

# TELEGRAMS!

## UNITED STATES.

ANGOR, Me., Nov. 26.—The *Whig* will tomorrow morning state that Botelle, of the public committee, has obtained positive evidence that the Democratic managers have secretly substituted altered and amended returns contrary to law. The Constitution and laws require that returns sent to the State by the Town Clerk shall be sealed and in open town meeting Mr. Botelle, the *Whig* will assert has been the Clerk of a certain Democratic town in one of the threatened counties and his returns immediately after the second week in November this Clerk informed by the other town officers that prominent Democrat had requested that returns be made, as there was some objection with the returns, and that other Democratic towns. The Town Clerk did not new returns, which were forwarded at the middle of November, in which he detected the errors and supplied the omissions complained of, although the town returns show them just as they appeared in the final returns.

NEW PINOS, Nov. 27.—At a meeting of the commission this morning Oray reported the arrival of a runner from Douglas' camp with information that owing to the advance of the States, Utah had left the agency and resolution to join Douglas, and is prepared to return, and Jack sends word that he will come here until the Utah trouble is settled. If this is true, the work of the Commission is ended for the present. Some of the commission doubt the report, believing it to be a ruse to gain time, and that the Mormons at the bottom of it.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The steamship State Alabama rescued the crew of the ship Svea, at Boston for Antwerp, loaded with palm oil. The crew was much exhausted from exposure and want of food. One was washed aboard a few hours before the Alabama was in sight. While taking in the life boat of the steamer Svea smashed it into pieces, throwing the officer and two seamen into the water. The officer and two seamen were instantly thrown overboard, and they halted themselves on board. A steamship passed large portions of the crew, and a great number of barrels and boxes.

CHEYENNE, Nov. 26.—Gen. Rawlins says troops now stationed here to-day received orders to go into winter quarters, as follows: Companies H, K, L and M of the Third Infantry, under command of Col. Brackett, to Fort Laramie; companies A, B, D and F, and cavalry, to Fort Sanders, and companies E and I to Fort Steele; five companies, C, K, D and F, of the Fifth cavalry, under command of Gen. Merritt, who will arrive at this point on the 29th, will go to Fort Russell.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 27.—Quite a flurry was created in newspaper and other circles this afternoon by a personal assault made by Joseph B. Lough, managing editor of the *Globe-Democrat*, upon Robert A. Watts, a gentleman who has been closely identified with a between the city and the St. Louis Gas company. The attack was made in the private office of the proprietors of the *Globe-Democrat*, and Mr. Watts was pretty roughly handled.

WINDSOR, Vt., Nov. 27.—Asa Magoon, who is to be hanged to-morrow for the murder of Peter, four years ago, begins to realize his situation as the time approaches, and is greatly depressed and broken down, spending most of his time in prayer. Two keepers are with him. There is no probability of executive clemency, no interest whatever being manifested in town, and the execution will be quiet.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 27.—Ten men from Kalb county were to-day taken before United States Commissioner Smith on the charge of Ku-Kluxing a man named McAlister, his son and daughter. All three were severely beaten, but it did not appear that any were done for any political or other reason in violation of the United States Statutes, and a case was dismissed, but will probably go to the State courts. It is claimed that the girl was intimate with a negro.

NEW ORLEANS, N. Y., 27.—George Drury, member of the Packard Legislature from Assumption parish, testified that he knew of no one or valuable consideration being given any member for voting for Kellogg; there is a common rumor published in the Democratic papers at the time that members had been bribed, but heard no talk of this kind out of the State house.

Alfred C. Melon, member of the Packard Legislature from Plaquemine parish, and afterwards a member of the Nichols Legislature, testified, denying the testimony of Seymour in reference to witness making an affidavit or statement; did not sign it; signature not mine. Witness wrote his name, which appeared with that on the affidavit, did not respond. Witness received nothing for Kellogg; he was not a candidate. James Barrett, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Packard Legislature, said: At one time during the Senatorial election there was not a rumor present. Witness testified at considerable length touching the bribery of members. "Jones told me he did not intend to be put out; that all other members had been put out; he afterwards told me that he got money from Kellogg; in conversation Senator Mitchell also referred to the fact that Kellogg had paid out a great deal of money to secure his election; was told that Kellogg had a speech to the house threatening that if he was not elected Senator he would turn the State government over to Nichols' party; a negro believed he would do it."

