

SEMI-WEEKLY MINER

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1902.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Delegate to Congress, MARTIN MAGNINIS.

For District Attorney, W. Y. PEMBERTON.

For Sheriff, EUGENE SULLIVA.

For Clerk and Recorder, H. S. CLARK.

For Assessor, D. J. WALSH.

For Treasurer, L. A. HANCOCK.

For County Judge, CALVE E. IRVINE.

County Commissioner, WILLIAM KIRKELLA.

Superintendent Public Schools, JOSEPH H. HARPER.

Superintendent of Prisons, H. B. HENNINGER.

Superintendent of Public Works, DR. JAMES THOMPSON.

Members of the Board, H. A. JACOBSON, JOHN EDDY.

Members of the Board, T. S. KILGALLAN.

SILVER BOW COUNTY DEMO CRATIC PLATFORM.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Silver Bow County...

Resolutions of the Territorial Democratic Convention.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Montana...

Resolved, That we believe in home rule for the Territories...

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EDITORIAL NOTES.

Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, arrived at Brussels, Belgium, and had an audience with the King.

Congress at Philadelphia minted during September \$7,500,000, of which one million was in silver dollars.

Gen. Wolsley visited the United States during the war of the rebellion when his rank was only that of lieutenant in the army in which he was enduring fame as a soldier.

Wood Pulp Miller comes out as a "me too" to say that he prefers the election of Grover Cleveland for Governor to that of a stalwart.

The Omaha Herald passes to remark that the Democrat of New York can't stand anything.

The National Liberal League in session in St. Louis, elected officers for the ensuing year, and changed the Christian calendar year for the Liberal era by adopting 1,000 as the starting point, and by substituting for A. D., representing Anno Domini, the letters E. M., meaning the Era of Man.

There is a real estate boom in the city of Mexico, where it is said there are 8,000 houses in course of construction.

The facts simply are, that old Mexico has come in contact by her railway connections with a new and live nation. With her great resources there is no reason that she should not make wonderful strides in prosperity during the coming decade.

The Woman Suffrage Convention has been held in Omaha, and the Herald of that city makes a full report of the proceedings under the following startling headline: "Gen. the Woman's Jaw."

"Miss Bessie and Miss Cousins Propose to 'Chew Up' their Oppressors." "Miss Anthony Asserts that the Tyrant Man Keeps Woman in Ignorance," etc., etc.

Railroad companies have adopted a practice of issuing what they call limited tickets, which require the holder to continue his travels without stopping. The rights of passengers under such tickets have been heretofore adjudicated, and now comes a dispatch, Oct. 24, giving a decision of the U. S. court in Pennsylvania that a ticket on its face entitles the holder to the rights of a passenger between the points named.

It is said that the whip is never used for horses on Gov. Stanford's celebrated stock farm at Palo Alto, Cal. A writer speaking of a recent visit there says that not only is the whip forbidden on that farm, but as an angry word by any of the men is followed by instant dismissal. There are on this farm 537 head of horses, nearly all yearlings and two-year-olds, in addition to the most famous dams and sires that money can purchase.

The expectations of the Republicans to carry the State of New York are like the laughings of an ancient maiden that she might have an heir, and her fondlings that it might fall into the fire. A New York dispatch of the 1st states: Mike Cregan, an eminent machine boss, says: "Folger is going to be elected. You remember what a boom there was for Hancock just after he was nominated for President. It was dollars and doughnuts that he would be elected. The election came and we carried the State for (taffels). I admit if the election takes place next week we would lose the State by a big majority. There is going to be some fun before this election is over, and he who laughs last laughs loudest."

The New York World does not want the election in that State to go by default through too much confidence. It says: "The boom" is plain with the Democratic State ticket with every prospect of its being elected by an overwhelming majority, but we warn Democrats that they have something to do besides rejecting law on a victory before the election takes place. The Administration stalwarts have taken charge of the campaign on the Republican side, and that means hard and unscrupulous work on that side from now to the day of election. Men who nominate by forgery will not hesitate to elect by bribery. The sooner the Democrats make up their minds that there is to be no boy's play, and prepare themselves for earnest and continuous work until the polls close on election day, the more certain it will be that the present bright prospects will be realized when the returns come in.

