

The Weekly Miner.

Historical Society X

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WHOLE NO. 203

Butte Weekly Miner.
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TELEGRAMS

Indiana was Carried by the Repub.
INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 15.—The democratic central committee have issued the following address:
The Democratic and Independent Voters of Indiana:
The result of the election last Tuesday is a disappointment to us all. The extent of the success which the republican party has secured in this state is as much a surprise to us as to the democrats, and proves that the majority of the republican party were ignorant of the means which their corrupt employers were employing as we were. The sorry loss of our state is a calamity that we will enable us to retrieve, but the injury to our free institutions will sustain us in our fight against the frauds and corruptions practiced by republican leaders to secure their own selfish ends. The causes which have enabled the republican party to succeed are plain. The partial success of their plan to divide our state for political purposes, corrupt use of money for the purchase of votes, the importation and use of repeaters selected by deputy marshals are now known to us. In the presidential election we will have to encounter these forces to the extent as in our state elections. Their repugnant fund will have been divided among many states, their repeaters will be at work, and those of them who were discharged in arrest by deputy marshals on straw bail will likely make their appearance again in our state. We shall have no federal machinery to contend against. We are thoroughly united in our councils, whatever our adversaries say to the contrary. We therefore call upon you to relax any of your efforts, put new life and energy into your county and township organizations and take all measures in your power to bring out your full strength to the polls in November, will secure to us a majority. The majority against us at the late election will not exceed 4,000, and may fall to 2,000. This majority can, and in our opinion will, be overcome in the presidential election. A change of three votes in a precinct will accomplish it. Remember you have a leader in this country who never counsels retreat, and he commands an army that never surrenders.
WM. H. ENGLISH,
FRANKLIN LANDERS,
T. A. HENDRICKS,
W. M. FLEMING,
J. E. McDONALD,
K. M. GROESBY,
O. O. HEALY,
Executive Committee.
JAS. M. RICE, Secretary.

Remarkable Storm.

WILWAUKEE, Oct. 17.—Yesterday the severe wind storm ever known in this section occurred. The barometer was never so low as it was today. The storm came from the north and blowing at the rate of between sixty and eighty miles an hour. A dispatch from LaCrosse says the storm all along the line of the Northern Minnesota rail road was the severest ever known.
Passenger and freight trains along the line were blocked in snow drifts from ten to five feet deep. Several teams with provisions have been dispatched to their relief from LaCrosse. Trains which left LaCrosse yesterday have not been heard from since the cuts west of Fairmont are filled with snow and packed hard. Reports of cattle, sheep, etc. having perished are constantly received. So loss of human life yet reported. It is the worst storm ever known in Northern Minnesota and eastern Dakota, and will rage. The telegraph wires are all over the country.

The Republican Committee Claiming Majorities They Did Not Receive.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The republican national committee have issued the following: To the Republican Voters of the Union:
The elections of Tuesday last surely show that with continued zeal and systematic effort the republican triumph in November will be complete and overwhelming. Our plurality in Ohio is about 22,000, being a gain of 5,000 over the exceptionally large plurality of '79, while the election of 15 of the 20 congressional districts in Indiana reaches about 7,000, being a gain of 21,000 on the democratic plurality in '76. In the legislature we have a majority of 14. Of 13 congressional districts nine have been carried, making a gain of three members.

The result in each state, and especially in Ohio, is the conclusive answer of the people to the false and malignant attacks upon the personal character of our candidate for president, which thus far has been the principal weapon of our opponents, and has been indecently and shamelessly repeated in an address this day published by their demoralized national committee. Both of these victories are the result of a spontaneous and enthusiastic uprising of the people in favor of patriotic principles, enlightened legislation and won in spite of the lavish expenditure of money by the democratic candidate for vice-president, who was nominated solely for that purpose by eastern emissaries, who in '70 vainly attempted to purchase the presidency, and have recently traversed that state shouting against and at the same moment perpetrating frauds, made possible by the loose election laws existing in any state in the union, and which were purposely retained in force by a democratic judicial outrage. It is apparent from these results that if republicans do not relax their exertions every northwestern state will choose republican presidential electors, who not improbably some southern states will give their votes for Garfield and Arthur.

