Historical Society X

THE BUTTE DAILY MINER.

PUBLISHED BY THE

MINER PUBLISHING CO,

TERMS—BY MAIL,

One year (postage prepaid).....$12.00
Six months (postage prepaid)..... 7.00
Three months (postage prepaid)..... 4.00
Delivered by the Carrier at 35 cents a week, payable at end of each week.

Semi-Weekly Miner.

VOLUME 7. BUTTE MONTANA WEDNESDAY MAY 20 1885. WHOLE NO 640

THE SEMI-WEEKLY MINER

Published Every Wednesday and Saturday Morning.

—BY THE—

Miner Publishing Co.

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One copy one month..... $ .50
One copy six months..... 3.00
One copy twelve months..... 5.00
Delivered by carrier, 50 cents per month payable to the carrier each month.
Advertising rates will be furnished on application

A COUNT'S TEMPEST.

Count Vasali Creates a Sensation by Writing Scandalous Letters to The Paris Papers.

Gladstone, Hartington and Dilke Accused of Being Too Liberal in Their Affections.

LONDON, May 16.—The quarrel in the Cabinet over the advisability of renewing the Irish crime act came to a head this evening. A minority of the Ministers headed by Chamberlain, President of the Board of Trade, advocated the enactment of the act. This minority was finally overborne and the Government has decided to propose a renewal for two years of the act in a modified form. The Parnellites are this evening indignant at the Government for this decision. They have privately warned the Ministers to the effect that any attempt to renew the act, even in a greatly mitigated form, will result in the throwing of the influence of the Home Rule vote in the English constituencies with the opposition.

Ministerial arrangements have been made to bring the present Parliamentary session to a close by the middle of July at the farthest. In all likelihood its intention will be thwarted by the determination of Parnall's followers to resist the passage of a renewal of the bill. Parnell is a master of parliamentary tactics, and if the renewal of the bill shall be objectionable to his party, there can be no doubt that he will so obstruct its passage as to prolong the session uncomfortably. He may be able to extend the session for several weeks and then tire out the Government.

GLADSTONE'S PROMISES

to give Ireland certain schemes for the extension of local self government and to facilitate land purchases in Ireland have failed to soften the Irish opposition to his policy concerning the Irish Crimes Act. They will accept nothing short of an abandonment of the whole crimes bill. The approach of the general election campaign is bringing forward unexpected political strength among the British workingmen. The latter are concentrating everywhere upon labor candidates for Parliamentary seats. This is noticeable particularly in many of the larger boroughs, such, for instance, as Glasgow, Newcastle and other centers of manufacturing industry. The workingmen in these places are engaged in the work of raising subscriptions for the purpose of sending

WORKINGMEN TO PARLIAMENT.

There can be hardly any doubt that the reason why there are at present so few representatives of poor men in the British Parliament to-day lies in the fact that no man with a secured livelihood can afford to accept an unsalaried Parliamentary seat and few labor constituencies can afford to pay salaries by subscriptions. If the members were to-day salaried like American Congressmen, the House of Commons would soon be revolutionized in its character. Joseph Arch, the agricultural candidate has consented to contest the constituency of West Norfolk, and is supported in his determination by the Liberal leaders. There is a movement organized in Parnell lines to raise a number of workmen to the Magisterial bench in Lancanshire. and Yorkshire, and several members of trades' associations have already been offered magisterial appointments. Parliamentary circles are greatly excited over the attacks on

THE CHARACTER OF MR. GLADSTONE,

Sir Charles Dilke, Colonial Secretary, and the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of War, made in letters sent to the Paris *Nouvelle Revue* by Count Paul Vasali. The advance sheets of the letters have been supplied to a number of English papers, and the Count's letters give a number of scandals against the three gentlemen named. Some of these scandals are old, but many of them are new. It will perhaps be news to most American readers that Gladstone is vulnerable to gossip, especially gossip concerning women; but Count Vasali refers circumstantially to the Premier as having been engaged in a not very creditable intrigue with a loving woman described as "Laura B." who is known to many, and is described in the Count's letter as a woman who has contracted some very respectable debts in Paris society, which is "the only thing about her," says Vasali, "which can be called respectable." The Count, in that part of his literature in which he associates the name of the British Premier with that of "Laura B" declares that the beauty named had occasion to send her portrait to her old admirer, and Mrs. Gladstone, who jealously watches over the whims and fancies of her husband,

SENT THE PORTRAIT BACK.