Senator Warner Miller is not popular with the newspapers. A correspondent of the New York World asks whether he is not responsible for that anomalous tax on intelligence, the 25 per cent. duty on books, to which that journal replies: "Strictly speaking he is not. He is, however, indirectly responsible for it, inasmuch as in order to secure a bounty on the wood-pulp which enriches him and about eight other individuals at the expense of every newspaper reader in the country this precious Senator of the Empire State log-rolls with the lobby which keeps up the book duty and all the other swindles of the tariff, great and small. Then, too, Senator Warner Miller collects his wood-pulp toll out of the pockets of the buyers of all the school books, magazines and books of all sorts printed in this country through the enhanced price of paper. The only effect of the senseless duty on books of which our correspondent complains is to fine every man in the United States who seeks to enlarge his knowledge of life and letters and science by importing foreign books the demand for which in this country is not extensive enough to warrant American publication in reprinting them. It is perhaps the very smallest and silliest article in the works of art and curiosity, produced since the Christian era."

The Chinese Government has sent a commission of high naval officials to Germany to take the powerful ironclad Ting Tuen, that has just been built for the Chinese navy, formally into their custody. The voyage of the vessel for China is to begin next month.

THE ILLINOIS DECISION.

The full text of the important decision referred to in dispatches two or three days since, concerning a decision by the Supreme Court of Illinois in relation to freight discriminations, has come to hand by mail.

The question decided was whether the Legislature possessed the power to regulate the rates charged by railroads for the transportation of freight to points outside of Illinois, and whether, if the Legislature had that power, the act prohibiting unjust discrimination and extortion was valid and not in contravention of the Constitution of the United States.

Both of these questions have been decided in the affirmative by the Supreme Court of Illinois, and the effect of the decision is to establish the authority of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners to regulate the rates of roads on freight shipped from points within that State to points in other states.

The proceedings in the case decided were instituted by Attorney General McCartney, as the result of a complaint filed with the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners. The history of the case shows that in August, 1891, the Western S. L. and Pacific Railway Company carried upon its own line 1,000 Peoria through Gilman to Toledo, and thence over connecting lines, to New York City, certain freight for Elder & McKinney of Peoria, and charged for each service at the rate of five cents per hundred weight per carload. At the same time Daily & Swannell, of Gilman, shipped over the same lines, from Gilman to New York, the distance being less by eighty-six miles, the same class of freight in carloads, and were charged twenty-five cents per hundred per carload, an excess of ten cents per hundred for carrying the same kind of freight in the same direction, at the same time and a less distance. Complaint being made to the Board, by advice of the Attorney General suit was brought to recover the statutory penalty provided by the Act of May 23, 1873, for unjust discrimination and extortion in rates charged for the transportation of freights and passengers.

The statute of the State of Illinois under which this action was brought reads as follows: "If any railroad corporation, organized or doing business in this State shall charge, collect, demand or receive more than a fair and reasonable rate of toll or compensation for the transportation of passengers or freight of any description, or for the use of any transportation of any railroad road or upon its track, or any of the branches thereof, or upon any railroad within this State which it has the right, license or permission to use, operate or control, the same shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and upon conviction thereof shall be dealt with as hereinafter provided.

