

The Havre Herald

A. C. LENDER, PUBLISHER.

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NATIONAL TICKET

By the unanimous vote of the convention Judge Parker, of New York, was made the democratic nominee for president. Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, is his running mate.

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES.

The Democratic national convention adopted the following fundamental principles as a part of their platform:

"The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, conscience and speech; equality before the law of all citizens; the right of trial by jury, freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract, untrammelled by sumptuary laws; supremacy of the civil over the military authority; a well disciplined militia; the separation of church and state; economy in expenditures, low taxes, that labor may be lightly burdened; prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations; fidelity to treaties, peace and friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics; these are the doctrines which democracy has established as precepts of the nation and they should be constantly enforced.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less "vested," no less "sacred" and no less "inalienable" than the rights of capital.

One of the greatest strikes in the history of this country is begun in cities where big packing plants are located. Forty-five thousand employes went on a strike Tuesday and the danger of a meat panic is evident.

We wonder who designs all of the funny wall paper.

MEN AND THEIR METHODS.

We have just had a bicentennial of which little notice was taken by the general public. The two hundredth anniversary of the American press occurred in April last, and secured short notices from our great dailies. April 24, 1704, was the starting of the first newspaper in the colonies, the Boston News-Letter. It was preceded by Publick Occurrences, a small quarto sheet with one page blank, which appeared in Boston in 1690, and was the first regular printed publication of America. This sheet was soon suppressed by the governor of Massachusetts for containing "reflexions of a very high nature." Therefore, to the News-Letter, which died in 1776, belongs the honor of being the leader of a stream from the press which has never ceased to increase in volume.

At present the number of newspapers in the country is said to be over 21,000.

The News-Letter was a small affair, 7 by 10 1/4 inches, two columns to the page. Edited by John Campbell, postmaster of Boston, it was studiously neutral and avoided expressing any opinion or telling any fact which might give offense to powers that were. For fifteen years Boston published the only newspaper in the colonies, Philadelphia following in 1719 and New York in 1725. It is curious that the Boston Gazette was issued on December 21, 1719, and the Philadelphia Weekly Mercury on December 22, 1719. With the appearance of the New England Courant in 1721, founded by James Franklin, the press began to show color, to make history. Ben Franklin says that his brother had begun to print it in 1720 or 1721. When James Franklin was forbidden to issue it the order was evaded by printing it in the name of Benjamin, just as when some astute legislators passed a law against the playing of ninepins the game of tenpins came into being.

The first volume of the News-Letter is owned by the New York Historical Society and was originally the property of Samuel Sewall, that entertaining Massachusetts judge who sentenced several "witches" to death during the excitement known as the Salem witchcraft. Many of Sewall's copies of the News-Letter have comments on the margins in his handwriting. There are really four volumes bound in the one book, the numbers running from the first one to April 19, 1708, and in this list of 209 numbers only five are missing. Only one other copy of the first number is known and that is owned by the Massachusetts Historical Society, but the latter has only eighteen numbers of the first volume while the New York society lacks but one copy, No. 27. A collection owned by the American Antiquarian Society begins with No. 36.

Vol. 1, No. 1 of the News-Letter contains two columns of news from Europe, and the only item of local interest is the statement that a vessel recently arrived in Boston reported that it was chased near Block Island by what was thought to be a French privateer. A most interesting item in the first volume is a brief obituary notice of the death of Peregrine White, famous in our history as the first white male child born in New England. The news is under a date line from Marshfield, Mass., of July 22, and is as follows:

Captain Peregrine White of this town, aged eighty-three years and eight months, died the 20th inst. He was vigorous and of comely aspect to the last; was the son of Mr. William White and Susanna, his wife; born on board the Mayflower, Captain James, commander, in Cape Cod Harbour, November, 1620; was the first Englishman born in New England. Although he was in the former part of his life extravagant, yet was much reformed in his last years and died happily.

This volume was presented to the New York society by the founder of the famous Bruce type foundry, George Bruce, who at the time had not perfected his improvements in stereotyping which afterward made him famous, but was, as he designated himself, a printer. This was in 1805, when he was a journeyman. The New York Daily Advertiser's imprint reads: "Printed and published by George Bruce." He afterward started a book printing office and in 1818 erected the type foundry.—Typographical Journal.

CITY COUNCIL TAKES ACTION

Plan to Embrace Montana Concert Hall in City Limits.

The city council met in special session Friday evening, the following aldermen being present. Ober, McIntyre, Wright, Young and Smith; Mayor Newman presiding and J. W. Kelly, clerk.

Bills were acted upon and treasurer report of Daniel Boone was referred to the finance committee.

On motion the clerk was instructed to notify Geo. T. Sanderson that a walk must be built opposite his property on Second avenue within a period of thirty days.

Mayor Newman announced that in order to carry out the wishes of the people who had elected him upon the platform of the Citizen's reform party, he had taken steps to bring the Montana Concert Hall under the jurisdiction of the city. That he had requested C. W. Young to allow the city to plat the ground on which the Concert Hall stands and bring it within the city limits, that all saloons may be placed on an equal footing. That Mr. Young had refused to comply with his request, and it was the intention of the city administration to harrass Mr. Young to the extent of making his business unprofitable in order to force him within the limit. Mayor Newman also stated that he found it for the best interests of Havre to order sporting women outside the city limits, and that they should not be permitted to reside

within a quarter or a half mile of the city limits, and then in a location prescribed by the council. The mayor was supported in this by four of the aldermen present. Mayor Newman asserted that this action was not a personal grievance against Mr. Young, but for the good morals of the city and a restriction on gambling.

Mr. Young stated that the property comprising the Montana Concert Hall was paying more revenue into the city treasury than the rest of the saloons combined; that should the ground be platted, he would be compelled to go to the expense of putting in an alley, but that he would consider the matter within the next three days and report at the council meeting Tuesday night.

The council decided to lay a temporary walk from H. W. Gross' store to Peter DesRosier's store.

On motion the night marshal was instructed to keep a close watch as to the time the electric lights were turned on and off, and report to the council.

Meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening.

The council again met Tuesday evening last and the sewer and water system question was discussed. City Engineer Swearingen will present the plans and the lay of the system to the council at their next meeting for endorsement. It is the admintstration's intention to start the work as soon as the bonds are sold.

C. W. Young has consented to allow the city to plat the ground on which the Montana Concert hall is located.

The suits pending over the arrest of sporting women were dismissed and the concert hall will run as heretofore.



1/4 OFF SALE

For every Seventyfive Cents you spend with us you get a Dollar's Worth of clothing.

We prefer to keep Spring Stock moving and at any cost.

We would rather count the money than inventory the stock.

"THE HUB"

LOCATED ON 4th STREET.