

SEMI-WEEKLY MINER.

MINER PUBLISHED BY CO. Progress

MINER AGENTS.

The following named parties are authorized agents for the DAILY and WEEKLY MINER, and will receive subscriptions, advertising and job printing:

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1882.

Beecher says he can cure the new rabid socialist in five minutes by giving him \$500,000. This offer brings an eastern editor to his feet with the remark, "Henry, we are a rabid socialist, by inspiration, and if you can guarantee a cure on one application you may send on your medicine."

The United States Senate has so far recognized the rights of women suffrage as to create a committee to consider all petitions and matters relating to the subject. It is doubtful whether this action on the part of the Senate may be construed as indicating the introduction of any favorable measure from that body looking to the establishment of woman suffrage. Committee rooms are convenient places in which to smother objectionable bills and the graybeards of the Senate will not likely trouble themselves to resurrect any that may be sent there to sleep the sleep that knows no awakening.

It is now stated on apparently good authority that when the returns are all in from the different parts of the United States, the whole volume of immigrants to this country for 1881 will reach the unprecedented number of 700,000 souls. This embraces the entire arrivals at all ports, though the majority of course were landed at New York. In 1876 there arrived at New York but 68,264; in 1877, 53,594, and in 1879 it rose to 135,071, reaching 327,371 in 1880, and 445,681 in 1881. The returns from the other American ports for the year just closed will show the total number of immigrants to be 700,000.

According to the returns made of the railroad business for the year 1881 there were about \$200,000,000 put into these enterprises in that year. Of the 8,240 miles of new track laid, 1,900 miles, or about 14 per cent., were of the narrow gauge system. The largest railway systems of the United States are the Pennsylvania, controlling 6,500 miles of road; Washash, 3,200 miles; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 4,000 miles; Chicago and Northwestern, 3,300 miles; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 3,100 miles; Union Pacific, 3,650 miles; Missouri Pacific, or the Gould Southwestern System, 4,700 miles; Louisville and Nashville, 2,700 miles. The Northern Pacific trunk line and feebler, when completed, will probably rank second on the list.

The sublime egotism, brazen impudence and superlative ignorance of the anti-silver *Inter Mountain* were fully displayed in its issue last evening. It virtually charges that Senator Vest of Missouri is a liar or that General Grant, the late President Garfield and Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, uttered a falsehood when they stated they did not know that the act which one signed as President of the United States and the other two voted for as members of the House of Representatives, demonetized silver. We have no hesitancy in saying that the man who coolly and deliberately disputed a fact so well attested as the one to which Mr. Vest refers is either crazy or a fool, and is out of his place in attempting to educate the people of this Territory.

In the Congressional proceedings on the 17th, Senator Teller, of Colorado, discussing the 3-per cent. funding bill, proceeded to discuss the silver question, and took issue with the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury for the discontinuance of silver coinage, claiming that the West would never consent that silver should lose its rightful place as a money metal. He referred to the magnitude of the silver-producing interest, and corrected the newspaper misrepresentation that the mining camps of Colorado were played out. He denied that this was true as to the mining camps, and that the fact is that the production there is increasing rapidly. He would favor a measure for placing the two money metals on the same basis, and enabling the silver producer to go to the Mint on equal terms with the gold producer. There are but few aliens to the silver interest in the silver-producing countries, and the Great West and South are presenting an almost unbroken front in favor of preserving this metal in its place as money.

THE LAW OF CORPORATIONS.

In answer to inquiries made concerning what constitutes a forfeiture of stock held in corporate bodies we subjoin the following extract of law on corporations, found on page 452, section 251 of the Revised Statutes, which reads: "It shall be lawful for the trustees to call in and demand from the stockholders, respectively, all such sums of money by them subscribed, at such times and in such payments or installments as the

trustees shall deem proper, not to exceed 20 per cent. in any one month, under the penalty of forfeiting the shares of stock subscribed for, and for all previous payments thereon, if payments shall not be made by the stockholders within 60 days after a personal demand or notice requiring such payment shall have been published for six consecutive weeks in the newspaper nearest the place where the business of the company shall be carried on as aforesaid."