Concerning the same subject Count Paul Vasali says among other things: "I cannot tell you whether the relations of the grand old man with Mrs. Langtry have ever really stepped beyond the bounds of a certain sentimentalism, but I can tell you he has not ceased to pay his court to that woman. He has a passion for *billet doux*, and even from his seat in Parliament he sends notes to one of his beautiful assistants, which are often handed to discreet messengers under the eyes of Mrs. Gladstone and are suppressed." Commenting upon the rumors about Gladstone's alleged relations with Mme. Novidoff, the editor of *Nouvelle Revue*, which is publishing Count Vasali's letters declares, as a friend of this lady, that the reports are false. He adds, however, that he cannot affirm that a woman of such intelligence as that possessed by Mme. Novedoff is not flattered by the sentiments with which she inspires Gladstone, but he denies that he has ever responded with even a shadow of flirtetion. Count Vasali refers to Lord Hartington's alleged long connection with a celebrated duchess. The Count says the Marquis does not attempt to please any other woman. "She governs him entirely," the Count says, "and is discreet enough to respect the proprieties of society, which, thankful for this concession, closes its eyes." Equally unscrupulous is Vasali's reference to Sir Charles Dilke, "an advocate for cremation." The Count says: "He had his young wife cremated; and another woman, now alive, makes him glow with a gentle flame. Fair, intelligent, distinguished and the friend of Sir Charles, she is not as grand a lady as the friend of the Marquis of Hartington, but she still takes him away from the vulgar like being married. She will break the ties which enchain her to share the life which she has conquered. It is rumored that steps have been taken to suppress the publication of Vasali's letters in the English papers.

THE SQUABBLE ON HERAT.

The British Government to-day issued diplomatic papers which state that her Majesty's Government will be compelled to regard as a hostile act any movement of the Russians towards Herat. On the other hand it is announced that Russia has spontaneously disclaimed any menacing intention in regard to Herat. The British Government is, therefore, favorably inclined to consider that the question at issue between England and Russia has reached a settlement satisfactorily to both countries. The documents submitted to Parliament to-day cover the Anglo-Russian dispute up to the time of the Penjdeh incident and show the aggression on the part of the Russian Government upon the Ameer's territory, of which Herat is the salient point.

From St. Petersburg comes the news that the Russian Government has decided upon Russianizing the German provinces along the Baltic. To accomplish this the Czar has issued an ukase that hereafter the Russian language shall be taught in all the schools in these provinces and shall entirely replace the German language now being taught in these schools. A similar edict has been issued in Warsaw in the *Morning Journal*. This edict makes the Russian language the only elementary language to be taught throughout Russian Poland.

It is announced that as soon as the Anglo-Russian difficulty is settled the Czarina will visit the Princess of Wales in London.

IN DEMAND.

The rush for the Press and for authentic copies of the Revised Old Testament is unprecedented in England. The *Pall Mall Gazette* states this evening that the London correspondent of a certain New York newspaper offered $500 for simply an advance copy of the Revised Old Testament at one of the University publishing houses. The officers having the printing in charge were obdurate in refusing the correspondent's request. The correspondent of the *Gazette* says he was authorized by his paper to spend $2,500 in telegraphing the main features of the new version. The first orders for the issue of the revision amounted to 100,000.

ASIATIC NEWS.

China and Japan Amicably Settle Their Difficulties.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16.—Associated Press advices from Tokio, Japan, state that the negotiations between Japan and China, regarding the Corean difficulty, have been amicably concluded. The convention has been signed at Tientsin as follows:

First—China and Japan to withdraw their troops from Corea and neither to send any soldiers there again, without giving previous notice to the other.

Second—The Chinese commanders who led the attack on the Japanese Minister and his body-guard, at Seoul, to be publicly reprimanded.

Third—The Chinese Government to immediately investigate the charges against the Chinese soldiers who killed a private Japanese, and to punish all persons found guilty, as well as to remunerate the families and relatives of the murdered and injured persons.

The result is viewed as a peaceful triumph for Japan.

The discount on paper currency of 15 per cent. has dropped to 4½ per cent.

The occupation of Port Hamilton, Corea, by the English, causes great embarrassment to the Japanese Government. Japan will not allow it to pass without a protest, believing her territory to be in danger, in the event of war between England and Russia.

The Americans in Tokio and Yokohama intend to give Mr. Bingham, the United States Minister to Japan, a public dinner, as a mark of their esteem and their appreciation of his service. Some testimonial, which has not been determined upon, will be presented to him at the same time.

FLEET FLYERS.

The Programmes on the Eastern Race Courses.

LOUISVILLE, May 16—The races were well attended. The weather was fine and the track excellent. Three quarters of a mile for two-year-old fillies, Hattie D. and Katrina ran a dead heat for the first place; Alfretta second; time, 1:18. One mile, Boreas claimed a foul at the finish, but Belle B. was given the race, Boreas second, King Troubler third; time, 1:44¾. A mile and a half for three-year-old fillies, Lizzie Dwyer won, Consternation second, Exile third; time, 2:40¾. Ida Hope broke a blood vessel at the half-mile post and broke down, coming in covered with blood. A mile and a quarter, Troubadour won, Buchanan second, Leopold third; time, 2:08¾. One mile, Banana won, Mary Hamilton second, Ultimatum third; time, 1:44.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Mr. Lowell, after visiting the Queen at Windsor Castle, and bidding her farewell, returned yesterday morning to meet and welcome his successor, Mr. Phelps.

