The Weekly Miner.

VOLUME 5, NO. 32. BUTTE, MONTANA: TUESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1881. WHOLE NO. 241

Butte Weekly Miner.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING
—BY THE—
Miner Publishing Company.

T. BROWN, : : : : : : : Business Manager

TERMS—BY MAIL:

One copy one month.....$ 50
One copy six months.....3 00
One copy twelve months.....5 00

Delivered by Carrier, 50 cts. per month; payable to the Carrier each month.

Advertising rates will be furnished on application.

TELEGRAMS

Wheeler's Boom.

NEW YORK, January 2.—The *Herald's* Albany special says: The Wheeler boom for the Senatorship has been started to-night by men of the northern counties. Assemblyman Brennon, of Malon, leads the movement, and the arrival of a large outside delegation of Wheeler's friends from the north is promised for Monday.

DeLesseps' Motive.

NEW YORK, January 1.—Tha Paris correspondent of the *Tribune* ridicules DeLesseps' method of raising the wind by his Panama canal operation. The real purpose and true inwardness of the scheme lies in the 19th article of the contract or notarial act of association constituting the company. This states that 10 per cent. of the shares are to form a privileged series of shares of stock for the founders of the company. If the whole stock should be realized, this, a privileged portion, would amount to about 30,000,000 francs, or $6,000,000. Was there ever a more barefaced announcement? In truth, DeLesseps is a flash man. His pecuniary needs are great. He not only wants money but he wants much of it. His liabilities are great, but I am much mistaken if he has not this time torn off rather too much of the veil which has heretofore been over his scheme.

New York Notes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The day is a delightful one, but cold. All business was suspended at noon. Mayor Cooper bowed into office the new mayor, Mr. Wm. R. Grace. Many gentlemen well known in mercantile, social and literary circles witnessed the ceremony.

The steamer Niagara which sailed for Havana Thursday has returned to quarantine with a schooner in tow.

The total immigration at this port for the year ending yesterday, was 320,808. This aggregate is altogether unprecedented in the history of the board of immigrant commission whose statistics go back as far as 1847.

Five steamers arrived at Castle Garden yesterday with 903 immigrant passengers in the steerage.

In 1879 the total was 135,070, which was 59,723 in excess of the previous year.

A delegation of colored men, representing the best class of our colored citizens, waited on Gen. Grant last night and requested him to attend an entertainment at St. Phillip Episcopal church, January 14th, which he promised to do.

Grant will make a few calls this morning at the houses of prominent citizens. In the evening he will dine at ex-Senator Chaffee's.

Horrible Murder.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—A wholesale and cold-blooded murder occurred one mile south of Otis, Ind., last Friday night. James Augustine and family, who have lived in that place for many years, were possessed of considerable property and generally had a good deal of money in the house. Henry Augustine, a nephew of James, came from Chicago to make them a visit, and tried vainly to get them to drink from a bottle which proves to have contained poisoned whiskey. About 11 o'clock at night he got up from his bed, sought the bedroom of James Augustine, and leveling a revolver, began firing. Mrs. Augustine was so badly wounded that she died to-day. James Augustine was shot in the breast, and will probably die. Henry ran from the room after the firing, and the sons, hearing the firing came down and Christian Augustine demanded of Henry, whom he met in the kitchen, what it meant. Henry replied with a bullet, which killed Christian instantly. He gave a parting shot at the younger brother James, which only made a slight flesh wound and then cooly went to his uncle's room and demanded admission, assuring them he was all right and wanted to help them. James, the son, got the revolver from him, put him in the kitchen and locked the door. Henry escaped barefooted and hatless and has not yet been arrested. Lynching will probably follow his capture.

London Gossip.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Provisions are being sent to Ireland for the troops.

A large meeting of land-owners and tenant farmers was held at Ennis Kilien, county Formaragh, to-day. Resolutions were passed denouncing the land-league and calling upon the government to preserve order.

