asking to withdraw from the contest, and which they have made to support another than Senator Hanna. It is now known that the plan to elect Governor Bushnell or Mr. Kurtz for the senatorship was developed immediately after the appointment of Mr. Hanna on March 4, and before the month of March was ended pledges on behalf of Governor Bushnell were being obtained in various parts of the state from men ambitious to become members of the legislature. The managers who outlined the plan knew who would be likely to be candidates for the nominations, and in cases where it was possible to make combinations with them, did so, requiring the candidates, in return for their support for the nomination, to pledge themselves to vote for Governor Bushnell."

They See Their Mistake. Since the epidemic of local indignation and the crusade for a general gathering here to-morrow, some of the managers of the opposition say two mistakes have been made on their side. The first alleged mistake is in opposing their strength in organizing the legislature and the second in allowing it to adjourn from Wednesday until Monday, so that such members as Manuel of Montgomery and Griffith of Union could go home and meet their constituents. It was thought the organization of the legislature was a settled thing, but it is cited that since Mason has been made speaker he is calling on Senator Hanna and the other senators who have sworn in as speaker pro tem, he has come out publicly for Hanna. Representative Joyce of Guernsey, who voted with the "coming in" organization, has announced positively that he will support Hanna. His opposition was solely against Boxwell for speaker. Meantime Jones of Stark, Fulton of Carroll and other republicans who voted with the "coming in" democrats last Monday have since undergone such fire from their constituents that they are expected yet to quit themselves by voting for Hanna.

While there were no dissenting republican members last week, the Hanna men say there will be only two or three this week. And the changes are attributed more to the work that has been done in the counties than here.

Charges of Bribery. While there have been charges and countercharges of bribery, there was considerable stir to-day over the publication of the following in the Commercial-Tribune and in different forms in other republican papers: "While Senator Hanna and his managers have

INDIANS ROASTED ALIVE

Their Charred Remains Rest in Chains Against a Tree.

A MOST HORRIBLE DEATH

Bereft of Feet and Ankles the Skeletons Stand Amid Bits of Burned Flesh That Has Dropped From the Bones.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 9.—Charred and burned beyond all semblance of human beings, the remains of Marcus McGeeley and Palmer Simpson, two Seminole Indians, who a few days ago murdered Mrs. James Simmons, are still resting in chains against the blackened trunk of an oak tree in the Seminole nation, where on Friday night they met their death in the most horrible manner conceivable at the hands of the white men. The skeleton of McGeeley, who was the first to be burned, stands on a pile of blackened bones and charred fragments of the human body. The fingers and hands are burned from the frames and the charred remains of the feet and ankles, stand on blackened bones in the ashes on the ground. Every vestige of hair and flesh are burned from the heads, and the clenched teeth of the dead men show the great determination to endure their awful punishment in silence with which the red men died. The scene is a fascinating one for the time being, and has been visited by many people since yesterday morning.

Additional details of the horrible work of the mob near Maud postoffice in the Seminole nation last Friday night were given to-day. According to this information the mob's work is not yet finished, and will only be completed when four more Indians have been dealt with in the same manner as McGeeley and Simpson. The citizens' posse was scouring the country for the four men when the messenger left Maud, and it is probable that at least part of the quartette have by this time met the ignominious death of the maddened populace.

The crime which led to the burning of the two men was committed on last Thursday. Marcus McGeeley was the murderer of Mrs. James Simmons, a white woman, and her husband, who had been taken to the house. When the woman attempted to run away the Indian seized a Winchester and dealt her a deadly blow on the head, which killed her. The woman died instantly. The murdered woman's husband did not return Thursday evening, and the children were unable to remove the body into the street, and the body was left in the yard. The little ones stayed up and watched their dead mother's body until the bitter cold compelled them to relax their vigilance and seek shelter in the woods. During the night the body was almost devoured by hogs.

