The Semi-Weekly Miner

BUTTE CITY, AUGUST 30, 1884

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

H. S. Clark announces himself a candidate for nomination on the Democratic ticket for the office of Clerk and Recorder of Silver Bow County.

Local News.

From Friday's Daily.

Major Maginnis arrived in Helena on the 25th inst.

Work is progressing on the foundation for the new city hall.

Governor Crosby has returned to Helena from his trip to the National Park.

Rev. Mr. Boyns will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening.

Another vag was sent up by Judge Nichols yesterday. He will devote his time of sentence to beautifying our streets.

And now the Salt Lake *Chronicle* has the cheek to say it was "high altitude" that caused the defeat of the "Olympics."

What's the matter with the *Inter Mountain* comps? The MINER boys are anxiously awaiting an answer to their challenge.

Considerable prospecting is being done on the flat west of Missoula gulch. On several dumps we noticed some fine looking ore.

Maud, the young lady who was mentioned yesterday in the hair-pulling fracas, plead guilty before Judge Wilcox and was fined $25.

New postoffices have been established as follows: At Great Falls, Choteau county, Paris Gibson, P.M.; at Washington Bar, Madison county, George F. Cope, P. M.

Commissioner W. A. Clark has appointed R. B. Wallace and H. C. Kessler as his assistants to aid in raising funds and making a complete display of Butte minerals at the World's Fair.

Last Wednesday morning, in Helena, a Chinaman named Joe Fook was shot in the forehead and instantly killed. The crime is supposed to have been committed by the "Highbinders."

In one of the saloons on Park street last evening an individual peeled and declared himself ready for war. Before he could get in good working order he was landed in the street. No arrests.

We are requested to state that the complimentary reception to be given by the young gentlemen of Butte to the young ladies now visiting the city, has been postponed until Monday evening September 1st.

After playing three games with the Butte nine the Bozeman club will play the Helenas on the 8th, 9th and 10th of September. For playing in Butte the Bozeman club has been guaranteed $200 for expenses.

Parties in from Twin Lakes, situated about twenty-five miles from Anaconda, report excellent fishing in that vicinity. One lucky disciple of Isaac Walton caught seventy-five pounds of trout in two hours and a half.

A letter received from Tidal Wave District yesterday states that a good deal of prospecting is being done in that vicinity. Some good ore is being taken out, and when the time comes Tidal Wave will have its boom.

About $2,000 worth of gold has been taken out of Missoula Gulch thus far this season. The man in charge of the work states that nearly $4,000 more will be taken out before the end of the season. Water is becoming scarce and the men can only work seven hours a day.

A mining company of Deadwood offers to send to the New Orleans Exposition this fall an exhibit of gold bullion in one solid piece, worth $500,000 providing the various counties of the Territory will unite in defraying the expense of transportation.

Louie Reeder, of Helena, who met with a fatal accident on Tuesday morning by the falling of a scaffold upon which he was at work, died the same evening at the Sisters' hospital. He came to Montana in 1867, and at the time of his death was supposed to be worth between $25,000 and $30,000.

During the past week the MINER office received a large lot of souvenir Presidential campaign cards, each side containing the portraits of the Democratic and Republican candidates, the center space being left blank for a business card. Nearly 20,000 of these cards have been ordered and printed.

Two thirty-ton copper smelting furnaces were shipped from San Francisco recently for the copper mines of Lost River, Idaho. The furnaces will be erected on the smelter site at the head of Willow creek gulch, within 2,000 feet of the copper mines. They will run through about eighty tons of local ore per day.

Helena offers $300 for plans for city buildings to be used for the fire department, city hall, police court and jail. Here is a chance for some aspiring architect to make a stake and name at one and the same time. One hundred dollars are also offered for the plans and specifications adjudged to be second in merit. The offer is a liberal one, and should bring out the best talent in the Territory.

The case of George Gander, who was mentioned in yesterday morning's MINER as having cut a man named Sanders with a penknife, was yesterday decided by Judge Nichols. Mr. Gander was allowed his liberty. He afterwards called at this office and stated he was not drunk at the time the difficulty occurred and never does get that way. If we made an error in that respect we owe him an apology.

Butte vs. Bozeman.

