# The Semi-Weekly Miner.

DANIEL SEARLES - - EDITOR.

BUTTE, NOVEMBER 5, 1884.


Who will care for Ben Butler now? His occupation is gone.

The long-drawn agony is over at last. Now every one can take a breathing spell and count the result of yesterday's work.

Four years ago 9,192,595 votes were cast for Presidential electors. If a full vote was cast yesterday the total will not fall short of 10,000,000.

Bad weather in Ohio and many of the eastern States yesterday will materially decrease the number of votes that would have been cast under a clear sky.

"Turn the rascals out," has been the Democratic war cry during the past three or four months. They will be turned out—that is the old ones. If Blaine is elected the old rascals will be turned out and new ones put in. If Cleveland is elected honest men will fill their places.

Many a candidate in these United States has come to the conclusion by this time that this world is a vain and fleeting show and running for office is about as foolish a thing as a man can do. Right here at home there are several who have doubtless lost all their old-time appetite for office-hunting.

Sarah Bernhardt is really ill. Sarah is so thoroughly an actress off as on the stage that people are slow to believe that she is not posing. But the world likes Sarah for all that—her dash, her talents and her pluck. Now that she is an actual sufferer the sympathy of humanity is hers. We cannot afford to lose Sarah, yet awhile.

They do some things better in Canada. A drug clerk there who caused the death of two little girls by selling strychnine by mistake has been convicted of manslaughter. A liberal application of this sort of justice in this country might have a wonderfully encouraging effect on the accuracy of the blundersome drug clerk.

Henry Ward Beecher says that if every man in New York who has violated the seventh commandment votes for Cleveland he will be elected by 200,000 majority. Beecher is probably an expert in such matters and knows whereof he speaks; but who would have thought there were so many Republican violators of that commandment in the Empire State.

The Republicans could not have placed in nomination a better, purer and abler man than Judge Knowles. If elected the people will be represented by one who cannot fail to command the respect of his associates at Washington and who will ably attend to the interests of this Territory. If defeated he retains that confidence and esteem of all and retires from the heat of the conflict with the consciousness of having done his whole duty to his party and to himself.

*Ex.* When candidates come to count their spoils they will find many strange and curious things. The gold-headed cane department will be large, likewise bald-headed pumpkins and plumed umbrellas. Snuff-boxes have been steady, cigar-boxes and demijohns firm. As for bouquets, banners and articles of "virtue," their name is legion. The candidates would do well to pool their issues, stock a bazaar and sell their products for the benefit of the workingmen.

*Morning Journal:* We apologize to the President. When we published the rumor of his engagement to Miss Frelinghuysen it was with a feeling, shared by thousands of our readers, of pleasure that he had gained so fair and lovely a prize. That it was only a rumor we keenly regret. The whole nation would have rejoiced in seeing the White House graced by a mistress so winning and accomplished. Mr. Frelinghuysen has made such an admirable Secretary of State—what a pity he could not have added the crown to his glory by giving his charming daughter to the Republic!

The nomination of Hugh McCulloch to be Secretary of the Treasury is in the line of President Arthur's best appointments, which is the highest praise. Lincoln's Secretary of the Treasury, who had the sagacity and the rare courage to initiate the policy of contraction and resumption, is one of those men on whom three score years and ten did not bring weariness and weakness. At seventy-five Mr. McCulloch has all the intellectual energies and physical strength that most men of sixty are blessed with. His appointment means all that any appointment to the Treasury could mean, for sound administration, in the interest of good finance and solid business prosperity.

Minneapolis *Tribune*: The friends of the late Cadet Strong, of the National Naval Academy, who is believed to have been "hazed" to death by his fellow students, are pushing a thorough investigation into his death, and it is understood that indictments by the Grand Jury will follow. It is certainly to be earnestly hoped that if the young man met his death in the manner alleged, there will be no lack of a vigorous prosecution nor of the fullest punishment the law allows. The brutal sport called hazing has been carried on in schools and colleges long enough, and there are few spectacles that the civilized portion of the public would more thoroughly appreciate than the rigid punishment of some of the young scoundrels who indulge in it.

## THE CONSTITUTION.

The interests of the people of Montana would be advanced by the admission of the Territory in the Union as a State. Vote for the constitution.

The people of the Territory are tired of being treated as vassals by the powers that be at Washington. Vote for the constitution.

Montana has been made the dumping ground of broken down political hacks from the East long enough. Vote for the constitution.

The constitution fosters and protects the interest of the miner, the agriculturist and the stockgrower without making a distinction in favor of either. Give it your vote.

As a State Montana would become the objective point of thousands of eastern agriculturists who have a natural repugnance to becoming citizens of a Territory where the people are shorn of many of their dearest political rights. Vote for the constitution.