The London quarterly abstract shows the gross revenue of the United kingdom for the three months ending to-day to be £19,500,000, against £18,500,000 in 1879.

Cabinet councils will be held Monday and Tuesday.

All persons imprisoned for debt in Scotland were released at midnight, according to a recent law passed.

William Parry, alias the Tipton Slasher, a formerly well-known pugilist, died on Christmas eve.

LONDON, January 1.—Alfred New has failed. He was proprietor of extensive iron works at Trowell, near Nottingham. Liabilities heavy.

James Bencely & Co., cotton-spinners of Rochdale, have failed. Liabilities £23,000.

The gross revenue of the united kingdom for 1880 was £8,329,390. The receipts for customs decreased during the year £482,000, and from excise duties £500,000. The receipts from stamps increased £946,000. In consequence of changes in the probate dues, as advised by Sir Stafford Northcate in his last budget, the post-office shows an increase of £257,000, and receipts from telegrams £185,000.

Dublin Notes.

DUBLIN, January 1.—Parnell, who was apparently indifferent while his case for the Crown was being stated, developed much watchfulness and industry in regard to witnesses, making copious notes and passing them to his counsel.

It is a curious fact that one of the traversers, Gorgon, has not up to the present time come to Dublin, and the Crown has never once inquired after him. It is stated that he is ill in the Western part of Ireland.

The Crown does not trouble itself as to the whereabouts of the defendents. This has given the traversers much satisfaction, and it is probable that Biggar, Sexton and others will go to the meeting of Parliament.

The reason assigned for the prohibition of all land league meetings on Sunday, is that the meetings are calculated to excite ill-feeling among Her Majesty's subjects.

Intense Cold Weather in Virginia.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., Jan. 1. A train of the Fredericksburg & Piedmont railroad, which left here Wednesday last returned here last night for supplies and fresh hands, being unable to proceed further than Parkers', 17 miles west. Seven men were frost-bitten during Thursday night. It was 22 degrees below zero. Trains on other roads are running regularly. There is much suffering on account of the unusual and intense cold, against which many persons were entirely unprepared. Cattle and game have frozen, and deer have been caught near dwellings in the country, where they were searching for food.

Disastrous Fire.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Jan. 2.—The most disastrous fire ever known in this city, visited us last night. The flames first appeared in the pattern shop of B. D. Buford & Co's. plow manufactury. Owing to the inflamable nature of the material, they spread with great rapidity, the bursting of the gas pipes in the building aiding them materially. There was trouble with the water works and by three o'clock this entire building, 90 by 150 feet and three stories high was consumed. The proprietors state their loss at $250,000; insurance, $86,000. Four hundred men are thrown out of employment.

Utah Delegateship.

CHEYENNE, Dec. 31.—Allen Campbell, anti-Mormon candidate for congress, at the late election in Utah, passed through to-day on his way east. He says Gov. Murray will decide January 4th whether he will give delegate Cannon a certificate of election; the objection being that Cannon is an alien and a polygamist. Campbell's counsel hold that Gov. Murray has power to pass upon the question of elegibility as to issuing certificates of election and can legally give a certificate to Campbell. There will certainly be a contest in the house over the seat of the Utah delegate. Campbell is a democrat, but strongly anti-mormon.

Arrest of Forgers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Charles Becker and Geo. Eggelston, forgers, have been arrested and jailed to await extradition to Italy where they are charged with obtaining large sums of money on forged bills of exchange. This capture breaks up a band of the most noted forgers who have been the terror of the two continents. For years, Becker, was well known to the police as one of many who perpetrated the $64,000 forgery on the Union Trust Co., in '73. They were arrested on a dispatch from Consul Crosby at Florence, charged with forgeries there and they will be held for extradition, the papers for which having been forwarded.

