BUTTE NEWS.

AN EXPERT ON ALCOHOL

Dr. Crothers Called All the Way From Connecticut.

WITNESS FOR MR. HEINZE

The Celebrated Inebriety Specialist Explains at Length the Effects of Spirits on the Brain and the Nervous System.

The Larkin insanity hearing took on another new and one of its most interesting phases yesterday when counsel for F. August Heinze, the intervenor, whose testimony in rebuttal is now being taken, called an eminent expert in inebriety to the stand. The witness is Dr. T. D. Crothers, who was brought all the way from Hartford, Conn., to testify in the case. Dr. Crothers is superintendent of the Walnut Lodge hospital for inebriates at Hartford, is the editor of a scientific journal which treats wholly on inebriety, is the author of a scientific work on the subject and is one of the leading authorities of this country on the effects of alcohol on the human system. He was called to give an exposition of the effects of alcohol on the brain and nervous tissues, principally, and its general effect upon the whole system, the purpose of his testimony being to counteract that of the insanity experts, Drs. Eskridge and Hershing, called by the plaintiffs, the Butte & Boston people, during the direct examination.

Dr. Crothers was called at the opening of the morning session yesterday. All the attorneys in the case were present, as well as a number of local medical men, who listened interestedly to the learned gentleman's evidence, which began by his qualifying as an expert. He proceeded in exhaustive detail through the progress of alcohol's destruction of the vital forces. The examination was conducted by Attorney Frank E. Corbett for the intervenors, and though sessions were held in the morning, afternoon and evening, the end of the direct examination of the witness had not been reached when the adjournment was taken to-day.

Dr. Crothers qualified as an expert by saying that he had been 24 years in the study and practice of alcoholic and opium diseases, first at Binghampton, N. Y., in the first inebriate asylum in the world, as assistant physician for four years, then as superintendent of a private hospital at Hartford, Conn., up to the present time. More than 100 cases, he said, are treated at this hospital in a year. He had been editor of a scientific journal, the Journal of Inebriety, in which the subject of inebriety was treated from its scientific side. Its contributors included some of the greatest experts of the world and the subject is treated from the side of cold science exclusively. In reply to a question from Attorney Corbett as to what effect alcohol has on the brain and nervous system, Dr. Crothers said:

"Alcohol is a paralyzant and an anesthetic. It numbs and depresses sensory and all brain activities." Dr. Crothers detailed experiments made in laboratories showing that small doses of alcohol in a temperate man diminished his sense of seeing and hearing. A man's muscular power was lowered, his sense of smell, his memory, his rapidity of thought were all reduced. Experiments, he said, showed that the temperature of the body was decreased, that the heart's action was at first increased, then lowered; that the power of endurance was lessened, also that his ability to think quickly and accurately was greatly diminished. The amount of alcohol necessary to produce these effects varied in different persons, but was usually from one to two ounces of pure spirits. These and other experiments showed that alcohol depressed and lowered vital force, and hence was dangerous.

In his institution cases of excessive use of spirits always showed these depressions in an extreme degree when measured by instruments of precision at the time of admission. Later the same measurement showed great improvement.

Mr. Corbett next asked: "What are the effects of alcohol on the brain and nervous tissue?"

Replying, Dr. Crothers said: "Alcohol is a corroder of nervous tissue and destructive to the finer operations of the cells and nerves. These facts are brought out by experiments on dogs, rabbits and guinea pigs. An animal is fed on alcohol for two or three days, then killed and sections of the brain cells examined under the microscope. Animals of similar age and degree of health kept in the same circumstances only not given alcohol, are killed and similar sections of the brain are examined in the same way for purposes of comparison. The results show that the animal given alcohol has corroded nerve cells, the other has not."

Dr. Crothers exhibited a chart illustrating brain cells in all degrees of degeneration and decay, dependent upon the amount of alcohol taken.

"Finer microscopic examinations," Dr. Crothers continued, "on the delicate nerve filiments show a remarkable breaking down and physical destruction." Another chart was shown to illustrate this, and going on, Dr. Crothers testified that the action on nerve fibers was equally destructive and could be determined by the microscope after alcohol had been given for two or three days. "These laboratory experiments," Dr. Crothers said, "are being made in many of the great universities of Europe and this country, and they confirm the theory of the destructive action of alcohol on nerve cells and fibers."

