

MINES AND MINING NEWS

MANY OF THE MINES IN THE NORTHWEST PROGRESSING.

Items of Interest of a Miscellaneous Nature Gathered During the Past Week—New Districts Brought to the Front—Many Mining Accidents and Personals.

The 1901 report of the United States geological survey shows that for the calendar year in round numbers the value of the gold product was \$75,000,000, and of the silver product was \$71,000,000 as metal (coining value), and \$33,000,000 as metallic commercial value. As metals, then, gold and silver products were valued at a little less than \$112,000,000; as money they were worth \$150,000,000.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

An engine has been ordered in Spokane to deepen the shaft on the Waterloo.

Good reports are being received from the Mohican property in the Lardau district in British Columbia. Several men are at work and stocks of provisions are being sent in.

Tom Conley and associates have leased the Canadian King mine at Erie, B. C. An incline shaft has been sunk to about 288 feet and the aggregate of 600 feet of development work has been done.

The Centre Star mine at Rosebud, has solved the problem of treating the low grade ores of that camp and Manager Edmond B. Kirby states that a trial mill will, in all probabilities, be built this winter to perfect the process.

The North Star mine in British Columbia will probably pay no more dividends for the coming year. At the present time about \$300,000 have been paid in dividends from the mine, nearly \$60,000 of which have been distributed during the last year.

The silver lead mine owners of British Columbia passed a resolution urging the enactment of a tariff act for the protection of the producers of lead. The tariff proposed is 1 1/2 cents per pound on lead ores, 2 1/2 cents per pound on lead in bullion, pigs, bars and old lead.

MISCELLANEOUS MINING NEWS.

Work has been resumed on the Walter Scott property near Northport. It had been idle for two months.

The famous Morning mine of the Coeur d'Alene district has resumed operations with a full crew of men.

Importations of manufacturers of iron and steel are larger this year than at any time during the past decade.

All sorts of people are flocking into the owners of the Summit and Silver Hill properties at Keller recently received a cash offer of \$30,000 for the two groups.

The northern part of Mexico seeking investments in mines, cattle, timber. Fifteen men will be employed at the Yogo Sapphire mines all winter, preparing the material for next summer's work.

The concentration plant being erected by the California company in the Cable Grove district of Oregon is nearly completed.

The Homestake property in Evans Creek district, nine miles from Grant's Pass, Ore., has been bonded to an eastern syndicate for \$5000.

Saltese, Mont., expects a boom very soon now. The construction of a smelter has been started. A force of men is excavating for the foundation.

The Banner and Bangle Mining company of Troy, Mont., has bonded its claims for one year to Larson & Greenough. The ores are silver, lead and zinc.

It is stated on what appears to be good authority that the Chico mine, in Republic camp, is soon to resume work and start shipping ore to the Granby smelter.

The Calumet & Hecla company of Michigan, has just completed an immense plant and from now on all the water used in the steam plant will pass through filters.

The Big Horn group of mining claims in the Cracker Creek district of Oregon was purchased recently. There are four claims in the property and the consideration was \$7000.

The force in the big tunnel on the Buckhorn property on Copper mountain, near Bolster, Wash., has been laid off on account of bad air. An air plant will shortly be installed.

A tunnel has been run 20 feet into the hill on the Growler claim at Republic. The vein is reported to be about four feet wide and carries values of \$19 in copper, gold and silver.

The new 20-stamp mill of the Greenback mine of Graves Creek district in Oregon is now completed and the property has added to the number of men employed and work is going on very satisfactorily.

George E. Roberts, the director in the mint, in his annual report says that the coinage mints at Philadelphia, New Orleans and San Francisco were in operation throughout the fiscal year.

The first payment has been made on 1000 acres of placer ground on upper Libby creek by the Libby Placer company. An option was given to the new company a year ago for \$100,000 for three years, payable in yearly installments.

The Tacoma Smelting company is defendant in a \$20,000 damage suit brought by Mrs. Catherine McLaughlin

in the superior court at Tacoma. Mrs. McLaughlin sues for the death of her husband, who fell down an elevator shaft.

lands and mercantile business, some with money and some with nothing but their gull. Recently the initial steps of some very large mining deals have been taken on mines at Parral, which, if consummated, will mean still greater activity in that locality.