The right of the State to regulate tariffs for freight and freight within the State was largely referred to in the decision. The discussion of the law questions and decision bearing on the right of one State to regulate interstate commerce occupied the greater portion of the court decision. The court admitted that the exclusive power to regulate commerce had been conferred by the constitution upon Congress, but held that, while Congress omitted to exercise its admitted powers, it was lawful for the States interested to make such necessary legislation for the regulation of commerce as might be considered best for the protection of its citizens. In Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad vs. Iowa, the Supreme Court said: "Until Congress acts the State must be permitted to adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the promotion of the general welfare of the people within its own jurisdiction, even though in so doing those without may be indirectly affected. The ultimate decision of this question may require years, but it is one that we employ the greatest Constitutional minds of the country, involving questions that demand the attention of the founders of the Government, and the final decision will be one of the grandest that has come before the Supreme Court of the United States for years.

Secretary Chandler, of the Navy who got left in his confirmation under Garfield's Administration, and lately squeezed in under Arthur, still has an ambition to climb up higher. A Washington dispatch of the 27th ult. says: "Secretary Chandler's return to-day to his post at the Navy Department has prompted a suggestion of his candidacy for the Treasury portfolio. Of course, nothing but idle gossip hit upon the rumor, but it has given gossip employment." Chandler's intentions and aspirations are well understood—he has his eye on the seat held by Mr. Rollins in the Senate, and has used for the Navy Department only so far as it may serve as an agency for that purpose. The patronage of the Treasury could not be so much service for this business as that of the Navy, for the Portsmouth Navy-yard stands at the head of Government institutions in New Hampshire. Besides, the President is not seeking a lukewarm stalwart or half-converted half-breed for the best place in the Cabinet, and Mr. Chandler is still regarded as too uncertain a quantity for any higher place under this Administration than the present to know that he has helped Mr. Chandler to the attainment of his present ambition without wishing to take serious chances with him, even should it seem polite.

British Failure.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Thomas Bolan & Co. (stocking spinners, Blackburn), have failed. Liabilities, £23,000.

BUNION GRABS AND STOCK RAISING.

It is a fact that which not sufficient attention has been directed, that the mountainous regions of the United States are better adapted to the breeding of fine stock than any other section. But it is a matter that is coming to be well understood now among horse men. All the conditions are favorable to the most vigorous development—the quality of the food, the water, the purity of the atmosphere producing lung power and capacity, and the cold climate giving endurance. Five years ago Gov. Stanford, of California, bought at Orange Beckman's farm at Stony Ford, Contra Costa County, 500,000 of trotting stock, paying \$40,000 in cash. The venture was considered a rash one by other breeders, and they told Stanford over and over that he would regret the result of his venture and best bet them and other Eastern breeders on their own ground; that he had unlimited confidence in the results of California's climate in producing fast horses. Gov. Stanford now returns to fulfill his promise. The stud includes Phenomena, a three year old filly; Wildflower, and the two year old filly, Hinds Road. Wildflower has a two-year-old record of 2:21, and will start next day, during the meeting of the National Association of Horse-breeders, in the Mall stake, worth \$4,100 against three other horses selected as the best representatives of the breeding establishments of the North and South. The contest will not be injurious to the California bred stock. It will be remembered that a horse of some local note in Montana was taken to the States at the close of the racing season in Montana a year ago, and achieved wonders wherever he went. He was not regarded as a world-beater here. He had not made any remarkable record. The secret of his success was undoubtedly that, being taken to a lower altitude he had better wind, speed and endurance than horses bred in lower altitudes. The history of the nations of the world proves conclusively that mountain-born stock is the manly quality—the same hardness and endurance. The same characteristics should be found in everything produced in mountainous regions. Our local trotters certainly excel in their time ten or fifteen seconds by a removal to the States. Horsemen must learn to breed horses, not alone for the home market, but for removal to the States.

The issue of gold certificates, against which the Secretary of the Treasury made a kick in his last annual report, has again been renewed. A New York dispatch of the 2nd says: "The Treasury Department begins to issue gold certificates to-day, and their appearance in Wall Street is the arrangement for this afternoon. Similar in status and purpose as the current silver certificates, their circulation is expected to be much to the advantage of the National Treasury Department, and many results of interest and consequence in financial circles are expected to follow their issue. The new certificates will simplify business transactions in issuing them, as payments can be made more readily, more safely and more satisfactorily in many ways than by the use of coin. They are easily handled and easily cancelled. The representation of a vast sum will be inconsequential in bulk, and \$1,000,000, which in bullion would load down a big four-wheeled truck, may be enclosed in an ordinary envelope and hidden within an inside pocket.