Forgers Arrested.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—A band of forgers of bonds and receivers of stolen bonds has been arrested in Milan. They belong to an organization of Italians, Frenchmen, Englishmen, Poles and Americans, having branches and agents in the chief cities of Europe and the West, selling forged orders, stolen French bonds, inactive Italian bonds in France and so on. An extensive robbery in Turin a few weeks ago has been traced to them and other famous robberies between Paris and London are also attributed to the same parties. The prisoners are to be taken to Turin.

Ireland.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The *World's* London special says: The land leaguers who are now on trial in Dublin are claiming that eight of the jurymen are on their side, and they openly boast that there will be no conviction. This has been the opinion of sensible people from the beginning. I am told by persons who are generally well informed in political matters that the party of which Lord Randolph Churchill is the acknowledged leader, will join with the Parnellites in their opposition to coercion, if by doing so they can see a chance of defeating the government. This seems strange in connection with Lord Salisbury's patronage of the new party. The ministry expect a prolonged opposition to their coercion measure, and are prepared to meet it as urgent. The whip has been sent out to all their supporters, and they will doubtless present their full strength when it comes to a debate. The land leaguers, finding that the authorities were determined to prevent them from holding a meeting to-day, held a meeting yesterday, taking the government by surprise. Michael Davitt was hurriedly summoned from Dublin, and he made a telling speech of over an hour's length.

M. P. Haley, member of parliament from Waterford was passing through Drogdela, he stopped over long enough to address the meeting. He was in the middle of his speech when the constabulary arrived under arms and dispersed the assemblage. The riot act was read by a magistrate, there was also to have been a land league meeting at Kantuck, county Cork, to-day and an immense crowd turned out to attend it. They found the platform guarded by the constabulary and dragoons and no attempt to organize the meeting or to make speeches. Instead of this, fully 10,000 people formed in procession and were not interfered with by the military.

20,000 people were present at a land league meeting at Gonghal, county Cork. A striking feature of the assembly was a body of 2,000 mounted farmers. It does not appear that the authorities interfered with this meeting in any way. Large meetings were held on Saturday at Killalla, county Sligo and near Kilkenny.

The queen will hold a cabinet council on Wednesday, at which Irish affairs will be fully discussed.

Washington Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Cobb, member of the house committee on appropriations, thinks no provision will be made in the legislative bill for supervisors and deputy marshals of elections, there being no occasion to employ them during the year. There is a deficiency of $7,000 for election officers employed in California in the fall of '79, for which no provision will be made, the committee ignoring it from principle.

The New Year receptions of '81 have fully equalled in brilliancy any our city has ever known. The crisp, cold, exhilarating atmosphere and good sleighing gave a novelty no other New Years within the memory of the present generation has known, and added greatly to its enjoyment. The White House has, as usual, been the scene of the greatest interest. The Marine band, as customary, played in the large entrance hall during the reception. The long central corridor was festooned with flags and further decorated with flowers and potted plants, and the parlors were also adorned with flowers and hot house plants. The programme of the order of reception as previously published was strictly carried out. Mrs. Hayes was assisted by Miss Maria Herron, of Cincinnati; Miss Mills, of San Francisco; Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson and others. Secretary Evarts made the presentation of the members of the diplomatic corps to the President. The largest number of these were assembled to-day that ever appeared here on any one occasion.

CHICAGO, January 2.—The *Times'* Washington special says: Blaine has been offered the premiership of the new administration, and will accept. He has said as much to one or two intimate friends. Those who desire to know the policy of the administration can obtain it by a careful study of Blaine's attitude on prominent questions.