By a decision of the supreme court the Boston & Montana Copper and Silver Mining company is given complete ownership of the one-fourth interest in the Comanche mine, at Butte, claimed by Adolph Wetzstein. The lower court declared the company to hold a legal title in the property.

Robert Neill, the Tyson mining man, has started work on his placer properties in the Tyson district and will work steadily as long as the weather and supply of water permits. The suit over the claims has been settled in favor of Neill, and now the claims will be worked steadily.

The mines of the Parral district, Mexico, were first operated about 300 years ago and are credited with a production of \$60,000,000 and upwards, mainly in silver. The deepest mine has only reached 1,000 feet, and all those over 500 feet in depth have been sunk in the last dozen years.

A. C. Morrison, a prominent mining man of the Hump country, predicts that the Hogan property on Crooked river, near Elk City, Idaho, will be one of the greatest mines in the world. Twenty stamps have been pounded on the ore during the past season and it is proposed to install 100 more.

It is claimed by a Milwaukee chemist is that he has discovered a process to treat sulphide and telluride ores at an extremely low cost and a high saving to contents. He is not ready that Umatilla and Morrow counties to give his discovery to the world yet, but hopes to be able to do so in a very short time.

"The ores in the Siegel creek district, near Elk City, Idaho, are improving with depth," said J. D. Boyer, who is operating extensively in that district, and who was in Spokane recently. "The ores are mostly free and are not becoming base with depth. In the deepest workings of the district they are found to be as free as on the surface."

SOUTH AMERICAN GOVERNMENTS ARE WITH HER.

Newspapers Are Expressing Themselves Freely on the Different Disputes—Bolivia a Sympathizer—Brazil Indifferent—Peru Against Collective Action.

New York, Dec. 18.—In reply to dispatches addressed to its correspondents in the most prominent South American republics asking for the position of each government in the Venezuelan situation, the Associated Press has received the following replies:

San Salvador, Salvador.—The newspapers here are urging the South American republics to support Venezuela, but the government of Salvador is not likely to take any action.

Buenos Ayres, Argentina.—The government of Argentina officially denies the reports that it contemplates intervention in the dispute between Venezuela and the allied powers. The newspapers are protesting against the action of the fleets of the allies.

La Paz, Bolivia.—While the Bolivian government is not prepared to take any steps to assist Venezuela in the present crisis, the newspapers of Bolivia express themselves in favor of joint action on the part of all the republics of South America in support of Venezuela against the allied powers.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—The Brazilian government is absolutely indifferent in regard to the Venezuelan troubles. High officials and prominent men here do not sympathize with President Castro. Up to the time of sending out these dispatches, the reply of Nicaragua had not been received.

Lima, Peru.—The newspapers of Peru are in favor of collective action in support of Venezuela by all the South American republics. The Peruvian government, however, is not disposed to take any action in the matter.

Panama, Colombia.—On account of his having helped the Colombian republic revolutionists, President Castro of Venezuela has no friends in the Colombian government.

Big Boston Fire.

Boston.—Fire in the Hathaway building, at No. 208-218 Summer street, did damage to the extent of \$150,000. The building is occupied principally by bookbinding and wool dealing firms. A thick party wall saved the wool dealers, who occupy the front half of the building.

Logan, the Ball Player, Found.

Ashland, Ore.—B. N. Logan, the young baseball player from Siskiyou, Cal., who while hunting in the wild mountain regions of the Umpqua in southern Oregon, disappeared from camp and was lost for two weeks, has been found by a searching party.

Three Cents on S. F. & N.

St. Paul, Minn.—A Great Northern official is authority for the information that the 3 cent rate on the Spokane Falls & Northern, in Washington state, will go into effect about March 30, next.

Some people would be regular talking machines only the latter run down.

HUAKO INDIANS ON WARPATH

A SPECIAL FROM DAWSON SAYS EXCITEMENT IS KEEN.

Stores Robbed and Burned and Men Killed—Little Salmon Indians Said to be Panic Stricken—Major Cuthbert Near Scene of Action—200 Indians in Hostile Party.

Seattle, Wash.—A special from Dawson, says: Keen excitement and apprehension prevail at White Horse and various points along the line of the new government trail over the report that a band of Huako Indians has taken the warpath in the region between the Little Salmon and Pelly rivers. A store is reported to have been looted and burned, the storekeeper killed and another man badly wounded. The Little Salmon Indians are said to be panic stricken over the outbreak of the hostile tribe and to be sending their squaws and children to the police detachment at Tantalus, near the Yukon crossing, for protection.