Of 17 members necessary to make the next house republican, the republicans have already gained in Oregon, Vermont, Ohio and Indiana, and the result is reasonably certain. Six senators necessary to make the senate, with the vice-president, republican, will probably be secured from the states of Ohio and Indiana, already gained, and from Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, yet to elect them. With the inauguration of Garfield and Arthur all branches of the government are likely to be republican once more. Republicans, however, need to be reminded of remaining dangers. The disaffected democratic leaders will not abstain from desperate acts to prevent a full republican success. They have a majority in both houses of congress, claim full power over the final presidential contest and have steadily refused to secure a peaceable and orderly decision of a doubtful result. Let no possible effort be spared to make the republican majority on the electoral vote so large as to avert the perils of disputed counting, and the majority in the next house of representatives so decisive that there can be no conflict in its organization. By unremitting exertions, such as have secured the brilliant achievements in Ohio and Indiana, the republican party can defeat the purposes of the reactionists who, in order to gain political power and patronage are willing to unsettle the results of the war for the union, change the financial and revenue policy of the government, depreciate the national currency and jeopardize the thriving business interests of the country. Republican success will, on the other hand, firmly establish throughout the country a free and honest ballot, protection to life and property, well paid and contented labor, activity in all agricultural, manufacturing, mechanical and commercial pursuits, and will make the states of our union prosperous and powerful beyond those of any other nation.
By order of the committee,
MARSHALL CHWELMAN,
Chairman.

Republican Trickery.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The Sun's Indianapolis special says that the nomination of English, so far as it was intended by the unionists who made it to operate beneficially upon Indiana, has turned out to be worse than a mistake. This has been the opinion in secret for a long time past.
The Sun says that Indiana was carried by fraud and corruption.
Of Virginia politics it says the real position of Mahone ought to be understood by the democrats. He is not to be trusted for he has no political principles. He will trade with the side which he thinks will win. Virginia democrats know this, and the republicans also know it. There is no doubt that large sums of money are to be sent into those states, especially into Florida, where the republicans are anxious to secure a successor to Senator Jones, whose term expires next March. Agents have already been sent to Florida and to North Carolina, and as to Virginia the republicans expect to make a bargain with Mahone.

Probable Indian War.

DENVER, Oct. 17.—A conflict with the Utes seems imminent. Yesterday morning two companies of militia left Gunnison city for the reservation to arrest Agent Berry and others on writs issued by the district attorney for Gunnison county under orders from the government, and have probably reached the reservation line by this time.
Gov. Pitkin was very much surprised at this movement of the militia without having informed him. He expressed a fear that they would not be able to cope with the Indians. In his judgment they should have taken at least twice as many as they took this morning.
The U. S. district attorney left this morning for Gunnison county, and it is probable that he will issue writs for the arrest of the agent and witnesses and have them examined before a U. S. commissioner.
Agent Berry makes the statement that if Jackson had not been delivered to the Indians the soldiers and all the whites present, and all the freighters on the road inside of the reservation would have been massacred. Should the military go on the reservation for prisoners there is every danger of a conflict.

A Definitive.
BOSTON, Oct. 18.—John A. Woodard, for 15 years cashier in the treasury department here, is disappeared, at alleged defaulter in the sum of \$82,000. He had a good social position and no bad or extravagant habits. A woman named Amy Knowlton now claims that she is his wife.

Sherman-Hampton.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Secretary Sherman has furnished for publication the following:
DOGGERS SPRINGS, Sept. 17.
To Hon. John Sherman, Secretary of the Treasury:
SIR—Some days ago I saw reports of your speech at the conference held by the national republican committee at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, and you were quoted as having used the following language: "And now you are asked to surrender all you have done into the hands of Wade Hampton and the Kuklux Klan and the little segment in the north that is called the democratic party." May I ask if you used these words, and if you did so, did you mean to connect me, directly or indirectly, with what was known as the "Kuklux Klan"? Respecting an early reply, addressed to me in care of Augustus Schell, Esq., New York, I am very respectfully your obedient servant,
WADE HAMPTON.

Washington, Sept. 21.