Charles Foster has been offered and accepted the Secretaryship of the Interior. This statement comes from people in high official place. Garfield has positively made up his mind to offer the Secretaryship of the Navy to Levi H. Morton within a few days. It is pretty well settled that the Pacific coast will be given a representative in the Cabinet. Congressman Horace Davis is very favorably spoken of for the position of Postmaster General. It is said on the highest authority to be a question in Garfield's mind whether to give the Postmaster-generalship or the Attorney-Generalship to the Pacific coast. Sam Wilson, one of the most prominent lawyers of San Francisco, is very urgently pushed for the Attorney-Generalship. These two plans are under advisement. No decision has been reached. Hayes learned that Morton was to be taken into his administration and tendered him the Secretaryship of the Navy, which Morton declined, on the ground that he did not want to take the Navy Department just at this time. Garfield made one request about New York appointments which clearly iudicates his position toward all. Col. Sheppard acquired prominence in New York State politics by fighting Conkling, and is an applicant for the appointment of District Attorney to succeed Stewart L. Woodford. Garfield requested Hayes to appoint Sheppard. Hayes has not been anxious to make these anti-Conkling appointments. Evarts has been mainly instrumental in deciding upon energetic action in these New York cases. Blaine is to be premier of the coming administration, and if any one thinks Conkling will get very much from an administration where Blaine is principal advisor, he must be a very credulous child of nature. Don Piatt, one of Garfield's most intimate friends, has an editorial in the *Capital* on Lord Roscoe, which is the sensation of the town, saying: "God might have made a more dispicable wretch than Roscoe Conkling, but he never did; that if there was ever any doubt of Conkling's criminal intercourse with the wife of Gov. Sprague, Conkling hastened to solve that doubt against the poor lady." An Ohio official said to-day, he knew Garfield shared the feeling of indignation of Ohio people over the fall of Kate Chase.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—The Cheyene river Sioux delegation started homeward this evening. In taking leave of Secretary Schurz they expressed great regret at his approaching retirement from the Interior Department. They said they had advanced further in the ways of the white man and been more prosperous during the last four years than ever before, and that they regarded him as the best friend they had ever had. The Brule and Yankton Sioux will remain several days longer, the Secretary having granted the request made by these Indians that they be allowed to see Congress in session.

The Supreme Court of the United States reassembled to-day after the holiday session. All the Justices present except Justice Harr, Clifford and Woods. The last named will probably take a seat on the bench Wednesday or Thursday. No decisions rendered.

The distribution of standard silver dollars from the U. S. mint during the month of December amounted to $1,807,481. For December, 1879, it reached $1,955,921.

The democratic members of congress now in Washington seem to be unanimously of the opinion that some apportionment measure will be passed this session, and say the dominant majority fully intend to act on the subject of representation.

Thompson, of Ky., a member of the Census Committee, remarked to-day that in view of the general mandatory provision of the constitution concerning congressional apportionments, he thought this congress would be guilty of a gross dereliction of duty if it waited to pass an apportionment bill. Besides, he said the legislatures of eighteen or nineteen states which will be in session within a few days, could redistrict those states under an immediate reapportionment, whereas should the apportionment be left to the next congress, most of them would be put to trouble and expense of an extra session. He believes an apportionment bill can be promptly enacted regardless of any real or imaginary effect upon political parties, and says his colleagues on the census committees have these convictions, and will labor to secure the desired action. It is understood that the committees are inclined to leave it to the house itself to determine what shall be the total number of representatives for the next decade, and will report only the necessary frame work of a bill, together with several alterations and propositions on the aggregate membership. California will gain one member under any of these propositions. It is probable that before a conclusion is reached there may be considerable interest in the debate as to how far the present constitutional amendment is contravened by seats in the north as well as the south by proper qualifications, and various other instructions on the right of suffrage.

The local papers to-day publishes a letter from ex-Senator Mitchell denying the statement made by it that he is trying to obtain a place in Garfield's cabinet.

The *National Republican* commences its new year by announcing Geo. C. Gorham as its editor in chief, Hallet Kilbourne as general manager, and assistant postmaster-general Geo. A. Sheldon and Henry Cooke, engineers, as board of trustees.

