

WORLD'S NEWS SUMMARY

CULLED FROM ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

A Review of Happenings in Both Eastern and Western Hemispheres During the Past Week—National Historical, Political and Personal Events Tensely Expounded.

The two paper mills at Oregon City have completed arrangements for the use of crude oil as fuel.

Kid Carter of Brooklyn recently knocked out Peter Maher in the second round of what was scheduled to be a six round bout.

Barry Johnston, the actor, who murdered Kate Hassett, a member of the Keith Theater Stock company recently in Philadelphia, and shot himself, is dying.

The London house of commons passed the education bill by 236 votes to 132. Premier Balfour appealed to the public spirit of all classes to do their best to insure the working of the bill.

Julian Ralph, the well known newspaper man, war correspondent and author, is critically ill at St. Louis, Mo., from the effects of a sudden and violent hemorrhage. His physician states that a repetition of the attack would probably prove fatal.

After an adjournment of 10 days, during which time the representatives of the railroads and miners were kept busy at work preparing evidence for submission to the anthracite coal strike commission, the hearing of the miners' side of the controversy has been resumed.

Great Britain and Germany, according to official statements, have commenced punitive measures against Venezuela. German war vessels, it is stated, are already on the scene of the contemplated action and Great Britain expects to have a squadron there capable of coping with any resistance that Venezuela might offer soon.

"Guilty of murder in the first degree, with a recommendation to mercy." This was the verdict in the case of Oscar Bradshaw, who shot Peter Nelson after an attempted hold-up in the yards at Pasco, Wash., last August. It was rendered after the jury had been out four hours. Bradshaw will be sentenced Monday, December 15.

Paralysis of the heart caused the death of United States Minister Albert E. Buck at Japan.

The war department has issued an order for the exchange of 15 Philippine regiments with the same number of troops in the United States.

It is reiterated that a powerful New York syndicate is disposed to furnish the Mexican government with sufficient gold to establish firmly a gold standard.

The Masonic temple at Laconia, N. H., was burned recently, following a terrific explosion which must have at first entirely wrecked the structure. Loss \$125,000.

Canadian imports from the United States continue to grow more rapidly than those from the United Kingdom, despite the legislation of 1897 in favor of products of the United Kingdom.

Fourteen men met death by suffocation recently in a fire which occurred in the Lincoln hotel, 176 Madison street, Chicago. Thirteen of those who lost their lives were stifled while lying in their beds.

The subcommittee of the house judiciary committee, to which was referred antitrust bills, has reported favorably to the full committee on Mr. Littlefield's bill providing for giving publicity to the affairs of commercial combinations with certain amendments.

At St. Louis, after two days of trial, Charles J. Denny, the millionaire brewer and director in the Suburban Street Railway company, formerly a member of the house of delegates, charged with perjury in connection with the Suburban bill boodle deal, was found guilty early this morning and his punishment fixed at two years in the penitentiary.

A cold wave visited central Illinois recently. The mercury dropped below zero.

Emperor Francis Joseph has recovered from his recent attack of lumbago.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland and the king consort, formerly Prince Henry, will pay America a visit next spring.

At Ridgeway, Pa., the Eagle Valley tannery was destroyed by fire recently. The loss on building is estimated at \$75,000 and that on the stock of leather and hides \$250,000 to \$300,000. Insurance ample.

Professor August Lodeman, who for 30 years has held the chair of modern languages in the Michigan state normal college, is dead of acute indigestion. He was born in Germany in 1842.

James Rogers of Belmont, Ontario, was driving across the Canadian Pacific tracks with his family when a train struck the sleigh. Mrs. Rogers and a 12 year old son were killed. Mr. Rogers and his daughter, aged 9, were fatally injured, and another 14 year old lad was badly injured.

Martha Washington Stamps.—Washington.—The postoffice department has begun to issue the stamps bearing the Martha Washington portrait. These stamps will replace the present 8 cent stamps. It is expected that about 25,000,000 of them will be distributed to the postoffices of the country within a year.

PIRATES LED BY A WHITE MAN.