The news spread rapidly Friday morning, and the whole populace for miles around was aroused. The Indians were arrested. The oldest child told the crowd that McGeeley was the guilty man, and a posse of 20 determined men set out to arrest him. Simpson was at McGeeley's house when the posse arrived, and both were taken into custody. A rope was procured and the prisoners were strung up by the necks to the limbs of a tree. They were given an opportunity to talk, but both refused the crime and named four others who they declared were equally guilty. It developed that the Indians decided to do the deed because McGeeley had done the murderous work. Poses were at once sent in search of the other four Indians, and it was decided to have a determined man, as soon as they could be captured. As night came on, however, and the other four were not captured, the citizens changed their plan and determined to dispose of McGeeley and Simpson by burning them. The feeling was so bitter against them that the crowd would not be satisfied with the ordinary method of lynching, and it was voted to burn them at the stake, while still alive.

The victims were accordingly chained to a post oak tree. Fence rails and dry wood were then piled high about them, and in a few minutes the Indians were wrapped in roaring flames while the timbers cracked beneath their feet. Never a word did the Indians utter while being roasted alive. They appeared to resist, and uttered powerless cries, and endured their tortures like slaves. The crowd was composed of not more than 20 men, and the work was done in a quiet but thorough and determined manner. The bodies were left to rot in the open air, and the search for the other Indians, and it is very probable that if captured they will be dealt with in a like manner. The man bringing this information was a white settler, and he believes bloodshed is certain to follow.

INDIGNANT SEMINOLES

The Nation in the Throes of a Riot and Trouble is Anticipated. Muskogee, I. T., Jan. 9.—An alarming state of riot prevails in the Seminole nation, and the United States authorities are declaring that a bloody Indian uprising may result. This is on account of the burning of two Indians by whites for the outrage of Mrs. James Simmons. The Indian chief, John Linn, chief physician of the Seminole nation, telegraphed to both Indian Agent Wisdom and Marshal Bennett for assistance in quelling the state of war that exists in the nation. He confirmed the news of the stake burnings and gave the names of the sufferers, Lincoln McGeeley and Palmer Simpson, two young Seminoles. Both the Indian came from respectable Seminole families, and their fearful death has aroused their friends and relatives to frenzy. Dr. Linn has just arrived from the scene of the burning and states that both bodies were burned and mutilated in a most horrible manner and are unrecognizable. All the authorities here recognize that the situation is near breaking point, and that a dangerous Indian uprising than any in recent years, and are taking prompt measures to quell it.

Lake Front Cases Transferred.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 9.—A surprise is in store for the city attorney, who expected to begin to-morrow morning the trial of what are termed the Lake Front cases, when he is surprised to find that the suits against the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Pennsylvania and Big Four Railway companies, for the possession of the lake front, have been begun by the city, and were set for trial to-morrow. It was announced late last night that the cases had been transferred to the United States circuit court by order of Judge Hammond at the instance of the Pennsylvania company, which claims to be a non-resident of the state. The result of the transfer will be, it is said, to delay the litigation.

"FREE PRESS" EDITOR DEAD.

Judge Albert C. Boynton Succumbs to Kidney Troubles.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 9.—Judge Albert C. Boynton, for 25 years political editor of the Detroit Free Press, died this evening at Alma, Mich., sanitarium. He had suffered from kidney troubles for two years past, which finally caused other complications. Last September he relinquished his work and was taken to Alma three weeks ago, but was unable to be transferred.

THE COLFAX LYNNING.

Hasty Action in the Matter Is No Part of the Governor's Programme.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 9.—An Olympia special to the Ledger says: Governor Rogers, when seen to-day in regard to the lynching of Chadwick Marshall by a mob at Colfax Saturday morning, said: "I have no information about the matter except that gleaned from the daily press, and have not received any wire relative thereto. While the occurrence is to be deplored, I have every confidence in Judge McDonald and Sheriff Sims and will communicate with them and consult the attorney general before deciding how to proceed. No judicial action will be taken. I shall inform myself thoroughly in regard to the matter before taking any steps. Besides, there seems to be no reason for hasty action, as the mob has dispersed and everything is quiet in that vicinity. Of course, an effort will be made to discover the perpetrators and bring them to justice."