Garfield's Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—While Secretary Evarts was entertaining his brother cabinet officers and twelve leading members of the house—one from New York and the others from New England—the conversation drifted into an interchange of opinions regarding the composition of Garfield's cabinet. The conclusion was reached that the following would prove to be nearly correct:

Secretary of state, Senator Blaine; Secretary of the treasury, James F. Wilson (Iowa); Secretary of the Interior, D. O. Mills (Cal.) The navy department was accorded to some southern republican; the attorney-generalship to New York, and the postmaster-generalship to Indiana. Secretary Evarts was quite certain Blaine would be his successor, and that New York would be given the attorney-generalship.

Serenade.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—About 100 musicians attached to Thomas' orchestra, Gilmore's band and the orchestra of the Thalia Beale serenaded the famous German actress, Marie Geistinger, at the Belvidere hotel late last night. Geistinger appeared on the balcony and said: "I am very thankful for the great reception with which you honor me. I am very glad to find so far from home so many of my countrymen, and I hope you will give me an opportunity to unite with you in honoring German art in America."

The Christianey Divorce Case.

WASHINGTON, January 2.—The deposition of Edii Giro was taken in New York in behalf of Mr. Christiancy in his suit for divorce, and was given to the press to-night. He testifies that he was introduced to Mrs. Christiancy by Ruise, a Peruvian banker, on the voyage from Lima, and that he registered her at the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, as Mrs. H. H. Wharton at her request; that she came to his room at the St. James Hotel in this city and he there had intercourse with her after having dined with her and another lady friend at a restaurant. The counsel of the defendant will move to strike out this last portion of the deposition when court meets, owing to threats being made to Giro.

Cabinet Making.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The *Times*, Washington special says that some gents say that the interests of the Pacific section are enlarging so rapidly that Garfield cannot, without injustice to the far west, decline to select a man either from Colorado, California or Oregon for his cabinet, and Mills and Sargeant, of California, Mitchell of Oregon, and Routt, of Colorado are named prominently for the place. A move for the south of Colorado seems to be the most popular, and the fact that Grant has expressed himself favorable to Routt, should a seleclion be made from that section, is increasing that gentleman's strength with western men.

Senators Hill and Teller and Representative Bedford have arranged to visit Mentor to urge the selection of Routt, and at a meeting held by these gentlemen to-day it was decided that no efforts should be spared to press on Garfield the importance of recognizing what is called the claims of the "Great New West." It is said that several other gentlemen representing the west will accompany the Colorado delegation to Mentor.

Mining Industries.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Tribune* prints over two pages of tabulated statements of the mining industry in the United States. It says: It will be seen from the statistics we present that the previous year has not been a favorable one for speculative mining operations. Stocks have, as a rule, gone down, and distrust has taken the place of buoyant and exaggerated confidence. At the same time the business, regarded as a productive industry, has more than held its own. The number of dividend paying companies has nearly doubled. The total yield of ore is remarkably steady, and an exceedingly good percentage has been earned on capital actually invested in land, machinery and working expenses, while the industry is constantly expanding and conquering almost every month new fields and drawing to itself additional forces in the way of capital and men.

Grow's Weakness.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 3.—The fight for the United States senatorship to fill the place of Wm. A. Wallace is virtually closed. This evening 120 members of the house of representatives, supporters of Galusha A. Grow and Henry S. Oliver, the leading candidates, went into caucus for house officers. A test of strength was to be made in the organization of the caucus. This was decided by the Oliver men electing John M. Potter, of Franklin, as president of the caucus by a vote of 69 to 71. The result is generally received as an evidence of Grow's weakness. The caucus was conducted without any dissension. B. L. Hewitt, of Blair, was nominated for speaker of the house.

Tennessee Legislature.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 3.—The legislature was convened and Wm. B. Ramsey, rep., was elected speaker of the house. The senate balloted for presiding officer 25 times without any result. Ramsey is rather a greenbacker than a republican, and was a compromise candidate accepted by the republicans. The state credit and low tax democrats to-night decided to vote for a democrat for the senate presiding officer.