George Bird, Richard Simms, John T. Fitzsimons, Alexander DeLoach, Judge Isaac Fall, Lorenzo D. Parker, Alexander Bore and Cicero Bridges testified to the bad reputation of Thomas Murray (a Spofford) in the community for truth and veracity; and from what they knew of him, could not believe him on oath.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 27.—By an accidental explosion of five pounds of powder at the residence of William Knaps, Point Coupee parish, Mr. Knaps and one child were severely injured, and two of his children, one three and the other six months old, and their grand-children, Mrs. Faber, were killed.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 27.—Harry Hulz, who has been on trial for the past nine days on an indictment for a most revolting and indecent assault upon Hattie Sabery, a little girl six years old, and committed in February last, was yesterday found guilty by the jury after a four-day deliberation.

The Nashville American's Murfreesboro special says that nine prisoners escaped from the Murfreesboro jail on the 27th, by crawling through a hole in which they had previously cut the back wall of their cell. In the second party, from which they reached the ground by means of a rope. Two of the men were murdered. Cliff on Bain shot Otto Johns and killed him yesterday in Kenton, Ohio. They were boys about 12 years old, and were playing with some old revolvers, when Johns ran in

front of the pistol just in time to receive the bullet.

Jane Smith and Josephine and Adelaide Brisco, all young girls, were drowned while skating in Boston on the 26th inst.

The Chicago base ball club was defeated by the Knickerbockers in San Francisco yesterday, six to four.

St. Julian's attempt to beat his own time, 212, has been indefinitely postponed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The *World's* Washington special says the belief is becoming general among army officers that the severest Indian war since the Seminole war is impending. Letters received from the West corroborate the statements.

The same authority says that Joshua Hill, of Georgia, is now said to be the most likely name for second place on the Grant ticket.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—In his Thanksgiving sermon yesterday Beecher said: "We have entered upon a period of prosperity which will run from fifteen to twenty years. What will then be the condition of our country? The tinkling of cow bells will be heard over many portions of the North-West which is now a wilderness. In five years the Northern Pacific Railroad will be finished, and you little know the greatness of the great North-West. There are marvels of riches in her breast; she has such grain growing power. Civilization came first out of the tropics, but it was out of the north that strong men came. Nature renews not from the tropics but from the colder climes. In fifteen years there will be States where now there is but a howling wilderness, and Canada may be united in marriage with the United States."

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The Marcellus Powder Mill, twelve miles south-west of this city, exploded, destroying three buildings and 3,000 pounds of powder. The report was heard twenty miles distant. No person was injured.

This morning a few minutes before five o'clock, a heavy explosion was heard and a bright light seen in the north-western sky. It is supposed to have been a meteor.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Nov. 28.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company was held here to-day, pursuant to the by-laws and published notice. The meeting was harmonious and the present board of directors, viz: Wm. Palmer, Dr. H. H. Bell, Jay Gould, Russell Sage, C. F. M. Reschoffer, were unanimously elected. Resolutions were adopted repudiating the lease on Boston papers, and requiring the directors to prosecute the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe for damages, and also resolutions confirming the action of the directors in providing for the extension of the road over all its chartered routes, particularly to Leadville, the San Juan and El Paso in Chihuahua, for which the President reported that ample means had been secured.

ROME, Nov. 28.—Signor Winchera, of the Nicoteras group of deputies, yesterday made an attack on the cabinet in language so violent that he was called to order several times. Among other invectives he asserted that the new ministry was an insult to the Chamber of Deputies and to the country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The *Tribune* has an editorial on the Mormon question, from which the following points are gleaned. The time is close at hand when the population of the Territory will be so large that to refuse Utah admission as a State will look like an arbitrary and unjust departure from well established precedent, and there will be practical inconvenience also, in continuing the present method of administration. The Democratic party has for the moment something to gain by the admission of Utah.

Two Senators and one Representative to be elected under a State constitution would certainly be a Democratic gain. Three electoral votes of the new State would be a gain to the Democratic candidate. If the election of President be thrown into the House, the vote of Utah will count them as much as the vote of New York. It is not to be supposed that the Democrats at Washington are insensible of these conditions.