A New Route for the Panama Canal.

Colo. Columbia, Jan. 9.—A Galveston, Lyman E. Conley, the well-known engineer of Chicago drainage canal fame, and other engineers bound for Nicaragua, have carefully examined the Colfax route for a canal through the Colfax and Colfax mountains. They are unanimous in admitting the feasibility of the Panama canal along that route, alleging that the obstacles to be overcome elsewhere would be greater.

HORROR IN CUBAN TOWNS

NAKED AND EMACIATED PEOPLE DIE LIKE SHEEP. Congressman King of Utah Brings Unwelcome News From the Terribly Devastated Island.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 9.—After spending several weeks making personal investigation of the situation in Cuba, Congressman King of Utah arrived here this evening. His tour covered four provinces and was thorough. Speaking of his trip, he said: "I made it to learn just what the conditions were, and I found that no one has ever fully depicted the awful horrors of the reconcentrados. These people, naked and emaciated, are still dying like sheep in the streets of the towns where they are still huddled. To realize just what this means one must see for himself. I found that the Spanish people have evidently very little faith in the new autonomous government for they are strongly in favor of annexation, and want it at once. General Blanco has not succeeded in his efforts to alleviate the suffering, for he has not had financial means to carry it out. I have interviewed insurgent leaders, Spanish officers and Americans and have some definite idea of what is going on in that terribly devastated island. I know that General Blanco is not going out with General Blanco to see General Gomez."

AN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR.

Meeting of a Large Number of Civil Engineers From Many Quarters.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—The annual convention of the Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredge Engineers and Cranesmen of America adjourned to-day after a three days' session. Delegates were present from nearly every state in the union and from Canada. The reports of the officers showed the organization to be in a flourishing condition, the membership numbering nearly 500. Resolutions were passed favoring a 21-foot channel for the Chicago river; also the construction of the Niagara canal by American capital. These resolutions were placed in the hands of a committee for presentation to congress. The present officers were re-elected for the ensuing year as follows: Charles Rees, president, Chicago; J. H. Miller, first vice president, Chicago; Frank S. Green, second vice president, Trenton, Ontario; Michael McGinnis, third vice president, Lima, Ohio; William O. Kennedy, fourth vice president, St. Charles, Mo.; P. J. Maher, treasurer, Chicago; H. D. P. Maher, financial secretary, Geneseo, Ill.; T. J. Dolan, jr., corresponding secretary, Chicago; board of directors, G. Lamart, Chicago; Theodore Barrows, Chicago; P. A. Barnes, Whiting, Ind.; Aaron Farrell, St. Johnsville, N. Y.; C. N. Ballinger, Chicago.

Mrs. Booth is Better.

New York, Jan. 9.—Mrs. Billington Booth was said to be much improved to-day.

ALL ON THEIR TRAVELS

Some of the Montanans Who Like to Winter in the East.

WHAT TELLER IS UP TO

He Proposes to Put Some of the Western Men on Record—Timely Talk From the National Capital.

Washington Bureau of the Standard.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Senator Mantle was one of the last statesmen to return to the city after the holiday recess. The senator was not in attendance at the sessions of the senate in December. He spent the holiday season in New York. H. C. Cunningham of Butte was also over to the new world metropolis, and witnessed the celebrations incident to the birth of the Greater New York. The gentlemen report an uncommonly large number of Montana visitors in the big city. Ex-Governor Sam T. Hauser is at the Fifth avenue hotel, and will soon come on to Washington to see the new controller of the currency relative to Montana bank matters. Carlos Warfield and his bride, to whom he was lately married, are passing a part of their honeymoon very pleasantly in New York. Mrs. Warfield, a daughter of President Grant, and the couple were married, F. A. Heinze and E. L. Whitmore of Butte, James Forbes and family and W. H. Thornton are also in the city. The latter is in the Helena bank with which he is connected. He is now interested in a company which contemplates the erection of a mammoth family hotel at the corner of Broadway and Seventy-second.