Mr. Kinna Arthur informs us that a telegram was received last evening to the effect that the Bozeman base ball club had concluded to try conclusions with the champions and would be over here to play a series of three games for the championship, commencing on Friday, the 5th of September. As the Bozeman nine is known to contain players in every way superior to the Salt Lakers an exciting display of base ball skill may be looked for. On the other hand it is not known what our home nine can do, as they have not yet met "foemen worthy of their steel."

AUSTRALIA.

An Extensive Silver Producing Region Discovered in That Country.

Australia has long been noted as a gold producing country, and now what bids fair to be an extensive silver producing region has been found. The mines are in the Barnes ranges of New South Wales, near where the colony joins South Australia. Silver bearing ores were first found there in 1872, by a shepherd, but the nature of the ore was not understood, and nothing was done. Two years ago a lot of ore was sent to England, this time with better results, though through inexperience the miners selected the lowest grade ores, viz: argentiferous galena; They netted the handsome return of £7 per ton on the shipment, after the highest commissions and charges had been exacted. Miners who were working silver properties in these parts were all making money before they sold out.

Now there has been an influx of miners and a town known as Silverton, has been built up. The country is represented as inhospitable, rocky and mountainous. Over the whole of the great mountain chain are found localities of the precious metals, and following their leading structural idea, they arrange themselves in parallel zones of a similar nature to those of the Cordilleras and California. Where the section of the formation can be examined there can be seen folds of more or less complexity, twisted and warped by longitudinal forces, and often compressed into a series of zigzags of a wonderful nature. The mines of this district consist of two groups. The one at Silverton embraces eleven claims, in which the ore consists of sulphides of lead or argentiferous galena. The profits secured on these ores amount to £12 per ton. About eight of these mines are opened up, six of them to a considerable extent. There is one shaft down 130 feet, carrying the lode very strong in the bottom. The lode at this point gives indications of turning from sulphides of lead into sulphides of silver. Fifteen shafts have been sunk on different parts of these eleven mines their depth varying from thirty to seventy-five feet, one being 135 feet. The lode is disclosed in each of these shafts, and found to be of a thickness varying from one foot two three feet. Some rich returns are now being obtained from these mines, the ore yielding, as above stated, a clear profit of £12 per ton. The second and large group of mines is situated at a distance of twenty-eight miles from Silverton. They are called the Lakec Camp Group. The ores here are purely sulphides of silver and very rich. Two tons of ore recently sent to England for assay were sold for £600. Shafts have been sunk in many parts of the ground held by the syndicate, and ore has been found everywhere, but, of course, all of it is not of the richest quality.

The lodes have all the appearance of permanency. In one shaft, the deepest of this group, the lode has been traced to the total depth—75 feet—and at the bottom it is six inches thick, with indications of continuance and improvement. A great drawback to the rapid development of these mines is the scarcity of labor at Silverton.

The Summit Lode.

Last Wednesday Charles Wilson, of Park Canyon, bonded and leased to Henry Williams and others the Summit mine, in Jefferson county, and located about a mile southwest of the well known Fourth of July lode. The Summit was bonded to the above named parties until April 2, 1885, for the sum of $22,500. The lessees have taken possession and commenced work on the property with a view to its development, and have shown their faith in the mine by making a cash payment of part of the purchase price

The Northern Bonanza.

Benton Record, 25: A private letter from J. J. Healey contains some facts of interest. The owners of the copper bonanza have already made arrangements to ship ore to Swansea, Wales, the Canadian Pacific having agreed to transport the rock for $25 per ton, and a large force of men are now at work sacking the ore for shipment and large quantities have already passed over the road. Mr. Healey left Silver City on the 17th instant for the British Columbia side of the Rockies, to examine some placer diggings, reported to be very rich. Tom Healey and Flint have made some rich discoveries in quartz—the richest, it is believed, yet discovered north of the line—and there is great excitement over the new find.

Something Lacking

We understand that Manager Cowan and Kinna Arthur are out of pocket to the tune of $300 in consequence of the recent games with the Salt Lakers. The proposition to pay the expenses of the visiting nine was made on the supposition that enough money could be raised among the business men of the city to guarantee the amount. But things have turned out different, and the above named gentlemen have had to stand the pressure. This is not as it should be. The money should have been (and ought to be now) raised among our merchants. It shows a lack of enterprise on the part of the premier city of the west. If a Jim-Crow lot of nigger singers come along the people turn out *en masse*, but when it comes to giving anything toward something that is elevating and has a tendency to stimulate athletic exercises they don't appear to get there with the proper spirit.