Polygamy cannot be abolished unless it is broken up by the National authority while Utah is still a territory. Nobody doubts that under State government crime would be legalized and perpetuated. It is polygamy which erects what is practically a foreign State in the midst of the American continent, ruled by a community which has no sympathy with the Union, no respect for its laws, no interest in its prosperity. The American people never will consent to the erection of Utah as a State until the barbarous practice which divides it from the whole Christian world has been forever abolished. And before there can be any serious question of admission, laws against polygamy must be amended and put in force.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 28.—A fearful tornado played havoc in the southeastern portion of the city. This morning a terrific gale struck the city at the end of Fourth street, the Rev. Stuart Robinson's house being one of the first to suffer, thence it continued in a northerly direction through the city to Cass Hill. The south fence of the Central park is all blown down. The old Louisville base ball park is completely riddled, not the least portion of the fence was left standing except half of the east side. The roof of the grand stand was smashed into kindling wood and blown away. The grounds and street are strewn with broken boards and timber. The Rev. Stuart Robinson's house is slightly damaged, about one third of the roof being blown down.

M. S. Fishback's carpet beating establishment on Third street was completely demolished. Fences and trees suffered generally. Alfred Lewis's brick house on Third street had the roof blown off, and the side of Phil Belmer's house was shivered. Tompkins' ice house had the roof torn off and generally smashed.

The next place to suffer was the Laurel Crystal spring distillery at the end of First street. Here the wind from across the commons had full sweep, and great damage was done. The new brick warehouse was completely blown down, not a brick being left. The standing of the south and east walls, only three of which were destroyed. The tin roof of the warehouse was blown off and torn into fragments like so much paper, portions of it were carried into a field a quarter of a mile away. The main distillery building, which is frame, was also damaged slightly, the chimney being blown down and the roof injured. The total loss to the distillery will reach \$500.

F. Monat, florist on First street and Ormsby avenue, suffered badly, the roof being torn from his house, and one of his conservatories was greatly damaged. From here the tornado struck Meekham street, and was in its fiercest fury. There is hardly a house of the streets named that is not more or less damaged. The two-story brick of Adam Schustager had the roof blown off, and several windows blown in and the west side badly damaged. About Cave Hill there was much damage done to the monuments, shrubbery and houses in the vicinity. The three-story grocery store of John Hoffman had the roof lifted and the walls cracked, and the water was driven into the residence of Mr. W. Flemming on East Broadway, which was about half finished. Cave Hill cemetery suffered severely, the tornado at this point appearing to have been exceedingly vicious. A solid stone gateway was tossed down and two-thirds of it is a complete wreck, the stones being so badly broken that they cannot be used again.

It will cost about \$400 to repair the entrance The cemetery on the inside looks as though it had been cannonaded; a large number of trees and shrubs were blown down and many of the monuments were thrown to the ground.

In the southeastern suburbs of Germantown there was widespread harm done. The tin sheeting on the grocery of Blossford & Co. on the northeast corner of Preston and Broadway, was torn off, a portion of it being carried across the street. Buildings at the corner of Second and Guthrie streets, were served into similar manner. On Third street, about five miles from the city the storm was very severe.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—Before the committee to-day, J. M. Jewett testified as to the contradictory testimony of Houser about Blanchard and himself, relative to their going to Governor Kellogg's house with the returns and working on them there. The reason why the registration books were taken to the Custom House was because the evidence to which both parties referred was in the office of the United States Supervisor, and why the registration books were taken to the Custom House was for a similar reason. The Supervisor of Registration was Clerk of the Circuit Court and had his office in the Custom House.

H. C. Brown, a discharged employe of the Internal Revenue office, testified that Harris Marks told him some time last summer at his private office when they were alone, that he could not take care of any of his own friends whilst this fight was being made on Kellogg; that he had appointed cures to keep them from squealing on Kellogg. Paul Trevigne, clearance clerk in the Custom House, testified that Milton came to him very indignant at the rumor that he (Milton) had made affidavit against Kellogg and got him to write a letter to Kellogg denying the rumor.

