

BRITISH LABOR WILL SUPPORT THE WAR

Conference by a Great Majority Reverses its Former Attitude Regarding the War by Pledging to Assist.

BRISTOL, Jan. 26.—(8 p. m.)—British organized labor, on the first day of a conference which has attracted world-wide attention, outvoted the extreme socialist anti-war section and adopted two resolutions expressing a resolve to carry the war through. Jas. Ramsey McDonald, socialist and leader member of parliament for Leicester, and Philip Snowden, socialist member of parliament for Blackburn, tried to persuade the delegates to vote against the motions, but when requested to define their position clearly they made evasions and were unable to convince the conference.

One representative of the socialist section, when asked to state the terms on which the socialists would have participated in a voluntary recruiting campaign, asserted:

"On no terms."

The conference is a most comprehensive one. A large section of labor and commerce attended, while seated on the platform, were two French socialist deputies and Robert Applegarth, one of the three founders of trades unionism in Great Britain.

George James Wardle, member of parliament for Stockport and editor of Railway Review, demanded an expression for or against carrying on the war and it was after that the convention responded by carrying the vital resolutions, which decided the issue of the conference by large majorities favoring labor's co-operation with the authorities to bring about a victorious ending of the war.

BRITISH STATEMENT.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—(10:36 p. m.)—The British official communication, issued tonight, says:

"Yesterday 27 hostile aeroplanes were encountered and three captive balloons were attacked by our aviators. Two of the aeroplanes and two balloons were forced down. All our machines returned safely."

"Last night there was a hostile bombardment about Loos and also some activity with grenades near Hull and Guinchy. Today the shelling about Loos stopped. The enemy has shown artillery activity between Fromelles and Wex-Marquet. Our artillery and trench mortars have replied actively."

ASSOCIATED PRESS RESUME.

Hostilities on all fronts having for the moment subsided to unimportant proportions, the political aspect of the war again has assumed the chief role of discussion. The British parliament is discussing what steps shall be taken to make more rigid the government's plan of keeping goods of all kinds from being imported or exported by Germany. British labor has decided, by an overwhelming majority, to support the government to the full of the prosecution of war; the German ambassador at Washington has presented the American government a draft of a note concerning the sinking of the steamer Lusitania, which is believed to meet all the American demands on this issue, and which, if accepted by the German government, will end the controversy.

Great Britain has answered tentatively the American protest against the delaying of mails, but will reply more fully to the representations when France has signified her approval of Great Britain's attitude. Simultaneously comes the announcement that in future French warships will aid the British navy in blockading the English channel and the North sea and will take part in the examination of mails as well as cargoes.

Hand-to-hand fighting between the French and Germans, near Neuville, occurred when the French tried to retake trenches captured from them by the Germans. Berlin reports that all the attacks were repulsed. The French, however, have taken from the Germans mine craters they had occupied several days ago and in mining operations in the Argonne forest have destroyed German trenches.

On the Austro-Italian front, Italian positions near Osavina have been captured by the Austrians, who made prisoners of 45 officers and 1,197 men, according to Vienna.

The Turks claim that another attack by the British, near Menaric, east of Kut-el-Amara, was discontinued after the British had suffered "appalling losses." An unofficial dispatch says Bulgarians, invading Albania, have met defeat at the hands of Albanian troops led by Essand Pasha, provisional president of Albania, who is co-operating with the entente allies.

The British house of lords has passed the third reading of the military service bill.

NEW CONTEST CASE.

One new contest action found its way to the record book in the contest department of the local landoffice yesterday, with George C. Cook of Winfred appearing as the contestant and Henry Fram of the same place as the contestee. Abandonment is alleged. Charles Anderson represents the contestant. The contest was suspended, pending presentation of waiver of coal rights.

IS SENTENCED FOR A FORGERY

LOUIS DIEZIGER GIVEN FROM ONE YEAR TO EIGHTEEN MONTHS IN THE PEN. DECREE ENTERED IN THE DIXON CASE

Louis Dieziger, who was brought back from Helena last week on a forgery charge and who entered a plea of guilty a few days ago, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Roy E. Ayers to from one year to eighteen months in the penitentiary. Dieziger is the signature of Henry Owen Beck for \$40, cashing the check, and this was the specific charge against him, although it was not his only offense of the kind.