The constitution is as nearly perfect as human judgment can make it. The instrument was framed from those of other States, the framers being careful to eliminate their objectionable features while retaining those applicable to the diversified interests of a great Territory. Give it your vote.

It provides for a thorough and liberal system of common schools; for the development of our industrial resources; for a complete and effective legislative, executive and judicial system and for the exercise of such other powers as are conferred upon the people of a State. Vote for the constitution.

If you wish to assert your manhood as a citizen of a sovereign State, vote for the constitution. If you wish to throw off the shackles which have bound you to a most corrupt civil service system, vote for the constitution. If you desire to build up a great State; develop the varied resources of this magnificent Territory and place it where it belongs among the foremost commonwealths of the nation, vote for the constitution.

## THE NATION'S WARDS

Commissioner Price says that the nation expended an average of $7 per capita to feed and clothe the Indians during the last year, but admits that the cost of each soldier is $1,000 a year, and that the chief business of the soldiers is to preserve peace on the frontier. To feed and clothe the savages, therefore, costs about $2,000,000 a year, and to fight them costs many times that amount. While the Indian Commissioner thus admits that the Indians take millions of dollars from the treasury annually, he recognizes the possibility of raising them to a condition in which they will need no pecuniary aid. He commends the work of the Indian schools, approves the establishment of Indian courts, with members of the tribes as officers, and urges more generous encouragement for Indians who are disposed to become independent through their own industry. His suggestions should not be unheeded by Congressmen. It is probable that our entire Indian population can be made self-supporting within a quarter of a century, if only schools are provided for those who are willing to learn, with suitable rewards for pupils who qualify themselves for some industrial occupation. A farm of 160 acres of good land, with implements and stock, should be given to each Indian who learns how to manage it, and an equipment of tools should be offered as a reward for each Indian who fits himself for the work of a mechanic. It will pay to expend enough now to make our savages self-supporting citizens, rather than to always expend millions of dollars annually for their support as vagabonds.

## A CHANCE FOR MEDIATION.

To-day all the princes of the Chinese Empire are to assemble at Pekin, in response to a summons to an imperial audience for a decision between mediation and war for the termination of the conflict with France. A chance still remains, therefore, for the arbitration of the matters in dispute, and the desire will be general throughout the United States that the authorities at Washington may take whatever action may be deemed expedient to encourage the substitution of arbitration for war in the affair of France and China. So strong is that desire that the New York Chamber of Commerce recently appealed to President Arthur to do whatever he prudently could to bring about a peaceable settlement between the two countries, and it is commonly felt that the relations existing between the United States and the belligerent powers are such as to ensure a friendly reception for whatever suggestions of mediation may be made from Washington. It will be a great triumph for the advocators of universal peace if the value of the principle upon which they base their theories is exhibited in this case, and there will be commercial as well as political advantages resulting from the mediation of the dispute of Celestial and Gaul.

A gentleman in the Vermont legislature, who partakes of the large and glittering nature of an ass, introduced a resolution "declining to grant an appropriation in furtherance of the cotton exposition and all other appropriations for like objects and refusing in any way to aid or to countenance the States of the South so offending until such time as they shall change their most unjust and wicked course, and give to all American citizens within their borders, without distinction of race, color or political preference their full, free and unhindred rights under the constitution and laws of the United States." Even a Vermont legislature could not descend to such asininity, and the resolution was laid on the table. It is such pleasant episodes as this that justify Stephen A. Douglas' famous observation that Vermont is an excellent State to move away from.

### A Denial.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The rumor that the Khedive had sent a telegram to the Government announcing the fall of Kabrtaum and the capture of General Gordon has been authentically denied and the denial published.

### Murder.

ABELINE, Ks., Nov. 3.—Henry Pigorsch, a German farmer in this county, was killed by John Sweeney, a railroad laborer. Sweeny and others were hunting on Pigorsch's farm. Pigorsch came out with a gun and warned them off. Sweeny wrestled the gun from Pigorsch and beat him to death with it. Officers are in pursuit of the murderer.