The Mines.

Missoula *Times*, August 27: Considerable anxiety is felt by the claim owners and many others in fact, in regard to the final outcome of the new gold fields east of town. Some washing has been done with pans with variable success; the dirt yielding up from four to six cents per pan, which, if it will continue, is good paying dirt. Yesterday Mr. Hubert, together with Mr. Stevens and several Chinamen went out for the purpose of going down to bed rock and settling the question if possible of the amount of gold down there. One of the Chinamen has had experience in mining and offered to pay the claim owners $1 per day for the privilege of putting Chinamen at work on their claims. The proposition is held under advisement. An attempt was made to wash by the aid of a ditch, but as soon as the water was turned on it was absorbed by the earth, showing the loose nature of the dirt, and also proving that if there is gold in any quantity it is down on bedrock. Of course efforts to do anything more with the ditch was abandoned and bed rock deposits sought for; with what success we were unable to learn before going to press. If a discovery is made that is extensive enough the owners talk of forming themselves into a company and putting in a hydraulic plant, tapping the Blackfoot a short distance from the diggings and conveying the water through pipes to the place of operations. This will in the end be the cheapest mode of working, because the distance to be piped is not great and the fall the water would have would be amply powerful.

District Court.

The Supreme Court in session at Helena, ordered the following as the time and places for holding the district court in the First Judicial District:

Silver Bow county—At Butte City, Third Monday of September, second Monday of March.

Beaverhead county—At Dillon, second Monday of April, second Monday of October.

Missoula county—At Missoula City, fourth Monday of June, second Monday of November.

Deer Lodge county—At Deer Lodge City, first Monday of May, first Monday of December.

From the Daily of Saturday.

BASE BALL.

The Printers Arrayed Against the Professionals.

The prints of the MINER not having received a definite answer to their challenge issued several days ago, and being dead-bent on playing base-ball, last evening through their manager made a match with the Buttes, the game to come off next Sunday, back of the jail. The original prize—a keg of beer—will be battled for. It may look unreasonable that a nine composed of consumptive typos, who by high living, etc., are in the majority affected with the gout, should "do up" the champions of Montana, but we are afraid such will be the result. The prints have several good players among them, and if the seductive beer can only be kept off the ground until the game is over, victory is theirs. It is feared that the Butte nine, knowing the typos' weakness, will take this unfair means to beat them and sneak the beer in. Such an action should be condemned—and it will—by the typos. (?) Jasper says if there will be no tax levied for knocking the cover off the ball he will play. Robinson says he will attend to the umpire, and the rest of them, every one of whom says he is equal to nine tailors and a shoemaker, say they will take care of the rest of the players. The first baseman of the prints stands seven feet three inches in his stocking feet, has a hand like a canvassed ham, was brought up on the milk of human kindness, and has a reach like a 3¾ wagon. The pitcher and catcher will be driven to the ground in a close carriage and will not be exhibited till the game is called. "Razed" seats have been erected, and ladies with their escorts will be well provided for. Lemonade boys, candy stands and Italian balloon men have been engaged. The public is assured that there will be no Cole's circus racket practiced among the lemonade boys. Owing to the extraordinary number of people who will no doubt witness this game the admission has been reduced to 0, which will bring out a large crowd. Surgeons will be in attendance to minister to the wants of the crippled and maimed members of the Butte base ball club, who will unjoint themselves trying to hit the printers' pitcher's twisters.

The Clear Grit.

A visit to the Clear Grit mine yesterday found everything working smoothly and satisfactory. The principal work is being done on the 200-foot level, where the ore body is twenty-two feet wide. Only what ore that is encountered in drifting is being taken out. About seven tons of ore are hoisted daily, which will average fifty ounces in silver and about 15 per cent in copper. About 300 tons are on the dump. In about a week or ten days a winze will be sunk from the 200 to the 300 foot level for air. On the 300 foot level the ore body is sixteen feet wide and goes away up in the hundreds. There is now enough ore in sight to keep a smelter running steadily, and we hope in a short time to be able to announce the fact that its enterprising owners will build one.

