

FERGUS COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

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LEWISTOWN, FERGUS COUNTY, MONTANA, TUESDAY, DEC. 6, 1904.

Price 5 Cents.

FOND WORDS OF REMEMBRANCE

Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks Meet in Annual Lodge of Sorrow.

MOST IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES

Eloquent Orations, Exquisite Music and Touching Tableaux Make Occasion One of Note.

Never in the history of Lewistown were more beautifully impressive services held than those of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, who met in their annual lodge of sorrow in Culver's hall last Sunday afternoon. The hall was crowded and the large crowd was held in rapt attention from the first strains of "America" by the orchestra until the last words of a beautiful benediction by the Rev. Henry Quickenden. The arrangements for the exercises were perfect and nothing happened to mar in the least the excellence of the program.

The hall was prettily decorated. Across the front of the stage and for a distance along the sides of the walls were draped the familiar colors of the Elks, white and purple. Mingled with these colors were festoons of black, emblematic of the solemn occasion. On the stage were cut flowers and potted plants artistically arranged.

The officers of the lodge with the orator of the day, the Hon. C. M. Webster, of Great Falls, occupied the stage, the other members of the lodge occupying the front rows of seats. After the overture "America," the Lodge of Sorrow was formally opened by the lodge, Exalted Ruler Edward Brassey presiding. The invocation was pronounced by Rev. Quickenden. The lush of absolute stillness went over the audience as Secretary Frank J. Hazen arose to call the name of the honored dead of the order. Solemnly he thrice spoke the name of Frederick A. Treacy, the only member of the Lewistown lodge who has passed over to the other side. Then out of the semi-darkness came the sweet voice of Miss Spach, of Helena, singing, "Nearer, My God, to Thee." As the song progressed, two flags which hung in the back of the stage were pulled apart and an excellent likeness of the "absent brother," Dr. Frederick Treacy, was revealed.

The eulogy which is given below was delivered by Frank E. Smith, who was at his best. An oratorical gem was the annual address delivered by C. M. Webster, of Great Falls. The significance of the day, the mystery and the pain of death and its ultimate compensation were spoken of in words which show an earnest study of the higher things of existence. The address was well sustained throughout and all who heard it congratulated themselves upon the opportunity of listening to such an oratorical treat.

The musical portion of the program was the best ever heard in the city. Miss Spach, of Helena, who came down for this particular occasion, sang three solos. She has a delightfully clear and well cultivated soprano voice and her singing was greatly appreciated by the audience. Mr. Edward Sutter made his first appearance as a soloist since coming to Lewistown and made an excellent impression. He has a strong, musical, bass voice and his solo was chosen with especially good judgment.

The music furnished by Prof. Race's orchestra won many deserved compliments. This musical organization would be a credit to any city. Mrs. L. N. Du Clos did the accompanying in her usual efficient manner.

Miss Lena Newell recited Thantopis. Miss Newell has a clear musical voice and her interpretation of Bryant's famous poem was excellent.

We are sorry that a lack of space prevents us from giving all or a portion of the address by Mr. Webster. It may be possible to run it in a future issue. Below we give the eulogy delivered by Frank E. Smith, the biographical sketch, all of which our readers are familiar with, being omitted.

Words are feeble to convey an expression of the sorrow which fills each breast on this occasion. One year ago today, when we gathered to participate in our annual Memorial exercises the speaker congratulated

the lodge that never in its history had one of its members been removed by the angel of death. As we pondered over the suggestion each wondered who would be the first to join the Grand Lodge above. Little did we then think that he who presided at that meeting would be the first. Standing in the strength of young manhood, full of life and health and hope and happiness, just entering upon the practice of his chosen profession with the promise of rising to eminence and distinction among its craft; even then anticipating a happy union with the one chosen for his life's partner, he thought never occurred to him that he would precede all others gathered there to "that undiscovered country from whose bourn no traveler returns." Could he have raised the veil of the future he might, with the poet, have sung:

Beyond the smiling and the weeping,
Beyond the wailing and the sleeping,
Beyond the sowing and the reaping,
Beyond the blooming and the fading,
Beyond the shining and the shading,
Beyond the hoping and the dreading,
Beyond the rising and the setting,
Beyond the calming and the fretting,
Beyond the remembering and forgetting,
Beyond the gathering and the strow-
ing,
Beyond the ebbing and the flowing,
Beyond the coming and the going,
Beyond the parting and the meeting,
Beyond the farewell and the greeting,
Beyond the pulses fever beating,
Beyond the frost chain and the fever,
Beyond the rock waste and the river,
Beyond the ever and the never,
I shall be soon.