Milton signed the letter which was put in evidence yesterday. The contrast of signatures showed that Milton did not sign the so-called affidavit.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—J. T. Allyn, Manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was recalled. Senator Hill stated that telegrams produced by him before the committee, appeared to belong exclusively to Kellogg. When the witness had been requested to produce all telegrams to and from Kellogg, the witness answered that he had complied literally with the written demands served upon him, which said all telegrams to Wm. P. Kellogg. Senator Hill then requested the witness to produce all telegrams from Kellogg. Witness replied that it was impossible to do so, as all May and June business had been shipped to New York last Tuesday, by order of Superintendent Merritt. Senator Hill asked if this had been done to get the dispatches out of the way of the Committee. The witness replied that it might be, as the policy of the company was not to expose the business of its customers if it could be avoided. The Chairman asked if the witness did distinctly understand him to direct the witness to bring all telegrams to and from Kellogg. The witness replied, "verbally, yes, sir, but your written instructions said only all telegrams to Kellogg." The chairman said he had intrusted the preparation of written instructions to Spofford's counsel. Senator Cameron said that although the witness was no lawyer, he evidently had intelligence enough to know that a written order superceded all verbal instructions.

Chairman.—I desire to say to you, Mr. Witness, that you escape only under the letter of the law, and you have violated the spirit of law.

When the committee returns to Washington it will place the matter before the full committee, and will expect the telegraph company to produce those messages.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The President appointed Major Thomas P. Morgan, at present Superintendent of Police, as District Commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Seth L. Phillips.

A special from San Antonio to the Galveston News, says the Indians are reported deprecating the country one hundred miles west of El Paso, Texas. A party of fifteen men went in pursuit and followed the trail to Candelaria Mountain, when the Indians ambushed them, killing all but one or two.

When the news reached the town a strong party organized, and started on their way when they arrived at the scene of the massacre they commenced to bury the dead. While thus employed they were fired upon and 18 killed. The Indians were apparently armed with Sharpe's Rifles, and are supposed to be frequenters of the United States reservation. A large force has been organized for the punishment of the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The *National Republican* to-morrow will publish what purports to be an outline of some of the features contained in Secretary Sherman's forthcoming report. The report was offered for sale on the streets to-night, and it will be printed to-morrow in New York, Cincinnati and Chicago.

This fact was brought to the Secretary's attention, but he declined to give out the document for general publication, saying that he would not be a party to any irregularities by which the report was published prior to its presentation to Congress. The *Republican* will say the forthcoming annual message was made public in a restricted and surreptitious manner yesterday. It is said the recommendations contained therein, while they are acknowledged to be of great importance, are so conservative as to avoid attention to any direct shock in financial circles or disturbance in commercial affairs. It is understood that the Secretary does not go so far in his recommendations regarding the national currency as the President does in his message, for he does not suggest an actual retirement of greenbacks. He maintains that the national banking system shall be retained and encouraged as a legitimate aid to the general public, and that a legitimate line of personal or private business enterprise; but he recognizes the necessity and availability of an interchangeable currency such as the greenback system furnishes, and does not advise any retirement in the issue of government notes.

The repeal of the legal tender act is discussed at length, and it is suggested or recommended that the effect of the adoption of the suggestion, as explained to the *National Republican* by a prominent banker who heard the report yesterday, would be to compel an explicit understanding in regard to commercial contracts, whether they should be in paper or coin. The argument is advanced, that as greenbacks are now at par, and will remain so for an indefinite period of time, the compulsory understanding would not inconvenience any one for the reason that the interchangeability of the several kinds of currency will naturally be preserved.

Much of the report is devoted to the details and reports of the operations of the Treasury and its several divisions and bureaus, all of which have been printed from time to time as matters of routine occurrence.

The same paper, in to-morrow's issue, referring to its alleged synopsis of the President's message, which was published yesterday morning, will say: "As to the omissions in our synopsis there are the best of reasons for believing that there are several. They refer to the international exhibition progressing at Melbourne, Australia, this year, and to be held at Sydney next year. Referring to the exhibit of the U. S. at Melbourne he says the suggestion therefor was inadequate and suggested that an additional appropriation should be made as soon as convenient to defray

the necessary expenses incident to an increased exhibit at Sydney.