It is learned from the Eagle Rock *Register* that W. P. P. St. Clair, the popular superintendent of the U. & N. Railway, is the proud father of twins—a boy and a girl.

An Extensive and Rich Copper Mine.

We clip the following from the Helena *Independent* of the 29th inst: In conversation with a reporter yesterday Mr. A. O'Connell, who has just returned from a three months' trip up into the Northwest Territory, gave some interesting fact in relation to the the great copper lead in which a number of Montanians—Mr. O'Connel, Al. Hamilton, Jeff. Talbert, and the Healy brothers—are interested, near Silver City on the line of the Northern Pacific. The Montanians owned one and a half miles on the vein (there was only one vein) but while up there this summer they merged their property with that of the Alberta company, and the company now owns over six miles in the vein. The company is capitalized at $2,000,000 and of this stock the Montanians get $500,000.

The lead property of the Alberta company is a wonder for width and richness. Those who are familiar with the matter estimate the width at fifty feet or more, and at points where the ore has been cut into it has been found to be exceedingly rich, some of the ore assaying as high as 78 per cent copper. The company proposes to at once make a sample shipment of several tons to Swansea. They will also put a force of men at work developing the lead at the point nearest the railroad (about half a mile away) and it is not unlikely that before the season is over the construction of the reduction works will be commenced. Mr. O'Connell is confident of this developing into one of the richest copper properties known, for all work that has been done upon it points to that conclusion.

STARVING PIEGANS.

Governor Crosby Calls Upon the Secretary of the Interior for Relief.

Special to the MINER:

HELENA, M. T., Aug 29, '84.

Governor Crosby states that the special agent sent by him to inquire into the condition of the Piegan Indians has just returned and found that these Indians, about 2,000 in number, are dying from the effects of gradual starvation at the rate of one a day. The men and women are gaunt and spiritless and the children emaciated. All are so weakened by the lack of sufficient food for the past two years that dreadful suffering and death will occur shortly. The appropriations for this year only permit the agent to issue two pounds of beef and three pounds of bad flour per week, which is entirely inadequate to support well people. The governor reports an unnatural and inhuman state of things existing and calls upon the Secretary of the Interior to assume the responsibility of issuing full rations until Congress meets in December.

Yellowstone National Park Excursion Tickets.

Special tickets good from Garrison to Cinnabar and return will be sold August 29th and 30th, at $17.70, to parties desiring to attend the grand hop at Mommoth Hot Springs, on the night of August 30th. Tickets will be made good to return ten days from date of sale, thus enabling parties to go through the Park before the limit expires. This is an opportunity to see the great wonders of the National Park at a rate within the reach of all, and a like reduction will probably not occur again for some time to come. All information will be cheerfully furnished by Mr. Marsn, agent of the Northern Pacific railroad.

A Promising Prospect.

For a long time the whereabouts of the ledge from which the rich float found below the Mountain Consolidated puzzled many a prospector. It has at last been found and Messrs. Argall and Daft are the lucky lessees of the find. They have named the mine the Little Miner and if it does not turn out to be a big one then we are mistaken. A depth of fifteen feet has been attained and the pay streak is five feet wide. A considerable amount of rich ore is on the dump which will go about 75 ounces. About 25 feet from the original discovery a new shaft has been started, and in two weeks the puff of the steam engine will be heard as it hoists out of the depths that which makes us all happy.

The Huson Tramway.

E. D. Reynolds, agent for the Huson wire rope tramway, says the Halidie tramway is one of the things numbered in the forgotten past, and that in a recent issue the MINER erred in stating that a Halidie tramway was to be built between the Comet and Alta mines at Wicks, that it is the Huson tramway, the best wire rope tramway ever produced, and the only wire rope tramway which will successfuly work at a right angle. Montana can boast of having the best and longest endless wire rope tramway in the world. We cheerfully correct the error and congratulate Mr. Reynolds upon his success in placing the Huson tramwas and wish him much more.

A Handsome Yield.

Murray *Sun*, August 28: Forty-one ounces were cleaned up last week on the claim at the mouth of Buckskin. The mine is worked through a shaft and the gravel raised by a windlass and sluiced. The head of water is very small and is carefully saved by damming. Whenever a bucketful of dirt is dumped into the sluices only enough water is allowed to run to wash it. By this means work can be carried on. Eight men are employed in the mine.