Major Cuthbert has been fully apprised of the reports by wire. He has issued an order mobilizing the men at his command, and in case a confirmation of the news of the outbreak is received, he will leave here for Selkirk immediately with 50 men.

It is stated that from 200 to 250 Indians are in the hostile party, headed by two well known chiefs. At last accounts they were holding a war dance and working themselves into a murderous frenzy.

Trouble with the Indians in the region between the Little Salmon and the Pelly has been expected for a long time. Many of them are known to be of a treacherous, revengeful nature. A motive for the outbreak is furnished by the hanging of three of their number in 1899 for the murder of a prospector on the Little Salmon. The execution took place in Dawson at the local barracks.

While Major Cuthbert is rather reticent as regards the details of the trouble, it is known that the first news of the reported uprising and murder reached here yesterday morning from White Horse. A wire was received from Captain Horrigan stating that word had been received there of the outbreak.

The Little Salmon Indians are reported as placing so much credence in the statements received from the Selkirk Indians that they are preparing to move. If the murderous band makes an appearance they will head for the police post at Tantalus with their squaws and children. The looting of the store and the murder are supposed to have occurred on November 30 or December 1 and the first report did not reach the woodchopper near Mackey's until last Friday. From all that can be learned the Indian from whom he received the story is regarded as honest and reliable.

Commerce of the Philippines.

Washington.—The bureau of insular affairs of the war department has issued the following comparative summary of the commerce of the Philippine Islands for the seven months ending July 31, 1902, and 1901: The total value of merchandise, exclusive of gold and silver, imported during the seven months ended July 31, 1902, was \$19,310,437, as against \$17,132,205 for the same period of 1901. The principal increase in 1902 was in food stuffs, the purchase of rice alone exceeding the figures for 1901 by nearly \$1,500,000. Gold and silver were imported during the seven months of 1902 to the value of \$3,026,747; same period of 1901, \$1,230,294. The value of imports coming from the United States in 1902 was \$2,333,889, a gain of approximately \$500,000 as compared with 1901.

Agricultural industries throughout the archipelago have been materially affected owing to the unfortunate destruction of the work cattle by an epidemic of rinderpest.

Rockefeller Gave a Million.

Chicago.—President Harper of the University of Chicago at the convention exercises announced the gift by John D. Rockefeller of another million dollars to that institution. Gifts from other sources also were announced, swelling the total of donations to \$1,526,000. President Harper advocated the pensioning of retired professors and officers of the university, but said that the details of the plan would have to be considered further before any steps in that direction could be taken.

Noted Indian Warrior Dead.

Athena, Ore.—Pahacrho, once a mighty Cayuse warrior and the slayer of Chief Egan of the Shoshones in the famous Bannock Indian war, was found dead on the Umatilla Indian reservation, several miles from here, having probably fallen from his cayuse in a drunken stupor and died of exposure some time during the previous night. The remains of Pahacrho, or Five Crows, as he was known in English, were interred today at the agency.

Claus Lempke Suicides.

Wallula, Wash.—Word reached here of the suicide by hanging of Claus Lempke, a well to do farmer living in the south Cold Springs country. Lempke is supposed to have been temporarily deranged through despondency. He was only 30 years old.

As a rule its a high flyer who goes on a lark.

THE LEMPKE SUICIDES.

Both Followed Out the Same Plan of Destruction.

Pendleton, Ore., Dec. 18.—In precisely the same manner as Claus Lempke killed himself last Saturday, Chris Lempke, an elder brother of Saturday's suicide, hanged himself to a rafter in an outbuilding Tuesday afternoon. The twin suicides of the two brothers, happening nearly simultaneously, in exactly the same manner, present a curious study in psychic phenomena.

Claus Lempke, aged 30, a wealthy rancher of South Cold Springs, in northern Umatilla county, hanged himself Saturday through despondency. Chris Lempke, aged 33, a wealthy rancher of Warren, in northern Umatilla county, hanged himself Tuesday through despondency. Both men were found by their wives, who went to the barns to search for them through alarm at long continued absence. Both were discovered dead, were in the same position, had used the same means of execution and had been dead about the same length of time when found. No more deadly parallel was ever drawn.