During the afternoon session the opinions of numerous other eminent authorities, as expressed in their writings on alcoholism, were read to Dr. Crothers, and he was asked to give his opinion of their accuracy. They were to the effect that a gradual breaking down of the body and mind resulted from the constant use of liquor, eventually culminating in alcoholic insanity or dementia. Dr. Crothers fully agreed with these authorities.

Mr. Corbett then asked the witness if he had read the testimony of Dr. Wells and his associates, who performed the autopsy on the body of Larkin. He replied that he had and was then asked:

"Having in mind the findings of the physicians who made the autopsy and the assumption that James Larkin had been a constant user of alcoholic stimulants for many years—had been what might be termed a soak—what would you say was the condition of his mind when we find him at Dr. Wells' hospital in 1894?"

"I would say he suffered from alcoholic insanity or dementia?" was the witness' reply.

At this time an adjournment was taken till evening.

The evening session was resumed with Dr. Crothers on the stand. Mr. Corbett propounded a series of questions, the same as those put to previous experts, with reference to Larkin's actions, his habits, eccentricities and peculiarities, and asked what, in the witness' opinion, these acts indicated.

The witness answered: "I would say the man was of unsound mind. From his actions, as I understood them in the question, I would assume that he was suffering from the result of a long period of drinking."

Mr. Corbett read the question formerly put regarding the story of Larkin and the fire.

Witness replied that Larkin was incapable of recognizing the fact of the fire or the consequence which must follow. Such delusions are not uncommon among subjects addicted to drink.

Regarding Larkin's habit of standing alone in the streets and staring apparently at nothing, witness expressed the opinion that the man was of unsound mind. In connection with the fact that he did it is confirmatory proof of a badly deranged mind. As to the story of Larkin placing his shoes in the water closet of a Main street saloon and then telling the bartender that he had "soaked his shoes," Dr. Crothers said that it was the act of a man of unsound mind. The act in itself was not enough, however, to indicate dementia.

Mr. Corbett read the list of hypothetical questions previously answered by former experts and asked the witness to take these facts in connection with the fact that Larkin in 1894 was committed to Wells' hospital and later to the insane asylum, where he died in 1898, and express his opinion regarding the mental condition, and the witness replied that these acts were evidence of delusionary insanity, irrespective of previous actions or future determinations. All this would indicate a delusionary mind. The fact that Larkin had been almost constantly drunk for about 14 years prior to the commission of these acts, the witness stated, increased his conviction that Larkin was insane. All of his symptoms were characteristic of a gradual impairment of the mind. His was a pronounced mental disease. Assuming the acts described in the hypothetical questions to have been committed by Larkin, witness concluded that in 1893 he might have acted rationally in matters not requiring especial care or the exercise of judgment, but outside of customary lines he must of necessity have been lacking in mental qualification. He could not have acted intelligently in matters in which was required the exercise of sound judgment. Witness did not think that Larkin was capable of transacting business matters with any degree of intelligence in 1893, because he was unable, considering the testimony, to think consecutively or along one defined line long enough to form an intelligent conclusion.

Mr. Harney objected to many of the questions. Objection was urged against the answers to those questions, and he moved to strike them out, stating at length his reasons. Here the hearing was adjourned till this morning, when the witness will be cross-examined.

Julia Marlowe shoes give ease and comfort. Tassell, sole agent, 25 West Park.

California Cafe is the best place to eat in Butte.

Messrs. Dolman and Jameson have established a law office in the Columbia block. Telephone No. 91.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION

Chief Engineer Christian on the Witness Stand.

THE MAPS AND TRACINGS

Testimony in the Case of the Anaconda Company vs. the Colusa-Parrot Company—Mainly of a Technical Character.

The Anaconda-Colusa-Parrot case was resumed in the United States court room yesterday morning and at noon adjourned until 3 o'clock, when another adjournment was taken till this morning at 10 o'clock.