Genuine Case of "Stand and Deliver" in Philippines.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 12.—The steamer Shawmut, from Manila, brought news of piracy on the Philippine island coast, the desperadoes being led by an American. The brig Maricia, bound from Catanauan, Payabas, for Manila, had beaten up Cavite bay. She had as passengers five Chinese merchants who were on their way to Manila to purchase goods. During the night a sloop came alongside and six men climbed over the rail and immediately overpowered the captain and crew, binding all hands with ropes. One of these men was an American, dressed in the garb of an inspector of constabulary. Two of his followers also wore constabulary uniforms and carried revolvers, as did the American. The remaining three Filipinos were armed with bolos.

Upon the pirates reaching the deck of the Maricia the leader claimed he was a board of health inspector and intended to search the vessel for arms and ammunition. Instead of doing this, after the crew had been overpowered, the Chinese were brought forth and at the point of drawn revolvers were made to give over their money, about \$17,000.

Obtaining this, the pirates embarked in their boat again and, heading toward Cavite, threatened to kill all hands on the brig if they did not keep quiet. When the vessel arrived at Manila the customs authorities were informed, but no clue was found to the robbers.

MONTANA ITEMS.

Scarlet fever is no longer an epidemic in Anaconda.

Montana Elks held their annual memorial services last Sunday afternoon.

The Montana state board of education has voted unanimously against the proposition to consolidate the state institutions.

The report of County Treasurer for the month of November, 1902, shows the finances of Silver Bow county to be in excellent condition.

What would have undoubtedly been a successful jail delivery was discovered and frustrated by Sheriff Potter in Red Lodge recently.

Two of the alleged Bridger bank robbers were captured by Sheriff Potter and a posse in a cabin on the Rosebud river and have positively been identified as the holdups.

A westbound Northern Pacific freight train is reported to have been wrecked a short distance this side of Homestake recently, smashing ten cars and injuring brakeman C. E. Hackney.

The supreme court holds that there is an appeal from an order of court in refusing to dismiss the appeal from that made by Judge McClernan, distributing a large portion of A. J. Davis' estate.

Dr. Hill of Great Falls has performed the first operation in Montana for congenital hip dislocation under the Lorenz bloodless surgery method. The patient is the 7 year old son of C. A. Bull of Sun River. The success of the operation is still in doubt.

It is reported that as a result of the alleged Heinze colonization of voters in Rosebud county to elect his candidates, the entire board of county commissioners and the county clerk were thrown into jail under sentence of 24 hours and \$100 fine each for contempt of court.

Governor Toole has ordered a special election December 20 in Yellowstone county to elect a member of the legislature. The election was made necessary because Morse, democrat, and Bever, republican, each received the same number of votes, and is the first instance in Montana of the kind.

William A. Clark, Jr., the son of Senator W. A. Clark, the millionaire copper mine owner, has presented his wife with an oriental ruby because their first baby is a son. The stone is a fine pigeon blood and was secured by Senator Clark while abroad for \$25,000. The ruby was formerly in the senator's collection in his New York home. It is this baby that will receive a check for a million dollars from Senator Clark the day he is christened as a prize for being his first grandson.

Barry Johnstone Died.

Philadelphia, Dec. 8.—After lingering for nearly a week, Barry Johnstone, the actor who a week ago shot himself after killing Kate Hassett, a member of Keith's Bijou theater stock company, died. Death resulted from peritonitis.

Kate Hassett's murder and Johnstone's suicide were the result of the man's insane jealousy. Miss Hassett in private life was the wife of Everett Bockwith, a business man of Chicago. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hassett, reside in Aurora, Ill.

Lipton is Delighted.

Glasgow.—Sir Thomas Lipton, after an inspection of Shamrock III, said in the course of an interview with a representative of the Associated Press

"I am delighted with the extent and nature of the work already done. The yacht is entirely framed and Messrs. Fife, Wringe and Sharman Crawford all agree that she looks every inch a winner."

New York's Official Vote.

Albany, N. Y.—The total vote of the state at the last election has been received by the secretary of state. The figures are: Odell, 665,150; Coler, 656,347.