### Report on Coast Defences.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—Gen. Jno. Newton has submitted his annual report of coast defences. He urges that the harbors of our principal seaports be made impregnable to attack by the addition of guns of heavy caliber and others known to modern warfare. Past events, he says, by no means justify the assertions made that our cotton and grain have become so necessary to nations that they could not engage in war with us for a short period without interrupting their supplies of these articles. It seems to be forgotten that a descent upon our coast to hold our unprotected cities under the guns of a hostile fleet would consume but few months, and in the meantime cotton and grain in sufficient quantities might be obtained elsewhere. The modern system is to make war sudden, sharp, and decisive, and to make the beaten party pay expenses. The Board of Engineers for fortifications has prepared an approximate estimate of the cost of fortification including armaments of modern heavy guns and rifled mortars for Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Hampton Roads, New Orleans and San Francisco, and another estimate, likewise, approximate, for preliminary works, earths and masonry, without armor, and machinery and guns to serve as emplacement for guns. The total estimate, including armaments, is $53,488,000. The estimate for emplacement guns, excluding armors, guns and machinery, is $10,388,000 These estimates have been made with care, and it is believed the fortifications, including guns for all harbors on the coast of sufficient importance to tempt an enemy, can be prepared at a cost not to exceed $60,000,000. The following estimates required for '85 and '86 are made: For the defense of Boston harbor, $880,000; New York harbor, $1,120,000; Philadelphia, $132,000; Baltimore, $ 32,000, Hampton Roads, $66,000; San Francisco, $900,000; modification of existing forts and batteries, $500,000; preservation of fortifications, $175,000; purchase of submarine mines, $300,800; casements, etc., $200,000; torpedoes, $60,000.

### Reported Fall of Khartoum.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The *Times* considers the news reported from Craio to the *Paris Morning News* to the effect that Khartoum has fallen into the hands of the rebels and Gordon taken prisoner as extremely doubtful. This view, it thinks, is especially reasonable in the absence of advices on the subject from Wolseley. The *Times* traces the report to the "*Bosphore Egyptian*," a dubious French organ which may have given a European version of Arab rumors which recently gained some currency in Craio. Earl Granville assured the Associated Press to-day that the government had received no confirmation of the reports. Up to noon to-day nothing had been received at the government office in regard to the dispatch to-day from Dongolao router's telegram Co. makes no mention of the reported fall of Khartoum. It says, however, that the Mahdi at last accounts was collecting his forces around Khartoum and had summoned Gordon to surrender. Troops of the Mahdi had intercepted two messengers dispatched by the British to Khartoum. The same dispatch declares a large force of rebels was at Berber and that rebels had possession of the wells on the caravan route between Debbeh and Khartoum. After the crops are harvested Mahdi's forces will be largely increased.

### Repeaters Arrested.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov 3.—Twenty-five men charged with being repeaters were arrested here this morning and sent to the county jail for five days. The country for miles around is flooded with tramps to-day, and each party bitterly charges the other with efforts to colonize. A number of false registrations have been discovered.

### Car Drivers' Strike.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Street railroad drivers struck to-day for an increase in wages and a decrease of hours. The present wages are $45 per month and eighteen hours. The wages wanted are $60 and fifteen hours.

### President Arthur.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The President will leave Washington this afternoon at 4 o'clock for New York, where he will to-morrow cast his vote for the Republican presidential electors. He will return to Washington Thursday or Friday.

### A Light Estimate.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—A member of the Republican state committe says Mr. Blaine this morning before leaving the city expressed the opinion that the remark of Dr. Burchard upon "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion" would not cost the national ticket more than 500 votes.

### Blaine Banquet.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—Up to noon two hundred tikets were sold for the banquet at the Hotel Brunswick this evening in honor of Blaine. The original intention was to limit the number of tickets to two hundred but a few more will yet be sold. It is intended to have but little speech making. Henry Cabot Lodge will welcome guests and Mr. Blaine and possibly one or two others will speak briefly. Governor Robinson, who cannot be present, will be represented by Lieutenant Governor Ames.

### Political Excitement.

NEW YORK Nov. 3.—Wall Street presented a very animated appearance to-day, and excitement run high in the vicinity of Exchange which was crowded with members of various boards discussing politics, and at intervals cheers would be given for Blaine then for Cleveland. Considerable money was wagered on the result.

### Clawson Gets a Dose.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 3.—Judge Fane to-day sentenced Rodger Clawson, convicted a week ago of polygamy, to four years in the penitentiary and $800 fine. An appeal was taken, pending which his counsel moved that he be released on bail, which was refused. Clawson was remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

### Jones Not Guilty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—In the criminal court to-day the case of Wm. Jones, indicted for assault and battery with intent to kill Charles J. Guitiau, the 19th of November, 1881, was tried, and after an absence of twenty minutes the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

### FOREIGN.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—Madame Bernhardt has returned to Paris.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 3.—*Patriote* says: King Leopold was attacked Saturday with nervous disorders. His health is much shattered by anxiety arising from the political crisis.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 3.—Four students were arrested at Kharkoff. Manifesto inciting disturbance were found in their possession.

