Historical Society X

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PARLIAMENT PROROGUED.

The Queen's Speech on Closing the Session.

CHOLERA REPORTS.

There Appears to Be No Abatement in the Spread and Fatality of the Disease.

LONDON, August 14.—Parliament was prorogued at 2 o'clock to-day. The Queen's speech was read by the Lord High Chancellor as follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen:

I am glad to be able to relieve you from the labors of the session, which has been protracted and eventful. When you assembled in October I informed you that an expedition was advancing up the valley of the Nile to the relief of Khartoum. Three months later with deep sorrow, which was shared by all my people, I learned that the expedition arrived too late. The heroic Gordon and his companions had fallen. An endeavor, which was ineffectual, was made to reach Khartoum by constructing a railroad from Suakim to Berber. My troops were ultimately withdrawn from the whole of eastern Soudan except Suakim and from western Soudan to Alashyert. Although the objects of the expedition were not attained, I have great reason to be

PROUD OF THE BRAVERY

and endurance displayed by my soldiers and sailors, and of the skill wherewith they have been commanded. I received with great pleasure the loyal offers of military assistance for this campaign from my colonies, and from the native provinces of India and the contingent from the colony of New South Wales, that served with distinction in actions on the coast of the Red sea. The death of El Mahdi will probably enable me to perform with less difficulty the duties toward the ruler and the people of Egypt which events have imposed upon me. I shall not relax my efforts to place the government and good order in that country upon a firm foundation. My relations with other powers are of a friendly nature. The difficulties which at one time were of an anxious character arose between my Government and Russia concerning the limits of the territory of my ally, the Ameer of Afghanistan. Negotiations for their adjustment still continue, and will, I trust, lead at an early period to a satisfactory settlement.

The progress of events in South Africa has compelled me, in the interest of the native races, to take under my protection Bechamalan and certain adjacent territories.

THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

I am taking necessary steps to place the northwest frontier of my Indian empire in a condition adequate to its defense, in the absence of which the prosperity and tranquility of my Indian subjects are liable from time to time to be interrupted and disturbed.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I thank you for the liberality wherewith during the past year you have provided for the services of the country. My Lords and gentlemen, I have had the pleasure of giving my consent to a measure enabling federal action in certain matters to be taken by my colonies in Australia, and to a much needed bill establishing a new department in the Government for the management of Scottish affairs. I have also been glad to concur in a measure increasing the number of occupying freeholders in Ireland.

I notice with sincere satisfaction and gratification that an effort has been made by a bill, wherto I assented to

DIMINISH THE EVILS

of overcrowded dwellings, which hinder so seriously the moral and material well-being of the laboring classes. I regret the depression which has so prevailed in many of the important trades, and the agricultural and manufacturing industries of the country, and which still continues. I have directed the issue of a commission to inquire into the causes of this depression and to ascertain whether it can be alleviated by the legislature. During the past session your time has been principally occupied by an enlargement of the electorate and the extensive changes you have in consequence made in the institution of the House of Commons. I earnestly trust these comprehensive measures may increase the efficiency of Parliament and may add to the contentment among my people. It is my purpose before long to seek their counsel by a dissolution of Parliament. I pray the blessings of God may rest upon their extended liberties and that the numbers who are called upon to exercise new powers, will use them with the sobriety and discernment which have for so long a period marked the history of this nation.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

Lord Randolph Churchill, Secretary of State for India, replying to a question, said the duties of the Afghan boundary commission had not yet been completed, and that the Government did not intend to withdraw the commission. Colonel Ridgeway, the present chief of the commission and others connected with him, were doing useful work. The dispute with Russia about Zulficar pass, the Secretary continued, was not trivial, but the Government was not altogether without the hope of arriving ere long at a satisfactory settlement of the points in dispute between England and Russia.

Parliament was then prorogued until August 31st.

CHOLERA STRIDES.

No Abatement in the Progress of the Disease.

MADRID, August 14.—The complete cholera returns for yesterday show 3,925 new cases and 1,389 deaths throughout Spain.

In Grenada the cholera is increasing fearfully. In the provinces outside of the city there have been reported to-day 218 deaths from the disease and 485 new cases, and in the city 213 deaths and 455 new cases.

The popular agitation against sanitary interference has been renewed in Seville. The local authories have all resigned. The shops are closed, no business is done, and the scourge has an unobstructed field.

Hancock's Thanks.

NEW YORK, August 14.—General Winfield Scott Hancock, having completed the duties imposed upon him in connection with the sepulchre of General Grant, issues a bulletin, thanking in detail the organizations and commanders, military, naval, veteran, civil, Municipal, etc., who assisted. His obligations to the members of his staff are acknowledged by name and the presence of General Gordon, of Georgia and General Lee of Virginia, is spoken of as especially gratifying.