The Shanghai *Mercury* says that on the departure of John Russell Young, the American Minister to China, Mr. Smithers, late Consul at Chinkiang, will act as *charge d'affaires*.

A Madrid dispatch yesterday says that over 4,700 persons have been inoculated with cholera micrabes by Dr. Ferran in the province of Valencia as a preventative of the disease. The new system is said to be entirely successful and the epidemic is disappearing.

Vegetation in sections of Georgia is suffering for the wont of rain.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Unaccountable Behavior of Two of the State's Employes.

SACRAMENTO, May 15.—On the morning of May 1st, between 6 and 7 o'clock, John M. Hotz, who with his family occupies rooms in the Grand Hotel, was aroused by a knock at his door. He opened it and was confronted by a well-dressed young man who said he was looking for a young lady. Hotz replied that the man had made a mistake; that the room was occupied by himself and his wife and child. The stranger insisted, however, that he was at the right room, and that there was a young lady whom he desired to see, and he finally applied a vile epithet to Hotz. A scuffle ensued and the young man was driven down stairs. Hotz closed the door and in a few minutes heard another knock. He again opened the door and there stood his antagonist, together with another man. They immediately seized Hotz and began choking and beating him. They fought him all around two of the rooms, upsetting several articles of furniture, and one of them seized a hatchet and dealt Hotz a blow on the head, inflicting a severe cut. The blow felled Hotz to the floor and his assailants fell upon him, continuing to shower blows on the prostrate man. Mrs. Hotz ordered the man to desist, but he refused to do so, and she at last seized a pistol, placed it to his head and informed him that unless he allowed her husband to rise she would pull the trigger. This frightened the men and they ran down stairs, leaped into a hack in which there were two women and were driven rapidly away. Afterwards it was developed that the men who made the assault were Lee Brown and Thomas Egan, both of whom are employed in the office of the Secretary of State. Their names were published here, and a statement made that the affair had been hushed up for money. This publication aroused Hotz to action, and this afternoon he swore out warrants charging Brown and Eagan with assault to murder. Brown is a Sacramento boy and Eagan came here from San Francisco Both were released on bail.

TEXAS PLEASANTRIES

A Mob Releases Forty Convict Laborers in Brazos County.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—An Austin, Texas, special says: This forenoon Governor Ireland received a telegram from Major Iodee, superintendent of the Texas Penitentiary, giving information of the most daring and successful outrage ever committed in Texas. Forty State convicts were employed on Clay's farm, in Brazos county. Last evening, when work was stopped a great mob of armed men surrounded the guards and prisoners, and demanded the release of the latter. The guards refused. There upon a fight ensued, in which the convicts joined forces with the mob. The conflict was a terrible one and resulted in a victory for the attacking party, who disappeared with the convicts. There is no definite information as to whether there were any killed and wounded, but it is reported that several men were fatally wounded. The outrage is due to the hue and cry against the employment of convict labor from the Penitentiary. The Governor has offered a reward of $200 for the conviction of any of the leaders in the outrage.

THE GIBBET.

Hangman's Day Shows Two More Cases of Justice Appeased.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—John Langster, a negro, ex-lunatic, thief and murderer, was hanged in the corridor of the city jail at 9 o'clock this morning.

HUNTER'S POINT, L. I., May 15.—Charles Henry Rugg, the negro who murdered old Mrs. Lydia Mayhee and her daughter Mary, at Oyster Bay, Long Island, nearly two years ago, was hanged in the jail here at 7:45 this morning. He died without a struggle.

Drugged to Death.

LOS ANGELES, May 16.—News reached this city to-day that Kate Hartwell was found dying in her bed at Azua, Saturday morning. There was evidence to show that she was assaulted and drugged to death and the house robbed. The day before she had been to Puente and had drawn $100. A young stranger got her to let him ride home with her. He knew of her money, which is now gone, with $200 more which she had in the house. Her husband John E., is a conductor on the Southern Pacific construction train and was absent at the time. Justice of the Peace Shelton held an inquest and decided that death resulted from natural causes, but it is generally believed that there has been foul play. The body will be disinterred and a regular inquest held.

A Non-Materialized Reporter.

STOCKTON, May 16.—This evening Elsie Reynolds, the fraudulent medium, gave a materializing circle here. After various materializations a representative of the *Independent* jumped over the inner circle of the believers and grabbed the spirit, who proved to be Elsie Reynolds. A fight followed, in which the disturbers knocked out the spiritualists. Elsie attempted to kiss the reporter and begged for mercy. All the money was refunded. One lady visitor went into hysterics. The furniture was broken and the room generally was damaged. In the cabinet were found masks, white robes and other paraphernalia, which had been concealed under Elsie's dress on entering the cabinet.