That stockholders may not be kept in ignorance concerning the affairs of the company of which they are members, the law further provides that:

"It shall be the duty of the trustees of every such corporation or company to cause a book to be kept by the treasurer or clerk thereof, containing the names of all persons, alphabetically arranged, who have been or shall, within the provisions of this article, become stockholders of such company, showing their places of residence, the number of the shares of stock held by them respectively, and the time when they became respectively the owners of such shares, and the amount of the stock actually paid in; which book shall, during the usual business hours of the day and on every day except Sunday and the Fourth of July, be open for the inspection of stockholders and creditors of the company and their personal representatives, where the office or principal place of business operation shall be located, and any and every such stockholder, creditor or representative, shall have a right to make extracts from such book; and no transfer of stock shall be valid for any purpose whatever, except to render the person to whom it shall be transferred liable for the debts of the company, until it shall have been entered therein as required by this section, by an entry showing to and from whom transferred."

Provision is also made requiring that a full and accurate statement of the financial affairs of the corporation shall be published or filed annually with the proper officer. The excerpts above apply to all corporations for industrial or productive industries, including incorporated Newspaper Publishing Companies.

JOHN SHERMAN.

That Mr. John Sherman is an unscrupulous politician, there cannot exist two opinions. His opposition to the Wood three per cent. Funding Bill, which was passed at the last regular session of Congress by the Democrats on a strictly party vote and vetoed by President Hayes through the influence of the National banks and Wall street, of which influence John Sherman was the representative at Washington, and his introduction recently in the Senate of a Funding Bill bearing the same rate of interest as the one which he helped to defeat, has evidenced beyond doubt his insincerity, inconsistency and unscrupulousness. It is also well known that Mr. Sherman had a well developed and healthy Presidential bee in his bonnet just before the meeting of the Republican National Convention at Chicago last June. That little bee took its flight when Mr. Garfield was nominated, but it left its stings behind to annoy and pain its victim. Some of these sore spots upon Mr. Sherman are being found by the Senate contingent fund investigating committee which is holding semi-occasional meetings for the purpose of trying to find out what has become of a large amount of that fund. Mr. Sherman has been accused of using a portion of it in building his private residence at Washington and for other private purposes. The legitimacy of the uses to which he has applied a considerable portion of the sum entered so much into discussion at Washington that the Senate was compelled, if only for the sake of appearance, to appoint a committee to investigate the matter.

Of course it is not expected this committee, which is controlled by Republicans, will do much besides furnishing the usual amount of conventional whitewash to apply to the Ohio Senator. But there are one or two Democrats upon the Committee who do not take kindly to the whitewash brush, and who are sometimes inquisitive and ask questions that embarrass Mr. Sherman's friends and do other naughty things that Democrats are apt to do when placed upon committees formed for the purpose of investigating the actions of Republican officials. Well, this committee held a meeting the other day, and it must have been one of the wicked Democrats upon it that caused a colored clerk in the Treasury Department to appear before it. His testimony is peculiarly interesting as going to show to what extent a man who is affected with a mania for a higher place in the political synagogue will prostitute his official position to obtain it.

We will let Mr. Emerson, who is reported as being a gentleman of education and intelligence, tell his own story before the committee:

"He testified he was granted two months' leave of absence in the summer of 1880 by Secretary Sherman and went South to work delegations in the interests of Sherman for the Presidency. He swore he was sent on this errand by Secretary Sherman himself, and that he received all his instructions from Sherman; that he was authorized to make use of Federal appointments wherever he could secure support for Sherman; that he went to Arkansas, in which State he claimed his residence, and consulted with ex-Senator Clayton; that he was authorized by Sherman to place certain Federal patronage in Clayton's hands if the latter would agree to work for Sherman. Emerson testified he found all the leading Republicans of Arkansas and the South

for Grant and that he saw it would be impossible for him to antagonize that sentiment, that instead of working for Sherman he gave his support to Grant and went to the Chicago Convention in Grant's favor; that on the very day of his return from Chicago to Washington he was discharged from his position in the Treasury he had acceptably filled for three years. He swore different Southern Republicans were promised office if they would agree to support Sherman; that Pinchback was to have the naval office at New Orleans; for that consideration he agreed to work up Sherman delegations from Louisiana; that there was some difficulty in the way of removing the incumbent of that office, and Sherman wanted Pinchback to take another, but Pinchback refused, and after being disappointed, went to Louisiana and organized a Grant delegation. Emerson swore that Sec'y Sherman authorized him to offer a certain Arkansas Republican whom he named the appointment of collector of internal revenue for that state if he would pledge himself to vote for Sherman at Chicago."