Of this, his chosen fraternity, our Brother was an enthusiastic, a faithful and an honored member. He shirked no duty, he neglected no obligation. He was ever active and industrious in all of the good works of the order. Of a sunny, genial, generous and happy nature, he seemed to bring warmth and sunshine into the lodge room, and ever exemplified the true spirit of fraternity. The same charity that is a guiding principle of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, was a guiding principle of his life. Poor and suffering humanity was never turned from his door, and many are the kindly deeds which find place in the memory of the people of this community.

As a shaft that is sped from a bow unseen to an unseen mark,
As a bird that gleams in the firelight,
And hurries from dark to dark,
As the face of the stranger who smiled
As we passed in the crowded street,
Our life is a glimmer, a flutter, a mem-
ory, fading, yet sweet.

Sweet indeed is the memory of our departed brother. "We cherish his virtues upon the tablets of love and memory."

Knowing that the Grim Destroyer has removed that which he cannot replace, knowing that we shall never again behold the face or feel the presence of the departed; knowing that his seat among us must ever be vacant.
For none return from those quiet shores,
Who cross with the boatman cold and pale;
We hear the dip of the golden oars,
And catch a gleam of the snowy sail,
And, lo, they have passed from our yearning hearts,
They cross the stream and are gone for aye;
That hides from our vision the gates of day,
To hide, our brother and companion,
and friend, we say our long, our last farewell. Farewell! Farewell! Farewell!

Lewistown Prosperous

A prominent business man from this city who visited one of the larger cities of the state last week said that he was never more impressed with the present prosperity and future greatness of Lewistown than since a visit to other places about the state. Most of the other larger towns of the state have may rolls upon which their prosperity depends but Lewistown is growing at a rapid rate without the assistance of that rather uncertain adjunct. Her growth and the material happiness of her people do not depend upon the caprices of some corporation who are likely to close down their plant at any time, entailing suffering and financial disaster. Neither does her welfare depend upon some mine or a number of mines which must sooner or later pinch out. Lewistown is now the center of the best stock raising region in the west and what is of greater importance to her welfare in the long run, the town is the center of what is destined to be one of the greatest agricultural regions in the state. Cattle, sheep and horses; wheat, oats and spuds. That is a sextet to tie to and they will make Lewistown one of the most important cities in the state in times to come.

BUILDINGS ARE SOLD.

Chicago Firm Purchase All Buildings on World's Fair Grounds.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—It was stated today that a contract for the sale of the 11 big exhibit palaces, stock barns, festival hall, the colonade of states, pavilions, aerodome, bank, hospital, press building, police and fire stations, with other World's fair structures that cost \$15,000,000 will be signed this week with a Chicago company for \$386,000. Everything except the rolling stock of the Inter-mural railway, which has been sold separately, is included. The state, foreign and Pike buildings are included in the deal.

PULITZER PAYS ANOTHER FINE

This Time Choteau County Assesses Him \$500 for Killing Game Out of Season.

IS UP AGAINST THE REAL THING

Killing Game Out of Season Is Said to Have Cost the New York Millionaire \$10,000.

Choteau, Nov. 28.—Ralph Pulitzer, a young millionaire of New York City son of the owner of the New York World, today, in the district court, by his attorney, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of having violated the game laws of Montana by killing mountain sheep. Judge D. F. Smith imposed a fine of \$500 upon him and the amount was paid by his attorney.

When the case was called, Attorney J. G. Bair, representing Pulitzer, announced that his client was not in the state, but that he was authorized to enter a plea of guilty for the accused and ask that sentence be immediately imposed. Judge Smith had been anticipating such a course and he at once announced that the defendant would be required to pay a fine of \$500, without costs. The fine was immediately paid and a sensational case was ended. The costs of prosecution, amounting to considerably over \$500, will be borne by the county.