Want to Have a Good Time.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—A call has been issued for a reunion and encampment of organizations of soldiers of the United States, to take place at Gairmont Park, Philadelphia, from June 28th to July 27th. It is proposed that citizens and soldiers from the several States and United States regulars, to aggregate a maximum limit of 10,000 men of all arms, shall go into camp and be under command of a regular army officer with a well selected staff. It is also proposed to celebrate the Fourth of July extensively, and the President and Cabinet and the presiding officers of Congress are expected to attend.

A. O. U. W.

Coming Session of the Order to be Held in Butte.

Tuesday next the Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W. for the Jurisdiction of Nevada, will meet in this city, at Odd Fellows' Hall, and the session will continue about three days. The following is a list of the Grand Officers and Delegates as far as heard from:

GRAND OFFICERS.

E. N. Robinson, Nevada.
J. W. Kinsley, Montana.
William M. Bullard, Montana.
J. C. Harlow, Nevada.
D. Thorburn, Nevada.
James Sullivan, Montana.
F. H. Jones, Wyoming.
W. A. Mensch, Idaho.
G. L. Harding, Utah.
J. R. Shaw, Nevada.

NEVADA DELEGATES.

J. Schanlanker,	J. F. Gladding,
A. G. Cowan,	Benjamin Robinson,
P. J. Dunne,	D. R. Culp,
C. F. Sharp,	W. D. Wagar,
C. Dawson,	W. H. M. Cobt,
Thomas E. Haley,	C. J. Crowley,
L. A. Joy,	J. E. Earley.
W. J. Bonnifield,	J. R. Williamson,
J. H. McMillan,	W. T. Hook,
G. A. Krenkel,	O. B. Vincent,
C. A. La rave,	J. A. Miller,
A. F. Angell,	J. L. Stoner,
James Bagnall,	C. J. Currier,
H. L. Fish,	A. B. Bragg.

UTAH DELEGATES.

Thomas Cupit,	J. D. Camachan,
J. M. Edwards,	J. E. Beveridge,
John Strickley,	J. E. Berkeley.
A. C. Wilson,	Julius Jordan,
Robert C. Lund,	George L. Harding,
E. C. Mathews,	John Barraclough,
Benjamin Buckman,	A. G. Sutherland,
J. M. Whytock,	T. J. Johnason,
N. W. King,	S. H. Cave.

WYOMING DELEGATES.

Robert Smith,	Hugh Donzelman.

IDAHO DELEGATES.

Thomas Bell,	N. J. Brown,
T. E. Clohecy,	T. W. Gillette,
Charles Himrod,	J. L. Onderdonk,
P. A. McPhee	J. H. Harris,
W. B. Johnson,	J. O. Baker,
A. L. Simondi,	W. L. Hoyt,
H. W. Denton,	Isidor Schmidt,
R. J. Monroe,	J. D. McConkey,
J. H. Forney,	Dr. Kirkwood,
W. T. McKeue,	Willis Sweet.

MONTANA DELEGATES.

J. P. Smith,	A. Logan,
George Pascoe,	Ross Clark,
Green Majors,	Thomas Marshall.

Tuesday evening an entertainment will be given the members of the Grand Lodge, at the Granite street Pavilion, by Butte Lodge, No. 1, and Silver Bow Lodge, No. 11, with the following

PROGRAMME:

Quartette: "Take Care, Beware."—Bartholomew.
Mesdames Diven and Kennicutt, Messrs. Jackson and Hamblin.
Address of Welcome.
Dr. G. B. Sarchet, G. M. Ex.
Response by J. W. Kinsley, G. M. W.
Solo: "When the Flowing Tide Comes In."—Millard.
G. W. Jackson.
Poem by John W. Eddy, Grand Lecturer.
Duet: "Moonlight on the Rhine."—Neuland.
Mrs. Sarchet and Miss Lurton.
Miscellaneous Speaking.
Solo: "Good Night, My Child."—Abt.
(Gute Nacht, du mein Herzig s Kind)
G. R. Fisher.
Solo; "Jeannette's Choice."—Claribel.
Mrs. Diven.
Quartette: "Good Night, Good Night, Beloved,"—Pinsu i.