# NIGHT DISPATCHES.

## Encouraging News From all Over.

## Indications Point to Cleveland's Election.

## New York, New Jersey and Virginia Close.

## Georgia, Texas, Alabama and Missouri.

## Wheel Into Line With the Usual Majorities.

## Blaine Probably Relegated to Private Life.

### COLORADO.

Eleven precincts give Blaine 73 majority and Republican congressman 43 majority. Sixteen precincts give Eaton a Republican majority for Governor of 524.

DENVER, Nov. 4.—Besides Presidential electors one Congressman and a full list of State officers will be elected to-day. A very heavy vote is being polled. The weather is delightful.

### GEORGIA.

The State has gone Democratic by 35,000 to 50,000.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 4.—The election is progressing quietly in Southern Georgia. The weather is threatening rain and the indications are a light vote will be polled.

### OHIO.

Six hundred and fifty-seven wards and precincts show a net Republican gain of 11,950 over '84, and a net Democratic gain of 1,274 over '80.

NORWALK, Nov. 4.—Republicans claim a large gain over the October election, principally from Irish votes. At Elyria the vote is about the same as in the October election. Butler gets twenty or thirty votes and the Prohibitionists about fifty.

CINCINNATI, Nov 4.—Rain ceased shortly after 10 o'clock and the weather is turning colder and still cloudy. The vote has increased so that it now seems to be quite up to the vote at this time in the day of the October election. The utmost peacefulness prevails. Eleven arrests for illegal voting have been made; all colored men. If no further rain occurs it is evident the vote will fully equal that of October. It is impossible to tell the complexion of the vote, as none of the ballots will be counted until after the close of the voting at 6 o'clock.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 4.—The weather has been threatening and cloudy all morning and rain falling two hours before noon. The election is passing quietly with indications the vote will fall much short of that of October. Some Democrats have voted the Republican ticket on account of the decision on the Scott law.

### CONNECTICUT.

New Haven gives Blaine 6,298; Cleveland, 8,872; Butler, 191; St. John, 105.

The Republicans gained one Congressman, Buck, in the Eighth district. Mitchell, Democrat, is elected in the 2nd; Seymore (Dem.) in the 3rd, and Wait (Rep.) in the 4th. If later returns do not change the result in the State, Cleveland's plurality will probably be 1,500. One hundred and ten towns give Blaine 42,292; Cleveland, 44,436, a Republican loss of 2,614.

Thirty-eight towns give Blaine 7,130; Cleveland, 7,251; gave Garfield, 7,705; Hancock, 7,166. For Governor Harrison, 7,242; Waller, 7,268; scattered, 9,221. The same towns in '82 gave Butler 6,438; Waller, 6,304; scattered, 2,070. In the 1st district Buck, Republican, is probably elected to Congress.

One hundred and fourteen towns give Blaine 61,421; Cleveland, 63,274.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 4.—Some anxiety was occasioned here by the fact that the usual election warning had not been published according to law. The matter, however, has been arranged, the local legal authorities agreeing not to violate the election, and voting is proceeding. An unusually heavy poll is being made this forenoon.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 4.—A very heavy vote was polled early. Independents are voting largely and mainly the entire Democratic ticket. The Butler, Irish-Blaine and Prohibition vote is insignificant.

NEW LONDON, Nov. 4—On one-half the total vote the Democratic State and National tickets are fifty ahead, and the town is conceded to the Democrats. The Butler and St. John vote is very light.

BRIDGEPORT, Nov. 4.—A heavy vote is being polled. Nearly two-thirds of the entire vote cast by noon was in favor of the Republican ticket. But little scratching going on.

### MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 4—The indications are that the vote of Mississippi will be light, due to the fact that no general canvass has been made.

### LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 4—It is believed the vote will not be heavy, though the weather is clear and pleasant. Comparisons will be made with the last Presidential election and congressional elections of 1882.

The Democratic State committee claim the State for Cleveland by 20,000 and all Congressmen. The Republicans concede the State, but claim Congressmen in 2nd and 3d districts.

### MAINE.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 4.—The vote so far polled shows Republican gains over September, and the Kennebec *Journal* (Republican) says the indications are that Blaine will carry the State by 25,000.

LEWISTON, Nov. 4.—Blaine had 400 majority here at noon. Stamford, Connecticut, vote to noon was 1,600 including Republican gains.

One hundred and sixty-three towns in Maine give Blaine 46,510, Cleveland, 32,820; scattered 3,339. The same rates in the towns to hear from indicate a total vote of 133,250. On that basis Blaine's plurality will be 18,540.

### MASSACHUSETTS.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 4.—It is believed by all that Blaine will carry the city. Taunton will give a majority for Blaine.

MIDDLEBORO, Nov. 4—Blaine is leading Cleveland here. It is expected Butler and St. John will each receive 100 votes out of a probable 10,000.