To Hon. Wade Hampton, care of Augustus Schell, New York.
SIR—Your note of the 17th inst. received, in which you inquire, etc. In reply I have to advise you that while I don't remember the precise language, I presume the reporter correctly stated in a condensed way his idea of what I said. I no doubt spoke of you as a leading representative of the democratic party in the south, and referred to the Kuklux Klan as a representative of the barbarous agencies by which the democratic rights of the republicans of the south. I do not connect you personally with the Kuklux Klan, indeed I know that you had in one or two important instances related and defeated its worst impulses. I appreciate the sense of honor which makes you shrink from being named in connection with it, still you and your associates, leading men in the south, now enjoy benefits of political power derived from the atrocities of the Kuklux Klan in which phase I include all the numerous aliases by which it has from time to time been known in the south. Your power in the south states rests upon the actual commission of every grade of crimes, from murder to the meanest form of ballot box stuffing, committed by the Kuklux Klan and its kindred associates, and as you know, some of the worst of them have been committed since 1877, when you and they gave the most solemn assurance of protection to the freedmen of the south. These crimes are all aimed at the civil and political rights of the republicans in the south, and as I believe, but for these agencies, even the state that you represent as well as many other states in the south could be represented both in the senate and house, by republicans. But now we feel, in soberness and truth, while I have no reason to believe you or your northern associates, personally participated in the offences I have named, yet, while you and they enjoy the fruits of these crimes, you may in logic and morals be classed as joint co-partners with the Kuklux Klan in the policy which has thus far been successful in the seizing of the political power of the south and which it is hoped, by the aid of a small segment of the democratic party in the north, may be extended to all departments of the government. It is in this sense I speak of you, the Kuklux Klan and northern democratic party. Permit me, in concluding, while answering your question, to say that the most fatal policy for the south would be, by such agencies as I have mentioned, to secure again political ascendancy in this country, for I assure you that the manhood and independence of the north will certainly continue to struggle until every republican in the south shall have a free and unrestrained enjoyment of equal civil and political privileges, including a fair court, free speech and free press, and the agitation made necessary to secure such results may readily affect injuriously, the interests of the people of the south.

Very respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant,
JOHN SHERMAN.

The Indian Embroglio.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The following dispatch, dated at Los Pinos agency, Oct. 16, was received this afternoon at the Interior Department, and immediately made the subject of a consultation with the department justice, but no decision was reached. Meantime the press dispatch announced that Agent Berry and other persons for whom warrants had been issued had been arrested and lodged in the jail at Gunnison:
To Secretary of the Interior.—
I have this day called on the commanding officer of the post in this vicinity to eject from the reservation one Smith and others who claim authority to arrest me, and which I don't recognize. Furthermore, I consider the peace and welfare of the Indians and the country in general, on the reservation and in the state, demands the course.
(Signed) BERRY, Agent.

Secretary Schurz, before leaving Washington to-day, telegraphed as follows:

To Gov. Pitkin,
Denver, Col.—
The associated press reports that two companies of militia have started for the Ute reservation to arrest Agent Berry, and that a conflict between them and the Indians is anticipated. It seems almost inevitable that if this proceeding goes on, a conflict will come, and such forces as are not necessary to secure obedience to the state process on the part of the government officers, will be entirely ready to enforce such process without an aggressive movement of state troops, calculated to bring on a disastrous conflict with the Indians.
Any prisoner arrested under process is entitled to absolute protection against mob violence, and state authorities should accompany arrests with an adequate guaranty of personal safety to the prisoners. This being evident, there will be no reason why the accused should not willingly obey any lawful process, and if they did not, certainly the government of the United States would not countenance any such disobedience. I must certainly press upon you to arrest any movement or conduct on the part of the state militia which can possibly lead to so disastrous a consequence as an Indian war would be.
(Signed) C. SCHURZ, Secretary.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—A Times Washington special says Hampton's challenge was to-day delivered to Sherman by McKinley, who said:

"Mr. Sherman, I have a communication from Senator Wade Hampton which I beg leave to present in person." The Secretary thought he had an application for office, and waived the visitor to a seat, but he remained standing. "You perceive that the letter is sealed. Will you kindly open it and read it in my presence." Sherman gave a puff at his cigar and broke the seal. He then turned to the waiting friend and calmly said: "I will take an early opportunity to reply to Senator Hampton's letter."
NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—A Washington special says: Dispatches of a very serious tenor were received at the Interior department today from Colorado, but the officers at present decline to make them public. A conference was held with the officers of the war department, and grave troubles are evidently apprehended.