EX-SPEAKER REED IS DEAD

HIS SOUL PASSED TO THE GREAT BEYOND AT WASHINGTON.

The immediate Cause of Death Was Uraemia—His Wife and Daughter Present at the Death Bed—Mr. Reed was Cheerful During the Last Day—Suffered from Brights Disease.

Washington, D. C.—Thomas Brackett Reed, former speaker of the house of representatives, and for many years prominent in public life, died here in his apartments in the Arlington hotel. The immediate cause of death was uraemia.

At 9:30 in the morning he was given a subcutaneous saline transfusion in order to stimulate his kidneys, which were failing to perform their proper functions. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon a saline solution was again administered, about three quarts of fluid being used. The heart became weaker and weaker, but the patient retained consciousness until 11 o'clock at night, when a complete coma came on.

At the bedside when he died were Mrs. Reed and Miss Katherine Reed, Doctors Gardner, McDonald, Bishop and Goodnow and the nurses. Dr. Goodnow, who had been in consultation with the local physicians, was again summoned from Philadelphia.

Mr. Reed's mind was in such a state during the day that he did not realize the seriousness of his condition. He was cheerful and conversed with those about his bedside. When it became apparent that he would not survive his illness, the wife and daughter were notified and they remained constantly at the bedside until the distinguished patient breathed his last. With only a faint hope of saving his life oxygen was administered throughout the day.

It was stated that Mr. Reed had been suffering from Bright's disease for some time, which reached the acute stage today, and this furnished an additional cause for alarm. Mr. Reed passed away peacefully and without pain.

No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

Thomas B. Reed's Career.

Born at Portland, Me., October 18, 1830; died at Washington, D. C., December 6, 1902.

To be recognized as possible presidential timber early in his career is the worst thing that can befall the public man who has dreams of the distinction of occupying the White House.

Such was the state of Thomas Brackett Reed of Maine. He had not served the first session of his first term in congress before he was recognized as presidential timber.

Physically, Mr. Reed was a large man, big in frame, tall of stature, and heavy in avoirdupois. His head was large and round with a towering forehead, rising to a conspicuous dome where the phrenologist locates the moral organs. His face was in utter contradiction to the rest of his make-up and a contradiction in itself. His nose was significant, denying from the phrenologist's standpoint that purpose which was unquestionably a leading characteristic of the man. But the eyes above it in their blue lights flashed with power and control. The first impression was that the face was infantile, but it quickly passed with study when under the folds of flesh, the square jaw was observed. Altogether his was an impressive personality. In carriage there was dignity without arrogance and an affability which, however, did not invite undue familiarity.

Portland, Me.—The news of the death of Thomas B. Reed was received here with universal sorrow. Mr. Reed was born in Portland, was educated in the schools of this city, and here was always his home, as he retained his residence in Portland after he resigned his seat in congress to enter upon the practice of law in New York.

Remains Taken to Maine.

Washington, Dec. 8.—The remains of the late Thomas Brackett Reed, formerly speaker of the house of representatives, left here Sunday afternoon for Portland, Me., his former home, where the interment will take place on Tuesday afternoon. They were placed aboard a special train, leaving Washington at 4:50 o'clock and running as the second section of the Federal express. Accompanying the body were Mrs. Reed, the widow; Miss Catherine Reed, the former speaker's daughter; Amos L. Allen, Mr. Reed's successor in the house of representatives; Asher G. Hinds, Mr. Reed's parliamentary clerk while speaker, and Augustus G. Payne of New York, a lifelong friend. At Mr. Reed's request there were no ceremonies of any kind here, and at Portland they will be of a simple character.

Gas Well in Montana.

Livingston, Mont., Dec. 12.—A natural gas well has been discovered in Coalmeasures, two miles west of this city. The well apparently is of great proportions. The gas is declared by mining men to be of superior quality.

To Prosecute.

Paris.—The Journal Français says that Jean de Rydzewski will be prosecuted on a charge of imprudence for causing the death of Mrs. Helen Gore.