Mr. Sherman's reputation for honesty will not be strengthened by such evidence as the above. But that investigating committee is not through with Mr. John Sherman yet.

SUNDAY READING.

Error tolerates; truth condemns. This world belongs to the energetic. Ere fancy you consult, consult your purse. Heaven never helps the man that will not act. It is the enemy whom we do not suspect who is the most dangerous. The heart is the only thing that is better by being broken. What we charitably forgive will be recompensed as well as what we charitably give. The Gods have a curse for him who willingly tells another the wrong road. For children there is absolutely no morality except example, either narrated or seen. The man who wishes all is very strong in comparison with one who wishes but half. One's self-satisfaction is an untaxed kind of property which is very unpleasant to find depreciated. Ah! what seeds for a paradise I bore in my heart, of which birds of prey have robbed me. The proper way to check slander is to despise it; attempt to overtake and refute it, and it will outrun you. Wastefulness treads on the heels of extravagance, and the model farmer will not tolerate it on his premises. Nothing makes the earth seem so spacious as to have friends at a distance; they make the latitudes and longitudes. Enthusiasm is that temper of mind in which the imagination has got the better of the judgment. The only man who is absolutely sure that he is in the right is the one who is known to be ignorant and narrow. It is an admitted fact that the men who use their brains live longer, other things being equal, than the men who do not. A man's idolatry is for an idea, a woman's for a person. A man suffers for a monarchy, a woman for a king. Riches are often thorns that pierce the head with cares in getting them, and the heart with griefs in the parting with them. Pleasure may aptly be compared to many great books, which increase in real value in just the proportion they are abridged. Lasting reputations are of a slow growth; the man who wakes up famous some morning is very apt to go to bed some night and sleep it off. I have also seen the world and after long experience have discovered that *content* is our greatest enemy, remunerative labor our most lasting friend. He understands liberty right who makes his own depend upon that of others. True liberty does not permit the enfranchisement of one's self through the enslavement of some one else.

The Egyptians have a strong propensity to hoard. They rarely spend money, even when they have it, and no one in traveling through their country could believe that in the squalid villages and dwellings there is often considerable wealth. This is due to the longages of oppressive rule, when everything was extorted from the people by the rapacity and violence of their rulers, and the recent change of dynasty and rule is as yet scarcely recognized by the people themselves. The first instinct of a peasant who has become the possessor of property is to hide it; if it is money he usually buries it, and will not disclose his secret even to his own wife. Then the oven is a favorite hiding place, as there is a certain security in a fire built over it. Men have been known to guard their secret so jealously that even in dying they would not reveal it, and quantities have been lost in this way, and a curious illustration of it is found in the universal belief among the people in hidden treasure. An Egyptian always believes that he may one day make a lucky find, and bends his little energy he is capable of to that object.

THE OVERLAND HOTEL.

HELENA, MONTANA.

WM. MCLEAN, Proprietor.

This house is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted in first-class style and will be kept second to none in the Territory. The bar will be furnished with the best liquors and cigars. Board by the day, - - - \$1 00 Board by the week, - - - 5 00 Board and lodging by the week, - - - 7 00 First-class beds, 25 cents per night. Second-class beds, 20 cents per night. The Overland is opposite the principal stage offices, on Lower Main street. Give me a call. A LABOR REGISTER, in which parties seeking employment or help can register their names without charge, is kept at this house and is always open to public inspection.

A JOB LOT OF BOOTS AND SHOES! BELOW COST. AT FRED. GAMER & COMPANY'S

Lie, Steal, Swear and Drink!