Didn't Like Cold Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 14.—The populace of Krementchoog, a Russian city on the Dapier, in Paltova, to-day attacked the Turkish residents of the town and attempted to drive them out. The military restored order with much difficulty. During the riot a great number of persons were wounded. Thirty of the native leaders have been arrested. This angered the populace and it is feared they will in revenge again rise against the Turks and authorities.

Shipping Gold.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 14.—The Government continues to ship gold from here East. It has shipped this week up to today $1,000,000, as follows: Tuesday, $200,000; Wednesday, $300,000; Thursday, $200,000; Friday, $300,000. The shipments were made by mail in leather trunks.

Senator Vest Improving.

HELENA, August 14.—The condition of Senator Vest, who has been suffering acutely from a neuralgic malady for the past four days, is improved and the patient at 2 o'clock this afternoon was able to sit up in bed.

Throwing Them Out.

WARSAW, August 14.—Forty Germans have been expelled from Russia. Many Germans are becoming naturalized to avoid expulsion.

A LIVING ROMANCE.

A Woman Imprisoned for Many Years For Extravagance.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14.—Miss Adrianna Physick Brinckle has just been released from the State Lunatic Asylum, where she has been confined for twenty-seven years on the extraordinary charge of "extravagance and eccentricity." She is the daughter of late Dr. William Draper Brinckle, a physician, who enjoyed a large practice and moved in the highest circles of society here thirty years ago. Miss Brinckle was an acknowledged belle, a woman of great beauty and accomplishments and a popular favorite. She was extremely extravagant, but an unfortunate change in the financial condition of her father made it impossible for him to pay her bills, as he had always done before. Adrianna was unable to

OVERCOME HER EXTRAVAGANT TASTES,

and without knowing anything of the law in such cases, ordered a piano and set of furniture, which she sold before paying for them. This proceeding scandalized the set to which the Brinckle's belonged, and as it was stated at the time, to save the "family honor" Miss Brinckle was sent to the Asylum, entering the institution in July, 1858. When the twelfth national Conference of Charities and Corrections met in Washington last June, one of the delegates made the following statement: "A beautiful young lady, used to wealth, is extravagant, and her father, unable to restrain her habit of spending, concludes that she needs a custodian and places her in a hospital,

HEEDLESS OF HER EARNEST PROTESTS.

He dies and leaves her in there. There she has been for nearly thirty years, and is now nearly 60 years of age, and still begging to be released, but the custodian still thinks she needs a custodian's care, and she remains to this date under restrain of her personal liberty." This led to an investigation, and Miss Brinckle was visited at the State Lunatic Asylum, at Harrisburg, and the committee reported that there was no evidence of insanity in her case, but still no release, and the unfortunate woman had abandoned all hope. Representatives of the State Common Lunacy Commission visited her, however. Then an order came, and she was sent out a free woman. Upon her arrival in the city she was taken to the convalescent retreat near Glen Mills, where she is being tenderly cared for. Miss Brinckle is now a gray-haired woman of 60 years, in full possession of all her faculties, and in good bodily health.

AN INDIAN FIGHT.

Cowboys and Piegans Have a Little Target Practice.

Associated Press Dispatch.

BILLINGS, M. T., August 14.—Ed. Goulding, with two associate cattle men on the Mussleshell yesterday, met a marauding band of Piegans between Razor and Half Breed creeks. The Piegans numbered twenty and were accompanied by seventy-five stolen horses. Goulding and party fired, killing one Indian, but being greatly outnumbered were compelled to retreat for reinforcements, which they obtained, and overtaking the Piegans killed the entire party, and recovered the stolen horses. What effect this battle may have on neighboring bands is unknown, but no trouble is anticipated.

AN EXAGGERATED STORY.

pecial to THE INER.

The first rumor of the Piegan fight was greatly exaggerated. It seems that the encounter was only between a few of the New York Cattle Company's cowboys and a large band of Piegan Indians. A few shots were exchanged and the boys say that one Indian was killed, but there is now a large party in pursuit of the Piegans, and if they catch them, there will be music in the air. The Crows are also in pursuit, but they will do nothing but steal Piegan ponies.

Pooling Issues.

LONG BRANCH, August 13.—A meeting of the Bessemer steel rail manufacturers was held here this morning. The depression in the industry has forced two mills into bankruptcy during the last eighteen months and two others to shut down. After a long discussion it was unanimously agreed that the production of steel rails should be curtailed so as not to exceed the demand to enable the manufacturers to make rails at remunerative prices. The reduction will be based upon the capacity of each mill, and will take effect January 1st, 1886.

Royal Junketing

VIENNA, August 14.—It is rumored that the Emperor and Empress of Russia, after the meeting at Kremsier, will go to Ymusden to visit the Duke of Cumberland, and it is likely that they will meet the Princess of Wales there.