Never stand at the foot of a sick bed and survey the patient. All figures loom large to fevered eyes, and by the side of the bed are only partially seen, and do not annoy with the sense of too much presence. Do not open the door very slowly, for then the attention is strained, speculating as to who the next comer can possibly be after all this preparation and with such cautious approach. Low but clear tones, quiet but sure movements, and rapid rather than slow, are great relief to any patient who is blessed with a practical nurse. Whispering is torture. Silence is best until you can discuss matters in another room; but if you speak, speak out, and make no mysteries about anything. In severe illness the nurse must watch her patient steadily, but not seem to be looking. In convalescence it frequently soothes the invalid to have the nurse seated at the window apparently looking out. This frees the faculties from the tension that the sense of being watched usually gives.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

It is a very interesting study to observe the effects of high cutting speed in saws and moulding machines, but it must be very mysterious to the observers who advocate that it is not the teeth that saw, but the air that is confined within the spaces when driven at a great velocity. It makes a very pleasant theory and gives the disbeliever a chance to disprove it. The circular saw when in motion gathers a quanty of air between each tooth and completely protects them as it plated with steel, and will glide through the hardest oak cutting a clean skerf, the particles of air serving as a cutting edge, but it has not been explained why the saw needs filing. It would seem, according to this theory, that all that would be needed would be to let the saw rest a moment and give it a chance to ventilate itself and get a new supply of fresh air within its teeth; or perhaps this gaseous fluid works both ways, since action and reaction are equal, and removes the edge on the sawtooth, leaving the impression that it is the salicious impurities in the timber that wears away the teeth.

Powdered asbestos can be used advantageously for making an enamel or coating for walls, pipes, etc. The powder is mixed with soluble salts, such as silicate of potash, and mineral or other colors which combine with silicic acid, so as to form a product which resists the action of oxygen, heat, cold, or damp. The coating furnishes a refractory glaze which protects the material it is applied to, whether wood, gas or water pipes, and stone or brick buildings. When applied to masonry or wood, the surface of these is first washed with soap and water. In preparing the enamel the refuse asbestos only need be employed. It is also proposed to apply the coating to boilers, in order to protect the plates against a too intense fire.

Got His Just Deserts.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Juror Harvey M. Munsell, who visited the office of O'Donovan Rossa during the trial of Short for stabbing Captain Phelan, was adjudged guilty of contempt of court and sentenced to thirty days in jail and fined $250.

Unwholesome Ice Cream.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 14.—About 100 persons were to-day poisoned at a picnic at Talluth Falls through a chemical change made in the ice cream freezers. All are recovering.

THE BURSTED BUBBLE.

Louis Riel Captured by General Middleton's Scouts and Safely Taken Into The Government's Camp.

He Passes His Time in Prayer and Will Endeavor to Escape on The Insanity Dodge.

ST. PAUL, May 16.—An *Evening Dispatch's* special from Gaurdepuy's Crossing, via Clark's Crossing, May 15th, says: The report that Riel has been captured is confirmed, but he has not arrived yet. Many rebels are giving up arms, and the rebellion has been entirely ended. Dill, Thomas and Armstrong, three scouts,

CAPTURED RIEL AT NOON.

He was on the road, three miles north of Batouche, and was in company with three young men, all of whom were armed. He appeared unconcerned. Dill said to him, "I am surprised to see you here." Riel said, "I was coming to give myself up." He said his wife and family were across the river. While talking to him Boulton's scouts were seen coming up, and Riel, becoming afraid of being shot, begged his captors to take him into the camp themselves. Accordingly Diehl went off for his horse, but when a little distance away Boulton's scouts got close and Thomas and Armstrong took Riel on one of their horses, and taking unfrequented roads will bring Riel into camp this afternoon. Gen. Middleton gave orders that the men should keep in their tents when Riel comes in, as he is afraid that some personal enemy of Riel will shoot him, many having sworn to shoot him at sight.

RIEL SAFE.

GUARDEPUY'S CROSSING, May 16.—Riel was brought in at 2:30 this afternoon. No demonstration was made. He walked quietly to the General's tent. Riel said he stayed on Tuesday and Wednesday nights in the bluffs one and one-half miles north of Batouche. He wished for trial, and asked Armstrong if he would get a civil or military trial. He said his wife and family were with the half-breed women near by. Riel appears care worn and haggard. He has let his hair grow long and is dressed in poorer clothes than ever. With the look of a hunted man, he evidently is the most frightened man in camp and in constant fear of violence at the hands of the soldiers. There is no danger of any such violence.

WHAT MIDDLETON SAYS.

OTTAWA, May 15.—In the Commons to-day the Minister of Militia read a report of the battle of Batouche, received from General Middleton, who thus closes: 'I cannot, of course, be certain, but I am inclined to think a complete smash-up of the rebels has pretty well broken the back of the rebellion. At any rate it will, I trust, have dispelled the idea that the half-breeds and Indians can withstand an attack of resolute whites properly led, and will tend to remove the unaccountable scare that seems to have entered the minds of so many at the Northwest as regards the prowess and powers to fight of the Indians and half-breeds. There is not a sign of the enemy on either side of the river for miles."