Things were very quiet in the Police Court yesterday.

OUR MAN IN THE COUNTRY.

He Spins Over The Big Hole Country.

Mining and Agricultural Notes.

MELROSE, M. T. August 28, 1884.

Mr. Editor:

Since my last epistle I took in a good portion of the Big Hole country, leaving Dewey's Flat, by way of the new grade to Triangle Flat. This grade is three-fourths of a mile in length, was built under the supervision of H. Churchill, the efficient road supervisor, and blasted through the finest of native marble in places to a depth of fifty or sixty feet. In different portions of this work it is built from the river bed to a heighth of sixteen feet, making a road of the finest kind and avoiding the climbing of immense mountains.

Farther up the river Mr. Dodgson, a long-time friend of the MINER, is putting up an arastra for Mr. Peter Ross. That the work will be well done the general reputation of Mr. Dodgson is a sure guarantee.

James L. New, a jolly good soul, lives peacefully and happily on this stream, enjoys the nibblings at the end of a fish line hugely, and is now one of the MINER family.

Messrs Copp and Jackson will complete their hay harvest about the end of this week, and report a fair average of the article.

Next we wend our way meekly up Soap Gulch, a locality noted for its liberality of hurricanes and sand. In addition to the old friends we met a number of new ones. Among them Albert Cline, Thos. McCale, Edward Harrison, W. Monahan, Al McDonald, W. E. Little, and last but not least, J. F. Street, the genial superintendent of the Hecla Company's iron mines at Norwood. Mr. Street employs fourteen men and vouches for the statement that a more civil, gentlemanly and industrious body of men are not to be found. Something like twenty different papers come to the camp and the arguments *pro* and *con* would put to blunt the fame of some of our most noted jurists.

At the head of Camp Creek Louis Des Rivers is engaged profitably in mining; while a little further down C. A. Clayton is making valuable improvements upon his stock ranch. Mr Clayton is one of the successful men of early times, and is bound to win.

James H. Mitdrell and Thomas Naughton are head and ears in hay and stock raising, while friend Chester supplies this locality with milk, butter and garden truck in general.

Especial thanks are due to Mr. Stebbins, of Soap Gulch, for courtesies bestowed upon your

MAN IN THE COUNTRY.

The Democratic Primaries.

The Democratic primaries to elect delegates to the Democratic convention which will meet in this city September 17th will be held to-day. The central committee has secured the west room of the Renshaw Opera House building in which to hold the primary. Delegates and alternates will be eleted by ballot, and polls will be opened at 4 o'clock p.m., and continue open until 8 o'clock in the evening. The importance of selecting good men as delegates is so apparent it is hoped that a full vote of the party will be polled that its representatives may enter the convention as delegates of the party and not of a few.

Fresh Fruits.

Herald, 28: The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a special rate of one dollar and fifty cents per hundred pounds on green fruit in car loads of twenty thousand pounds or more, from Portland to points between Missoula and Bozeman exclusive. Also to Deer Lodge and Butte. From this time on during the fruit season, we are to enjoy the luxury of pears, apples, peaches, plums and melons at prices where we can, as it were, revel in these luscious products. The fruit crop this year is abundant in Oregon and Washington territory and a special rate of $1.50 per hundred is in force from Walla Walla, where fruit and melons are cheap and where they are as good as at any place in the United States. So, now with cheap rates on fruit, both by express and freight from the Pacific coast, we will be put on better terms and with plenty of what we deem an indispensible luxury for ourselves and families.

Couer d'Alene.

We are indebted to the Murray *Sun* of August 26th for the following items:

A tunnel ten feet long has been driven on the Herr Chicago lode. About one hundred tons of ore averaging $100 per ton are on the dumps.

The Pacific claim is getting some some handsome prospects from the north drift. A $2-nugget was among the encouraging pannings on Saturday.

Tho Porter & Henderson claim has cleaned up 140 ounces since the 20th, the latest being fifty ounces. The next clean-up on the upper portion of the claim will in all likelihood be another good one, as the bed-rock on Monday fairly glittered with gold.

Good reports are coming down from Butte creek. Dr. Littlefield is said to have washed out $18 in one pan on the claim immediately above his own on Saturday. This encouraged the Doctor to such an extent that he has taken his large force from Prichard and put them back on Butte Creek.