Pulitzer was arrested last spring, on complaint of the state game warden, it being alleged that he, while in the company of J. W. Schultz, a well known guide of the Blackfoot reservation, had killed mountain sheep, the killing of which is prohibited by the laws of the state. He was arrested as he came out of the Yellowstone National park and was brought to Choteau for preliminary examination, at which he was held for trial in the district court. He gave bail for his appearance at a certain time, but did not appear then, submitting a certificate from a man, claiming to be a practicing physician of New York, to the effect that he was ill. The case was continued, and a few weeks later, when Pulitzer did appear in the state, he was arrested on a charge of having killed an antelope in Fergus county. He pleaded guilty to that charge and was fined a few hundred which he paid.

When he was next to appear in Teton county, the attorney general, who had assumed charge of the prosecution of the case, agreed to a continuance, and Judge Smith then said he would entertain a motion by the county attorney to dismiss the case. County Attorney Erickson, who has since been elected district judge, refused to make the motion to dismiss or to have anything to do with the case, he having never believed there was sufficient evidence to justify the putting of the county to the expense of prosecution, and the case was set again for trial today. Pulitzer's bail meanwhile being continued.

It had been believed that Pulitzer would fight to the last, as conviction would exclude him from membership in a swell New York club to which he belonged, but he was being forced to make liberal payments frequently to persons who claimed to know facts that would be of advantage to him, and he at last got tired of being "bled" and decided to rid himself of the annoyance by pleading guilty and paying the fine that might be imposed.

It is stated by one in a position to know that the prosecutions in this county and Fergus county have cost Pulitzer over \$10,000.

"Brother Van" Back.

Rev. W. W. Van Orsdel, superintendent of the North Montana mission of the Methodist Episcopal church, has returned to the state from Boston and Worcester, Mass., where he attended the meetings of the general missionary committee and the church extension committee of the church. He is now in Fergus county and will return to Great Falls in about 10 days. He spent Thanksgiving day at Beaver Creek, for the fourth year in succession, and held services there. After the morning service a bountiful repast was served and enjoyed by over 100 in attendance.

The quarterly meeting at Lewis-

town was largely attended; there were a few baptisms and additions to the church. Much interest is being manifested in this growing and important work. The new church building, which is a gem of beauty, is progressing finely under the wise and efficient management of the pastor, W. A. Winters.—Great Falls Tribune.

LEWIS WINS THE DECISION.

The Lewis-Lee Bout Witnessed by a Large Crowd of Sports.

Kid Lee, of Havre, and Dick Lewis, of this city, went twenty fast rounds at the Tivoli concert hall Wednesday evening and when Referee George Arbuckle announced that the colored boy was the winner there was threatened a general free-for-all in which a dozen or two friends of the two scrappers manifested an inclination to enter, but like all such impetuous free-for-alls, it was averted without damage to anything except the atmosphere which was perforated with challenges sent back and forth. The fight was about one of the best ever seen in the city from a free milling standpoint and was an even break throughout. Lewis led out as usual and forced the fighting in the first but Lee was evidently trying the black boy out and in the second, the Havreite did a little mixing on his own account. In the third and fourth Lee had the best of it but Lewis counted oftener in the fifth and sixth. Lee came up strong in the next two rounds and landed on Lewis almost at will, but his blows lacked sufficient steam to send his chocolate colored opponent to dreamland. In the eleventh both did some rough work with their heads, the Ethiopian naturally having somewhat the better of such tactics. Lee struck Lewis in the twelfth after the negro had gone down, but the blow was evidently unintentional and the cry of "foul" was rightly disregarded by the referee. Lee did the better work up to the seventeenth and Lewis looked distressed on several occasions, but he recovered his wind and got better than an even break in the last four rounds, Lee being badly wounded. Lewis did most of the forcing throughout, but Lee landed two blows to the colored boy's one and should have had at least a draw. Lee has challenged Lewis to another fight for a side bet of from \$100 to \$500 and it is likely that it will be arranged before many days. They are both fighters pure and simple and when they meet the spectator is sure of getting his money's worth in straight out and out scrapping.

AT A TERRIBLE COST.

How the Japs Captured 203-Metre Hill Last Week.