August Christian, chief engineer of the Anaconda company, was the first witness. He described the workings of the mine between the 1000 and 1300-foot levels of the Never Sweat. He had prepared tracings of those workings, and with the aid of charts and maps he showed where the work was done in the mine in November, 1898. He showed by them the end lines of the Colusa-Parrot and the character of the work done by the miners who testified the day before, agreeing that they were cleaning up the drifts and blocking up the timbers on the sill floors. He also designated on the drawings what work was done on the levels in April, 1898. In the cross-examination Mr. Hughes asked witness if he did not know that the particular workings were in ground in which the Anaconda company claimed no interest in a vein. Mr. Lee, for the plaintiff, objected on the ground that witness was not put upon the stand to testify as to the geological condition of the ground in controversy. Mr. Hughes insisted upon putting questions to the witness which the latter as strongly insisted that he was not in a position to answer intelligently. The questions were all objected to on the ground that witness was called for the sole purpose of fixing the points at which work was done in April and November, 1898, and not for the purpose of defining the geological conditions, etc.

On redirect-examination, witness said that he gave directions as to the work merely in so far as that work concerned his special duties as engineer and that the superintendent of the mine gave the general orders and directions.

At that point the plaintiff requested an adjournment in order to compare maps and the hearing was adjourned to 3 o'clock. At that hour another motion to adjourn was made, which was taken till o'clock this morning.

Another suit was filed in the United States court yesterday by the Parrot Silver and Copper company vs. the Colusa-Parrot Mining and Smelting company. The plaintiff sets up in its allegations as cause of action that it is the owner and entitled to the immediate possession of the Bellona quartz lode mining claim, designated by the United States official survey as lots numbered 61 and 122, embracing a portion of section 18, township 3, north of range 7 west, and section 13, in township 3, north of range 8 west, in this county, to-wit: Commencing at the southeast corner of the Park-Parrot lode claim and running thence southeast along the northern boundary of said Bellona claim 200 feet; thence southwesterly at right angles to said northern boundary 150 feet; thence northwesterly parallel to said northern boundary 200 feet; thence northeasterly 150 feet to the place of beginning.

Further that the plaintiff is the owner and entitled to the immediate possession of all the ore veins, ore deposits and ore bodies lying within the vertical planes of the boundaries of the Bellona lode, and of all the veins, lodes and ledges having their apices within said boundaries, except those veins, ore deposits and ore bodies lying within the vertical planes of the boundaries of the excepted portion of said claim; that the defendant has entered within the vertical planes of the boundaries of said claim, other than the excepted portion hereinbefore described, by means of underground workings, and has entered upon certain ore deposits therein situated, other than said excepted portion thereof and has ousted plaintiff therefrom and now detains the same from the plaintiff without its consent. Wherefore plaintiff demands possession of said premises and costs of suit.

J. K. Macdonald is attorney for plaintiff.

William S. Brackett, a resident of Peoria, Ill., has filed a bill of complaint in the United States court against a number of settlers on Fridley creek, a tributary of the Yellowstone river. It is alleged that his land is deprived of the necessary irrigating water by reason of the defendants having converted said water to their own use. After reciting in detail his grievances against what he terms trespassers, the complainant continues: "Your orator further claims that for several years last past, certain parties to your orator unknown, have cut a large amount of growing timber on the headwaters of Strickland creek and in Strickland creek canyon and have thereby greatly diminished and reduced the water supply of said creek each year to the great and irreparable damage and injury of your orator and all other persons having valid water rights in said Strickland and Fridley creeks.

"And your orator avers that said defendants have now combined, conspired and confederated together to further divert the waters of said Fridley creek unlawfully to their own uses and to vex, annoy and continuously damage and injure your orator in the premises."

The prayer concludes: "That the unknown persons who have been cutting growing timber on the headwaters of said Strickland creek may be forever enjoined and restrained, when found, from cutting or disturbing such timber and thereby diminishing the water supply; that Charles A. Smith, Angeline Smith, Albert F. Karnes, Maggie J. Karnes, Louisa Turley, Charles Turley and William H. Lee may each and every one of them be perpetually enjoined from in any manner diverting the waters of said Fridley and Strickland creeks, belonging to your orator," and "May it please your honors to grant unto your orator herein the high writ of subpoena in chancery of the circuit court of the United States of America to be directed to the said defendants commanding them to be and appear before this court and there make answer," etc.