Referring to the condition of affairs in Alaska, the President alludes to the appearance and interference of the British vessel *Ostera* at Sitka during the troubles in that vicinity last spring, and then recommends the immediate establishment of Territorial judiciary in Alaska. Practically this recommendation amounts to suggestions for the execution of a regular territorial form of government. The reasons advanced to support this suggestion are in effect that the interests of economy will be served by prompt trials of offenders against the laws of the United States in the Territory where their crime may be committed. Under the present system prisoners and witnesses are transported at great expense to Oregon and California where great trials are now held. This occasions great delay as well as expense, both of which would be avoided by the organization of a local judiciary as suggested.

Ex-Senator Ramsey, of Minnesota, is expected to arrive here to-morrow. It is generally believed he will be nominated to succeed Secretary McCrary.

BUFFALO, Nov. 28.—The body of Thomas Russell, of St. Charles, Mich., a sailor belonging to the barge *Walton*, was found floating in Buffalo creek this morning, bearing evidence of having been murdered and thrown in. His face and head were horribly disfigured with some blunt instrument. Captain Andrew McKenzie, of Detroit, master of the barge, has been arrested on suspicion.

LOS PINOS, Nov. 28.—The portmanteau of Mrs. Meeker, containing \$31, taken from her by Douglas at the time of her capture, was returned this morning. Douglas sent it in by a runner to Chief Ouray, who delivered it to Agent Adams.

All investigation was stopped this morning by runners from the White River Utes, who stated that runners from the Uintah Utes say that troops were moving to the Uintah Agency to make prisoners, and that all the Uintah Utes had left for the camps of the White River Utes, who now refuse to come in until assured that this is not true. The Indians have been informed by the United States that this report is false, and that the troops are instructed not to advance during the present negotiations. An advance of troops would close any further business here. Ouray thinks the story is an invention of the Mormon element who are doing all in their power to create serious trouble. This will delay the commission six days until the White River Utes return from the Uintah Agency.

(Signed) HATCH, Commissioner.

Inquires in official quarters fully confirm Gen. Hatch's assurance to the Indians that the report of the advance of troops is wholly untrue. Secretary Schurz has for some time expected that some adverse element was secretly at work to retard, or, if possible, defeat the reports of the commission, and he is strongly inclined to believe that the source of the present trouble is correctly indicated by Ouray.

GALVESTON, Nov. 28.—The *News* says: "Crescencio Uralte, a Mexican, was hanged to-day in the jail yard; he fell nine feet, breaking his neck, and died in seven minutes. He was suspected of infidelity by his wife. One day while washing clothes in a pool his wife came for water; Uralte struck her with a stick, knocking her into the water, holding her under until drowned; he then dragged the body out and mutilated it with a knife in a fearful manner. He acknowledged his guilt on the scaffold, exhibiting but little emotion."

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 28.—Bennett Jackson was arrested here this morning for snatching the body of Tennessee Keith, who died Monday night. The body was packed in a shoebox, and addressed to Atlanta, and was said to contain fresh fish. Last night some parties attempted to send the same box to Cincinnati as cotton seed.

WINDSOR, Vt., Nov. 28.—Magoon, when carried to the scaffold and placed in a chair, listened to the reading of the death warrant. He then predicted that within three years they would know who killed Streeter. He complained that injustice had been done him in not being represented for a year that the case might be presented to the Legislature and a new trial granted. While speaking he trembled violently and shed tears. After seating himself he was bound and assisted to the drop by deputies.

ARCHISON, Kas., Nov. 28.—Jay Gould and party arrived in this city last evening and this morning started west over the Central Branch road. This road is now completed to Kymor, 242 miles west of this city. The Gould party will go to the end of the line and may also inspect some of its branches. There is a great deal of interest throughout this State as to Gould's purposes. He now controls nearly fifteen hundred miles of railway within the limits of Kansas, or fully one-half of the total mileage of the State. The roads that have passed under his control are only lines traversing a large section of the State and the completion of which is practically destroyed, hence this combination has it in its power to do great injury to Kansas interests or great good as it may elect. The journals of the State are generally reticent in expressing opinions upon the subject, but all manifest the uneasiness almost universally prevalent among the people concerning this gigantic concentration of railway interests in the hands of the combination.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The *Figaro* asserts that Prince Jerome Napoleon during his recent visit to Cardinal Bonaparte declared that he intended to publish a letter against Article 7 of the Educational Bill.