Interview with Frank James.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 6.—A Western Associated Press representative had an interview with Frank James this morning as he was being transferred to the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan. On board the train were the prosecuting Attorney, Wallace, Marshal Murphy, Sheriff Timberlake and a number of reporters. The route James was frequently recognized by old confederates of his guerrilla days. He is five feet nine inches high, spare but sinewy, light blue eyes, with small blonde mustache, and hair a shade darker. His complexion is sallow, manner quiet, language ordinary and dress unobtrusive. He said though the Governor had not promised immediately, he had at last served himself to a long contemplated act and surrendered. He believes that if tried on any single charge alone he will not be convicted, and hopes if convicted the Governor will interfere. He desires to lead a quiet life with his family, as he did from April '77 to '81, but he has been since April '81, but he read in the New York Herald the news of the shooting of Jesse the day after it occurred. He has been east of the Alleghenies and in Kentucky the last year. He has been much maligned. He never wrote letters threatening the lives of Jesse's death. He remarked of the country that it was mighty good bushwhacking timber, and he knew every foot of it.

Negotiations Broken Off.

BUREOS AVRES, Oct. 6.—Peace negotiations between Chili and Peru have been broken off on account of the refusal of Chili to abate any of her demands.

ATHENS, Oct. 6.—The Porte has promised Greece that he will order the Turks to evacuate the ceded points on the frontier, including Goulinza, Thursday.

Failures.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Failures for the week were 111, of which eight occurred in New York City. The principal assignments were those of Blake, McMahon & Co., and Blake & Mahoney, in the iron trade, which created quite a ripple of excitement in that interest.

Liberal Gains.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—Various sections of the Liberal party count with some confidence on gaining seventy votes from the Conservatives in the forthcoming elections.

Mining Operator Lead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—Daniel Cook, a prominent mining operator, died to-day of quick consumption.

LIGHTNING FLASHING.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Thurlow Weed is very ill. His daughter has been summoned.

FALL RIVER, Oct. 5.—Republicans of the First district nominated R. T. Davis for Congress.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Chas. Wahab, who recently made an exploration of Barmah, starting from China, is dead.

CALLAO, Peru, Oct. 5.—Telegraphic communication with the United States and Europe was established this morning.

CAIRO, Oct. 5.—The usual yearly caravan, with sacred carpet for Mecca, started to-day. A British guard of honor was present.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—\$44,000,000 in new gold certificates were to-day sent for signature to the Assistant Treasurer of New York.

TACUBAYA, Mexico, Oct. 5.—Tax Collector Federico Hubal was killed, his wife mortally wounded, and his home robbed of \$4,000 by bandits.

RACINE, Wis., Oct. 5.—Hon. Ralph E. Baker, a prominent politician and business man, and director of the Union Pacific Railroad, died this morning.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—Several cases of Asiatic cholera are reported at Meudon on the French side of Mont Cenis tunnel. Suez Canal is to be inaugurated.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The National board of health learns that fifty-six new cases of fever appeared at Pensacola yesterday, among which were three deaths.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Secretary Chandler returned this morning. He had been to inquire into the loss of the Jeannette convened at the Navy Department to-day.

DUBLIN, Oct. 5.—One Flanagan and his wife are suspected of being connected with the murder of John Montmorris, at Clonbur, County Galway, on Sept. 8, were arrested at Cooy.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 5.—Early this morning a collision occurred at the intersection of the Baltimore and Ohio Road between two freight trains. Conductor Ruffler lost his leg; brakeman Sanders was killed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The Sultan is extremely vexed at the departure of Baker Pasha. It is stated the Governors of Smyrna and Rhodes were ordered to arrest him and send him back.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The corporation of London will present an address of congratulation to General Wolsey on his return to the city and sword of honor to Admiral Seymour. General Wolsey has already received the freedom of the city.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—A Vigilance committee of the city and county returned from the mainland on Sunday.