Neither man gave any inkling of his intention to his wife. Each went quietly to the barn, fastened a rope to a rafter and a noose around his neck and then jumped off a box.

Chris Lempke, the suicide of today, was worth \$12,000. He was prominent among the ranchers of the wheat belt along the "high line" of the Washington & Columbia River railroad. His self destruction is the more surprising because of his well known gentility and light heartedness. His suicide was as sudden and unexpected as it was shocking.

Claus Lempke was buried at Warren station, and his brother Chris attended the funeral. The details of Claus' self destruction seemed to have fixed themselves so unalterably in Chris' mind that he could not restrain himself from imitating the act in all particulars.

The psychic phenomenon is said by physicians not to be uncommon and to be due to powerful auto suggestion. The dead rancher was married, his wife and two children living on the farm. He had dwelt in Umatilla 15 years. Both brothers were German born. No inquest will be held.

Debated Venezuelan Question.

London, Dec. 17.—The house was crowded when the Venezuelan matter came up for debate. Mr. Schwann, after expressing surprise that the government was anxious for another war after the South Africa war, complained of the paucity of information concerning the Venezuelan situation which has been given to parliament. He said he hoped arbitration would be accepted, because, although President Roosevelt is anxious to act correctly, the situation is full of danger and the president's hands might be forced by politicians.

Lord Cranborne spoke after Mr. Schwann. He reproached the member with a desire to discredit the government and explained that the papers in the Venezuelan matter were very voluminous, and that those issues today were only a summary. He said that Great Britain had to perform police duty among the nations and had to prevent Venezuela from breaking the law of nations. The United States took the sensible view that Great Britain's insistence that Venezuela should meet her engagements was not an infraction of the Monroe doctrine.

"No country has been more anxious than Great Britain," said Lord Cranborne, "to assist the American government in maintaining that doctrine." This remark was greeted with cheers.

Term of the President.

Washington.—A joint resolution has been introduced in the house by Mr. De Armond proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States providing that the term of the president of the United States shall continue until April 30, 1905, at noon, and thereafter April 30, at noon, shall be substituted for March 4 as the beginning and ending of the terms of president and vice president, and that the Fifty-ninth congress shall end and the Sixtieth begin on January 8, 1907, at noon, and thereafter each congress shall begin and end on January 8, at noon.

Murder by Strangulation.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 19.—A coroner's jury declared that Mrs. Mary Collins had been murdered by strangulation. The woman's body was found in a small shack at Twenty-ninth avenue and Jackson street by a group of children playing near the place. Finger marks about the woman's neck and other evidence strengthen a murder theory. Robbery is believed to have been the motive of the crime, and a purse containing a sum of money, which she usually carried, is missing. The robbers, though, missed \$105 which was sewed in the woman's dress.

Fire at Ladysmith, B. C.

Victoria, B. C.—A message from Ladysmith says that fire broke out in the store of Leiser & Hamburger. As there was no water available it was feared that not only the store, which has a stock valued at \$100,000, but the postoffice, Rhodes' hardware store, Jones' hotel and two other buildings in the block would be destroyed.

Killed Under Lake Erie.

Cleveland, O.—Two men were instantly killed, two others probably fatally burned and a number of others less seriously burned in an explosion of gas in the waterworks tunnel 100 feet below the bottom of Lake Erie.

MRS. U. S. GRANT IS DEAD

SHE DIED OF HEART FAILURE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Death Came Peacefully—Only One of Her Children Present—Her Sons Hasten Home—Mrs. Grant's Remains Will be Deposited in a Tomb in New York City.

Washington.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant died at her residence in this city. Death was due to heart failure, Mrs. Grant having suffered for years from valvular disease of the heart, which was aggravated by a severe attack of bronchitis. Her age prevented her rallying from the attacks. Her daughter, Nellie Grant Sartoris, was the only one of her children with her at the time of her death, her three sons, who had been summoned here, all being out of the city.

There were also present at the bedside when the end came Miss Rosemary Sartoris, a granddaughter; Dr. Bishop, one of the attending physicians, and two trained nurses. Death



MRS. JULIA DENT GRANT.

consciousness practically to the end. Word has come from Jesse and U. S. Grant, Jr., two of the sons in California, that they have started on their way to Washington. The other son, General Fred Grant, is in Texas, and he will hasten here as soon as he receives a message telling him of his mother's death. The remains of Mrs. Grant will be deposited in the tomb at Riverside park, New York city, where those of her husband now repose. Whether they will be taken there immediately or this ceremony not performed for a time, can not be ascertained tonight.

