

TELEGRAMS! UNITED STATES.

Boston, Sept. 17.—There was a shocking calamity to-night at a fire which occurred in a three story tenement house in South Boston. The house was occupied principally by Germans, nearly all of whom were at the time the fire broke out in the rear portion of the lower story, and the fire made such rapid headway that before those in the upper stories could descend, all avenues of escape were cut off. Several men were burned to death and others were badly injured, and it is not yet known what is the full extent of the calamity. Mary Huldreth was burned to death and her husband was also badly burned. Ferdinand Mereth jumped from the roof of the burning building and was killed. His wife Emily, aged 23, jumped from the third story window with her son. The woman had a leg and arm broken and otherwise injured, and the boy was badly hurt in the spine. The body of a man who is not yet recognized but supposed to be Christian Eifer, was found in the ruins. A young woman and two children known to have been in the house at the time, are missing and were probably burned. The damage by the burning of the house is about \$30,000, and is supposed to be incendiary. Of those who are dead, three are buried to-night. Mrs. Mary Gillespie who was sleeping on the lower floor was overcome by smoke and will die.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 17.—A special to the Pioneer Press from Winnipeg says: A number of Indians who crossed the line after the Buffalo and the U. S. soldiers. Nine Indians were killed and three Americans. Two chiefs were wounded.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 17.—By far the most shameful outrage of the strike was committed by the French strikers this afternoon. A family comprising between seventy and eighty men, women and children were brought here from Canada. They have never worked in cotton mills, but were to work at the Stafford and Crescent mills. The company were divided into two parties. One was taken to the Stafford mill, and the other to the block on Davis street. It was subsequently decided to remove the latter party to a house in the rear of the Crescent mill, some few hundred yards away. The party consisted of two men, besides the agent who brought them here, four women, and the remainder were boys and girls from 18 years of age downwards. As the party came out in the street they were hooded by a crowd of men, and a few stones were thrown. To make the shortest cut, they took what is known as the stone crusher lot, when they were assaulted by a crowd of a hundred and fifty, mostly men. Rocks were thrown at them in perfect shower, and one of the men, named Boucher, so roughly assaulted that a man who witnessed the whole affair did not expect to see him come out of it alive. He was seriously kicked and bruised. One woman, with a babe in her arms, was knocked down at a kick. A little boy about seven years of age was struck in the face, and all the little children were treated as well as the older persons. The party separated and ran in different directions, which broke up the row. Police were summoned and, with officers Hill and Whaley, of the district police, who happened to be near, sent for more, who were on hand in a few moments, but an alarm was given at their approach. The district police are well known to the disturbers, and the crowd had dispersed before their arrival. Three of the assaulters got separated from their friends, but reported to have been found with some of the acquaintances in another part of the city. More indignation is expressed by the citizens on this outrage than all the others that have occurred. The cowardly assault on the women and children stirs the feeling of every good citizen. No arrests.

New York, Sept. 18.—The Tribune has this: It seems to be the best opinion in San Francisco that Kearney, the demagogue, is a sed up man. We are sorry to read that there is a growing propensity to lynch him, especially because of his insulting allusions to Grant, and it is thought that during the general visit he will keep himself very quiet. It was long ago demonstrated that conjurer who raises the devil must keep a sharp look-out that the devil does not carry him off. Kearney has been the apostle of violence and of personal prejudice and hatred. It would be only a bit of political justice if he should become their victim, though we are far from wishing him any such ill luck. The career of such men as Kearney is usually short. They have not staying qualities, and their followers are usually fickle. Once a year they want a new leader, especially the makes and ale which they are omitted do not come promptly and plentifully. It must not be thought that they do this for mischief, for they do a great deal, but they might do much more if they were not restrained to overdo the matter altogether. Very truly in San Francisco before long, even the key Kearney will only be remembered to point out a moral or adorn a tale, though he will hardly be much of an ornament under any circumstances.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 18.—The Independent Republican Convention assembled today to the music of "Yankee Doodle." Bert Palmer Chairman, made a long address, being frequently interrupted by applause. Wm. M. Nichols, of Boston, said he would make a motion which will receive an unanimous vote of the convention. One also made a motion to nominate Governor Talbot as a Republican candidate for the gubernatorial chair, expecting that he would be a Reform candidate. This reform has been only partially accomplished, and further talk I nominate General F. Butler as a candidate for the independent party of Massachusetts. N. B. Bryer, of Boston, seconded the nomination, and on being called to the platform said: "It is my inexpressible pleasure to second your nomination. Looking into the faces of these men who represent the wealth and intelligence of their State, and men who represent the enthusiasm of the campaign, and to represent at least one hundred and fifty thousand votes, how can I be otherwise than to second this nomination." After several speeches the motion of Nichols was adopted and was unanimously received with applause. The ticket was announced as follows: For Lieutenant Governor, C. Woodworth; Secretary of State, Gen. M. F. Donahire; Treasurer, David N. Kings; Attorney-General, Wm. F. North; Auditor, Davis J. Klug.