A Salem, Oregon, dispatch says: Mitchell's supporters have gone to Richard Williams, ex-member of Congress, who appears for the first time in the contest, and is considered a promising dark horse.

LOSLOS, Oct. 5.—Dillon, replying to the resolution of the Liverpool Land League, requesting him to reconsider the resignation of his seat in Parliament, writes: "I gave the matter his earnest attention and says, 'Nothing but ill health could have caused me to quit politics.'"

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The coroner's jury which has been investigating the responsibility for the late collision with the Connecticut river tunnel by which three persons lost their lives, finds W. C. D. Rawson, the telegraph operator in the 16th street station, guilty of negligence.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5.—Mrs. Catherine L. Reiff, wife of Richard Reiff, the well-known poet, whose tragic death by suicide in the San Francisco penitentiary was a sad event, died last night in England at the time, to-day appeared in Judge Mitchell's court as plaintiff in a suit against J. H. Mitchell, her husband's attorney, on an alleged libelous statement concerning herself in the biography of her husband, written by Rosette Johnson, and printed in the Cincinnati Magazine for March, 1879.

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CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct.—The Democratic Territorial convention met at Green River to-day; F. Miller, president of the convention, Secretary M. E. Post, the present Delegate to Congress, was nominated by acclamation.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 5.—The Filley faction of the Republican party has nominated a full city ticket.

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 5.—A convention of State insurance superintendents met to-day and considered a number of matters of interest in that line in this State.

A Black Brute.

ANNISTON, Ala., Oct. 5.—Ten days ago a burly negro, named John Brown, brutally assaulted a little girl, the daughter of a prominent citizen, who was captured on the 4th and lodged in jail at Jacksonville. This afternoon on preliminary trial he confessed to the crime, and was sentenced to jail, where a large crowd of prisoners out of the sheriff's hands and lynched him.

More Branding.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 5.—David Barber, a dealer in firearms and sporting traps and other paraphernalia, and asked if he had seen an infernal machine that had been sent to Judge Field. He was taken into the rear of the store and a case of dangerous reprints was discovered lying upon the counter. "Examine this," said the dealer, and told me what you thought of it. A close inspection showed that concealed in this case were ten metallic cartridges with their sides filled with exploding powder, and neatly embedded in wax. An ordinary piece of sandpaper was connected with the clamp of the case, which, if opened from the front, would cause ignition of a bundle of gunpowder. The case, however, had been opened from the back and the infernal instrument had failed to accomplish its design. A clipping from a newspaper pasted in the case had a detailed account of a decision by Judge Field regarding the title of certain property in San Francisco, Cal., and it is supposed that some disappointed litigant. Further inquiry showed that the package came by mail, but was regarded with suspicion by the inmates of Judge Field's residence and the parcel was placed over night in a pile of water. Afterwards it was dried open from behind and the deadly nature of it divulged. Had any one forced the case open in the custom in handling small cases of this kind, nothing short of a miracle could have prevented the discharge of the metallic cartridges.

DAY DISPATCHES.

Chili and Peru.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Senator Ellsworth, received from Governor Caballero, dated from Guayquil, Ecuador, dated to-day, advising him that Garcia Calderon, the Constituent President of Peru, who during the last eleven months has been a prisoner in Chili, and Dr. Logan the newly arrived United States minister to Chili, are in Arequipa, Peru, treating for peace. In commenting on the news, the telegram, Minister Ellsworth said Arequipa, a well-known city in the interior of the southern Peru, was lately made the seat of the Peruvian Governor by Vice-President Montero, who has been acting as President of Peru since the carrying away of President Calderon on the 15th of August. Minister Ellsworth said that he did not much surprise him, because he had been expecting something of the kind in view of the union of the Peruvian minister and the loyal attitude of Bolivia as Peru's ally, and of the firm position occupied by the United States during the whole war as an impartial friend of all the belligerents. He always believed that a lasting peace could be made only by the Calderon Government under the auspices of the United States.