MINES AND MINING NEWS

MANY OF THE MINES IN THE NORTHWEST PROGRESSING.

Items of Interest of a Miscellaneous Nature Gathered During the Past Week—New Districts Brought to the Front—Many Mining Accidents and Personals.

Recent events have given ground for the belief that the result of the negotiations now in progress on the coal miners' strike will be the ultimate sale of the properties of the individual companies to the large coal carrying companies. This will not be done at once, but it is regarded here as certain to come in the not distant future because it is believed to be the only solution of the present situation and is the outcome which both the independents and the large companies desire. It is estimated that the collieries of the 67 independent operators can be purchased for \$145,000,000. These plants produce three tenths of the total output of coal.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Granby mines at Phoenix will from now on ship 1000 tons daily to their smelter at Grand Forks.

The Rio claim's recent strike, which showed 739 ounces silver to the ton, is agitating other owners in the Rambler basin.

The Cork mine, near Kaslo, will shortly commence to ship and from present indications the property will prove a bonanza.

A 70 foot drift in the Ottawa, Slokan district, shows no break. Several carloads were taken out but stoping was not attempted.

The Wonderful mine in the Slokan has again closed down, but it is reported that work on it will be resumed at an early date.

The Cascade Power company is now supplying the Granby smelter. The electric power is transmitted over a pole line a distance of 25 miles.

Byron N. White of Spokane, one of the foremost mining men of the Slokan, has bonded the Bayonne mine for \$50,000, paying 10 per cent down.

W. W. Warner has thrown up his lease on the Wonderful property in the Slokan, but it is reported that work will be resumed in the spring.

The Wilcox mill, near Ymir, is now practically complete and part of the machinery has already been put in motion, the tests proving satisfactory. The aerial tramway has also been tested and a few alterations made.

The East Crow's Nest Coal & Coke company has been organized in Spokane and has purchased of Davenport, Paine & Co. 540 acres of coal land near Alberta, Canada, for a price figured on a basis of \$70,000.

The production of ore in Rossland camp for the present year to date is now almost 40,000 tons greater than for all of 1901, and the prospect is bright for a net increase on the present year's operations of 55,000 to 60,000 tons.

MISCELLANEOUS MINING NEWS.

A big strike has been made on the Abbey mine near Kendall, Mont.

The Kendall mining district is attracting a great deal of attention. John Quirk is developing in Dry gulch, four miles south of Helena.

Negotiations are on foot for the sale of the Jumbo mine in Buffalo Hump district.

Lumber is being hauled in for a fourth dredger on Beaver creek, near Delta, Idaho.

The body of ore in the R. E. Lee mine at Rimini still holds good and shipments are regularly made to East Helena.

Work has been discontinued in the Kintla lake (Mont.) oil fields until a shipment of heavy casing is received.

A rich strike has been made in the Brick & Brannigan mine in the West Fisher mine (Mont.).

The remains of Ab. Morris, who was killed by falling rocks at the Standard mine recently, were shipped to Galena, Kan., for interment.

Colonel William Ridpath, who holds a controlling interest in the Lucille Dreyfus mine, intends to push development of the property.

A custom smelting plant is to be erected in the gold and copper fields on Clear creek, Shasta county, about eight miles west of Redding, Cal.

A new tunnel is being driven on the H. and H. mines, near Winston, Montana. These mines have produced over \$1,000,000 in shipping gold ore.

Mr. Haines, foreman of the Mammoth mine at Barron, in the Slate Creek district, Washington, was so badly frozen during the recent storm that he can not live.

It is learned that a Chicago syndicate has secured control of a large tract of placer ground in Blaine county, and that an order will be placed for a large dredging plant.

The Piegan Consolidated Mining company is making extensive preparation to begin work again on its group of claims which are situated in the Marysville district, Montana.

A. W. Boyd has been made mine superintendent of the American Eagle, in Elk City (Idaho) camp, and has gone to take charge of the mine. He was late in charge of the Waterloo.