People residing at the lower end of Main street make considerable complaint about boys going in swimming in the reservoir.

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

Proceedings of the Conference at Stevensville.

List of Appointments Made.

Special Correspondence of the MINER.

STEVENSVILLE, August 28.—The seventh session of the Montana Annual Conference of the M. E. Church South, met in Stevensville, in Bitter Root Valley, August 21, 1884, at 9 a. m. and adjourned on Monday night following, (August 21,) Bishop Granberry presiding.

The session was harmonious and profitable. The religious services were largely attended and of a very interesting character. The sermons and speeches on the various occasions by the distinguished visitors present, Bishop Granberg, Rev. Dr. Boyns and Dr. Morton, of Louisville, Ky., afforded a rare treat to the conference and to the large congregations.

Rev. Dr. Morton spoke with a good degree of satisfaction of the part that he had taken in the organization of this body some six years ago. He introduced the motion and succeeded to carrying it against strong opposition in the general conference that gave us an existence as a conference. The conference and the entire community were greatly gratified at his presence and ministrations.

Bishop Granberry preached two sermons of remarkable power. The one on Sunday was greatly admired and praised by the most rigid critics as a masterly effort.

The reports showed an advance in every department of church work during the year. R. D. Wordly has been transferred from White River conference. E. L. Lee and J. L. M. Spain, late of Missouri, were admitted on trial into their traveling connection.

The following is a list of the appointments:

Helena district, L. B. Stateler, P. E.

Helena and Fairview, to be supplied.

Townsend and Radersburg, E. L. Lee.

Bozeman, to be supplied.

Willow Creek, J. L. M. Spain.

Boulder and White Hall, J. B. Whitford.

Butte, supplied by R. Boyns.

Anaconda and Deer Lodge, E. J. Stanley.

Stevensville, R. D. Woodley.

The next conference will be held at Stateler's Chapel, Willow Creek, Montana.

Dr. Morton and Bishop Granberry left on Tuesday for the Columbia conference which meets at Dayton, W. T.

Quite a revival is now in progress conducted by Revs. Boyns, Whitford, Woodley and others. A number have been added to the church and the good work is still going on

The people of Butte are very fortunate in securing the services of Rev. Dr. Boyns, for he is surely very successful in the pulpit S.

Gold Retort.

Mr. Salton Cameron, who arrived from Cable last Thursday, brought in with him one hundred ounces of gold retort, being the result of a twenty days' run of his five stamp mill on ore from the Pyrenees mine. The mine is looking well and enough ore is now in sight to keep the mill running for a year.

Local News

This is the last day of the Art Gallery on West Broadway.

A number of frame buildings are going up near the Clear Grit mine.

The Silver Bow County Democratic convention will meet on the 17th of September.

The semi-annual election of officers of the Miner's Union will take place next Tuesday afternoon.

The rock to be used in the foundation for the Opera house is obtained below the Mountain Consolidated.

The keno game, which has been running in the Capital building, has gone the way of all flesh and succumbed to the inevitable.

About the first of September Louis Shodair will open a confectionery and ice cream stand on West Granite street, near the Pavilion.

Will Armitage, on a bicycle, and James Reynolds, on roller skates, are matched for a mile race at the ampitheatre in Helena this evening.

The Democratic primaries will be held to-day in the west room of the Renshaw Opera House building. As there is but one ticket in the field it will doubtless be elected.

Superintendent St. Clair stated the new time card would bring the passenger train from the south about three miles earlier, and it would go south about three hours later than at present. These will be more seasonable hours of arrival and departure than at present.

We are informed that the contract for carrying the weekly mail between Dewey's Flat and Basin, a distance of fifty miles, and for which Mr. H. Churchill is one of the bidders, has up to date not been heard from. The route is to be established September 1st.

Early yesterday morning while an employe of one of the saloons on Main street was taking a pistol out of his pocket, it was accidentally discharged. The ball ranged down through his pantaloons and entered the floor. No serious damage resulted.

The penitentiary being overcrowded and unable properly to accommodate the present number of prisoners, to say nothing of others to be provided for, Governor Crosby is about to apply to the authorities of those counties having the best and safest jails for terms for the care of a certain number of Territorial prisoners.