The **Dickson Case.** In the case of William S. Dickson against Florence Dickson, Judge Ayers yesterday entered a decree declaring the two children wards of the court and giving the defendant the custody of them for 9 months in each year, the plaintiff to have the custody of the children 3 months in each year. The judge granted a decree of divorce and awarded the defendant one-half of the property of the plaintiff for the use of the children. This leaves the children under control of the court at all times.

The Dickson divorce case was tried October 25, both parties asking for a decree. The jury found that both were entitled to a divorce and the rest of the findings made a sort of "dog fall," the children not being awarded to either parent.

Nitschke Released. W. H. Nitschke, the salesman who has been employed at the Switzer department store, arrested Tuesday on a charge of petit larceny, it being alleged that he disposed of an overcoat from the store without making any accounting to the store, last evening gave bond in the sum of \$500 before Judge B. H. Foley and was released. Just as Nitschke was released, a "John Doe," charged with petit larceny in connection with the same transaction, was arrested by Chief E. W. Ray and taken to the county jail.

Hyatt Bound Over. Lake Hyatt was yesterday bound over to the district court by Justice of the Peace Brassey, to be tried on a grand larceny charge, for selling mortgaged property. Hyatt was brought back to this county from Mount Vernon, Ohio, by Sheriff Tullock about two weeks ago on this charge.

In the divorce case of W. S. Dickson against Florence Dickson, Judge Roy Ayers Tuesday allowed the defendant additional attorneys' fees, witness fees, etc., amounting to \$371.

In the case of Scovel against the city, the demurrer was withdrawn and 20 days allowed to answer.

In the matter of the estate of Anna Myer, deceased, a decree of distribution was made.

Montana M. Brown and others have brought suit against the Emerson-Brantingham Implement company for \$1,040 and certain notes cancelled. The plaintiffs brought a traction engine and hand hit gang plow, which they were not as represented. The amount sought to be recovered represents payments made upon the purchase of the engine.

REPORT LACKS CONFIRMATION. EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 26.—Confirmation was lacking tonight of a report from Western Chihuahua that the bodies of Benjamin Snell and Frank Woods, American cowboys, have been found west of Cusuhuirachi. The cowboys were last heard of a week ago, when they were reported as traveling toward Guerrero, to rescue Dr. and David Kramer, who had hid in the mountains after being wounded by bandits. With the cowboys at the time were Roy and John Kramer, sons of Dr. Kramer.

MURDERED WITH AX. NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Rebecca Pullman, 50 years old, said to be the wife of a Chicago business man, and her daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Bazell, 25 years old, were found dead in a room here tonight with their skulls fractured. A blood-stained ax was found beneath a bed in the room.

ANOTHER CLASH WITH MEXICANS

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Jan. 26.—Three American artillerymen and one cavalryman were drowned today when three United States army lieutenants and 14 privates, invaded Mexico, opposite Progreso, Tex., in an unsuccessful attempt to rescue Privates William C. Wheeler and Biggo Pederson of Battery D, Fourth field artillery, who swam across the Rio Grande while bathing and were captured by two armed Mexican civilians.

NEWSPAPERS RULE WORLD

SECRETARY DANIELS TELLS OFFICERS THEY OUGHT TO GO SLOW IN TIME OF CRISIS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The newspapers of the United States "ought to be chary of anticipating and thus forcing the hand of the government and pressing it into hasty action," Joseph Daniels, secretary of the navy, declared in a letter to the Brooklyn Press club, read tonight at a meeting of the organization, held to celebrate the opening of new quarters.

"In a time of crisis," the secretary wrote, "when a false step on the part of the government might plunge the country into war, war which might have been averted by a little preliminary exercise of reason, the press of the country must preface restraint itself. It must not rush into premature publication."

Secretary Daniels said that "this country would perish without a free press," but that so far as possible, American newspapers "ought to support the foreign policy of a president, whatever party he is in power, in times of grave international crises."