Mrs. Grant's Career.

Mrs. Grant, whose maiden name was Julia Dent, was born in St. Louis, in 1826, and was the daughter of Frederick and Ellen Wrenshall Dent. She was married to General (then Captain) Grant in 1848. During the civil war Mrs. Grant was with the general most of the time and remained as near as possible to him when he was campaigning. She saw her husband twice inaugurated as president and accompanied him on his journey around the world.

As mistress of the White House she gave liberally to all the charitable institutions of the city. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Grant, three sons and one daughter, all of whom are living. Miss Nellie, the daughter, who became the wife of Algernon Sartoris in 1874, has lived in Washington with her mother for several years. Frederick Dent Grant, the oldest son, is in the army, and two other sons, Jesse and Ulysses Simpson, live at San Diego, Cal.

During recent years since General Grant's death, Mrs. Grant has spent most of her winters in this city, living at 2111 Q street, while during the summer she usually lived at Saratoga, Manchester-by-the-Sea and other popular resorts, until the last two summers, when she resided with her daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, at Coburg, Canada. She also made several visits to her sons in California during the last few years.

She was of domestic temperament and devoted most of her time to her home and children. She cared little for society and always avoided public notice as much as possible. Her devotion to her husband was remarkable, and during the latter's unsuccessful years before the civil war and when his fortune was swept away shortly before his death, Mrs. Grant always bore herself bravely and was an inspiration to him. For several years Mrs. Grant had been so feeble that it was impossible to accept social engagements. She suffered from rheumatism and was compelled to walk with a cane or with the assistance of an attendant. She was 76 years of age at the time of her death.

She Acted a Man 24 Years.

Buffalo, N. Y.—During a recent night the emergency hospital ambulance was called to Michigan street to pick up what appeared to be a laboring man whose leg had been broken. On the operating table it was found the patient, who gave the name of Harry Newman, was a woman. She said she was 32 years old and had passed as boy and man since she was 8 years old. She was married to a woman 10 years ago, and the couple separated only recently. She has worked as a cook in restaurants here for 15 years.

Canadian Cigar Factory Burned.

Montreal.—Fire has destroyed H. Jacobson & Co.'s cigar factory. One million cigars, just finished, went up in smoke. Loss, \$70,000.

No woman has really ever thought the photographer succeeded in doing her justice.

NORTH COAST LIMITED

Observation Cars
Electric Lighted
Steam Heated

WESTBOUND	ARRIVE	DEPART
No. 1 North Coast Limited	7:30 p. m.	7:40 p. m.
No. 5, Burlington Express	1:50 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
No. 27, Bitter Root Local	11:05 a. m.	11:15 a. m.
No. 13, Twin City Express	11:05 a. m.	11:15 a. m.
No. 2, North Coast Limited	12:40 a. m.	12:50 a. m.
No. 6, Burlington Express	11:25 p. m.	11:35 p. m.
No. 8, Bitter Root Local	1:45 p. m.	1:55 p. m.
No. 14, Twin City Express	1:45 p. m.	1:55 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

No. 1 North Coast Limited, from Saint Paul and eastern points, to the Pacific Coast.
No. 2 North Coast Limited, from the Pacific Coast to St. Paul, Duluth and principal eastern points.

No. 5, Burlington express, from Kansas City and all B. & M. R. points, and all N. P. points west of Billings, to Seattle and Tacoma.

No. 6, Burlington express, from Tacoma and Seattle to Billings and all B. & M. R. points, and all N. P. points west of Billings, to Seattle and Tacoma.

No. 7, Bitter Root Local, starts from Butte for Missoula, Hamilton and all intermediate points.

No. 8, Bitter Root Local, from Hamilton and Phillipsburg.

No. 12, Local, connection from Twin City express from St. Paul and all eastern points.

No. 14, local, connection with Twin City express for St. Paul and all points east.

Passengers for Twin Bridges, Sheridan, Alder, Pony and Norris Branches leave Butte on No. 14 and arrive in Butte from these points on No. 5. Trains on these branches do not run Sundays.

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Depart. 2:05 a. m. 2:45 a. m. Arrive
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