SOUTH DENIS, Nov. 4.—Total votes gives Blaine, 264; Cleveland, 281; Butler, 39; St. John, 9.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—The voting in this city began early, and before 11 o'clock about one third of the vote was deposited. The same is true of many towns in the immediate vicinity. It is regarded as probable that the entire vote of this part of the State will equal the phenomenal figures of last years gubernatorial contest.

LOWELL, Nov. 4.—The indications are that a full vote will be cast although the weather is rainy. Gen Butler is spending the day at his residence in Belvidere and has made arrangements to receive the returns this evening by telephone.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—At 2:30 p. m. in Gloucester the vote stood as follows: Blaine, 850; Cleveland, 750; Butler, 30; St. John, 100.

WORCESTER, Nov. 4.—The total vote of Princeton is Blaine, 118; Cleveland, 26; St. John, 11; Butler, 5.

COHASSET, Nov. 4.—The total vote here is as follows: Blaine, 237; Cleveland, 138; Butler, 2; St. John, 170.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Returns so far show Robinson (Rep) for Governor, is running considerably ahead of the Blaine electoral ticket and that Butler's vote is an exceedingly small one. As an indication of Butler's vote in the State a dispatch from Pittsfield says Butler received 23 votes there for President and for governor last year he received 1,313

New Bedford gives Blaine, 2,511; Cleveland, 1,1349; St. John, 186; Butler, 168.

Towns and cities, including Boston, give Blaine 85,892; Cleveland, 78,862; Butler, 14,415; St. John, 5,181. The total electoral vote of Boston is Blaine, 20,808; Cleveland, 32,500; Butler, 3,693; St. John, 1,235.

### MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—The election is proceeding quietly. A large vote is being cast. So far as heard from throughout the State both parties are hard at work. Little attention is being paid to the Butler ticket, but in this city St. John is expected to get considerable votes.

The Democrats elect five Congressmen out of six; a gain of one.

The estimated Democratic majority in Maryland is 10,000. The Democrats elect five Congressmen out of six; a gain of one.

### SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 4.—Scattering indications from a number of counties throughout the State indicate the Democrats have elected the entire ticket by a large majority with six out of seven Congressmen. The election as far as heard from has been peaceful.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 4.—Cleveland has 1,940 majority. According to returns up to 1 a. m., the *News* and *Courier* estimates Cleveland's majority in South Carolina from 35,000 to 40,000.

### VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 4.—Telegrams from various sections of this State report threatening weather and light rains. Everything progressing quietly and a heavy vote is being polled. More than one-half the vote of this city was cast before eleven o'clock.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 4.—The election thus far has passed off quietly. A heavy white and colored vote is being polled. At all precincts are police officers and United States Marshals. The weather is damp, disagreeable and misty. Rain has been falling all forenoon.

The cities of Alexandria, Portsmouth, Fredericksburg, Norfolk, Lynchburg and Hamilton, give Cleveland 8,700; Blaine, 8,036, a Democratic gain over the Massey-Wise vote of '82.

Cleveland's majority is estimated to be between 3,000 and 5,000.

Returns from one fourth of the State show a Republican gain of 846 The Republicans claim the State by 3,000 to 4,000 majority.

### INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 4.—The day was cloudy and lowering with rain during the morning. A very heavy vote is being cast and the election up to one o'clock has been very quiet. There has been but two arrests so far for illegal voting, both on the complaint of supervisors. A few fist fights occurred in some wards, but nothing serious at this hour. The committees of both parties claim to be entirely satisfied with the outlook.

One hundred and forty voting places show a net Republican gain of 503. About eight per cent. of the vote is in, still the indications are that the State will be Democratic by 5,000.

### RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 4.—The city vote at noon is: Blaine, 3,627; Cleveland, 1,696; scattering, 226. The Blaine vote is 160 less than Garfield's at same hour and Cleveland's 461 more than Hancock's. In Newport at noon: Blaine, 815; Cleveland, 482; St. John, 75; Butler, 20; with indication of 300 Republican majority.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 4.—The city vote at 2 o'clock, one district excepted, shows a Republican loss of 287 from four years ago, and a Democratic gain of 433 over Hancock's vote at the same hour.

Following is the total vote of Providence: Blaine 6,278; Cleveland, 4,411; Butler, 21; St. John 25.

### CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Thirty-one precincts and wards in fifteen counties in California give Blaine 1,334: Cleveland, 1,136; against Garfield, 892; Hancock, 760.

Returns from twenty-one precincts in California give Republican Congressional candidates a majority in five districts out of six. The vote in all cases is slow.

Returns from 73 precincts indicate the Republicans will elect 31 Congressmen and the Democrats 3.

### MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 4.—Ninety precincts give Blaine 4,379; Cleveland, 10,927; Butler, 3,049; St. John, 3 186 There are 1,340 wards and precincts in Michigan. In 1880 the Republican majority was 18,994. Should the fusionists carry the State the Electoral vote will stand six for Cleveland, six for Butler and one for Blaine.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov 4.—The National and State Democratic committees are stated Tammany and the county Democracy were acting fairly and that a very large vote was being polled. Wm. R Grace is reported as running ahead of his ticket.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Betting in pool rooms is 100 to 70 on Cleveland carrying New York and 1,000 to 800 on Blaine being elected.

One hundred and ninety-seven districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 49,161; Blaine, 37,218; Butler, 1,511; St. John, 914. Eleven districts yet to hear from.

The vote in the city is very heavy. There is a great deal of scratching on city and county ticket. The result of the mayoralty contest is likely to be known late.

Seventy-seven election districts in Brooklyn out of a total of 208 show Cleveland's majority 11,135.

Fifty-five election districts out of 712 in New York give Blaine 5,648; Cleveland, 10,837; Butler, 181; St. John, 22.

One hundred and twenty-eight election districts in New York State outside of New York City and Brooklyn give Blaine 29,273; Cleveland, 25,574; Butler, 489; St. John, 1,534; a net Democratic gain of 2,688.

The New York *Tribune* says Blaine's majority in Nebraska is 25,000 and says Blaine has carried Buffalo by 1,100.

The *Sun* says Connecticut has gone Republican and Florida Democratic by 3,500; that Indiana has probably gone Republican and that it now looks as if New York was very much in doubt.

Returns from most of the Republican districts in the city of New York show gains for the Democratic national ticket, while returns from Democratic portions of the city show Democratic losses. Hewitt is undoubtedly elect to Congress from the Tenth District by 600 majority. In the Eleventh assembly district Garfield's majority of 15,326 is reduced to 222 In the Seventh assembly district Garfield's majority of 15,440 disappeared and Cleveland has a majority of 57. In the Sixteenth assembly district Hancock's majority of 3,309 is reduced to 2,700. Pulitzer is elected from the Ninth congressional district by an immense majority.

A little less than half the vote of the State outside of New York and Kings County gives Blaine a plurality of 38,076.

Grant is probably elected mayor and Tammany probably carries the balance of the city and county ticket.

Cleveland's majority in New York is 43,083. The vote for mayor is close. Returns are so meagre that it is impossible to say who is elected.

Eleven hundred and thirty-three districts outside of New York and Brooklyn give Blaine, 266,257; Cleveland, 226,538.

Eleven hundred and sixty-three districts outside of New York and Brooklyn give Blaine 274,102; Cleveland, 232,056; Butler, 7,466; St John, 14,463; a net Democratic gain of 8,966. The indications are that Blaine has carried New York State by 8,000 to 10,000 majority.

Outside of New York and Brooklyn 1,212 districts give Blaine 286 687; Cleveland, 242,696; Butler, 7,632; St. John, 15,007; a Democratic gain of 10,104.

The city complete gives Cleveland 14 majority, a Democratic loss of about 1,500. The County districts which will be in to-night may change this, but the Democrats claim the County by 100. Sunburn (Republican) for Congress is elected over Van Alstyne (Democrat) by about 1,000 majority.

Twelve hundred and twenty-seven districts outside of New York and Brooklyn give Blaine, 299,680; Cleveland 244,915.

The returns from three-fourths of the city show the vote for mayor so close that it is impossible to state the result. The probabilities are Grant is elected.

The Seventh Assembly district complete gives Blaine 4,882; Cleveland, 4,621; Butler, 111; St. John, 78. The Ninth Assembly district complete gives Blaine 4,566; Cleveland, 5,264; Butler, 154; St. John, 124.

### NEW JERSEY.

ASHBURY PARK, N. J., Nov. 4.—The election in this section of the State is proceeding quietly. An unusually heavy vote is being polled. There are indications of Republican gains in Monmouth county.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 4.—There is sudden trouble here Prosecutor Beasly has ordered the arrest of a number of Republicans and others on a charge of bribery. Among the number are said to be two very prominent persons. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of persons alleged to have sold their votes. Up to one o'clock a very large Republican vote had been polled. Democrats are apparently holding back.

The Democratic State Committee claim the State for Cleveland by 700. Livingston is probably elected Senator from Union county; a Democratic gain of 107.

Morris County gives an estimated majority for Blaine and Phelphs for Congress of 350 majority.

Returns from New Jersey are coming in very slow. Both sides claim the State, with the probabilities in favor of the Democrats.

Ten counties show a Republican gain of 342 in the heaviest counties.

Princeton gives Blaine 87 majority; Middlesex county close with chances in Blaine's favor.