Tokio, Dec. 4.—The diary of the fighting around 203-Metre hill, which is published in the Japanese papers describes the terrible losses involved in the storming of the Russian position from dawn of November 28, till 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

A Russian counter-attack begun at dawn on November 29, and was so furiously pushed that the Japanese were compelled to retire into the valley. The attack was renewed the morning of November 30, "when all the Japanese reserves came up" from the southeastern corner. The assaults only advanced 30 metres by 5 o'clock, so stubborn was the resistance, and the Japanese suffered severe losses. Then, being reinforced, the Japanese maintained the struggle with terrible earnestness. Furious charges were repeatedly made and the Russians were compelled gradually to retire. The southwestern summit of the hill was not occupied until 7 o'clock in the evening, and the northwestern summit not until 8 o'clock.

During the night six Russian counter-attacks were repulsed. One, which was launched at 4 o'clock in the morning, was characterized by several bayonet attacks and was persisted in until noon on December 1. When the hopelessness of the attempts became evident, the Russians retired.

Tried to Wreck a Train.

Boise, Idaho, Dec. 4.—W. J. Petrie is in jail at Caldwell, charged with trying to wreck an Oregon Short Line passenger train, by placing obstructions on the track between Lannan's spur and Notus, on the night of November 25th.

It is said that Petrie has made a full confession. At Lannan's spur he placed a rock weighing 100 pounds, setting it directly on a frog. Half a mile east of there he put a rail across the track and three miles west of Notus he bridged the rails with a telephone pole. The rock and the rail were struck by a freight train and moved off the track. The pole was removed in the same manner.

CITY COUNCIL HOLDS MEETING

Lengthy Discussion Provoked Over Alleged Violation of the Building Ordinance.

TITLE TO THE RESERVOIR SITE

City Offered the Ground and Right of Way to the Site for One Thousand Dollars.

The city council met in regular session in the office of Hilger & Busen-burg last night. Several important matters came up for discussion and it was a late hour before adjournment was taken. The city treasurer's report showed the following funds on hand: General fund, \$3,657.84; library, \$1,103.99; road fund, overdrawn, \$510.66; fire fund, \$359.66; water and sewerage bond, \$2,313.24; water works, \$343.19; sinking, \$1,162.65.

The city marshal's report showed fines imposed \$1,585; fines collected, \$1,549.50.

The water commissioner's report showed water rents collected, \$239.18; rents due, \$40. The street commissioner's report showed expenditures on streets and sidewalks during the month, \$325.80. All reports were approved as read.

The action of the mayor in taking out insurance on the new city hall was ratified after considerable discussion.

An hour or two was taken up in the discussion of the building ordinance, the petition of E. B. Harvey to be permitted to change the Murray building on the corner of Fourth avenue and Main street calling up the matter. There appeared to be a general belief that the ordinance had been violated, but it could not be determined who was responsible for it and what should be done about it. It seems that the only thing the council can do is to require all persons who contemplate making improvements upon buildings within the fire limits first to secure a written permit from the council in regular or special meeting assembled.

F. E. Wright informed the council that he was empowered to inform them that the title to the reservoir site and a perpetual right of way up to the reservoir could be secured for \$1,000. This matter has been before the council for over two years and it is probably now in a fair way toward settlement on the basis suggested by Mr. Wright.

John Crowley was awarded \$50 additional damages for the sewer right of way through his place below the city. The matter of the collection of water rates was discussed and it seemed to be the sense of the council that all water rents should be collected in advance and the ordinance will probably be changed to that effect.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:
P. F. MacGowan, salary, \$35.
John Parson, supplies, \$118.
H. L. De Kalb, salary, \$35.
A. Paus, salary, \$35.
Citizens' Electric Co., \$50.
Otto Wasmansdorf, \$40.
Mary A. Sloan, salary, \$15.
Montana Lumber Co., \$151.20.
S. D. Anderson, \$30.80.
W. N. Everett, \$10.
Gordon O. Shafer, salary, \$25.
F. I. Comstock, \$40.75.
J. C. Bebb, salary, \$100.
Stout & Kelly, supplies, \$14.25.
Caird & Hawksworth, \$123.30.
John Ellison, \$123.90.
Wright Bros., \$61.40.
F. F. Goss, salary, \$125.
W. T. Bebb, salary, \$25.
G. M. Stafford, surveying, \$19.
W. H. Fernald, supplies, \$27.15.
Steve Anderson, road work, \$3.75.
W. J. Norton, road work, \$41.25.
E. W. Norton, road work, \$35.25.
Ira Wilbur, dray, \$1.
Tom Micho, road work, \$10.
Lewistown Telephone Co., batteries, \$3.
G. M. Shull, supplies, \$18.75.
Elmer Harwood, labor, \$12.
John Ellison, repairs, \$19.
F. B. Scovel, dray, \$2.25.
Montana Hardware Co., supplies, \$6.20.
L. P. Slater, board of prisoners, \$91.15.
Estimate for December on city hall, \$2,430.