Davitt and Parnell All Right.

DUBLIN, August 15.—In a speech at Longford to-day Davitt said that he was quite in accord with Parnell and would assist the latter's candidates in the canvass for the coming election.

In a Serious Condition.

BERLIN, August 14.—Mr. Ruskin suffers from insomnia and exhibits alarming symptoms of Cerebral affection.

The death of Ruskin is momentarily expected.

A Fatal Excursion.

PARIS, August 14. An excursion train was upset to-day at the town of Royan, at the mouth of the Girarde, and eight of the passengers drowned.

ABOUT MEN.

Louis Riel, the rebel, must begin to doubt the efficacy of prayer.

Bret Harte, according to a Boston paper, never wrote a poor story.

Prince Bismarck weighs as much as a barrel of American pork.

Governor Hoadly of Ohio will probably give malaria the shake this year.

Harry Garfield will follow in the footsteps of his father by teaching school.

Oscar Wilde is said to be a father. He will now put up poetry and pour down paregoric.

Colonel Ingersoll is at Long Beach, where he loves to tumble in the surf like a jolly, fat porpoise.

Ex-Vice-President Wheeler suffers from insomnia. Evidently he does not read society novels.

Aquilla Jones, of Indianapolis, sticks to his office like a postage stamp to a pocket-book in damp weather.

Senator Mahone says he is too busy making history to write it. Mahone's only failing is his mammoth modesty.

Millionaire Flood of San Francisco is furnishing one room in his new house in ivory and gold, at a fabulous cost.

Rev. Joe Cook gets up at 5 o'clock every morning. Even then the day seems short, compared with the long words he uses.

Prince Henry of Battenberg has been made a Knight of the Garter. The question is, who will supply him with suspenders?

Admiral Benjamin F. Butler is an ardent admirer of yacht-racing. Although fond of the ocean, he thinks there is no sea like the Presidency.

Lord Rosebery has given up racing. It would be money in the pockets of some American kings of the turf if they followed his example.

R. C. McCormick, ex-Governor of Arizona, has been lying dangerously ill at his residence in the village of Jamaica, L. I., for the past ten days.

It makes R. B. Hayes wetter than a wet hen when he reads in some papers that Chester A. Arthur is the only living ex-President of the United States.

Roswell Pettibone Flower has his eye peeled like an onion for the Democratic gubernatorial candidacy in New York. He is not a Flower to waste his sweetness on the desert air.—*Hartford Post.*

Lafayette H. Fitzhugh left the House doorkeepership because he tried to be a "bigger" man than the President of the United States and Higgins may yet be glad to take it for the same reason. This is a queer world.

WASHINGTON WHISPERS.

Some Good Suggestions of Reform.

A ROMANTIC STORY.

A Woman Declared Insane and Imprisoned Twenty-seven Years for Extravagance.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Robert G. Sims of Greenville, Miss., has been appointed custodian of the abandoned Thornburg Reservation of Utah at a salary of $60 per month.

Colonel Wright, Commissioner of the Labor Bureau, who had appointed Judd a special agent of the bureau, revoked it because of his recent arrest in Colorado on a charge of horse stealing and his admitting his guilt, and also that he had served two terms in the Penitentiary for the same offense.

Acting Commissioner Walker of the General Land Office has declined to issue any more patents to the Northern Pacific Railroad, pending a decision fixing the legal status of the road. In this regard he follows the rule laid down by Commissioner Sparks in relation to the California & Oregon and Oregon & California roads. The question at issue briefly stated is that the road was not completed within the time required by law, and that until Congress takes definite action one way or the other, no steps should be taken to place it beyond the power of the legislative branches of the Government to protect the public rights.

The Treasury Department has purchased 295,000 ounces of silver for delivery at the Philadelphia mint for coinage into standard dollars.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has received a report from the Superintendent of Public Buildings of New York to the effect that the Custom House, Postoffices and Appraiser's offices are each in a very bad condition and in great need of immediate and extensive repairs.

It is understood that the newly-appointed Assistant Treasurer at San Francisco has been instructed by Acting Secretary Fairchild to take possession of the sub-Treasury there and to contidue the count of the money and securities in such a manner as may be deemed to the best interests of the service.

LOOKING OUT FOR DISEASE.

The offieers of the Marine Hospital service have been ordered to visit the cities of Tampico and Bagdad, Mexico, near the Texan frontier, to investigate the reports that yellow fever prevails in those cities.

First Comptroller Dunham has given a decision that under the act of March 3, 1885, making an appropriation for the collection of internal revenue, that the bureau are only entitled to a per diem of $3 in lieu of subsistence while traveling and away from home on duty, and are not entitled to that when at home.