There was much speculation in the lobbies of the Palais Bourbon last evening over the situation in regard to the ministry. It is the general opinion that its prestige is shaken. Some influential members of the Left think that a new Cabinet with Gambetta as Premier is inevitable, but the weight of opinion seems to be that the present ministers will remain till the middle of February, with the modification whereby De Freycinet will become Premier with Waddington remaining Foreign Minister.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The *North German Gazette* publishes the following letter from Prince Bismarck, dated at Varsen, November 15th: "In consequence of the reports circulated by the press respecting the state of my health, a large number of friendly counsels and medical communications reach me from all parts of Germany, and from England more especially. However gratifying these proofs of sympathy, I am unfortunately not well enough to be able to thank the senders by letter; I therefore beg all those who have given me pleasure by their benevolent wishes to help me by accepting my most sincere thanks through this channel."

The Danish Minister here in private conversation says that the visit of the King of Denmark is merely an act of courtesy. Significant from such a point of view but devoid of any political object. It seems to be understood that this visit has no connection with the Guelph funds or Greek question.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Several special correspondents of the London papers call attention to the serious financial distress at Constantinople. The *Telegraph* Vienna correspondent says the paymasters to the Sultan's palace have suspended the daily stipends, owing to the non-payment of long standing bills, but that

Osman Pasha is still able to draw his enormous salary.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Executive Committee of the Irish Land League has addressed a manifesto signed by Parnell, Biggars, Davitt and others, appealing to the Irish farmers for practical assistance in the movement for redress of the land law grievances. Balla was illuminated on Wednesday night in honor of Davitt and Daly. Extra police have been drafted for Meath, in consequence of the authorities having received information of the disturbed condition of several districts.

VIENNA, Nov. 27.—The Liberal Club last night passed a motion favoring the reduction of the army in time of peace by 25,000 men. Subsequently it passed a motion favoring the limitation of the operation of the law to three years, but of maintaining the army at its present strength. But these motions being contrary to the terms of the government army bill, the bill cannot pass the lower house of the Reichstag in its present form, as it will fail to obtain the necessary two-thirds majority.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Count Schouvaloff, at Windsor Castle, to-day presented to the Queen his letters of recall.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Some sensation has been caused by the killing of an Alsatian exile by a German gendarme. The Alsatian was clandestinely meeting his parents at Dannemarie, within the German frontier. He fled from the gendarme, who fired upon him. The villagers were much excited and tried to lynch the gendarme.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 27.—Intelligence has been received that the Chilians have occupied Iquique, previously abandoned by the allies.

TORONTO, Nov. 27.—In the irregularities reported at the custom house here, the examination of the books shows the cash short \$20,000, said to have been spent in land speculations. Collector J. E. Smith and Cashier Wm. McKay are implicated.

SLIGO, Nov. 27.—Mr. John Rea, counsel for Killen, was constantly interrupted during his cross examination of witnesses, yesterday, by the several magistrates of the court, who pointed out that his remarks were totally irrelevant. The examination lasted over four hours and embraced every variety of topic, including politics, polemics and adventure, in all of which Rea was poor.

It is generally believed in London that if the release of the Irish prisoners on bail is not allowed by the exhibition of anything like intolerable defiance, the trial will not be at once pressed forward. It is thought that an exhibition of the authority of the law has already done good, which might be dissipated if the government pressed the trials and failed to obtain conviction.

Darrit is confident of acquittal if tried at the coming assizes here, but declares that if his trial be removed to the court of Queen's bench in Dublin, he will not expend a farthing for counsel, securing of witnesses, etc., as he is convinced the crown is determined to inflict another year's imprisonment upon him. In the trial of Killen to-day, Mr. Rea, his counsel, in cross-examining police witnesses, asked absurd and irrelevant questions, provoking frequent altercations with the magistrate, who pointed out that he was keeping his client in duress while he amused the audience. The only fact at all material to the issue which he elicited, was that in the matter of short-hand writers, while agreeing upon main points, differed somewhat as to details. Mr. Rea, during the temporary absence of the magistrates, harangued the audience, telling them he had been threatened with imprisonment for contempt, and had received a letter threatening him with assassination.