CORPSE DISAPPEARS.

A Mystery That Is Greatly Agitating the People of Helena.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 3.—Mystery surrounds the reported death of Miss

Kate Pendergast of Minneapolis and the subsequent disappearance of her brother, Edward Pendergast.

Edward Pendergast informed the press here of the death of his sister, which is supposed to have occurred Tuesday. He then engaged an undertaker and hired carriages for the funeral to be held Friday. He departed for Broadwater, as he said, to attend to some private business, pending the arrival of relatives from Minneapolis. At the appointed time the hearse and carriages arrived at the place indicated, but no dead girl could be found at any of the undertaking rooms, nor did the authorities at the hospital, where she is supposed to have died, know anything about her death. Pendergast has not returned.

THE WOOL MARKET.

Demand Not so Great but Prices Are Still Firm.

In its review of the wool market for the past week, the American Wool and Cotton Reporter says:

The demand for territory wools is decidedly less than it was, and no large lines worthy of note have been sold the past week. The smallness of the stocks available unquestionably curtails business. Supplies of medium and low wools, especially have been well cleaned out. A very good demand has been experienced for half bloods, as before noted, but these cannot be secured in any great amounts. Montana wools generally are pretty well cleaned out of the market, and while some business has been transacted in these wools, the bulk of the trading has been in Jahos, Utahs, Wyoming and Nevadas and the sales made have been on the following basis: Fine medium clothing, 62@65c; clean; strictly fine clothing, 65@67c; strictly fine staple, 68c; half blood, 62@64c; three-eighths blood, 60@62c; quarter blood, 58@60c. One straight clip sold at 67c for good fine and fine medium staple. In the grease good half blood has sold at 23@24c, and some choice light conditioned wool brought as high as 25c; quarter bloods in the grease have sold at 27@27½c for the best wools. Prices are relatively stronger in half blood and lower wools than on the finer wools. Among the sales of the week was one of about 70,000 pounds of Montana, 30 per cent staple, in the original bags, at 25c, the wool grading half blood and three-eighths, and costing, clean, 63@64c. This was a very nice, handsome lot of wool.

The business of the past week has been principally with the big mills.

The smaller mills have taken a little wool, but they have not figured prominently at all in the business of the week. The smaller mills, who are not well stocked and have yet to purchase their supplies of wool, can scarcely hope to compete with the big concerns, who laid in their raw material earlier in the season when prices of the latter were much lower, and who can name prices for their goods which the smaller concerns cannot meet except at a loss for themselves; and some of the smaller mill men say that they may have to shut down if they are obliged to pay present prices for wool, unless there is sufficient advance in the price of goods to offset the rise in the price of the raw material. Everyone is now looking forward, therefore, with unusual interest, to the opening of the next heavy-weight season, to see what will be the extent of the advance on the new goods, as compared with the previous season.

The takings by manufacturers comprise a good sized line of scoured wool by a Rhode Island worsted concern, a line of quarter and three-eighths unwashed fleeces by another worsted mill, and the sale of a line of Montana medium wools. These wools were sold at the top price of the year.

A feature of the week has been the demand for half blood territorial wools. One house report that the demand which it has experienced has not been for anything else. The injury has been especially noticeable from yarn spinners, both worsted and woolen. Half blood has, in fact, sold at a clean cost ranging from 62 to 64c, which is really equal to the cost of fine medium clothing. Some of the mills now buying half bloods are those which formerly were taking quarters and three-eighths. If the two latter grades were in plentiful supply, these mills would very likely be free buyers of them.

While the tone of the market as a whole is strong, the big consumers are fairly well supplied with wool, taken as a whole, and a quiet time is anticipated during the month of December.