Ten thousand acres of Big Bend placer ground at Ontario, Ore., will revert to the government on midnight of December 31. This ground has been abandoned by the original claimants. The Curlew mining company com-

menced ditching and will begin laying water pipe from the junction of Eureka and Granite creeks to join with the North Republic water mains.

The copper prospects near the Oregon state line, in the vicinity of Elliott creek and Joe creek, in Jackson county, are still attracting unusual attention and experts are inspecting the locality most industriously.

The owners of the Quilp mine at Republic have contracted for the shipment of 1000 tons of ore to the Tacoma smelter and the ore will be started immediately. This is in addition to regular shipments to Granby.

It is understood that the construction of a smelter at Saitese, Mont., the St. Regis section of the Coeur d'Alene, is assured. It is further understood that it is to be in operation by next fall. It will be operated independent of the trust.

C. H. Smith was in Spokane recently from the Thunder Mountain district and reports a big strike on Big creek. A big ledge has been encountered that will average \$12 across an eight-foot face. The owners expect to work the property during the winter.

Patrick M. Hennessy of St. Paul has sold to Thomas F. Keeley of Chicago, both owners of the Hunter mine at Mullane, Idaho, a three sixteenths interest in the Yolande property, which adjoins the Hunter on the west. It was a cash consideration and the amount was \$14,000.

A nugget valued at \$200 was displayed at Sumpter recently by Jack Hazelwood, a well known mining man. He stated that it came from the Silver creek placers, about seven miles from Sumpter. Its shape is that of a cobblestone worn smooth by contact with flowing water.

The Gold King Mining company and the Bear Gulch Gold Mining company are to be consolidated at a meeting of the stockholders to be held at Livingston, Mont., January 23. The directors have completed all arrangements, and there is no doubt that their policy will be confirmed by the stockholders.

In the Yellow Pine district (Idaho) an immense dyke has been discovered, which is over 800 feet in width. The assays from ore taken from different places along the entire width go from \$70 to \$40 to the ton, and will make an average of \$6 to the ton. The district is near Profile and the discovery is a recent one.

From the California mine at Republic a carload of ore was shipped recently to the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson, B. C., and five carloads were shipped to the Tacoma smelter. The shaft at the mine is now down 460 feet and is being sunk and timbered at the rate of 1-2 feet a day, proving the quickest time in shaft sinking ever made in this camp.

W. H. Plummer of Spokane has returned from an extended trip in the east, where he floated a number of big propositions. One of the important transactions was the completion of plans for the Methow railway and smelter. Everything has been done, ready to start work in the spring. All the money has been raised and work will start as soon as the weather permits.

Newspaper Men's Banquet.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The December dinner of the Gridiron club at the Arlington hotel Saturday night was a success. The Washington correspondents who comprise the organization made us of recent events and prospective happenings for their burlesques. There were many prominent guests, and from the time President Robert J. Wynne delivered his address of welcome until the midnight hour there was mirth, music, quips and jest.

One of the best hits of the evening came late, when two bears appeared. One was a real bear and the other was impersonated by a member of the club. He announced they were from Mississippi and were looking for the president.

Good speeches were made by public men who entered into the spirit of the occasion. The menu souvenir was a book of rules of the house, with many cartoons showing the stringent manner in which Mr. Cannon will rule the house. It was accompanied by a gavel, making every man his own speaker.

National Civic Federation.

New York, Dec. 10.—The first annual meeting of the industrial department of the National Civic Federation, which convened here in the rooms of the board of trade, was attended by nearly 200 representatives of great corporations and labor organizations and distinguished citizens interested in the solution of the questions concerning the relations of capital and labor.

Senator Marcus A. Hanna presided and delivered the address of welcome to the delegates, among whom were John Mitchell, president of the United Mineworkers of America; Oscar S. Straus, member of the court of arbitration at The Hague; Alfred Moseley, at the head of the visiting delegation of British trade unionists; Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul and Bishop M. C. Goldrick of Duluth.

The Strongs are Back.

New York, Dec. 9.—Among the passengers who arrive on the steamer Umbria from Liverpool and Queens-town were Mr. and Mrs. Putnam Bradley Strong. Strong refused to say anything about his past or future movements.