United States Consul Mason at Marseilles, in a cablegram to the Secretary of State to-day, says that the cholera in that place is the Asiatic, and very fatal. The deaths number forty daily. The disease is spreading to the interior.

The Marquis Deschambrun has been recognized as the Consul of Ecuador in Washington.

AN ALASKAN CRUISE.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has received a report from Captain Healy, commanding the revenue steamer "Corioni," in regard to his cruise in Alaskan waters. The report is dated Port Clarence, A. T., July 10th. Lieutenant Benham and two seamen were left on Otter Island early in the cruise for the protection of seals, relieving Lieutenant Cantwell from that duty. No evidence of illicit trade was found among any of the whaling vessls. Information was received of the loss of the barks "Napoleon" and "Gazette." All the boats were manned by the respective crews and an endeavor made to reach a place of safety. Two boats were lost and all on board, numbering eighteen persons, perished, Four men in the other boats were frozen to death. The steamers "Balacara" and "Thrasher" and the barks "Atlanta," "Arnold," "Dawn," "Young," "Phœnix" and "Eliza" were also badly damaged by the ice. The agents at St. George and St. Paul report that no marauding vessels have been seen so far this season. The natives at Cape Prince of Wales and on the Diomede Islands were found peaceful and thriving. At Hatham Inlet, Lieutenant Caldwell and three men were dispatched with a steam launch to explore the Kowak river, and if possible reach its head waters. Another expedition was dispatched under Second Assistant Engineer McLenegan to explore Noyatag river. Successful results are expected from both. Up to July 3d nothing had been heard at Hetham Inlet of the schooner "Viking," having on board the naval expedition under Lieutenant G. M. Storey. The "Corwin" will extend her cruise to Kotzebue Sound.

AFTER THE NAVY.

An order similar to that recently issued by Secretary Endicott will shortly be sent out from the Navy Department. The navy regulations require that officers shall serve three years at sea and three years on shore, returning at the end of the latter period to sea duty. A complaint has been made by some officers that they did not serve their full time on shore. To remedy any such evils that may exist two officers, one from line and one from staff will probably be detailed at an early date to keep a record showing the kind of work at which officers are employed and the length of time they have been engaged. When three years of shore duty have elapsed the officers will be sent to sea.

It is announced unofficially that General Luther M. Meiley of Ohio has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office and will assume the duties of the position on September 1st the date when the resignation of Luther Harrison takes effect. General Meiley is a native of Ohio and served in the army on General Vandever's staff. At the close of the war he practiced law until 1878, when he was appointed Adjutant General of his State under Governor Bishop.

SPORTING.

A Disastrous Steeplechase Race at Saratoga—Other Sports.

SARATOGA, August 14.—First race, purse of $400, three-quarters of a mile—Gleanor won, Tartar second, Mono third; time, 1:18¼. Second race, Kentucky stakes for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile—Quito won, Rock and Rye second, Hattie Carlisle third; time, 1:19¼. Third race, grand prize, Saratoga handicap sweepstakes, for all ages, one and three-quarters miles—Bob Miles won, Euclid second, Vanguard third; time, 3:13¾. Fourth race, one mile—Carrie Stewart won, Minnie Meteor second, Leroy third; time, 1:48. Fifth race, free handicap steeplechase, about one and one-half miles—At the first fence Wish I May threw his jockey and at the next fence Abraham fell. At the first wall in the west field Driftwood fell breaking Meany's right arm. Repeater won by two lengths, with Mystic second and Iolanthe third; time, 3:03¾. Pope, who rode Abraham, had his nose broken.

BASEBALL GAMES.

DETROIT, August 14.—Detroits, 4; Chicagos, 9.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Metropolitans, 7; Baltimores, 2.

BUFFALO, August 14.—Buffalos, 6; St. Louis, 0.

They Stood In.

GALVESTON, August 14.—A special from Laredo says: At 5 o'clock this afternoon Cristino Aldava and Caledomo Chevarria, two Mexican murderers, were hanged in the jail yard here in the presence of several thousand spectators, many of whom were Mexicans from across the river. Aldava delivered a confession from the scaffold. Chevarria stood smoking a cigar while Aldava was speaking. Then he harangued the crowd for forty miniutes, endeavoring to establish his innocence. Both men adjusted the nooses about their necks and were stolidly indifferent until the end.

PIEGANS PURSUED.

"Liver Eating" Johnson Following the Savage Cattle Thieves.

Special to THE MINER.