When you lie, let it not be to a pretty woman When you steal, steal away from bad company When you swear, swear thy country. And when you drink, drink!

EMERSON & HARV'S SALOON!

BUTTE JUNCTION, MONTANA. Inevitable

J. C. KINGER,

UPHOLSTERY FURNITURE, (East end of Park street Bridge.) BUTTE, MONTANA.

LARGE assortment of Parlor and Bedroom Suits, of the latest and most recherche styles. SOFAS, LOUNGES, CHAIRS, CENTER TABLES, etc. FEATHERS, BULK, HAIR, MOSS, WOOL, EXCLUSIVE SPRING and WIRE WOVEN MATTRESSES. UPHOLSTERY JOBBER PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 67 State Street and Doors, the best in no market, at Low Prices. dec. 3

PHILLIPSBURG AND BUTTE.

STAGE LINE,

TAYLOR & CO., Proprietors.

Leave Butte Daily at 6 o'clock A. M. Arrive at Phillipsburg 6 o'clock P. M.

Leave Phillipsburg Daily at 6 o'clock A. M. Arrive at Butte 6 o'clock P. M.

Leave New Chicago at 6 a. m. daily and arrive at Phillipsburg at 12 m.

Leave Phillipsburg at 1 p. m. and arrive at New Chicago at 6 p. m.

BUTTE OFFICE. Leetler's Stable PHILLIPSBURG OFFICE. City Stable NEW CHICAGO OFFICE. Featherman's store

CENTENNIAL HOUSE

Butte City, Montana G. W. BEAL, Prop'r

ROBERT A. TODD, Dentist,

TWO DOORS EAST OF FORBIS' OFFICE

J. M. MOORE & CO., Mining and Stock Brokers,

No. 78 Broadway, New York.

Promoters and Dealers in Mines and Mining Investments. Stocks bought and sold on Commission.

Persons desirous of investing in safe and profitable Mining Stocks at bed rock prices and those owning first-class mines wishing to place them on the Eastern market are invited to communicate with us. 20corly

HALLOCK CHANDLER & CO. WOOD ENGRAVERS ELECTROTYPERS 67 DEARBORN ST. CHICAGO.

PERRON, WALL & CO., DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND SASH, Doors and Mouldings.

BILL STUFF FOR MINING TIMBERS A SPECIALTY We claim to have the best Saw Mill Machinery in the Territory, and are always prepared to fill all orders regardless of dimensions.

Half Million Feet of Seasoned Yellow Pine Lumber. Cut last season now in transit to this market. One of our Saw Mills is located in Northern Deer Lodge County, in a splendid forest of Yellow Pine Timber, and we are always prepared to furnish

Battery Timbers, Gallows Frames, ETC., OF THE VERY BEST MATERIAL. Office and Yard South of Park Street, or road to the Depot. J. J. J.

Frank Glencross, DEALER IN FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CABINET FOLDING BEDS AND PATENT LOUNGES. Cabinet and Parlor Sets. In Great Variety and Elegant Designs. Undertaking a Specialty. COFFIN TRIMMINGS Constantly on Hand. Also Agent for the White Sewing Machine, THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Sales Room Lower Main Street, DILLON, M. T.

Eureka Market, WEST BROADWAY, BUTTE CITY, - MONTANA.

H. B. SCHILDWACHTER, PROPRIETOR.

Choice Meats of all Kinds. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. GAME AND POULTRY, PORK, SAUSAGE, BOLOGNA, HEAD CHEESE, ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND AT LOWEST MARKET RATES. Orders delivered to any part of the city free of charge. Jan 10

STACKPOLE & BOTKIN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Druggists and Stationery Cor. Main and Granite Streets, BUTTE, M. T.

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES. CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES.

PARCHEN & D'ACHEUL, DRUGGISTS! IMPORTERS OF Assayers' Materials, Mine and Mill SUPPLIES.

STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, LAMPS. Chandellers, Glassware and Sundries.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PAINTS AND OILS!

We are the Leading Drug House in the Territory and sell at Butte