PRAYERS WILL NOT SAVE HIM

Riel, while riding into camp, expressed himself to his captors as follows: "I do not think this trouble will be without result, as the complaints of the farmers will now be regarded with some degree of attention." When told that his books and papers had been captured he said: "I am glad; this will show I am not the actual leader of the rebellion. I have been encouraged by people of good standing at and around Prince Albert, who invited me over from Montana." He asked if they would give him a fair trial—civil or martial. Armstrong told him he would be tried by court martial law and Riel drew a long breath, but said nothing. He spoke again of not being the head man in the rebellion, and then commenced praying and made the sign of the cross. He asked whether his family would be blown up with a Gatling gun, and then said he did not want to be selfish and hoped that none of the half-breeds would suffer. He then commenced praying again. In appearance Riel is now like a common half-breed, and looks very dilapidated. He spends most of his time in talking in a wandering manner and praying. A band of Indians coming in from the West to-day to help Riel, were met by the half-breeds, who told them the war was over. Some of the prisoners were placed on board the boat to-day. In parting from their families there were many pitiful scences of women crying and holding up babies for their fathers to kiss.

THE OLD PLEA.

WINNIPEG, May 16.—The general opinion here is an attempt is being made to get Riel off on a plea of insanity. Stories have been freely floating about regarding his unsoundness of mind. There is always a chance, however, that a bullet from a volunteer's or scout's rifle will find him. The Dominion Government is said to be much embarrassed by his capture.

Two Large Fires.

OSCEOLA, Mich., May 16.—Seven million feet of lumber belonging to the Potts-Busable Company burned to-night. The fire is still raging loss already, $150,000; no insurance.

NASHVILLE, May 16.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out in the yards of the Cumberland Lumber Company. The contents were entirely destroyed; also the New Era Flour Mill. One of the city engines caught fire and has been abandoned. The fire is beyond the control of the firemen and the neighboring houses are threatened.

Horses for Oregon.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The steamer "Denmark" arrived to-day from London, and has on board 109 blooded horses, which will be shipped to Oregon. They belong to Mr. Hewitt.

Unlawful Cohabitation.

SALT LAKE, May 16.—Job Pingree was arrested to-day at Ogden, for unlawful cohabitation, and was held by the Commissioner in $1,500 bonds.

Phelps Shows Up.

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., May 15.—E. J. Phelps, the new United States Minister to England, arrived here this afternoon.

The directors of the Isle of Wight steam packet placed a steamer at the disposal of the reception party to convey Mr. Phelps from the Elbe to the shore. At the landing Phelps was welcomed by the Mayor and municipal authorities of Southampton and members of the Chamber of Commerce. Several speeches were made, expressing joy at his arrival. In reply Mr. Phelps cordially thanked them for the kind and unexpected reception, adding, "Nothing could have introduced me more pleasantly to your beautiful country. I have enjoyed the sight of it for the past two days, while passing along the Southern coast. I never had the pleasure of seeing it before. I assure you I come to England hoping and trusting most sincerely that I may be instrumental in promoting and continuing in a very small way, the cordial, kindly and generous relations so long existing and which I hope will always exist between you and your kinsmen in the great West." Mr. Phelps and his wife then visited the principal places of interest in the town. They declined an offer of a special train, and proceeded to London in the evening on the regular express train.

Fearful Fire.

OWATONNA, Minn., May 15.—Henry Lewiston's house caught fire last night. The family, consisting of himself, his wife, seven children and a hired man, were sleeping at the time in the second story. Lewiston and his wife, awakened by the glare, rushed down stairs, the woman carrying the youngest child in her arms. Another child, aged 10 years, and the hired man, followed. When Lewiston opened the door the flames burst in, nearly overpowering him and burning off his hair and beard. The hired man succeeded in breaking out a window, through which they escaped, but not before Mrs. Lewiston was severely burned. Lewiston made frantic efforts to reach his little daughter and four sons, who were still asleep up stairs, but they all perished in the flames.

More Chiu Music.

PARIS, May 16.—The *Gaulois* states that DeFreycinet, the French Foreign Minister, in conjunction with Bismarck, will bring pressure to bear upon the English Government for the settlement of the question of the neutrality of the Suez Canal. The Egyptian loan convention, the *Gaulois* says, will not be submitted to either the French or German Parliaments until England assents to the appointment of a permanent commission for the surveillance of the canal.

A Heavy Load.

NEW YORK, May 16.—William H. Vanderbilt, accompanied by his son, George W. Vanderbilt, and Dr. J. W. McLane, sailed for Europe this morning. Mr. Vanderbilt said he expected to be home again in three weeks from to-day. He is taking the voyage for his health, and says he has no business purpose in view.

Emma Nevada, the songstress, accompanied by Drs. Nixon and Palmer, sailed for England this morning.

The Evacuation.

SUAKIM, May 16.—General Graham embarked to day for England. A number of other officers have left during the week.

Snowden Wins on the Foot.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Snowden won the roller skating match, scoring 1,168 miles in the six days.

CONDENSED DOMESTIC NEWS.

Fourteen policemen are employed in Jacksonville, Fla., and the people complain that there are too many of them.