MILES CITY, August 15.—The fuss with the Piegans near Billings simmers to a skirmish, with one scalp as a trophy. They are said to be pursued by a party headed by "Liver Eating" Johnson. That settles it. But little will be accomplished. Among the cow men here there is a strong feeling in favor of decisive dealing with these marauding bands. Granville Stuart's recent utterance concerning the Indians leaving their reservations are seconded by all our stock-growers. If a white man steals he is hung, ditto with the Indians. In the case of these Piegans there is more hope that a band of about twenty-five Crows, who suffered loss by the Piegans, will do them up. A detective system is being organized, whereby the movement of the marauders will be watched and telegraphed over the Territory, and effective means will be taken for the expurgation of the roving raiders.

One of the largest cattle sales ever made on the line of the Northern Pacific has just been consummated. Wyatt, Ross & Hawley sold six thousand head (counting calves) of cattle for $142,500. The cattle were brought from Washington Territory this spring and will remain here—north of the Yellowstone. The Rae Cattle Company made the purchase.

GREENE'S GALL.

He Slips From Leadville and Travels to Butte.

Special to Butte MINER.

LEADVILLE, Colorado, August 15.—Jim Greene, who has been manager of Mike Goldsmith's theater in this city for a number of years, has decamped, taking with him $500 or $600 in money belonging to the house. It is said he has gone to Dallas, Texas, or to Butte, Montana.

IN BUTTE.

Jim Greene, who is well known to many of the residents of Butte, arrived here yesterday. Last evening he attended the performances at the Arion and Comique, and visited the principal sporting houses. He seemed to be "well-heeled," as he ought to be, if Mike Goldsmith's story is true.

CAPITAL CHAT.

Indian Bond Redemption—A Very Good Appointment.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The Secretary of the Interior has authorized the Indian office to pay out $88,000, the proceeds of the sale of certain lands in Kansas, for the redemption of Kiowa Indian scrip. The available funds will not be quite sufficient to pay the principal and interest of the scrip presented, and they will be divided pro rata among the scrip holders.

Captain F. E. Pierce of the First Infantry has been appointed Indian Agent at San Carlos Agency. It is probable that officers of the army will be placed in charge of all agencies where the Indians are troublesome.

An officer of the marine hospital service has been instructed to investigate the alleged case of cholera in Camden, N. J.

The Guatemalan States have requested this Government to forward the Guatemalan mail via New Orleans and Livinston. This is the route which the Postoffice Department has already selected. It has the advantage of six sailings per month instead of three as by the old route and is eight days shorter.

THE MAIL BUSINESS.

The Postoffice Department has been informed that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company will continue to carry certain mails until the expiration of the contract with the New Zealand Government. Superintendent Bell, of the foreign mail service, has addressed a lester to the Superintendent of the railway mail service, as follows: "I have the honor to inform you that the direct mail service from San Francisco to Australia has been resumed, and that mails for New Zealand and the Australian colonies and all correspondence for the Fiji and Samoan islands will be dispatched from San Francisco direct, per steamer "Jealandia," to sail hence on the 29th inst., and that until further notice all correspondence for the destination above named will be dispatched from San Francisco direct unless specially addressed to be forwarded via Brindisi. The contract referred to expires November 29th.

AFTER LORING.

First Comptroller Durham says he is not exactly satisfied with Loring's explanation of his account as Commissioner of Agriculture, and unless he can offer better reasons for the expenditures for seed than have yet been submitted, he (the Comptroller) will have to refer the case to the Solicitor of the Treasury for the institution of legal proceedings.

AN ARMY INDIAN AGENT.

It is in contemplation to appoint an army officer to perform the duties of Indian agent upon the San Carlos Reservation. Sometime ago Secretary Lamar expressed the conviction that an army officer should be designated to represent both the Interior and War Departments, and the Secretary of War recommended to the President that Captain A. E. Pierce be assigned to the position. The President has not yet signified his purpose in regard to the matter.

General Newton, Chief of Engineers in his annual report of the removal of the obstructions at Hell Gate, in New York Harbor, speaks of tunneling the reef and drilling holes for the great blast. The charging of the holes was commenced during the month of July. It is expected that it will be completed about October 1st, at which time the blast will be fired. The explosives used will be about 22,000 pounds of rock powder, about 50,000 pounds of dynamite No. 1. About 50,000 copper cartridges will be used ranging from 15 to 40 inches long and 2¾ inches thick.

Australian Mails.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 15.—Postmaster Backus received a dispatch to-day from N. M. Bell, superintendent of foreign mails, at Washington, ordering him to send the Australian mails by the steamer "Zealandia," which leaves here on August 29th for Australia and New Zealand. This action is said to be prompted by the British Government having sent the Australian and New Zealand mails to New York to be forwarded to their destination, via San Francisco, in accordance with the contract existing between the Pacific Mail Steamship company and the New Zealand Government.

In Peace Prepare for War.

LONDON, August 15.—The Government will utilize the material intended for the Suakim-Berber railway in connecting the forts at Chatham, Portsmouth and Plymouth, which will also be connected with the great railway in order to provide ready transportation for troops in case of necessity.