A SHOCKING

Commercial Robbery.

Ammonia, Lime, Potash, and Flour sold for years as an "Absolutely Pure Baking Powder."

ANALYSIS OF THE ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

ANALYSIS IN 1875.

LIME (Phosphate of)	.81 per cent.
POTASSA (Sulphate of)	.56 per cent.
AMMONIA (Carbonate of)	2.36 per cent.
POTASH (Bitartrate of)	47.33 per cent.
Soda (Bicarbonate of)	16.64 per cent.
Flour	32.30 per cent.

"The above is the result of my chemical analysis of Royal Baking Powder."

C. GILBERT WHEELER.

March 30, 1875. Professor of Chemistry Chicago University.

ANALYSIS IN 1884.

†LIME (Tartrate of)	5.25 per cent.
AMMONIA (Carbonate of)	2.25 per cent.
POTASH (Bitartrate of)	50.60 per cent.
Soda (Bicarbonate of)	22.90 per cent.
Starch	19.00 per cent.

M. DELAFONTAINE.

June 11, 1884. Analytical Consulting Chemist.

The above shows the uniformity (?) of the Royal Baking Powder advertised as a "marvel of purity" that "never varies," "sold only in cans."

HOUSEKEEPER'S TEST.

Place a can top down on a hot stove till heated Remove the cover and smell."—"AMMONIA—HARTSHORN.

ORIGIN OF AMMONIA.

"Ammonia was probably originally prepared from putrid urine."—United States Dispensatory, page 107.

†NOTE.—The lime found by Prof. Delafontaine in the Royal Powder is the lime that the Royal Baking Powder Co. advertise as "a caustic so powerful that it is used by tanners to eat the hair from the hides of animals, and in dissecting rooms to quickly rot the flesh from the bones of dead subjects.

Bond Proposition Defeated.

Special to the MINER:

DEER LODGE, August 29, '84.

The election to consider the proposition to issue $10,000 in bonds to complete the school house took place to-day and resulted as follows: For the bonds, 65; against, 68.

Burning of a Circus Car.

DENVER, August 29.—The *News* Greeley special says the burning of a circus car nine miles north of Greeley was attended with indescribable horror. The burned car was next to the engine. The train consisted of seventeen cars containing the Anglo-American Circus which left Fort Collins about midnight for Golden over the Greely, Salt Lake & Pacific road. The train was nearing Windsor, a small station near Geeley, running about 25 miles an hour, Engineer Collepriest discovered the car on fire. He reversed the engine and threw open the whistle valve. There were sixty men in the car arranged in three tiers of berths on either side. The forward side door was closed and men in the bunks were sleeping against it. The rear side door was also closed and the men who awoke found the lower unoccupied berth next to it containing rubbish on fire, filling the car with smoke and cutting off escape in that direction. The only means of egress was through a small window between the car and engine. John Pine, of Edgerton, Wisconsin, and Elmer Millet, of Iowa, crawled through the opening and tried to pass in water from the engine tank. Owing to the suffocating gases it was difficult to arouse the sleepers. Some were kicked and bruised in a shocking manner and pitched out of the window. The screams of those unable to get through the blockaded aperture were terrifying; the glare of the flames, from the light of the burning victims outside, who were writhing in agony on cactus beds caused the wild beasts in the adjoining car to become frantic with terror, making the scene appalling. The performers, who occupied the rear cars gazed with white faces upon the awful spectacle. In the midst of the confusion two heroic souls who appeared equal to the occasion, bravely cut their way to ther companions to find them already in the agony of death. Albert Lake, in charge of the animals, and his friend, Kent, walked over the cactus in bare feet pouring buckets of oil on the blisters of the unfortunates and wrapped them in blankets. An old Pacific Coast sailor named McDonald, formerly of Forepaugh's circus, is terribly burned, his flesh hanging in shreds. The heartrending cries of men on the prairie, the smothered appeals of the dying in the car, the roar of the flames and the howling of animals made a scene terrible beyond description. The odor of roasting flesh and the distant cries of coyotes added to the general horror of the scene. The voices of the dying grew fainter and soon ceased. Meantime the engine went to Greely for assistance and returned with Dr. Jesse Hawes, president of the state medical association. Many of the rescued in being pulled through the small window, had ther limbs broken and joints dislocated. Hands and feet burned off the roasted trunks were found in one place, and the legs in another and piles of roasted shriveled carcasses were pulled out of the ruins. At daylight a flat-car carried the charred bodies into Greeley for interrment. The county commissioners buried the remains in a huge coffin seven feet wide and ten feet long, in the Greeley cemetery. Rev. Mr. Reed, of the Presbyterian church, conducted the funeral services. The coroner impannelled a jury, who was unable to learn the cause of the fire or any important facts, as the managers with the remainder of the company left immediately for Golden to fill an afternoon engagement. It is impossible to get a complete list of the dead as many were engaged but a day or two and their names are unknown. The names of the dead as far as learned are as follows: Alex. McLead, Marinet, Wis.; Thos. McCorber, Independence, Ia.; John Kelly, New York City; the others are known as Silverthorn, Andy, Frenchy and Frank.