New York, Sept. 18.—A circular published to-day, with sixty signatures, says: "The undersigned, Republican voters of rank and file, appeal in the interest of the government to Republican independent of the State of New York to secure success of the Republican party and the election of Cornell and Soule. We heartily endorse the Republican platform adopted at Toledo. It denounces the misgovernment supported by the Democratic majority in press, inroads the Administration, and sustains Conkling's machinations, and attacks Cornell for betraying his trust as chairman of the State Committee by manip-

ulating votes to secure his own nomination. Soule is condemned as untrustworthy. We have tried various methods of reform; we have attended primaries and found there same innovation of the machine. We have expressed our protest before the Convention and found them disregarded. They now propose not to bolt, but to scratch and have prepared tickets containing all of Saratoga's nominations except Cornell and Soule, and invite the Independents to distribute and work for them." The Executive Committee of the movement are R. R. Bowler, Journalist; Fred'k W. Witheridge, lawyer; George Harin Putnam, publisher; Chas. N. Judson, lawyer; Felix Kaufman, merchant.

New York, Sept. 18.—A Herald Washington special says: McDowell, commanding the Military Department of the Pacific with headquarters in San Francisco, has been ordered by the Secretary of War to co-operate with the citizens of California in extending a welcome to Grant. He will fire a salute of 21 guns, the number designated in army regulations for the President of the United States, and is the highest compliment the Government can pay to an Ex-President, this ovation being unprecedented in our history. All troops of the army stationed at or near San Francisco, will form a part of the escort. The Secretary of the Navy has issued a similar order to the commandant of the Navy Yard at Mare Island, and a salute will be fired the same as though the General was present. The sailors will participate in the parade forming a part of the escort, and in addition the commandant has been ordered to co-operate in every way with the citizens' committee. There is no naval vessel at the yard which can take part in the reception proposed to be given the General while on the steamship Tokio. All Government flags of bunting and canvas are put at the disposal of the citizens' committee, and every facility desired will be given in order to make the affair worthy of the Nation and making tribute to the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States.

Boston, Sept. 18.—The occupants of the tenement house, 128 Gold street, burned last night, were, on the first floor, an aged couple whom no one in the vicinity seemed to have known, and one Gillespie and wife; on the second floor a German family, consisting of father, mother and three children, named Pfeifer; on the third floor, Ferdinand Mereth, wife and two children, and Geo. Holland, wife and two children, making fifteen persons asleep in the house when the incendiary kindled the fire. When the fire was discovered by policemen it was at a quarter to 12. The flames were breaking out on the first floor, having burned through the stairs, making them impassible. The smoke was rolling up the narrow staircase, and the awakened inmates, before the firemen could arrive with their ladders, began to leap from windows, down, some to the roof in hopes of safety, or dropped, suffocated, in the halls. The list of dead comprises five, which may be increased to seven or eight. The old couple on the first floor made their escape, and were not heard of during the night. The Gillespie family escaped, with the exception of the wife and mother, the latter fifty years old. She might have escaped by walking only about six feet, but became benumbed and swooned in her room. She was found by a German in apparently a dying condition, and was taken to the station with the other victims. Her injuries are terrible; the burns are external and internal. Rose P. Pfeifer, age 23, was found in the hall of the second floor. Mrs. Pfeifer and two children jumped from a window and were but slightly hurt, but Pfeifer was lost.