Lake Disasters.

TWO RIVERS, Wis., Oct. 18.—Following are the last casualties known of here from the lake:
A mackinac boat with fish swamped and two fishermen drowned; boat recovered.
The deck load of the schooner Dunhal lost and she is ashore.
The schooner Hungarian is ashore a total wreck.
The schooner Perry Hannah is sunk and the City of Woodstock is ashore.
The large Brunette with 48,000 bushels of corn is ashore in three and a half feet of water.
The schooner Conway is high on the beach. The schooner Lotta May, wheat laden, is high and dry.
The Lawrence and Ebenezer, both stone laden, are beached and total wrecks.
The Gazelle is badly damaged.
The Recliprocity and Centest are ashore.
The captain of the Brunette was lifted bodily by the wind and dashed through the cabin and had a leg broken.
Several piers were destroyed and other damage done along the shores. The minor injuries to vessels are innumerable.

The Storm—Steamer Wrecked.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—The trains that left Dubuque Friday morning over the Illinois Central for the west are still stuck in a snow drift west of Howell, and the wind is still driving the snow faster than it can be shoveled out. The company does not expect to get the road open to Sioux City before Tuesday.
The Des Moines Journal says the ground is frozen several inches deep hereabouts, two thirds of the potato crop is not dug and is probably a total loss.
The crew and passengers of the wrecked steamer Alpena, is variously stated from forty to seventy. Capt. Napier was a trusty and skillful officer. Officials of the Goodrich Line, to which she belonged refused to give any particulars about her or the passenger list.
COUNCIL BLUFFS, Oct. 18.—Friday's season of Saturday's storm was unusual for this season of the year. The snow fell all Friday night and melted as it fell. It has turned cold since with a raw northwestern gale and the roads are frozen solid and are very rough. On the Maple Valley branch of the Northwestern railroad the snow has drifted and blocked trains. The snow is from fire to seven feet deep all along the Sioux City railroad. Trains from St. Paul and Yankton, due here Saturday, have not yet arrived.

A Scout's Evidence.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 18.—Advices from Saguache say, Wm. S. Peak, government scout, has given testimony which goes to prove that Berry, Meacham, Holmes, and Olive intentionally gave young Jackson over to the Indians. He says that Col. Beaumont who, with his cavalry were but a short distance from the Ute ranch en route to Garland, ordered to protect the freighters, but Berry and the others ordered him to proceed to Garland. The scout states that he examined the place where the Indians were supposed to have ferociously taken Jackson, but found no signs of a struggle.

Marriage of the Czar.

VIENNA, Oct. 18.—The Press says: We learn on the best authority that the Princess Dalgorouki married the Czar as the younger niece of the governor general of Moscow, and not as the sister of Count Albert Inski. Negotiations respecting the future position of Princess Dalgorouki and their children are still pending. It is proposed that the latter be recognized as a princess of blood and take rank after the grand dukes. Should the czar wish to appoint him co-regent and transfer to him the reins of government, the czar retaining imperial privileges and retiring permanently to Livadia.

New York City Ticket.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Tammany hall county convention reassembled after a conference with the Irving hall democrats. As a result of the conference William R. Grace was named for mayor, Frederick Smyth recorder, August J. Docharty register, W. Sauer and J. J. Slewin aldermen at large. All were unanimously nominated.
Edmunds Re-elected.
MONTPELIER, Vt., Oct. 18.—Edmunds was elected United States senator by the legislature to-day. The vote in the house stood, Edmunds, 205; Smalley, democrat, 107; not voting, 16. Edmunds had a unanimous vote in the senate.
To be Charged with Murder.
PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The commonwealth will bring charges of murder against the men found guilty by the coroner's jury of causing the death of many persons in the late railroad accident.
A Tramp's Revenge.
READING, Pa., Oct. 19.—A tramp who was refused food to-day destroyed the barn of G. S. Moyer, with cattle and machinery valued at \$10,000. Citizens are in pursuit.