A Dedication.

PORTLAND, Oregon, August 15.—The church of Our Lady Immaculate, the finest edifice of the kind on the Pacific coast, was dedicated to-day, Archbishop Gross officiating. It is said that the Bishop's throne in this church is the finest in the United States.

Typhoid Fever Epidemic.

NEW YORK, August 15. — Typhoid fever has made its appearance in the New Jersey Asylum for the Insane at Morris Plains, N. J. A dozen persons are prostrated with the disease, which is supposed to have originated in bad drainage.

Exposition Opened.

LOUISVILLE, August 15.—The Southern Exposition opened to-day with elaborate ceremonies. Excursion trains were run in all directions and the buildings were all crowded.

FROM ALL DIRECTIONS.

A Peculiar Robbery and Attempted Murder.

SPANISH CHOLERA.

The English Politicians All Going to the Country--Roach Far from Insolvent.

MARSEILLES, August 15.—Three hundred and seventy deaths from cholera were reported during the past twenty-four hours ending at noon to-day.

MADRID, August 15.—There were 4,819 new cases of cholera and 1,840 deaths yesterday throughout Spain.

PARIS, August 15.—Stringent measures are being taken to keep the cholera away from this city. Travelers from the south are quarantined and the streets are cleaned every night. The *Paris National*, the first journal to announce the appearance of the cholera at Marseilles, insists that the number of deaths that have occurred there from the disease is still much underrated.

GIBRALTAR, August 15.—The existence of cholera within the Spanish lines was officially declared to-day, and the disease is spreading. There were four deaths here to day from cholera, which has been traced to infection contracted on Spanish soil. A deputation waited upon the Governor of Gibraltar and requested him to shut off communication with Spain. This he refused to do. The panic increases hourly and the exodus grows correspondingly. The populace is greatly disconcerted over the conduct of the military authorities in refusing to adopt the necessary precautions against the introduction of cholera from other countries.

TIED TO THE TRACK.

A Foreman Robbed and Then Prepared for Passing Train.

HUNTINGDON, Penn., August 18.—A diabolic attempt at murder was made at Anderson, near here, last night. As Foreman Thomas Greggs was walking on the railway track he was set upon by two tramps, knocked down and gagged. After stealing his watch and check for his month's salary, which he had just received, the miscreant tied him to the track and left him to his fate. By frantic efforts he worked himself partially free, but a passing freight train cut off one of the fingers of his left hand, which he was unable to release from the rails. Great excitement prevails. Twenty tramps have been arrested and searched, but they were discharged in the absence of any evidence against them.

OUT OF TOWN.

All the English Politicians Going to the Country.

LONDON, August 15.—There is a dead lull in British politics at present. Most of the Ministers and leading politicians are enjoying themselvei in the country. Marquis Salisbury has gone to Hatfield to enjoy a vacation. Lord Randolph Churchill is visiting the Duke of Marlborough at Blenheim Castle. The Duke has definitely abandoned the Liberal party and joined the Tories. Lord Iddlesleigh has gone to Pyne, near Exeter. The Duke of Richmond and Mr. Gordon, Secretary of State for Scotland, has retired to his castle in Surry.

A FAMILY TRAGEDY.

A Probable Murder and Suicide in a Prominent Family.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., August 15—At the house of J. W. Carpenter, four miles in the country, yesterday, a tragedy occurred in which two of his grandchildren were the participants. The boys, aged 17 or 18 years, were close friends. In the course of a friendly frolic Jasper W. Umberfield became angered and sent a bullet through the body of his cousin, Jonathan M. Carpenter then blew his own brains out, dying instantly. Young Carpenter's wound is thought to be fatal.

Spoils for the Victors.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 15.—The Democrats of Cuyahoga county met this morning to select delegates to the State Convention. The Committee on Resolvtions was out for an hour and a half. Several of the members wanted to condemn President Cleveland's Administration; others were anxious to return a mild endorsement, while still others were non-committal. Extracts from the committee's reports are as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the Democratic party having been in possession of the Government ever since March last, and that a large number of offices are yet held by offensive Republicans, therefore be it,

"*Resolved*, That we demand that our Senator and Representative hasten the removal of all Republicans in office and that efficient Democrats be placed in their position."

The Administration was then indorsed mildly.

Grasshoppers in Montana.

WASHINGTON, August 15. — Owing to rumors of the injury by grasshoppers in parts of Montana, the Signal Bureau has, at Professor Riley's request, instructed its agents in the Northwest to telegraph at once any observations of injury or movements, instead of sending them monthly as heretofore. Professor Riley also sent an agent to the place, whose reports confirm the previous statement. Not only are there large numbers of the destructive Rocky mountain species at work, but the common native and now migratory species are also much more numerous than usual. At Fort Buford and Poplar Pine agency the locusts are very abundant, destroying the crops. On July 29th, during the middle of the day, a large proportion of the Rocky mountain species left toward the east and southwest.