The following is a list of the sufferers of the circus-car fire now at St. Luke's hospital in this city: E. E. Fairbanks, aged 22, arms, legs and face badly burned, Albert Borden, aged 17, Logan, Kansas, arms and face badly burned; Thos. Golden, aged 17, Detroit, Michigan, very badly burned on back and legs; N. J. Zimmerman, aged 18, St. Louis, Michigan, arms, legs, back and face badly burned. Frank King, Minominee, Michigan, badly burned about the hands and feet; Micheal McGlinn, aged 28, Holton, Michigan, face and hands badly burned; Hugh O'Donnell, aged 56, New Orleans, Louisiana, badly burned about the face, arms, hands and back, will probably die. A number of the rescued agree that in the car were two barrels of gasoline which exploded either by shocks from the engine or from a naked torch with which the men were accustomed to light themselves to bed.

BORN.

WOODS.—In Butte City, August 28, 1884, to the wife of John T. Woods, a daughter.

Origin of Ammonia.

Ammonia is obtained in large quantities by the putrefaction of the urine of animals.—*Encyclopedia Brittannica.*

Every housekeeper can test baking powders containing this disgusting drug by placing a can of the "Royal" or "Andrews' Pearl" top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Alum, Lime, Potash, Bone Phosphates. It is prepared by a physician and chemist with special regard to cleanliness and healthfulness. 8 3 d&w2m

HORRIBLE.

Prof. Common Sense Sheds Light on the Baking Powder Subject.

TO THE PRICE BAKING POWDER COMPANY: In compliance with your instructions I have bought and chemically tested some potatoes and turnips. I have now analyzed most of the articles used by man for food, and find them to contain the chemical elements of the soil in which they grow, and it is my opinion that corn, flour, potatoes, turnips, cabbages, and in short, all cereals and vegetables are unfit for use.

I find that to grow these articles profitably the greedy, unscrupulous farmer mixes with the soil guano, stable manure, dead fish and the contents of vaults, and to think of using for food anything produced from these things, is to utterly disgusting to be entertained.

I find also that the common air we breathe and all water, meat and milk contain ammonia, and yield to the system more thereof than any baking powder biscuit ever could, I have therefore prohibited the use of air, meat, milk, water and all the vegetables and cereals in my family.

Thanking you for fee inclosed in your order, ($100), I am, truly yours,

C. SENSE, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry.

Copied from Chicago *Tribune*, July, 1884. 7 30 sw 3w eow

Summons.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Montana, in and for the county of Silver Bow. Mary Cannelle plaintiff, vs. Joseph Cannelle, defendant. The people of the Territory of Montana send greeting to Joseph Cannelle, defendant. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Montana, in and for the county of Silver Bow, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served withiu this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court, dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, the grounds upon which this action is based are the willful desertion and refusal to provide food and shelter for plaintiff by defendant. Wherefore plaintiff prays that the bonds of matrimony may be dissolved and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just, all of which will more fully appear by reference to plaintiff's complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that, if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will take a default against you and apply to the court for the relief demanded in plaintiff's complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Second District of the Territory of Montana, in and for the County of Silver Bow, this 25th day of August, A. D., 1884.

[Seal.] R. L. DAVIS, Clerk.
By CHARLES S. WARREN, Deputy Clerk.
Speer & Madden, Attorneys for plaintiff. 8 30