Mereth, on the third floor, lifted his son Charles, aged fourteen, out of the window and allowed him to drop to the ground a distance of forty feet. He then instructed his wife and daughter Rosie to jump, which they did. Last of all, he himself jumped to the ground and in falling met instant death. Mrs. Mereth is at the city hospital with fractures of both legs and one arm, and her face bruised beyond all recognition. The daughter Rosie sustained no serious injury, but Charles is badly hurt. Holdred took his wife to the roof and then went down stairs where he was caught by the flames and burned probably fatally. Mrs. Holdred's body, charred beyond recognition, was found on the roof. Charles Holdred, her son, is at the hospital suffering from injuries sustained from jumping to the ground and with arm broken.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Secretary McCrary received the following telegram last night from Santa Fe: "The Indians are committing horrible atrocities in Grant county. There are not enough regular troops. Please give me Federal authority to put three or four companies of volunteers in the field." (Signed) LEW WALLACE. Gov. New Mexico.

The following reply was sent this morning: WAH DEP'T, Sept. 18. To Gen. Lew Wallace, Santa Fe:—Your dispatch received. The War Department is without information as to the nature of the trouble or the number of hostiles. I have taken steps to have the necessary force forwarded at once. In the absence of legal authority I am compelled to decline giving orders to raise volunteers.

G. W. McCRAHY, Secretary of War.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Five thousand people attended the races this afternoon. Programme fine, weather mild, and races generally exciting. In the 2300 race, second heat while going down the back stretch Green Charley suddenly began kicking, and, striking his driver, Farrell, with his heels threw him from the sulky, but did not seriously injure him. Lady M. ran into the wreck and Abdallah Boy and Surprise became involved. Hogan, the driver of Surprise, was thrown out, stepped on by his horse and his shoulder and side badly hurt. The other drivers were slightly bruised. Abdallah Boy and Green Charley were not allowed to start again. The pacing race was the most exciting, but was not decided when darkness put a stop to the day's sport. In each race of this meeting the purse has been one thousand dollars. John R. won, Business second. In 22 class Little Gypsy first, Dick Wright second. In pacing race—Mattie Hunter..... 2 1 Rowdy Boy..... 1 3 Sleepy Tom..... 3 2 Time, 2:20 1/2-2:18.

New York, Sept. 19.—A dispatch has been received here to the effect that the slaves of Ceintuegos Cincorillas, Cuba, have risen in rebellion against the Spaniards and have joined the patriots taking with them a large proportion of their master's cattle. There is great indignation in Cuba over the massacre of about seventeen officers who served in the last Cuban revolution on the Patriot side, but have of late been residing in different places following different avocations. From their past records they were suspected of being in sympathy with the present revolution. Some were killed in their homes before their wives and children's eyes by Spanish troops, and others were taken into the woods and slaughtered. The Captain General is causing an investigation to be made and has asked the Governors of Coleen, Ceintuegos and Motongo to appear before him to explain the cause of these butcheries.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 18.—The city has worn through an air of expectancy and the community seems to have devoted itself to waiting for the arrival of the City of Tokio. The streets are crowded with people, the hotels are full, while a partial suspension of

business on account of the Jewish New Year adds to the holiday aspect. The work of decoration has been pushed vigorously during the day, and Market, Montgomery and Kearney streets now present a brilliant appearance. Various committees have been in session all day perfecting the details of the reception, and everything is now ready for the arrival of President Grant. For several days a dense fog has fallen during the night and early hours of the morning, and reports from the outside say that it extends to Faralons or beyond, throughout the day, though it is clear in the city. Precautions have been taken, however, to intercept the steamer several miles from the heads. A pilot boat is constantly cruising across her course, with instructions from the agents of the Pacific Mail Co. to hold her outside until a naval pinnac can be prepared for her reception. Should she arrive outside during the night she will lie there until morning before signalling her presence.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 19.—City Marshal Brigham announced to-night that the Aldermen having refused to grant him any extra force, he has determined to take the responsibility of increasing the force himself as far as he has any power.

Sec'y Howard issued a card to-night offering the Mayor and Aldermen the whole force of spicers, now on a strike, to act as special constables.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Daniel Drew, who was familiarly known on the streets as "Uncle Dan," died suddenly to-night at his residence in this city. Aged, 82.

DETROIT, September 19.—The reception given to President Hayes by the members of the Board of Trade and the members of the Merchants and Manufacturers Exchange at Whitney's opera house this morning was numerously attended.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19th.—The following is from Colonel Hatch at Santa Fe, New Mexico: "I have just received the following from McEvers near Hillsboro: 'We had a five hours fight with all of one hundred Indians. We have ten killed and several wounded; all our stock is gone. I have sent every available soldier out with Dawson and Day. I hear Boyer and Hugo and Lieut. Wright are all in the vicinity, and should be able shortly to overtake the Indians.'"