Killed Them Both.

GAINESVILLE, TEXAS, August 15.—Information was received of a double killing in the Chicapoo Nation on the 13th inst. Murray and Williams were partners in a cattle ranch on the Wichita Reservation. They disagreed concerning the payment of their debts. Williams sent two cowboys, Dick Jones and Dick Cavitt, to bring his share of the cattle from the ranch. Murray's men resisted aud killed both Jones and Cavitt. Further trouble is apprehended.

Pain's Execution.

PARIS, August 15. — *La Intrassigene*, Rochefort's paper. will to-morrow publish a leter, which it is alleged will prove that Oliver Pain, the Frenchman who was the reputed military advisor of El Mahdi, was executed at the instance of the British officials in Egypt. This letter will say that the British put a price on Pain's head, and that he was tracked and arrested and then summarily executed by order of the staff of the English army at the time engaged in the war against El Mahdi.

Maxwell-Preller.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—The body of Preller was exhumed this afternoon to determine whether it would be worth while to summon witnesses to identify it when Maxwell is put on trial. The remains which were embalmed before burial were found to be in excellent preservation and looking even better than when interred. The probabilities are that friends of the deceased will be brought here from the East and Canada to identify the body. The trial of Maxwell will not take place until October.

He Married an American.

LONDON, August 15.—Lord Chief Justice Coleridge was married this afternoon to an American lady named Amy Augusta Jackson Lawford. The wedding ceremonies were conducted privately, as a special license had been granted on August 10th, so that the marriage could take place at any time of the day that the parties wished.

AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

A Commissioner Sent to England to Secure a Contract.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 14.—Hon. Richard C. Baker, ex-Minister of Justice of South Australia, who arrived here by the last Australian steamer, en route to London, was interviewed on the probilities of the withdrawal of the Pacific Mail steamers. He said: "It is precisely upon matters relating to that that I am now going to London. I have been commissioned by the Australian colonies to go and consult with the home Government relative to an agreement which has been drawn up, by which the English-American mail service can be let to any steamship company. The agreement referred to has been signed by South Australia, New South Wales and Victoria, and I have reason to believe that Tasmania, Queenstown and West Australia will also sign it. Whether New Zealand will do so is doubtful. The proposal is to pay the steamship company so much per pound for mail matter. The contract will call for a weekly mail from London to Adelaide. English companies taking the mail via Suez receive a subsidy of $1,000,000 a year. Their contracts expire in September, 1877. The arrangement would commence on that date. Mr. Baker added that the Canadian Pacific had offered to provide a weekly English-Australian mail service via Vancouver Island for $500.000 a year, and as the colonies were were now paying twice that sum it was possible that the Canadian Pacific would secure it. The probabilities of their doing it would, he said, be increased if the Canadian Government would subsidize a line of steamers between British Columbia and Australia, which he understood it was intended to do.

ROACH, THE INSOLVENT.

His Assets More Than Double His Liabilities.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Schedules in the matter of the assignment of John Roach were filed in the clerk's office of the Court of Common Pleas this morning. The liabilities are $2,262,877; nominal assets, $5,258 98, and actual assets, $4,631.418. The preferred creditors with amounts and items are: William Rowland, for money loaned and work done, $62,217; Merchants' and Traders' Bank of Brooklyn, $20,000, for money loaned on note due September 13, 1885; secured by the mortgage bonds of A. H. Reynolds and Alfred Creveling for $38,437; P. W. Gallandei & Co., New York, $40,000, money loaned and advanced as follows—$30,000, June 27, 1885; $10,000, July 11, 1885. These loans were in advance of the sale of the notes of the assignor, and the amount due them is to be determined by an adjustment of their account. The total amount preferred is $122,217.

Sugar Squabble.

ST. LOUIS, August 14.—William Kent Foster of New York to-day filed a petition in the Circuit Court of this city, praying for an order to dissolve the Belcher Sugar Refining Company. The trustees of the company have advertized the property to be sold on the 18th inst., but Foster asks the court to declare the bonds of the company null and void and order their cancellation; also to dissolve the corporation, enjoin the directors from disposing of any part of the property and to appoint a receiver to take charge thereof. The matter will be given a hearing next week.

A Pool Meeting.

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Central Traffic Association, which is composed of all the railroad lines bound east from Chicago, met at Commissioner Fink's office this afternoon. In the language of one of the sentlemen present: "Things were very lively." The result of the meeting was the decision to form a gross money pool of all settlements to date from August 1st. The question of percentage will be decided later on. A board of officers was elected and given power to confer with the trunk lines committee.