Thompson Campbell is solicitor and counsel for complainant.

Special rates to families at Pipestone springs.

A Question of Ethics.

From the Chicago News.

Boston is disturbed over the question, "Is it wrong to play golf on Sunday?" As a rule, when one asks a conundrum of that character it is reasonable to suppose that he expects an affirmative answer. No one ever debated the query whether it was wrong to attend church or otherwise observe the Sabbath.

WOOL SALES AT BILLINGS.

Prices Rule a Little Lower Than They Did Last Week.

Special Correspondence of the Standard.

Billings, July 12.—About 500,000 pounds of wool were sold yesterday and to-day at prices a little lower than last week's. The sales were as follows: O. Erickson, 15,000 pounds to Nichols, Dupee & Co., at 14⅝ cents; M. F. Trask, 27,000 pounds to Jeremiah Williams & Co., at 16⅝ cents; Witt & Cox, 62,000 pounds at 17⅝ cents to Nichols, Dupee & Co.; C. McCleary, 20,000 pounds at 15¾ cents to Silberman Brothers; D. F. Slayton, 54,000 pounds at 17¼ cents to Nichols, Dupee & Co.; L. P. Southworth, 58,000 pounds at 17⅝ cents to Hecht, Liebman & Co. and Nichols, Dupee & Co., these two firms having tied on their bids; Mr. Blackburn, 30,000 pounds at 16½ cents to Hallowell, Donald & Co.; A. Grossen, 20,000 pounds at 16¼ cents to Hallowell, Donald & Co.; Mr. Wincupp, 8,000 pounds at 17¾ cents to Jeremiah Williams & Co.; John Schroeder, 39,000 pounds at 18¼ cents to Nichols, Dupee & Co.; R. G. Milne, 6,000 pounds at 14¾ cents to Dewey, Gould & Co.; R. T. Lyon, 17,000 pounds at 17½ cents to the same firm; T. A. Renner, 37,000 pounds at 14⅞ cents to Hecht, Liebman & Co.; Pierce & Beatty, 9,000 pounds at 16½ cents to Dewey, Gould & Co.; William Carmichael, 10,000 pounds at 14¾ cents to J. Koshland & Co.; Hoines Brothers, 10,000 pounds at 16½ cents to Nichols, Dupee & Co.; Mr. Pagel, 9,000 pounds at 15½ cents to Dewey, Gould & Co.; A. C. Dent, 13,000 pounds at 14 cents to the same firm; J. R. Williams, 6,000 pounds at 11½ cents to the same firm; J. B. Elliot, 58,000 pounds at 17⅝ cents to the same firm; C. I. Parks, 10,000 pounds to Jeremiah Williams on private terms, believed to be not quite as good as 15 cents.

A considerable portion of the wool sold to-day was from Wyoming, which is not so clean as Montana wool, which accounts in part for the decline in the prices.

The advisory board of the Children's Home society was reorganized on Monday night with the following members: J. D. Matheson, president; Mrs. Lucy Rafisback, vice president; Miss Jane Pilcher, secretary; Mrs. C. H. Barstow, treasurer; Rev. W. D. Clark, Rev. A. Carswell, Rev. George C. Stull, Judge J. R. Goss, Dr. H. Chapple, Mrs. H. M. Allen, Mrs. O. F. Goddard and Miss Panton. During her visit here Miss Dowden, state superintendent, secured five children for adoption, and took them to the receiving home at Helena. One of the five was an orphan and the other four were motherless children, who had been deserted by their father.

Richard Howard Daniels, a recent graduate from Ann Arbor, Mich., has been selected by the school board as assistant principal and high school teacher. Miss Josephine W. Holt of Dillon was also chosen to a position in the school. There were a very large number of applicants.

A large vein of a superior quality of blue granite has been discovered about a mile and a half northeast of Billings, and builders who have examined it pronounce it superior to any building stone in Montana. Two claims have been filed on by the discoverer, W. L. Selvidge, and one by A. L. Babcock. They will at once erect the necessary plant to quarry the stone and have made application to the Northern Pacific for a spur to the quarry.

FOR $11,000 DAMAGES

William B. Hamilton Brings Sui Against Cambers and Others.