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESSES

TONIGHT HE WILL SPEAK IN NEW YORK ON PREPAREDNESS FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—President Wilson left tonight for New York, where tomorrow night he will deliver the first of a series of addresses laying before the country the issue of preparedness for national defense. Before starting he held final conferences with administration leaders in congress and cabinet members regarding the speeding up of the legislative program at the capitol.

The president will arrive in New York at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning, but will remain in his private car until 8 o'clock, when a committee from the Railroad Business association will escort him to his hotel. At noon he will receive a delegation from the New York Federation of Churches, who desire to present an address in appreciation of his efforts in behalf of peace. Mr. Wilson probably will respond briefly.

The opening gun for preparedness will be fired by the president at the annual banquet of the Railroad Business association. He has prepared his address carefully, but may depart from his printed text in order to include some additional word on national preparedness. Later in the evening Mr. Wilson will speak before a banquet of the Motion Picture Board of Trade of America. He is expected to mention in both addresses.

Leaving at midnight tomorrow, the president will arrive here early Friday morning. Mrs. Wilson, Secretary Tully and Dr. Cary T. Grayson will accompany him.

Friday the president will make further effort to get the views of leaders of the senate and houses of the proposed ship purchase bill, the tariff commission, the Philippine bill and other measures he wants passed as soon as possible. At the cabinet meeting the results of his interviews with senators and representatives will be disclosed. He is understood to be hopeful that his legislative program will be passed by congress in time for adjournment in June.

The president has mapped out the addresses he will deliver during his western trip on which he will leave Friday night. Each of the speeches, the first of which will be delivered Saturday morning in Pittsburgh, will be different.

The only changes in the plan for the trip today, was the addition of a public meeting in St. Louis and the arrangement for "platform speeches" in several towns in Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas, and Iowa.

REPORT LACKS CONFIRMATION. EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 26.—Confirmation was lacking tonight of a report from Western Chihuahua that the bodies of Benjamin Snell and Frank Woods, American cowboys, have been found west of Cusuhuirachi. The cowboys were last heard of a week ago, when they were reported as traveling toward Guerrero, to rescue Dr. and David Kramer, who had hid in the mountains after being wounded by bandits. With the cowboys at the time were Roy and John Kramer, sons of Dr. Kramer.

LAWYERS WILL HAVE BANQUET

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SIDNEY SANNER IS INVITED TO BE PRESENT.

The annual banquet of the Fergus County Bar association promises to eclipse all former efforts of this kind. Preliminary preparations have gone far toward assuring the success of this affair, which will take place next Saturday evening in Lewistown, the exact place for holding the banquet not having been decided on yet. This matter will be settled at a committee meeting today.

Judge Sanner, associate justice on the Montana supreme court bench, has been extended an invitation to be present and to deliver the principal address of the evening. No acceptance has yet been received from him, but it is thought that he will be here.

Ex-Judge E. K. Chandle, who bears the distinction of having no superior in Montana as a toastmaster, will officiate in that capacity for this occasion.

The committee having the arrangement in charge consists of Attorneys C. J. Marshall, H. L. DeKalb and E. G. Worden. They spent a busy day yesterday outlining the program and attending to other matters in connection therewith.

R. von Tobel of this city is president of the county association and J. C. Hutton is the secretary.

LAND GRANT BILL.

The Kallispell Chamber of Commerce writes the local chamber asking that the latter pass resolutions supporting senate bill 2381, introduced by Mr. Meyers, providing that a grant of land be conveyed to Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, New Mexico, Nevada, Utah, Wyoming and Montana of 250,000 acres of unreserved, non-mineral, surveyed public lands, the proceeds of sales of which shall be used solely for the purpose of constructing, repairing and maintaining public wagon roads.

FILLING UP WITH ICE.

The ice and coal industries are the busy ones in Lewistown at the present time. Abel Bros. are storing 600 tons of ice in their cold storage plant and will be through with this work in a few days. They will then start hauling their wheat to market, having not yet sold any of their large crop. Prices just now are very favorable.

K. P. BANQUET.

The entertainment committee of Judith lodge No. 20, K. of P., arranged for an entertainment and banquet to be given in honor of the new knights. The affair will take place on the night of February 17.