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 19.—Hon. James G. Jenkins, of Milwaukee, was nominated today by the Democratic State Central Committee for Governor, in place of Alexander Mitchell, declined. Mr. Jenkins, who is a prominent lawyer and politician, has accepted the nomination.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 19.—The execution of Louis Guelig took place at noon. He murdered Mary McGlew one year ago to-day because she refused to renew a marriage engagement with him.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The Ordnance Department has telegraphed the commandant of the arsenal at Fort Union, New Mexico, to issue arms and ammunition to Governor Wallace not to exceed three rifles and one million rounds of cartridges.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 19.—Private advices have been received here of the discovery of very rich lead mines in the vicinity of Spoonville, in Clarks and Hot Springs counties. One man melted sufficient ore to yield 500 pounds of metal over common fire.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Saturday's World has an important editorial of which the following is the sense: "What it concerns us to-day to point out is that in publishing this most distressing statement Tilden has made it impossible for the Democrats of the United States ever again seriously to entertain the notion of entering a contest for the Presidency under his leadership with any hope of success. He has deliberately elected to commit himself to a lawsuit concerning his own character with Cyrus W. Field over the duration of which and over issues involved and to involve in which neither he nor the Democratic party can expect to exert any control whatever. The Democratic party cannot successfully go into the Presidential battle of 1880 and defend in a lawsuit between Tilden and Cyrus W. Field."

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The City of Tokio has been expected hourly during the day, but as yet nothing has been heard from her. The weather still remains very foggy. The feeling of expectancy which has prevailed has had the effect of almost paralyzing general business. The streets have been crowded with throngs of idlers eager for the first intimation of the arrival of the steamer. A large influx of visitors official and unofficial, from the interior have come in during the day, including a number of military companies, municipal representatives of the principal cities, and various organizations. Many additions have been made to the decorations and four ensembles are expected to arrive in the city. There is little doubt that the Tokio will arrive outside during the night, as her average time of passage is about up.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—A Boise City dispatch says: Day before yesterday the Indians shot a young man named Bauriente, who was herding stock fifty miles north-west of here. He gave the alarm and eight citizens started for the scene, but finding the Indians from 40 to 60 strong, returned. Col. Bernard with 50 cavalrymen left this morning in search of the hostiles.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Wool is in an improving demand; prices are firmer and slightly higher. Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above 35a40c; XX 38a39c; medium 40a45c; coarse 35a37c. New York, Michigan and Western fine 34a35c; medium 40a42c; coarse 35a37c; combing, washed 40a45c; unwashed 30a 33c. Canada combing 38a40c; fine unwashed 24a25c; coarse 20a30c; medium 30a33c; tub washed 44a46c. Colorado washed 20a26c; unwashed 18a19c; extra and merino pulled 35a37c; No. 1 and superine pulled 34a37c.

DENVER, Sept. 19.—Secretary Schurz arrived here from the northern Indian agencies to-night and made a brief speech before the Republican Convention, eulogizing the Republican party. Jay Gould and party arrived to-day. The platform adopted by the Convention calls for the unlimited coinage of silver.

FOREIGN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 17.—Russia has directed the attention of the powers to the recent conflict between the Mussulmans and Christians in Eastern Roumelia. She blames the Porte for sending back refugees to their homes in a destitute condition, and points out that if further disturbances should occur the Porte would sacrifice the right of sending Turkish troops into Eastern Roumelia. Numerous sensational reports of an attempt on the life of the Sultan are current. On Wednesday a man believed to be insane tried to force his way into the garden of the palace and murdered three soldiers. He was seriously wounded himself in the struggle.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—As Count Von Beust is anti-German and opposed to Austro-German alliance which is almost concluded he has resigned. Count Willefin will succeed him.

MONTREAL, Sept. 17.—A Severe hurricane passed over the city to-day. A large freight shed on the wharf belonging to the Allen steamship line was lifted bodily and in its descent was completely wrecked. Of the twenty men in the building all escaped but two who were badly bruised.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—The Norwegian Frontiersmen that the Minister of War is considering the subject of colonization of the Chinese frontier by Siberian Cossacks.

Stringent rules are published to be observed by the universities where lectures have just begun. The students are forbidden to belong to societies of any kind, hold meetings, complain orally, or disapprove existing relations. General Skoboleff will command the expedition against the Turcomans instead of General Terpakoff.