STOPPED BY INJUNCTION

Hamilton Had a Lease on Cambers' Mine and During the Time He Was Forced to Suspend Operations He Lost the Profits.

William B. Hamilton yesterday commenced suit in the district court against John J. Cambers, Andrew J. Davis and George W. Andrews for $11,000 damages, the sum sued for being the amount of a bond given by Cambers in an injunction suit which he brought against Hamilton on Nov. 30, 1897. According to the complaint in the action commenced yesterday, Hamilton had a lease on the Cambers mine and on Nov. 30, 1897, a few months before the expiration of the lease, Cambers instituted the injunction suit and a temporary restraining order was issued and continued in force for 16 days, at a loss to Hamilton of $416 a day in net profits. At the hearing of the application for a permanent injunction, the district court decided against Cambers and held that he was not entitled to an injunction. He appealed to the supreme court and the latter granted a temporary injunction pending the hearing, but required Cambers to give a bond in the sum of $11,000. When the case was finally heard and decided in favor of Hamilton his lease had expired. He figures his damages at a great deal more than the amount sued for, but he is limited in his demands to the amount of the bond.

Repsold select vintage wines will grace the board of prince or lord. P. J. Brophy & Co., sole agents, Butte.

German-American Turn Verein Picnic, Gregson Springs, Sunday, July 16th, 1899.

For the above occasion the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific railway will make a rate of $1 for the round trip, Butte to Gregson Springs and return, and 75 cents for the round trip Anaconda to Gregson Springs and return. Trains will leave Butte at 10 a. m., 1:05 p. m. and 4:45 p. m.; returning trains will leave the Springs at 3:18 p. m., 7:40 p. m. and 11:30 p. m.

Trains will leave Anaconda at 8:40 a. m., 12:40 p. m., 3 p. m. and 7:20 p. m.; returning, will leave the Springs at 1:37 p. m., 5:20 p. m. and 11:20 p. m.

If you want a fine smoke try Anna Held cigars.

Eagles' Picnic at Mountain View Park, Sunday, July 16th, 1899.

For the above occasion the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific railway will make a rate of $1 for the round trip Butte to the park and return, and 25 cents for the round trip Anaconda to the park and return.

Trains will leave Butte as follows: 10 a. m. and 1:05 p. m.; returning, will leave the park at 2:30 p. m., 6:30 p. m. and 11 p. m., for Butte, and every hour after 11 a. m. between Anaconda and the park.

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New Golf Capes

only $10.00 each

Very stylish garments for evening wear or outings, colorings royal blue, scarlet and dark blue, with hoods and some with flounce, in the leading Tartan Plaids round bottom, sizes 16, 18 and 20.

Millinery Department

Lots of those 25c Straw Sailors, selling now. About 250 only left, in black, navy and white, with black and white bands ..... Only 15c each

Children's Leghorn Hats, regular 25c quality ..... Only 15c each

Boys' Pique Waists

Boys' Fauntleroy Blouse Waists of Fancy Pique of fine quality, with small polka dots and narrow stripes, trimmed with Embroidery and very stylish, sizes 3 to 8 years, regular $2.00 values ..... Only $1.25 each

Boys' Straw Hats

Rough and fine braids, with fancy and plain black bands, sizes 6¾ to 7, at closing out prices.

$2.50 Hats for $1.50 — $1.00 Hats for 75c
$1.50 Hats for $1.00 — 75c Hats for 50c

Art Needlework

Free lessons given on Wednesday and Friday afternoons from 2 to 4 o'clock.

Couch Covers

Tapestry Couch Covers, Bagdad stripes ..... $3.50 values for $2.25

Tapestry Couch Covers, Oriental designs ..... $7.50 values for $5.00

Tapestry Couch Covers, Oriental designs, extra wide ..... $10.00 values for $7.50

Tapestry goods by the yard. Closing out prices on all Oriental stripes.....
75c values for 55c
98c values for 65c
$1.25 values for 75c
$2.50 values for $1.65
$3.50 values for $2.00

Union Art Squares

Closing Out at Close Figures

Size 9 by 12 feet ..... $6.00 values for $4.50

Size 9 by 10½ feet ..... $5.25 values for $3.85

Size 6 by 9 feet ..... $3.00 values for $2.25

China and Japan Mattings

Some twenty-five pieces, plain and fancy, exactly the thing for floor covering during these hot days, cool and clean, marked down low for quick selling.