German Conquest.

BERLIN, August 14.—Admiral Paschen telegraphs to day that the Sultan of Zanzibar has given an unconditional assent to Germany's claim to protection over all the territory occupied in Zanzibar by German subjects, including that of Sultan Vita, Germany's friend. The Sultan of Zanzibar has ordered his subjects to keep peace with Germany and has withdrawn his troops from the now recognized German territory.

Opposed to Kirk.

BERLIN, August 14.—The *Kranz Zeitung* says the moment has come to end the intrigues of Sir John Kirk, British Consul-General at Zanzibar, who is well known for his anti-German sentiment. The present friendly relations between England and Germany will undergo their first, and perhaps a decisive test in East Africa. England must remember that Sir John Kirk's attitude may prevent a satisfactory undertaking.

South American States.

LIMA (via Galveston), August 14.—Cauta has been occupied by the Government troops. The rebels fled on their approach.

News from Arequipa states that great misery prevails there, owing to the exactions and tyrannical conduct of the Caicerist authorities. It is said that the general feeling is in favor of the Inglesias Government.

More Witchcraft.

LISBON, August 14.—Advices from Sipaul DeLonda, West Africa, under date of July 15th, report that the petty king, Conhama Huilla, died recently, and the natives attributing his death to the witchcraft of the whites, massacred twenty Europeans, including three French missionaries. The same advices state that M. DeBrazza is still in the interior.

Another Honor.

BALTIMORE, August 14. — Archbishop Gibbons on Tuesday, at Cape May, received by special messenger from Rome, papal bulls announcing the elevation to the dignity of Monsignor, Very Rev. Edward McColgan, Vicar General of the Archdiocese of Baltimore. This is the first time that the title of Monsignor has been conferred in this diocese.

No Combinations.

HARRISBURG, August 15.—It is confidently asserted in official circles that the Attorney General will interpose to prevent the consummation of the bargain between Vanderbilt and the Panama Rrilroad Company, by which the South Panama and Beach Creek Railroads come under the control of the Panama Railroad.

Zulficar Pass.

PARIS, August 14.—A dispatch has been received in this city from St. Petersburg, stating that Russia has sent England proposals for the settlement of the disputes concerning Zulficar Pass and the positions commanding it. The dispatch adds that it is certain that England will accept the proposals.

Barry in Jail.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., August 14.—Representative T. B. Barry was arrested in Saginaw City just before noon on the arrival of the Jackson train. At last accounts he had not succeeded in obtaining bail. The charge is inciting conspiracy. All is quiet here.

Moving Out.

FORT SCOTT, KANSAS, August 14.—Two train loads of cattle from Indian Territory, numbering 900 head, passed through this city to-night, enroute for Chicago, being the first to make their exit from the Territory under the President's order.

A Lively Church Row.

CAMILLE, August 15.—Colored church circles are excited here. Last Sunday night Anna Sapp, 14 years old, attended the Methodist church and during the excitement was baptized. This coming to the ears of her aunt and guardian, Mrs. Rose, a strong Baptist, she swore out a warrant against the preacher for assault on her neice, consisting in pouring water on Annie's head against her will. The preacher has now sued out a warrant against Mrs. Rose for disturbing public worship.

THE IRISH-AMERICANS.

The National Committee in Council.

A PROCLAMATION.

Parnell Asks for the Postponement of Their National Convention and It Is Granted.

CHICAGO, August 15.—During the conference of the National Committee of the Irish National League a dispatch from Charles Stewart Parnell was read, advising the meeting to fix upon a date subsequent to the English elections for the holding of a National convention. The following address [illegible] street, the darkness of the night aiding [illegible] in obedience to the suggestion [illegible] chosen leader of the people of Ireland, the National Committee of the Irish National League of America, assembled to designate the time and place for holding the next National convention of the league in the United States, have decided to postpone the date of meeting until January, 1886. It must be manifest to all members of the league and all friends of

SELF GOVERNMENT IN IRELAND

that it would be impossibie either for Mr. Parnell to attend the convention in this country or to send any of his able associates pending the general election, which will probably occur next November; hence the wisdom of his suggestion that the convention be postponed. In the meantime, however, the League should inaugurate a period of activity not less earnest and energetic than that which prevailed when Ireland was threatened with another artificial famine, and when her leaders were imprisoned and the press silenced under

THE SO-CALLED LIBERAL GOVERNMENT.

The party led by Mr. Parnell needs support. How well that support is deserved we need hardly tell the world. Assuredly we need not tell men of Irish birth or descent. Serving without compensation, without official power or patronage, among aliens who have persecuted and who have sought to degrade them, being numerically less than one twentieth of the body in which they have achieved a success unparal