Reports from different sections of California state that the honey crop will not be more than 50 per cent of an average yield.

In one case in a Thomas, Ga., court, the value of the article stolen was $2.50, while the cost of the trial, etc., to the county was about $100.

Frederick B. Dunton, the defaulting Lincolnville, Me., Postmaster, has been sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and to eight months' imprisonment.

The Vermont State prison contains six persons serving life sentences for murder. Three others are serving ten, twelve and eighteen year sentences for manslaughter.

An Essex, Mass., burglar who was recently disturbed at his operations, made his escape on a bicycle which he had provided at a convenient point for just such an emergency.

A fire engine company at Fairhaven, Mass., recently stopped to elect a foreman *pro tem* in the street close to a burning building before putting a stream upon the flames.

General Sheridan and wife left Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday on the noon train for the east. Both the General and wife are still considerably bruised, but are able to move about without difficulty.

In the erection of new buildings last year Chicago is credited with having spent more money than any other Western city, Minneapolis ranking second, St. Paul third and St. Louis fourth.

A cluster diamond ring valued at $900, which was lost nine years ago by a resident of Nassau, N.Y., was found a few days ago by her gardener, in a vegetable patch upon which he was working.

An ancient relic, in the shape of a stone plow, was unearthed on a vacant lot in Little Falls, N.Y., a few days ago. The plow, which is worn considerably, is similar to the ones now in general use.

The catch of herring on the Lower Rappahannock river in Virginia has been so large this spring that the owners of weirs have been throwing the fish back into the river, it not paying to ship them to market.

A Spaniard named Phillips, butcher at Poplar Creek Agency, Montana, recently lost one of his children by death, and as a sacrifice cut off his left forefiner, besides killing a fine mare and a three-year old steer on the grave of his child.

Detroit has a discriminating Police Justice. A criminal who was supposed to have painted a landscape picture found in his possession was given ninety days, but when it was found he had stolen it the Judge reduced the sentence to thirty days.

THE WAGES OF SIN.

Sarah Indig Killed in a Duel Between W. A. Somerset and A. Daniels.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* gives the following details of an awful crime enacted in that city on Sunday last:

About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Sarah Indig, aged 22, and William A. Somerset, were both shot by the woman's paramour, Augustin Daniels, *alias* William Willetts. Somerset is a youth of hoodlum tendencies, who is said to have recently supplanted Daniels in the girl's affections. The affair occured on Kearny street, between California and Sacramento. Both men drew their revolvers almost simultaneously. A bullet passed near the heart of the woman and she died in a few minutes. Two bullets struck Somerset. One of them pierced the right breast near the shoulder, struck a rib and glanced around, lodging under the skin in the back. The other bullet entered the left forearm, and, passing upward, lodged in the muscle. Daniels was charged with murder. Before being locked up he expressed a desire to see the woman, and was taken into the hospital where he cried bitterly. He talked freely about the cause of the tragedy. He first met the deceased woman in the early part of 1883, when she lived with a married sister corner of Twenty-ninth and Mission streets. He was a machinist. They fell in love, and, in spite of the objections of friends, in six months they ran off together to Los Angeles. There Daniels ran an express wagon. Three months ago Somerset made his appearance and became intimate with Daniels and his mistress, especially with the latter. Last week they fled together, arriving here Thursday. They took with them about $700 of Daniels' money. He followed them on the next train. He searched for his former mistress, and found her in a house on Sacramento street. He saw her yesterday and importuned her to return to him. They took a walk together, met Somerset, and the tragedy resulted. There were five shots in all, three from Daniel's weapon and two from Somerset's, neither of the latter, however, taking effect. Daniels maintains that the killing of the woman was purely accidental, and this theory is generally believed by the police. Daniels' story of the shooting is that he tried to persuade Somerset to let the girl alone and not trouble them in the future, his last words being: "You have got everything—the girl and the money, too; take the money, but give me the girl." To this Somerset replied, angrily, and at once fired. Daniels then drew his pistol, a small American bulldog, and opened fire also, discharging three shots, meanwhile gradually retreating across Kearny street. The girl ran between them, but finding that she could do nothing to prevent a continuance of the shooting, attempted, but in vain, to get out of the way of the rapidly fired shots.

HELENA'S SENSATION.

Edward Rehberg Marries the Woman He Seduced.

From the Helena Independent.

Edward Rehberg, charged by Louise Ruechel with seduction, was brought before Judge Davis yesterday morning and plead guilty to the charge, acknowledging himself to be the father of the plaintiff's child. The woman not being able to speak English, Ben Metzgar was sworn in as interpreter. The woman claimed that she had been stopping at the ranch of Rehberg for about a year, and that on or about March 1st he drove her away by mistreatment. When asked how she wanted to settle the matter, she said she wanted Rehberg to marry her. Rehberg said "All right," and after his giving a bond to the county of Lewis and Clarke in the sum of $500, as a guarantee that he would support the child, and giving a mortgage upon his ranch for $1,000 to Louise, as security for his love and protection henceforth and forevermore, and the female promising to love, honor and obey the ranchman, Judge Davis united them in the holy bonds of matrimony. Thus ended the sensation spoken of in Sunday's *Independent*.