The Irish Troubles.

DUBLIN, Oct. 19.—The Gazette publishes a proclamation declaring that the county Kerry is in a state of disturbance requiring additional police.
A reward of five thousand dollars is offered for the capture of the murderers of Mr. Hutchins.
SAX FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—The president and party left this city for the Yosemite valley and will go to Los Angeles Saturday next. Thence they go east via Arizona, Santa Fe and Kansas City.

Mecham Explains.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Indian Commissioner Meacham writes Oct. 2, a private letter from Los Pinos, detailing the past forty-eight hours of excitement when the Utes, stripped for a fight, demanded the murderer of the Indian. He says the facts of the affair were, that an ox teamster upon little or no provocation killed young Johnson, son of chief Shananaux, thirty miles from the agency. Next morning fifty armed Utes came before the agent's door and demanded the blood of the murderer. Every man with arms uncovered and the wife and mother of the dead boy filled the air with wild cries. Berry and Meacham assured them that the man should be caught and the agent went out after the murderer, followed by these mad human tigers. To satisfy the Utes, fifteen men and one officer went along, and at Clime's rancho the murderer was found in charge of the citizens. Soldiers guarded him all night, the Indians firing over the guard. The scene was exciting beyond description. It was one o'clock at night when all became quiet. The citizens desired to wreak vengeance on the murderer, and the Indians watching like hyenas every movement. Berry worked as hard as ever worked before to keep the Indians from exploding, but at 9 o'clock the Utes prepared for a general slaughter, saying: "No use white man no die; all the Utes die, white man no care." The citizens understood their peril, and Berry consented to return the prisoner to their charge, and they started with him to Gunnison. The Utes appeared to agree that the prisoner might be taken to Gunnison. The army escort then left for camp. Berry and I remained until everything seemed settled and every Ute had started for home. Last night the three white men, good, sober men, came into the agency and reported that the Utes had surprised them and taken them prisoners. They were terribly excited. The name of the murderer is only conjectured at this time. The Utes are coming in as I close this. They seem quiet, and I think the peril is over unless an attempt is made to discover the rescuers of yesterday.

Visit to Garland.

Commissioner Meacham, in a letter of Oct. 16th from Los Pinos, says he believes the compromise with the Indians was in good faith by Agent Berry, by the citizens and the Indians. It was no put up job, as some of the teamsters claim. The Indians would not consent that the murderer should go to the military camp, but said they would allow him to go to Gunnison if his trial and conviction would follow. The escort was chosen by the prisoner himself, and it was believed the danger was over.

Steamer Lost.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The steam barge Trader, which plies between Chicago and Muskegon has gone to pieces on the east shore of Lake Michigan. She was captained by Frank Brown and manned by a crew of ten. She was valued at \$6,000. All hands have probably perished.

The Ute Disturbance.

DENVER, Oct. 19.—Last night Gov. Pitkin telegraphed Secretary Schurz that he had no advice of the two companies of militia having started for the reservation, and disbelieves the rumors, and that although Berry's efforts at escape strengthen the conviction as to his guilt, there is no apprehension as to his personal safety when once in the custody of the sheriff at Gunnison. He requests the secretary to instruct the commander of the fort to deliver Berry to the sheriff.
The governor received a telegram from Gen. Pope to-day stating he had orders from the president to protect Berry from arrest pending the consideration of the subject by the attorney general.