Remnants of Tapestry Brussels

Lengths five to twenty yards, values 65c to $1.00 ..... Sale price only 50c

Men's Bike Suits

Pleasant and Profitable to Wear

All-Wool Brown Mixed Bicycle Suits, with cuffs on trousers of a dark plaid, well made and nicely finished ..... Only $5.00 each

Neat Gray Check Cheviot Bicycle Suits, with cuffs on trousers of dark red plaid, well made and finished ..... Only $7.50 each

Bicycle and Golf Trousers, made of all-wool fabrics ..... $3.00 to $5.00 pair

Summer Suits, Etc.

Linen Crash Suits, well made and nicely finished ..... Only $5.00 each

White Duck Trousers ..... Only $2.00 pair

Linen Crash Trousers ..... Only $2.00 pair

Fancy Summer Vests of linen, Crash and duck, all neat patterns and well made garments, in all sizes ..... $1.25 to $4.50 each

Summer Neckwear

Don't overlook our sale of Summer Neckwear, of which our windows show a good sprinkling. Silk Scarfs and Ties worth 50c to $1.00 for 25c. Washable Ties for 12½c and 25c each.

Men's Furnish'gs

Men's Shirts

Odd lot of Soft Shirts, in Outing Flannel, Cheviots, etc. ..... $1.00 values for 45c

Laundered Negligee Shirts, neat stripes in two colors ..... $1.00 values for 75c

White Shirts of good Muslin with Linen bosoms, good wearing ..... Only 50c each

Soft Bosomed Shirts of Fancy Percale, good colorings, with white neck band, all sizes ..... Only 50c each

Silk Fronts, Madras, Cheviot and French Percale Shirts, left over from Monday's sale, $1.50 to $2.50 values.... Only $1.00 each

Four-Ply Linen Collars, in all the leading styles ..... Two for 25c

Four-Ply Cuffs ..... Three pairs for 50c

Men's Underwear

Natural Gray Mixed Shirts and Drawers, summer weight ..... 50c values for 35c

Fancy Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, pink, with black dots, Silk finished, fast color, reinforced seams ..... Only 50c each

Derby Ribbed Cotton Shirts and Drawers, close fitting, French neck, double seat, finished seams, in vici blue mixed colors ..... Only 50c each

Summer Weight Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, in natural colors, self finished, reinforced seams ..... 75c values for 50c

Fancy Striped Shirts and Drawers, red and blue stripes, light in weight but strong ..... Only 75c each

Men's Clothing

Men's Suits

Blue Serge Suits, strictly All Woool, cut single breasted, well made and lined with good Italian Cloth, sizes 36 to 40 ..... Only $10.00 each

Dark Gray Mixed All Wool Cassimere Suits, single breasted coat, well made and lined with Italian Cloth, sizes 34 to 42 ..... Only $10.00 each

Gray Mixed Cheviot Suit, with single breasted and straight cut sack coat, lined with Italian Cloth ..... Only $12.00 each

Dark Mixed Worsted Single Breasted Sack Suit, well made and lined with Italian Cloth, sizes 36, 38 and 40 ..... Only $12.00 each

All Wool Dark Brown Cheviot Sack Suits, linings of best Serge and satisfactory in fit and finish, all sizes, regulars and stouts ..... Only $15.00 each

Summer Coats and Vests

Blue All Wool Serge Coat, without a lining, right for hot weather ..... Only $4.00 each

Coat and Vest of Dark Blue English Serge, cut single breasted and unlined, all sizes ..... Only $7.50

English Serge Coat and Vest, dark blue herringbone stripe effect, double breasted coat, with good Silk facings, all sizes ..... Only $10.00

French Flannel Suits, unlined, in plain white and well tailored ..... Only $12.00 each

French Flannel Suits, white, with black stripes ..... Only $10.00 each

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A new supply just in. Drop in and see them. First-class machines in every respect, at popular prices: $25.00, $30.00 and $50.00 each. For men and women.

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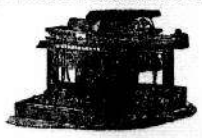

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