The program will be in the nature of a surprise for those who attend and all knights will be assured a good time.

MURDERED WITH AX.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Rebecca Pullman, 50 years old, said to be the wife of a Chicago business man, and her daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Bazell, 25 years old, were found dead in a room here tonight with their skulls fractured. A blood-stained ax was found beneath a bed in the room.

FLOODS IN OKLAHOMA

of the border and that he had issued the strictest orders to officers and men not to cross the Rio Grande in any circumstances.

Bad feeling has existed between Mexicans and Americans in the Progreso district since last summer, when there were many conflicts there during Mexican bandit operations. Two American soldiers were killed in that vicinity.

DOWNTOWN STREETS OF MALES-TER ARE SWIFT RIVERS AFTER HOURS OF RAIN.

MALESTER, Okla., Jan. 26.—This town was in darkness tonight, scores of residences and business houses were flooded by a torrential rain late today, and in the confusion of removing more than 100 families from their water-periled homes it was feared at least three persons had been drowned.

Downtown streets became swift rivers after five hours of rain, which had not ceased late tonight. Drainage system were incapable of caring for the precipitation with the result that the water began to pour into the dwellings and store rooms, forcing the tenants to move to upper stories.

Sand creek running through the heart of the town, was out of its banks and cutting off travel between different parts of the town. The electric light plant was deluged with six feet of water.

38 BELOW AT HELENA.

HELENA, Jan. 26.—It is 38 degrees below zero at 11:30 o'clock tonight and the mercury still falling.

CHIEF OF ORDNANCE SUBMITS ESTIMATE

What it Would Cost U.S. to Keep Army of Million Men in Field and Equip an Additional Million Recruits.

DR. BARKER TO FINISH TODAY

WILL DELIVER FOUR ADDRESSES SPEAKING AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH TONIGHT.

LARGE AUDIENCE LAST EVENING

11:15 a. m.—High school.
1:15 p. m.—At Hawthorne school.
2:34 p. m.—Address to girls of high school.
7:30 p. m.—At Presbyterian church. Subject, "The Rights of the Child."

No greater proof could be offered of the genuine interest that Dr. Charles Barker has created in Lewistown than the fact that with the temperature at 25 degrees below zero the Presbyterian church was crowded to the doors last evening to hear him give his famous lecture: "How to Live a Hundred Years." And if there are not all centenarians it won't be his fault because he instructed them explicitly.

He stated that in his experiences of giving this lecture during the past two and one-half years he had perhaps been brought in contact with more people nearing the hundred-year mark than other on because every community, made it a point to have their citizens over 90 years met him personally. On questioning them it was exceptional when he did not find that they had followed in some way or other the very courses that he advocates, especially elimination of meat from the diet dry frictional rubbing of the skin and above all a total abstinence from worry.

Pure Blood the Basis.

The lecture last evening was exceedingly practical, giving the most effective methods, as Dr. Barker has found, for the prevention of disease and the prolongation of life. The greatest men of science in the past 15 years have agreed, he maintains, that impurity of the blood is the cause for almost every contraction of disease. It is, therefore, the duty of every individual who desires good health, to get his blood into condition. This can be done through the functioning of four organs, especially the lungs, the skin, the intestines and the kidneys.

The lungs are supposed to inhale all the oxygen that the body requires and exhale the carbon dioxide which is poisonous to the system. If the lungs are prevented for reasons of minimum expansion to perform their functions, they should be trained through a form of breathing exercises.

The skin is composed of millions of minute pores which should excrete bodily wastes in the form of perspiration every moment, and if these are clogged, that waste must be kept in the blood. Exercise should again be employed to open the pores and allow them to throw off wastes and poisons.

The intestines are perhaps the most important of all in their functional relation to pure blood, and for a healthy condition of these organs Dr. Barker advocates five things to be observed, collectively. First, a glass of hot water with a bit of table salt every morning, followed by a glass of cold water; second, a course of abdominal exercises to bring the muscles into action; third, a system of diet which banishes meat of all kinds, and includes whole wheat bread, cereals, fruits, vegetables and butter-milk or sour milk; fourth, the drinking of from eight to ten glasses of water per day, and fifth, the juice of an orange, a raw apple, dates or figs before retiring at night. The kidneys should be kept in condition by exercising the muscles in the region in which they lie.