Camden county gives Blaine 2,000 majority. The Democrats now claim the State by 2,000.

Partial returns from fourteen counties of 21 in New Jersey indicate a Democratic majority of about 3,000.

The Democrats claim the election of the entire ticket in Middlesex county. The Democratic majority in Sussex county is estimated at 1,200. The Republican majority in Essex county is 2,000; in Mercer county, 450

### DELAWARE.

Sussex county gives Cleveland 800 majority. The indications are that Delaware will give Cleveland 15,000 to 20,000.

### NEVADA.

Blaine's majority in the State will probably be 1,000. Cassidy (Dem.) elected to Congress by 800 majority.

### NEBRASKA.

Thirty-five precincts give Blaine 4,077; Cleveland, 2,248; Butler, 26; St. John, 88.

### MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—The Missouri State Democratic Committee claim the returns so far insure the election of the entire Congressional delegation.

### WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Five precincts in this city give Brannon, for Congress, 137 majority—a Democratic loss of 195 from the October election.

### OREGON.

PORTLAND, Nov. 4.—The vote of this city is only 200 less than in June. The Democrats concede the State by 500 and the Republicans claim it by 1,000.

### KANSAS.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—One ward in Emporia and two precincts in Lyon County, Kansas, gives a Republican gain of 110 over 1880.

### NEVADA.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nov. 4.—Gold Hill gives Blaine sixty-two majority

### PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—The election is progressing quietly. Reports from all sections of the city indicate an exceptionally large vote being polled. But little scratching on the electoral ticket is reported.

### IOWA.

One hundred and twenty-three townships give Blaine 15,153; Cleveland, 12,073; a net Republican gain of 484 At this rate of gain the majority of the Republicans will be 25,000.

### WISCONSIN.

LA CROSSE, Nov. 4—Two hundred and forty-seven townships and precincts give a net Democratic gain of 8 356.

Three hundred and twenty-nine townships and precincts give a net Democratic gain of 9,359.

### ILLINOIS.

Two hundred and forty-four precincts outside of Cook County show a net Democratic gain of 6155.

### FLORIDA.

KEY WEST, Fla., Nov. 4—Three precincts show Blaine 157; Cleveland, 512. Returns from strong Republican precincts will change the above to a Republican majority.

### TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 4.—General Wheeler claims his election to congress in the Eighth Alabama district by 500 to 1,000 majority.

### BULLETINS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The Presidential vote of Illinois will be compared with 1880, when Garfield carried the State by 40,716.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4., 7 p. m.—The indications are that Cleveland's majority in the city will be 35,000 to 40,000. A *Sun* bulletin says Cleveland will carry New York State.

6:50 p. m.—Twenty-five towns in Connecticut give Blaine, 5,734; Cleveland, 5,154; scattering, 384; Harrison, 5,633; Wallet, 5,216; scattering, 157. Representatives elected, Republicans, 23; Democrats, 10.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4—The total vote of the State of Missouri in 1880 was 397,221, of which the Democrats received for President, 28,690; Republicans, 153 567; Greenbackers, 35,045 For Governor, Democrats, 207,670; Republicans, 153,636; Greenbackers, 36,338. This year and entire national and state ticket is to be elected.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The *Herald* says both sides claim New Hampshire.

Thirty-three election districts outside of the city of New York and Brooklyn show a net Democratic gain of 1,079 votes. New York City will probably be about 22,200 Democratic majority. Considerable scratching is going on.

Two hundred and fifty-four districts outside of New York City and Brooklyn give Blaine 62,186; Cleveland, 52,009; Butler, 1,617; St. John 3,605. Net Democratic gain, 3,278.

The indications are that Cleveland and Wise will carry Richmond by 2,000 majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The *Mail and Express* says Robinson, (Rep.) Governor of Massachusetts, is reelected, and says Grant is elected Mayor of New York City by 10 000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4—*Herald* bulletin says both sides claim New Hampshire.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4—Ray County, Missouri, gives Graves (Dem.) for Congress 200 majority, and elects the entire Democratic county ticket.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 4.—Many negro votes were rejected for not being registered. It is estimated Cleveland's majority is 40,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4—A *Herald* bulletin says the returns from Massachusetts indicate the State in doubt. The plurality will not be more than 5,000 either way.

RALEIGH, N. C, Nov. 4.—The fifth ward in Raleigh gave Cleveland a majority of 1,471, a Democratic gain of 245 Returns from Ashville show an increase of 600 in the vote—a Democratic net gain of 300 over 1880.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4—At the October election there were 2,017 voting places in the State. We will compare the vote with the Garfield vote in 1880, when the majority was 34,227; also Robinson's vote in October, '84, when the Republican majority was 11,187. Seventeen wards and precincts show a net Republican gain of 268 over '84, and a net Democratic gain of 14 over 1880.