The London "Times" on Our Population.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The *Times*, in commenting on the increase in the population of the United States, as shown by the recent census, says: The eleven and a half millions of people are not a poor, indigent and untaught mass such as would be produced in any European state by so great an accession to its population. They are well fed and clothed, well to do, and, as a rule, well educated. There is room and to spare for them all, and for as many more during the next ten years. We can't but look with some envy upon a nation whose easy lot it is to gather up good things which fortune casts to the United States.

A Naval Engagement.

LIMA, Dec. 9.—Early on the morning of the fourth the Peruvian launch Urcos, whilst on guard duty in the bay, was attacked by three Chilian torpedo launches. The Peruvian was armed with one forty pounder and two mitrailleuse, and the Chilians with torpedoes, cannon, mitrailleuse and rocket tubes. The Urcos made a desperate resistance, but finally thought prudence the better part of valor and worked within range of the shore batteries. Then the Huascar, Augamos and Chacabuco with three more launches came over from the island and the engagement became general. Shot, shell and rockets were whizzing about on the shore, whilst the batteries pounded away with the greatest energy at the Huascar, which, it was believed, was struck once. The Urcos also succeeded in striking one of the torpedo launches, and the combat then terminated by the Chilians returning to the island with it to effect repairs. Three men were killed and two wounded on board the Urcos, which is nothing more than a slow launch tug. Once a torpedo boat attempted to get near enough to blow her up, but a shot from a forty pounder put an end to the attempt. The spars were cut on the Chilian launches during the two hours fighting. The heaviest part of the fighting was done to the northward of the bay where the neutral vessels are at anchor. The Lackawanna and Garibaldi both had narrow escapes, the heavy shells from the shore bursting quite close to them. They at once moved their anchorage, as in fact did most of the other vessels.

Irish Trials.

DUBLIN, Jan. 3.—The counsel for the traversers took advantage of the decision of the court in permitting the reading of the speeches made in favor of the traversers to take evidence concerning the speeches of Richard O'Shaugnessy with a view to showing that the Limerick meeting was not characterized by violent tone; that the crown sought to attribute to it. Judge Fitzgerald remarked that that this was a long rigmarole without any bearing on the issue of the trials and, if they had any, in his judgment it would be prejudicial to the trayersers. If the defense persisted in such a course he said the court would have to sit from 10 till 6. The proceedings, except for this incident, consisted of the reading of extracts from speeches made by Parnell, Biggar, Dillon, Sexton, Brennan and O'Sullivan, showing that the traversers had encouraged tenants to hold farms and pay no rent if the reduced rent was not accepted. The land question would soon be settled in Ireland, as it had been in Germany, by their becoming the owners. At the rising of the court Parnell was loudly cheered by the crowd.

Indian Fight.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—A dispatch dated Ft. Buford, January 3, says: An engagement of an hour occurred Saturday afternoon at Poplar Creek, between Major Ilges and a band of Uncapapa Sioux. Firing was rapid and unceasing, but no soldiers were hurt. The Sioux displayed a white rag, and made a formal surrender. Three Indians were killed.

First Whip, Then Give.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The *World's* London special says: I have just been informed by a prominent member of the government that it has been decided to first crush the rebellion of the Boers in the Transvaal and then take the sense of parliament on the propriety of returning to the theory of its originators and allowing the establishment of an independent republic.

A Plot Discovered.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—A scheme to blow up the iron clad guardship Lord Warden is supposed to have existed for the past week. A torpedo has been found beneath the the bow of the vessel, and a large torpedo net has consequently been buoyed around the ship to keep boats or torpedos off and other precautions have been taken. The Lord Warden is an armor-plated steamship of 7,800 tons burden, carries 18 guns and is in the coast guard service.