After a long cross examination by Rea of the witnesses for the prosecution in the trial of Killen, the case for the crown was closed. Rea then commenced a rambling defense, in the midst of which the court adjourned for the day.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—In opening the session of the Chamber of Deputies to-day, Gambetta congratulated the house on the restoration to Paris of the legal title of capital of France. "This restoration," he said, "will render closer the bonds of national unity, and it attested the confidence placed in the good sense and patriotism of the people of Paris." Gambetta besought the Chamber to forego all useless and passionate attacks, and concentrate its efforts on securing the grandeur of the country and strengthening the republic.

Deputy Haumont questioned the government relative to measures for the relief of sufferers from the commercial crisis. He moved that public works be pushed, and that the import duty on grain be abolished.

Tirard, Minister of Commerce, replied that the government will promptly consider all proposals to ameliorate the condition of the population of the republic. The order of the day, pure and simple, was then voted on.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—At Sligo to-day the magistrates decided that the evidence which Rea proposed to call in favor of Killen was irrelevant, and decided to close the case and commit Killen for trial admitting him to bail. Killen refused to leave the court, and had to be carried out. The court was then ordered to be cleared, but Davitt and Rea remained in defiance of the order. When the telegram containing the above particulars was dispatched Killen was in jail and Rea was addressing an excited crowd.

MADRID, Nov. 27.—The special representatives from France, Italy and Germany to be present at the marriage of King Alfonso and Archduchess Marie Christine, presented their credentials and presents to the King yesterday, and the English representative will present his to-day. The preparations for the festivities are being vigorously pushed forward. On the first day (the 29th inst.), the marriage ceremony will take place; on the second day of the festivities there will be a reception at the Palace and gala performances, balls are announced in several of the embassies and houses of the nobility. King Alfonso and his sisters visit the Archduchess daily at the royal residence at Pardo.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The steamer *Fitzroy*, which was damaged in a collision on the Thames and sank while in charge of a pilot, has been raised and docked. Her cargo is considerably damaged.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—The *Official Gazette* publishes notification by the Prussian ministry of the prolonging for one year of the regulation under the socialist law relative to the right of residence and to carrying arms in Berlin and its neighborhood. The government in notifying the continuance of these regulations to the head of the Berlin police says persons who have been expelled from Berlin are still refused permission to reside there.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A Vienna dispatch says the *Tagblatt* announces that Mukhtar Pasha and his body guard of seventy men were massacred on the 27th inst. by the Arrants. Six thousand Albanians are posted near Guzinje and may attack the Montenegrins.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A Paris dispatch says Leve, Minister of the Interior, has published his report upon the subject of plenary amnesty. It condemns the projected action and states that amnesty cannot be extended to murderers, incendiaries and old offenders.

The Chilian minister to England confirms the report of the capture of Iquique by his countrymen.

Two resolutions will be proposed at the Hyde Park Home Rule meeting, one protesting

against the arrest of the Sligo prisoners and the other favoring peasant proprietary in Ireland.

The secretary of the National Association of Iron Workers has issued an address to the British iron workers cautioning them not to migrate to America till assured of work, as hundreds of iron workers in the United States are unemployed.

FLASHES.

The Greenback Labor Party, in convention at Boston, on the evening of the 27th nominated Davis J. King for mayor. Confusion and a bolt followed, and the bolters nominated the present nominee of the Democratic and citizens' convention, Mayor Prince.

The Atlantic and Great Western railroad will be sold at Akron, Ohio, on the 6th of January, under a foreclosure; liabilities of the road, \$70,000,000.

Professional Cards.

GEO. A. HINES,  
Watchmaker and Jeweler  
At Dellinger & Hyde's Store, Main street,  
BUTTE, MONTANA.  
Watches and Clocks Cleaned and Repaired.  
THE REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES A SPECIALTY.  
Jewelry repaired and made to order from native gold or silver; Diamonds reset, etc., etc.

ALFRED J. URLIN  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
—AND—  
CONVEYANCER,  
MAIN ST. GLENDALE, M. T.

DR. L. E. HOLMES,  
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