The Montana contribution to the relief of suffering Cubans was the most prompt response that has reached the state department from any part of the country, and the size was out of all proportion to the relative population of the state. Nothing but praise of the enterprise of the Standard and the liberality of its constituency is heard at the state department. The money was promptly forwarded to New York and thence to Havana, and before this can be read by the people who made the contribution the United States consul is enjoying the fruits of Montana generosity. All the Washington papers contained complimentary notices of the Montana contribution, and the associated press and Scripps which he was sent accounts of it to newspapers in every part of the country.

COLLISION NEAR CLANCY

BRAKEMAN SCHWEE MAN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

The Caboose in Which the Injured Man Rode Smashed To Be Investigated by the Company. Special Dispatch to the Standard. Helena, Jan. 9.—The little town of Corbin on the Montana Central, a few miles south of Clancy, was the scene of a rear-end collision at 8:47 this morning between a freight train and a passenger train, which cost a brakeman his life. The freight, which was in charge of Conductor Woodward and Engineer W. Matthews, was coming from Butte. The helper, a "hog" in charge of Engineer Fitzsimmons, had pushed the train from Bernice to Portal, the station at the northern entrance of the Wickes tunnel. There it was cut loose, and as its customary practice was to trail half a mile behind the freight to Clancy, the end of the division. All freights coming from the south stop at Corbin to "cool" the wheels, as the railroad men call them. As the freight descended to Clancy, the freight was standing at Corbin a brakeman standing on the rear end of the caboose was heard to yell, "She's coming," and at the same instant the freight was hurled like a bomb before the huge helper swung around the curve and crashed into the caboose, telescoping it. Inside the caboose were C. Schweeman, a brakeman, and Conductor Woodward. The former made for the front door as he heard the warning shout, and was in the act of jumping when the engine struck the caboose and he and his helper were hurled into the box-car ahead.

MORE DEATHS REPORTED.

Result of the Explosion Saturday of the Boat Kelsey's Boiler.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 9.—Further deaths and loss of property are being caused by the explosion of the Percy Kelsey's boiler Saturday. The number of known dead reached four to-day, when Daniel Gamble, the boiler maker, started out for his hospital. The list of dead now is: Daniel Gamble, cook; Milton L. Wood, pilot; Thomas Flynn, second engineer; Lee Webster, fireman; John Smith, fireman; body not recovered; Lee Brethold, fireman, body not recovered. The eight men who were injured in the explosion will all recover, with the exception of Harry Hamner and William Alexander, whose wounds will probably result fatally.

DON'T SEE IT THAT WAY.

Insurgents Requested by "La Discusion" to Lay Down Their Arms.

Havana, Jan. 9.—To-day at the residence of Dr. Villalosa of the special committee appointed by Senator Bruzon, governor of Havana, and Consul General Fitzhugh Lee to superintend the distribution of supplies received from the United States consulate for the reconcentration. La Discusion refers in phrases of profane crudity to the American charity. It published to-day a special supplement, the proceeds of the sale of which will be turned over to the relief fund. In a leading editorial La Discusion asks the insurgents to lay down their arms and to make peace with the government.

Yellow Fever Scrum.

New York, Jan. 9.—The Norton steamship Maramba, which arrived this morning from the River Plate and Brazil ports, brought three packages of yellow fever serum forwarded by the committee of the Institute de Hygiene Experimental at Montevideo. Two packages are addressed to Surgeon General Wynn of the marine hospital service, and the other to Health Officer A. H. Henshaw.

Curiosity is not confined to silver men.

Many republicans from the Middle West, some of whom have been in the case Mr. Wolcott will be able to make, for they may need to use his defense in their own business. There is less and less talk of any break between the republican senators from the mountain states and the administration. These senators are getting too much out of the fast spots to think of leaving the good thing now. Curiosity is not confined to silver men. Many of the republican senators from the mountain states and the administration. These senators are getting too much out of the fast spots to think of leaving the good thing now. Curiosity is not confined to silver men. Many of the republican senators from the mountain states and the administration. These senators are getting too much out of the fast spots to think of leaving the good thing now.

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