The Czar is in perfect health.

MADRID, Sept. 17.—The Spanish railroad companies, at the suggestion of the Minister of Works, have reduced the rates of freight on cereals. The question of the importation of foreign grain is to be brought before the Cortes.

OLDHAM, Sept. 17.—The Cotton Spinner's Association has declared in favor of the adoption of the short time system.

SIMLA, Sept. 17.—A Sargeant with some more of the escort with the British residency have arrived at All Khet. The military authorities have received information tending to show that the frontier tribes have partially interrupted the communications between Khyber Pass and Cabul.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The new iron clad turret ram Agamemnon, carrying four 35-ton guns and 8,492 tons burden with engines of 6,000 horse power was successfully launched to-day.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—A correspondent of the Morning Guardian at London says: Lord Cranbrook, Secretary of State for India, has gone to Balmoral, and though it is said his visit is merely on routine duty, it is thought he can only be absent at such a critical time because he has gone to consult the Queen on some course which the ministry has decided upon. Nobody will be surprised if his visit is followed by the early summoning of Parliament.

DUBLIN, Sept. 18.—William Shaw, a leading Home Rule member of the House of Commons, has written a letter refusing to participate in the Irish National Convention. He proposes the establishment of a convention to discuss the land question only.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 2.—When Cetewayo was captured he was completely prostrated. The King was taken to Ulundi. During the march eleven of his followers tried to escape and six were successful. The other five were shot. The King will be taken to Martzburg and from there to Greytown.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Lord Beaconsfield delivered a speech at an agricultural banquet in Aylesbury. Referring to American competition with Great Britain, he said: "The greatest apprehension was felt in the United States that they could not compete with Canada, owing to their high taxation and high wages. The farmers of the territory of the Hudson Bay Company, Canada, has become possessed of an illimitable and fertile wilderness. Nearly all the chief land-holders in the extreme Western States of America had sold out and gone to that wilderness and begun the work of cultivation there. He had heard on high authority that Canada expected to outstrip the United States in competition for the trade of European markets. He therefore advised the farmers of England not to be precipitate. Another high authority had informed him that under all the circumstances the markets of the United States would be disturbed, and that, with the impulsive character of humanity in the United States, the Canadian wilderness must soon be occupied by millions.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The labor troubles are increasing. The Bedford new mill at Leigh has been closed. The old mill operatives are rendered idle. The Preston Spinning and Manufacturing Company, running 45,000 spindles and 750 looms, have commenced to run on the short time system. There is not the least indication of the settlement of the present strikes. At Morkey the number of strikers is increasing daily, and by the end of this week it is expected that with two exceptions every mill in the district will be closed. The operative spinners of Hyde will meet shortly to discuss the question of a reduction of the wages of the operatives and to decide whether there shall be a stoppage of the mills throughout the whole district. Quite a panic has been created in Glassop by the announcement that the Summers mills, employing 3,000 hands, will shortly be closed. The Wood Brothers mills, employing an equal number of hands, are about to start running on short time. As Glassop is entirely dependent on the cotton trade all classes of the community express the greatest concern regarding the condition of affairs.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—In the Central Criminal Court the trial of the Americans charged with forgery was concluded yesterday. Bangham was acquitted. Forlescue was convicted and sentenced to ten years penal servitude.

PERTH, Sept. 19.—A dispatch reports that the arm now occupying Novi Bazar will be reduced by eight thousand in November. A correspondent at Cape Town telegraphs that Cetewayo had twenty-three followers when captured.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—An iron shield has been successfully secured over the fracture in the side of the sunken iron-clad Grosser Kurfust, and there is now every probability of raising her.

ROME, Sept. 19.—In Consistory to-day, the papal Nuncios at Paris, Vienna, Madrid and Lisbon were created Cardinals.

OLDHAM, Sept. 18.—The Association of Limited Liability Cotton Spinners has received forty replies from limited companies and private spinners. Only in one instance was the proposition to adopt the short time system of working declined.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Viceroy of India telegraphs as follows: "I have notified the Amer of Afghanistan that a strong British force will march speedily on Cabul to his relief, and that he must use all his resources to co-operate and facilitate the march through his country.

The Amer has replied as follows to the Viceroy's notification: "I have already written to say that for the past eight days I have preserved myself and family by the good offices of those who were friendly to me, and also partly by the British and partly by deceiving the rebels. Certain persons of high position in these provinces have become rebellious. I am watching every quarter carefully. I trust to God for an opportunity of showing my sincere friendship for the British Government, and of securing my good name before the world.