Probable Indignation.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in a leading editorial says there is too much reason to think that inquiry into the annexation and subsequent administration of Transvaal would bring to light facts which would make all Englishmen indignant. If the annexation be maintained it will turn against us the enmity of every Dutchman in South Africa. The reasons usually assigned for not giving up the country are little else than shadowy.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

CORK, Jan. 2.—A party of men visited the house of a man named Daniels and shot him, inflicting dangerous wounds. The affair is believed to be connected with Fenianism.

CHEYENNE, Dec. 31.—This morning, James L. Smith, U. P. detective at Sydney, Neb., shot and mortally wounded Davy Black, alias Flanagan, at that place. Black fired two shots at Smith when the latter replied with three shots.

HARRISBURG, January 2.—The friends of Grow have sent a delegation to Don Cameron to ask him not to interfere in the Senatorial fight, but he received them coldly. Cameron will use all his power to secure the election of Harry Oliver, of Pittsburg.

ST. LOUIS, January 3.—Some additional steps were taken in the St. Louis *Times* case in court, but was laid over until to-morrow.

Seventeen gambling houses are running here in open violation of the law and in defiance of the police, and it is estimated that $10,000 change hands nightly.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 1.—The German colonists on the Volga, usually the most thriving agriculturists in Russia are represented as being in a half starving condition. In one settlement of seven thousand people, there are only about six families whose members are not obliged to ask alms.

NEW YORK, January 3.—Rev. Talmadge said yesterday just before his sermon: "As a celebrated French actress has seen fit to assail me, in point averring that I have said things adverse to her character, whereas, as you all know, I have not made the slightest allusion to her until this moment, I propose to preach on Saturday next a sermon upon the drama and what we are to do with the dramatic element in our natures."

DR. WM. JONES,
ELECTRICIAN,
IS NOW PRACTICING AT THE
CENTENNIAL HOTEL, BUTTE, M.T.

No charge for examining those who call. He does not ascertain their condition from pulse and tongue or what they say, but by a new mode of examining detects the cause of symptoms, and before asking patients how they feel tells them. Those who have doubts in regard to the cause of their poor health can know to a certainty, for they can be caused to feel when examined where there is the slightest disturbance of the vitalizing force, or disease in any part of the system, which enables Dr. Jones, with 20 years' practice east and 3 years in Helena, to know if they can be benefitted or cured by his treatment, which is different from all others. He is effecting cures in many cases after other modes of treatment with electricity or remedies have failed. His machine is the latest invention, and its application by him is in no case unpleasant or injurious.

Among the well known Montanians who have tested the virtues and believe in the lasting benefits of electricity as applied by Dr. Jones are the following:

Hon Granville Stuart, Van H Fisk, Hon E C Brooke, M M Holter, Kleinschmidt, Maj Davenport, A J Davidson, Mr and Mrs Homer Lewins, E C Carpenter, John Stewart, Col Wm F Wheeler, Miles Cavanaugh, John Odell, Mrs Henry Klein, Mrs Col. Johnston, and Mrs Dan Flowerree.

The following is from one of Helena's oldest and most prominent practitioners:

"I have long known that electricity was the life of the human system, and that when properly applied it is the best known remedy for chronic diseases of the nervous system. I believe that Dr Jones is master of this branch of the profession.

B. C. BROOKE, M. D."

To the above might be added a long list of names and testimonials from those cured in Helena who were affected by lead, Rheumatism, Catarrh, all nervous affections of Eyes, Ears, and Body, Palpitation of the heart, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Lung, Heart, Spleen, Liver and Kidney complaints; Cold Feet, Paralysis, weak back, Female and many other ailments and diseases which are not necessary to mention here, as all with any chronic disease who call will be examined and show what this new treatment is, Free of charge, so they can judge for themselves what it has and can effect. "By his works ye shall know him." dec 21-w

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IT IS TRULY WONDERFUL

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