When a man pays for the plumage on his wife's hat, you don't have to remind him that riches take unto themselves wings.

ULTIMATUMS TO VENEZUELA

GREAT BRITAIN AND GERMAN TAKE SUCH ACTION.

The Ultimatums Have a Time Limit and the two Countries Will Make Seizures of Customs Unless Complied With in Stated Time—Castro Has Been Slow.

London, Dec. 10.—Great Britain and Germany have presented ultimatums to Venezuela, which will be followed up by the seizure of the customs unless a satisfactory settlement is forthcoming within a brief period.

The ultimatums have a time limit, but the exact date can not be ascertained here.

The foreign office states, with regard to the limit:

"It is a reasonable time in which Venezuela can satisfy the injured governments. Both notes are practically identical, although the amounts of the claims differ. The notes merely reiterate the continued disregard by the Venezuelan government of all our representations, specify our claims and demand immediate action on the part of President Castro's government in connection therewith."

The British government's case is practically identical with the statements made in previous dispatches from London, in which it was first announced that the action was contemplated. Should the British ultimatum meet with a hostile reception the British minister, W. H. D. Haggard, has been instructed to go aboard a British warship, or if that is impracticable, to go into the neighboring colony.

Premier Balfour's announcement in the house of commons this afternoon is regarded as merely the obvious culmination to the situation which daily has been becoming more critical for the past three months.

The foreign office says: "There is not the slightest desire to coerce Venezuela, and if any answer had been made to our repeated protests and demands no such action as now taken would have been proceeded with. It was the persistent and insulting disregard to all representations to aliens which compelled us to move. It is now too late in the day for anything but purely diplomatic arrangements for the satisfaction of our injuries. When the fleets have assembled there is scarcely time to deal with bankers and a financial settlement, which should have been suggested long ago, and would have been welcomed by both Germany and ourselves. However, any bona fide proposition will receive careful attention. Reconstruction in commercial affairs is always better than liquidation, and if the reconstruction of the Venezuelan finances can be accomplished to the satisfaction of our diplomatic claims and individual losses, both Germany and Great Britain will have achieved their ends."

SURVEYING PARTY DROWNED.

Wenatchee, Wash., Dec. 8.—A surveying party of three men was drowned in the Wenatchee river, in the Tumwater canyon, three miles above Leavenworth. In the party were W. R. Wanzer, civil engineer of Seattle, and two helpers, H. Coolee and M. Martin, both from Blewett. They were engaged in surveying a new power plant for the Wenatchee Electric Light & Power company, and it is supposed while crossing the stream their boat became unmanageable and drifted into the rapids and capsized.

Coolee's body was found by the searching party, lodged against a rock below the falls. His watch stopped at 5 o'clock, showing that the accident happened near that time.

The place where the accident occurred is one of the wildest and most picturesque spots in this part of the country. Through a narrow canyon rush the waters of the Wenatchee, with majestic mountains towering thousands of feet on either side. In a few places the river is quiet for a few hundred yards or so, and any one may cross with comparative safety, but if they should be drawn over the falls death is sure to overtake them.

To Restore Spain's Navy.

Madrid.—Among the new cabinet officers, General Linares, minister of war, is very popular with the army and in the country, and is credited with extensive plans for the reorganization of the army and the national defenses. Minister of Marine Toca is regarded as an even more thorough advocate of the strengthening and reorganization of the navy and of the naval defenses in every direction. Senor Mauru, minister of the interior, also favors the restoration of Spain's naval power, and altogether the new government is considered a strong and popular one.

Chinese May Go To Manila.

Manila.—Customs Collector Shuster rules that Chinese residing in the United States may enter the Philippines. His decision says:

"Any Chinese legally resident in the mainland territory of the United States is entitled to enter the Philippines, irrespective of class or occupation, provided that he comes by a reasonably direct route and uses due diligence in coming."

Consul General Nast is Dead.

Guayaquil, Ecuador.—Consul General Thomas Nast died today at noon after a three days' illness from yellow fever.