STRASBURG, Sept. 19.—Upon the entry into this city of the Emperor of Germany many shops were closed and a multitude of houses closed their shutters. Only the official buildings were profusely decorated. The German-speaking inhabitants formed the bulk of the crowd in the streets, though the French-speaking element in Strasburg is still very strong. The French newspapers have become more outspoken concerning Alsace and Lorraine. The inhabitants have become much more estranged from Germany than they were two years ago, when the Emperor visited Strasburg, and met with a comparatively cool reception.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A dispatch from Cape Town says: Sir Garnet Wolseley hopes that Chief Soroconi will yield without fighting, but those on the spot say this is doubtful, as it is known that the chief has lately only with difficulty been dissuaded, after five hours' council, from murdering two officers sent to treat with him concerning prisoners.

The details of the capture of King Cetewayo show that while the King was being watched on one side by Lord Gifford and some scouts, Major Martin, with a detachment of

the First Dragoon, approached him from the other. Lord Gifford, whose presence was unknown to the King, intended to defer the attack until nightfall so as to prevent the King from escaping in the dense brush. Cetewayo had caught a glimpse of the Dragoons, but thought that in consequence of the bad condition of the ground they could not approach quietly. Major Martin, however, directed the removal of all the noisy accoutrements and sent a native contingent ahead. These surrounded the kral where the King had taken refuge, and Major Martin then rode up and called to Cetewayo to come out of his hut. The King, after some parley, complied. He preserved his dignified manner and asked to be shot.

HAVANA, Sept. 19.—A decree has been published by the authority of the home Government declaring the Province of Santiago de Cuba in a state of war. Persons engaged in rebellion or sedition will be tried according to the law of March 23d, 1870. The civil authorities of the Province will continue in the undisturbed performance of their duties, but criminal cases, when considered necessary, will be tried by court-martial. Rebels surrendering within a fortnight after the publication of this decree will be pardoned.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Dale, the arbitrator in the great despotism in the north of England and Ireland iron trade, decided that there was some special classes of operatives that should be reduced 12 1/2 per cent. instead of 15, as claimed by the masters present. Wages will be maintained for the bulk of operatives.

The race for the Beauclert plate was won by Ten Broek and the filley Frolic.

SPORTING NEWS.

HALIFAX, Sept. 17.—The race between Smith and Morris, one and a half miles and turn, was rowed this afternoon in the presence of 1,000 spectators. The water had a slight ripple, but was in good condition. Morris won the toss and took the inside course. At 6:10 the word was given. Morris took the water first and led the first half mile; then both sputred. Smith gained and turning the stake about four seconds ahead led all the way down and won by four lengths. Time, about 21:35.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Astley belt pedestrians met to-day and signed the articles of agreement. Weston's representative objected to the plan for the management of the contest, which the others accepted. The plan is that each contestant have a representative who, with Hess and Atkins, will form a board to control to be divided into reliefs of eight hours at the box office to see everything fairly managed. Another meeting will be held.

Concentrated Lightning.

Hon. Geo. B. Smith, a prominent politician and lawyer, died at Milwaukee on the 18th inst.

Only five persons, it is now ascertained, perished in the Boston incendiary fire. At Carlisle, Pa., W. H. Wynde and Mrs. Catharine Sell have been arrested on suspicion of having administered poison to Mrs. Mary Khelan, an aged lady who died suddenly last May. The autopsy showed traces of arsenic.

At Wheeling, Va., John W. Ollmier, a son of the manager of Ben Woods' nail factory, was caught in the machinery on the 18th and literally torn to pieces.

Fire at Fort Ellis.

On Monday night about ten o'clock a large straw stack at Fort Ellis was discovered to be on fire. Alarm was given, and all hands turned out, and by dint of almost superhuman effort succeeded in subduing the flames. The

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stack was a long one and situated in the regular stock yard, where there are thousands of tons of hay. When the fire was discovered, the flames were making good headway, but by a plentiful supply of water and cutting the stack in two the fire was controlled. On Tuesday the soldiers were engaged in hauling the smoldering remains from the yard.—Courier, 18th.

L. W. FOSTER, Butte. W. H. WEIMAR & Co., Deer Lodge. ALBERT EISENSCHMIDT, Helena.

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