A Demonstration.

As on two or three occasions in this city before, Dr. Barker took off his coat at the end of his lecture and proceeded to give a demonstration of the kinds of exercises he advocates, 13 in number, grouped for specific application. But before this interesting exhibition he gave a parting admonition to his audience to cultivate, above all things, the habit of not worrying. If 100 years is a desirable lifetime. Also he repeated the five simple rules he gave on Sunday night by which worry may be eliminated.

Afternoon Talk.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Dr. Barker gave an informal talk to the Parent-Teacher association at the Christian church. About 150 were present who were much interested in his discussion of pre-natal influence, the information of sex matters, a problem of the home rather than the school, and how best to meet this problem. His addresses today will be made to the school children.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Estimates were given the senate military committee today by Brigadier General Crozier, chief of ordnance, showing that plant costing \$400,000,000 operated by a force of 750,000 workmen, would be required to manufacture ammunition and war materials necessary to keep an army of a million men in the field and equip an additional million recruits.

General Crozier strongly disapproved any proposal for government monopoly of the manufacture of war supplies, insisting that best results could be accomplished by relying upon private establishments to supplement the output of government plants in time of war.

The committee received today from Secretary Garrison a draft of a tentative measure suggested by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the committee, which would provide for the authorization of the proposed continental army in general terms only, leaving the details of the proposed system to be worked out by war department regulations. The original draft of a bill submitted by the war department, contained an outline of the entire system. Mr. Garrison pointed out to the congressional committees, when he appeared before them, however, that as the plan largely was an experimental one, it would be better to give the president wide discretionary powers to meet problems which only could be solved in the light of experience yet to be gained.

Senator Chamberlain has prepared a tentative bill dealing only with increases for the regular army and it is assumed the general authority contemplated in the brief section submitted today by the secretary is intended to be inserted into the Chamberlain bill. It provides that men of the continental army shall receive not more than three months' training in any year, while serving with the colors, or more than six months' training in all during their three years of active duty.

General Crozier amplified today testimony already presented before the house committee to show the inadequacy of present reserve stores for the army.

Ordnance equipment for an army of 250,000 has been assembled and the country is in better position in this respect than at any time since the close of the Civil war, he said, but even this gives no security in view of the time required to produce guns and ammunition in the quantities the European war had shown to be necessary.

Only powder has been delivered to the European belligerents in any considerable quantities up to this time by American plants. General Crozier explained, although orders for many kinds of weapons and ammunition were placed more than a year ago, and the number of small calibre field batteries already delivered had not been large.

Pointing out that practically all the public and large private munition plants of the United States are situated close to the Atlantic seaboard and within striking distances by any enemy in case of invasion, the general urged that some provision be made by congress to foster development of private plants in future in the interior.

Brigadier General Weaver, chief of coast artillery, also reviewed before the committee statements previously presented to the house committee. While the fixed coast defenses of the United States are the best in the world, he said, they are inadequately manned and some provision is necessary also for protection of the coast line between permanent forts by means of mobile artillery of heavy calibre.

Before the military and naval committees today the condition of the country as to drugs that would be necessary in great quantity in war time was brought out by the surgeon generals of the army and navy. Both agreed that supplies of quinine and opium might be completely shut off if the United States became involved in war that that great stores of these drugs should be accumulated in times of peace. Surgeon General Gorgas of the army said certain drug supplies were being obtained from Germany and Austria "sub rosa," but he did not go into details. He said the army now was equipped with reserve medical stores to last a force of 250,000 men a year.

NAVY'S NEEDS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Material enlargement of the navy's hospital facilities was urged upon the house naval committee as imperative by Surgeon General Braisted, who testified today at a hearing on the naval appropriation bill. He said an increase of about 1,000 men in the hospital corps was needed and that a new modern hospital ship and improvements in

(Continued on Page Eight.)