Philadelphia, Oct. 15.—Speaker Randall has been locked up all day with senator-elect Mahone, of Virginia. Wallace and Randall have assurances direct from John Kelly that before sunset Monday both wings of the New York democracy will be harmonized.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The conservative republicans of New York issue an address to the friends of Hancock, very like that of the Ohio democratic committee, urging everybody to vote for the democratic nominee. The association calls upon the people to come forward and unite with them in raising by single subscriptions of a few dollars each a great popular fund for the defense of the polls. This fund is to be regarded as the people's voluntary fall tax levied by themselves to keep access to the polls in November free from fraud and force.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—A letter from Gen. Hancock, written Oct. 12th, is published, in which he says he believes in fostering American industries and raising government revenues by tariff. As far as we are concerned all talk of free trade is folly. He endorses Eaton's bill, or some similar one on tariff. He finds, however, inconsistencies in the present tariff which should be adjusted.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 15.—The official returns have now been received from all the counties of Ohio, which show that Townsend's majority for secretary of state is 18,928. In several of the counties containing large cities Townsend was cut considerably on account of his temperance record, but this did not have its effect on the balance of the ticket and hence the average majority for all the other candidates will be fully 20,000.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 16.—A severe wind and rain storm broke glass, blew down a circus tent, blew over a lion cage and both the lion and lioness escaped, flying through the crowds of people, any a panic ensued, but finally quiet was restored and the lions were recaptured.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Augustus Schell declines the nomination for the mayoralty, hoping that some more worthy man may be chosen who will unite both wings of the party.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 16.—The democratic state central committee met the leading democrats of the state to-day. All persons were pledged to secrecy. A resolution was adopted that every democrat would work until the close of the polls on election day, and that this committee would aid the national committee in every way, and would prosecute the canvass in Ohio with increased exertion. It is claimed that there was the utmost determination to carry the state for Hancock and English.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 15.—Returns from all the counties in the state except Ripley give Taylor a plurality of 5,584. Ripley gave a democratic majority in 1876 of 925. Full returns from the 30th congressional district give C. C. Watson, democrat, 881 majority. The congressional delegation now stands 8 republicans and 5 democrats.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—A Victoria dispatch, Thursday night, says that a slide took place six miles below Cache creek, which completely dammed up Thompson river to a height of 120 feet, which the river must surmount before resuming its course. Should the dam break away all at once the damage to the railway works and to the wagon road will be enormous.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 15.—Epizootic is raging here with much fatality to horses.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 15.—Latest returns do not alter the result of Tuesday's election. The total republican net gains so far as heard from are 3,312.

CHEYENNE, Oct. 16.—The Leader's special from Rawlins says: Jack Pierce shot and killed Joseph Hornbeck. The parties are teamsters with Maj. Powell's outfit. The mob threats to Lynch "Horn." The democrats have nominated M. E. Post, a well known banker and wool grower, for delegate to congress.

OURAY, Oct. 14.—Berry still eludes state arrest, and has escaped the Washington authorities, by telegraph, what he shall do. He is in the Indian camp, and is protected. Meacham is in the military camp.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Speaker Randall has been locked up all day with senator-elect Mahone, of Virginia. Wallace and Randall have assurances direct from John Kelly that before sunset Monday both wings of the New York democracy will be harmonized.

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INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 17.—Porter's prestige forces the mention of his name for the senatorship, but Hanna would be acceptable for governor, but as the senate is tie he could not be spared by the republicans.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—John L. Davenport has addressed a letter to John Kelly and the members of the committee of organization at Tammany hall in reference to the statements made by members of that committee that they possessed evidence of the colonization of voters in this city in the interest of the republican party. He calls upon them to produce their evidence and promises that in every case where it is established to cause the arrest of the offending parties and permit them to be brought before such United States commissioner as Kelley or his counsel may designate.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—In view of Gen. Hancock's recent letter to Randolph defining his views on the tariff not being sufficiently explicit and comprehensive to make it as effective a campaign document as the exigencies of the case demand, he will write a supplementary letter on the subject, making his views so clear and broad that there can be no mistake in the matter.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 18.—A telegram to Gov. Pitkin says: "Indian Agent Berry Hoyt, Clime and Meacham are all now in jail at Gunnison City charged with the murder of Jackson, the freighter."

DUBLIN, Oct. 18.—A great demonstration of Orangemen took place at Donaghadee, County Down, to protest against the Farrellite agitation. Two policemen took notes of the speeches.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 18.—A dispatch received here to-day, says Indian agent Berry has not been arrested and has been secreted either by the Indians or U. S. Troops.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 18.—The storm was not very severe here, but the wires are down in all directions around the city. Nothing is known of the Northern Pacific country yet, except that the snow is heavier than it was all last winter.

BREXON AYRES, Oct. 18.—A terrific snow storm occurred in this province on the 18th of Sept., and it is estimated that 700,000 calves, 500,000 sheep and 250,000 horses have perished.