The Czar Alexander is said to be very susceptible to flattery. They tell him that he is destined by history to stand in the places once occupied by the rulers of Europe and Asia. Herat is believed to have been founded by Alexander the Great. Timour, the great Khan of the Tartars, from his throne in Samarcand ruled more than half the world. The renowned Caliph Harounal-Raschid had under him the Turcomans, now the subjects of the Czar, and his tomb is in Khorassan, near the Russian frontier. Since 1868 Samarcand has belonged to Russia. As to Herat and Northern Khorassan, the courtiers say, they are at the Czar's command. The Russian courtiers believe that the great Russian must beat the great Tartar, the great Greek and the great Arab. However, the Czar's cornation at Samarcand will be postponed until the diplomats and Generals of Russia have beaten those of England. —*St. Petersburg Corr. N. Y. Sun.*

Held Up.

The road agents have not all left the country yet. Last week they were up to their old tricks again and held up the Rathdrum stage near Cœur d'Alene City. The Missoula *Times* concludes its account of the affair as follows: "A passenger named Henry Halton and two Chinamen were relieved of what valuables they had, save a wallet containing $80, which one of the Chinamen dropped in the road and afterwards recovered. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box was broken open, but contained little of value Another team in the rear of the stage, driven by H Rose, and having aboard four passengers, was then robbed. Mr. Rose kindly gave them $3, E. A. Gamble assisted them to the extent of $60, W. L. Abbott gave a watch, and the other two passengers contributed one watch and about $30. The robbers were still at large at last accounts."

In a recent contest of telegraphers 500 words, with punctuation marks, involving 2,368 movements, were sent by the successful competitor in ten minutes and thirty-three seconds. This is an average of nearly four movements each second, and is probably the most rapid telegraphing on record.

THE WATER WAR.

An Old Timer Asks for a Suspension of Public Feeling.

To the MINER.

STUART, Montana, May 15, 1885.

In your issue of the 13th ultimo there appeared an article entitled "Water War," in which it is claimed that the alleged mines of German have never been worked to an alarming extent, etc. Allow me, as an old miner and resident of that gulch, to state that the gulch was discovered on the 5th day of September, 1864; that it has been successfully worked ever since, and several million dollars in gold has been taken out, and sown broadcast over the Territory; that the ground over which the imbroglio has happened has cost the present owners and others many thousands of dollars; that the waters of the gulch and its tributary have been in constant use for over twenty years; that it has never been abandoned, but has often changed hands, and that some of the best men in the Territory have spent the flower of their lives in digging and delving for the glittering dross in the gulch. Among them can be found some of the best men of Butte, such as Lee W. Foster, Thomas C. Porter, Joseph Ramsdell, George W. Newkirk, Dennis Leary, George W. Beal, George Fitchen, William Dougherty, Dennis Driscoll, of Walkerville, Dudden and Chris. Nissler, of Silver Bow, the late John Hauswirth, W.A. Hensley, W. S. McClurg, B. H. Notestein, and W. H. R. Edwards, of the valley, and in fact, years before the flume party ever heard of the gulch or Montana it was utilized, and certainly those who have had undisputed usage of the ground and water for a score of years cannot help but think that it is theirs, and that their rights should be respected, and hope that public opinion will at least rest until the question may be decided by the competent authorities, and not think that those who are protecting their rights are criminals, as, peradventure, the wrongs are perpetrated by the arresting parties.

Respectfully,
W. H. R. EDWARDS.

Changed Her Mind.

The London correspondent of the Hartford *Times*, tells the following story: "Appropos of singers, I should like to relate an anecdote which, I am pretty sure, has never seen the light before. In 1864 a lady friend of mine in Paris, engaged a Swedish governess for her children. The salary was agreed upon, and a fortnight later the young lady was to commence her duties. The fortnight passed and the governess did not make her appearance. Great was the surprise of my friend, a few days later, to see by the bill of the Theater Lyrique that the Swedish girl was to make her *debut* in *La Traviata*. The young singer was Christine Nilsson

A New Illuminant.

The *Oryan fur Oethundel* gives an account of some experiments lately made in St. Petersburg, with pyronaptha, an illuminating oil which Beilstein, the celebrated Russian chemist, thinks will supersede kerosene. It is said to be wholly free from danger of fire, and burning kerosene is easily extinguished by it. Pyronaptha itself can readily be put out by water. It burns with a bright light and gives off no smoke or vapor, while the fact that it is a residual product of the Baku distillation of petroleum, makes it cost less than kerosene.

A matter of surprise and w