NEWARK, Nov. 4.—Two hundred and twenty-three districts out of 712 in this city give Blaine 32,479; Cleveland, 40,473; Butler, 1 034; St. John, 3,020. Cleveland's majority in the city will be between 40,000 and 45,000.

Forty-five wards and precincts in Ohio show a net Republican gain of 422 over '84 and net Democratic gain of 46 over '80.

The *Sun* says Cleveland has carried New York by 30,000 to 40,000.

Cleveland's majority in King's county is 20,000.

Blaine carried but one ward in New York City.

The *Times* bulletin says 298 election districts in the State gives Cleveland's majority 14,532.

Sixty towns in Massachusetts give Blaine 17,433; Cleveland, 10,578; Butler, 14,052.

The *World* claims the State for Cleveland by 60,000. The *Mail and Express* claims it for Blaine by 7,000.

Thirteen county precincts in Virginia show a net Democratic gain of 712 on the Massey-Wise contest of 83 when Wise's majority was less than 6,000.

The New York *Herald* says: Three hundred and eighty districts give Cleveland 18,658 majority. The present outlook gives him the State by 50,000 majority.

The indications are that fourteen Democratic congressmen are elected in Missouri, one possibly doubtful.

Marmaduke, Democrat, for Governor is elected by the usual Democratic majority.

Fourteen precincts of Illinois, outside of Cook county, show a net Democratic gain of 363.

Eighty-eight wards and precincts in Ohio show a net Republican gain of 916 over '84, and a Democratic gain of 310 over '80. Five precincts in Cincinnati show a net Republican gain of 153 over '84. Fourteen precincts in Columbus show a Republican gain of 233. The Republicans claim 5,000 majority in Hamilton county.

Two hundred and forty districts in Michigan, outside of the cities, give Blaine 2,854; Cleveland, 1,976; Butler, 1,312; St. John, 461; Alger, Republican, for Governor, 2,439; Begole (fusion) 2,565; Preston, (Pro.) 449; a net Democratic gain of 279.

Six voting places in Iowa show a Republican gain of 226. Returns are coming in very slow.

The indications are that Cleveland's majority in New York City as far as heard from will not exceed 30,000.

Three hundred and forty-eight districts out of 712 give Blaine, 46,[illegible]; Cleveland, 62,232; Butler, 1,505; St. John, 499.

The New York *Sun* says Cleveland has carried the State by 30,000 to 40,000 and King's county by 20,000.

Cleveland's majority in Georgia is estimated at 40,000.

In New York 310 districts outside of 1,996 give Blaine 78,202; Cleveland 64,674; Butler, 2,193; St. John, 4[illegible].

In Wisconsin 50 towns and precincts give a net Democratic gain of 1,300.

In Maryland, Queen Ann county, the Fifth district shows a Democratic majority of about 400. Indications for the county, 550 Democratic majority.

Weyconic county gives about [illegible] majority for Cleveland and about [illegible] majority for Gibson.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—The count of the city vote will be slow. There are three full local tickets in the field and sixty-eight names. Many votes were touched till the polls closed. Everything passed off quietly.

Forty towns in Maine give Blaine 17,714; Cleveland, 12,[illegible]; Butler, [illegible]; St. John, 532. Gain for Blaine, [illegible] 655 over '80.

Thirty townships in Wisconsin show a net Democratic gain of [illegible].

The New York *Mail and Express* says Cleveland's plurality in the city is about 40,000; in Kings County about 20,000. If these figures are correct Cleveland will carry the State by about 6,000.

In Minnesota it is impossible to make a comparison with the vote of '80, as the official lists were burned in the capitol in '82.

Returns from 28 precincts show a net Republican majority of 720.

In North Carolina the Democratic Electoral, Legislative and County tickets in Richmond and Montgomery Counties make gain. At Leaksville, Rockingham County, a Democratic gain of 36; at Morehead, Democratic gain of 40. Wilson precinct, Wilson county, gives a Democratic gain of 291. Two precincts in Beaufort County show a Democratic gain of 139. No Republican gain in any County yet heard from.

In Massachusetts 105 towns with five precints in Boston to hear from give Blaine, 42,841; Cleveland, [illegible]; Butler, 6,280; St. John 2,645.

Eighty-eight wards and precincts in Ohio show a net Republican gain of 916 over '84, and net Democratic gain of 310 over '80. Five precincts in Cincinnati show a net Republican gain of 253 over '84.

Fourteen precincts in Columbus show a net Republican gain of 233. The Republicans claim 5,000 in Hamilton county.

The *Herald* says Mue