Surrender of a Noted Outlaw.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 5.—Frank James surrendered to Gov. Crittenden at Jefferson City at five o'clock this evening and will be brought here to-morrow morning to the State penitentiary authorities. Gov. Crittenden telegraphs that the officials here express much surprise that he had been so long on the run. Lard has been quite steady and with light advances, closing fairly strong with a better feeling. Wheat is marked by wide and rapid fluctuations, the range of prices being from about 85 to 90 cents for grade. The market closes fairly steady at about 85 cents in freight. Grain freights are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and shoes. The jobbing trade has been somewhat quietened by the weather. New York market buyers are somewhat quiet, and an active trade is anticipated shortly. Prices are firm. Manufacturers are mostly on old orders but are expected to be active. A number of them immediately. Leather is in fair demand in all grades, the market generally being rated firm and the jobbing trade is quiet with a little or no new business reported. Prices are firm and deliveries on old contracts continue large. Scotch pig iron is expected to be active with a few sales at full figures. The rail business is dull.

Manufactured News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—A Tribune Chicago special says: It was learned this morning that the Mutual Union and Western Union telegraph offices in this city will be consolidated on Monday. It is stated that positive orders were received from New York to begin in Chicago first, and gradually extend over the country until the two companies are under one management, as they are now practically under one ownership. The Mutual Union has 200,000 subscribers and a monthly revenue of \$28,000. The business of the Mutual Union and Western Union combined will be about \$1,000,000 a year. The consolidation will be completed by the end of the month.

Criminal Negligence.

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NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Business of the Week.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The following is the report of the condition of trade here for the week ending to-day: "General business has been somewhat quiet this week, owing partly to the easy stringency in money and an easy feeling in the stock market, but the money market is now overcast and stocks are improving somewhat. Stimulation of trade all over the country is beginning to be felt, and there is a feeling of security all through trade circles. In dry goods there is no material change, but it is anything but quiet all around. There is an increase of orders from salesmen on the road. In domestic, movement from factories continues moderate, but moderate, and has not seemed to have determined upon a reduction of stocks before going into the market again. There is a large increase in the importation of foreign dry goods, principally silks and other expensive fabrics. Importers believe in a large demand for these goods this winter and apparently with good reasons. There is a fair distribution of all the wools. Wools of all kinds and good inquiry. The wool market which has been dragging heavily for some time, has become gradually firmer and has made considerable advances, closing strong with prices well sustained. This applies to all descriptions. The position of corn is much more in favor of buyers than it was some time ago, and there are indications that the market may be considerably overbid. In pork there has been a fair amount of business doing, with prices gradually declining over the week. There is a slight advance in wheat, but it is in accord with the improvement in grain. Lard has been quite steady and with light advances, closing fairly strong with a better feeling. Wheat is marked by wide and rapid fluctuations, the range of prices being from about 85 to 90 cents for grade. The market closes fairly steady at about 85 cents in freight. Grain freights are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and eggs is satisfactory. Improvements in wheat are a fraction weaker, but other descriptions are at a little better rate. The situation in both butter and shoes. The jobbing trade has been somewhat quietened by the weather. New York market buyers are somewhat quiet, and an active trade is anticipated shortly. Prices are firm. Manufacturers are mostly on old orders but are expected to be active. A number of them immediately. Leather is in fair demand in all grades, the market generally being rated firm and the jobbing trade is quiet with a little or no new business reported. Prices are firm and deliveries on old contracts continue large. Scotch pig iron is expected to be active with a few sales at full figures. The rail business is dull.

Vanderbilt Books Down.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—A New York special says: After