

NO DECISION; WILSON IN LEAD

HOUSE TO BE CLOSE

Late Returns Show Democrats Will Have Majority of Four.

SENATE DEMOCRATIC

With Twenty-five Congressional Districts to Hear From, 201 Republicans, 205 Democrats, Two Progressives, One Independent and One Socialist Have Been Elected—The Senate Will Remain Under Democratic Control by a Reduced Majority of 10 or 12—Four Present Democratic Members Defeated.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Although the democrats are assured control of the senate by a working majority, control of the house was still in doubt at an early hour today. The democrats had made slight gains, however, in the late returns in Montana and Kansas. At 1 o'clock 205 democrats, 201 republicans, two progressives, 1 socialist and 1 independent had been elected, with 25 congressional districts yet to be heard from.

The senate will remain under democratic control by a reduced majority of 10 or 12, dependant on the outcome in New Mexico, where A. A. Jones, democrat, is maintaining a slight lead over Frank A. Hubbell, nominated by the republicans to succeed Senator Catron. At this hour the senate stands: Democrats 53, republicans 42, undecided 1.

In the senate four present democratic members, according to the latest indications, has been defeated. They are Senators Kern and Taggart of Indiana, Martine of New Jersey and Chilton of West Virginia. Three republican senators, Lippitt of Rhode Island, Clark of Wyoming, and Sutherland of Utah also have lost their seats on the basis of the returns.

Clark of Wyoming and Sutherland of Utah also have lost their seats on the basis of the returns.

The defeat of Senator Kern of Indiana by Harry S. New, former chairman of the republican national committee, takes from the democratic organization their floor leader. Among democratic senators mentioned for the succession are Saulsbury of Delaware, North of Virginia, Walsh of Montana and Underwood of Alabama.

In yesterday's election the democrats elected 16 senators and the republicans 16, with one state yet to be heard from. The senators who were chosen, according to the latest indications, were:

- Arizona—Henry F. Ashurst, democrat.
- Arkansas—William F. Kirby, democrat.
- California—Hiram W. Johnson, republican.
- Connecticut—George P. McLean, republican.
- Delaware—Josiah O. Wolcott, democrat.
- Florida—Park M. Trammell, democrat.
- Indiana—Long term—Harry S. New, republican; short term, James E. Watson, republican.
- Maine—(Elected in September)—Long term, Frederick Hale, republican; short term, Bert M. Fernald, republican.
- Maryland—Joseph I. France, republican.
- Massachusetts—Henry Cabot Lodge, republican.
- Michigan—Charles E. Townsend, republican.
- Minnesota—Frank B. Kellogg, republican.
- Mississippi—John Sharp Williams, democrat.
- Missouri—James A. Reed, democrat.
- Montana—Henry L. Myers, democrat.
- Nebraska—Gilbert M. Hitchcock, democrat.
- Nevada—Key Pittman, democrat.
- New Jersey—Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, republican.
- New Mexico—Undecided.

(Continued on Page Two.)

At Midnight, Estimates Based on the Returns at That Hour Placed California, Idaho, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico and Washington in the Doubtful Column With Wilson Leading; Later, Nebraska and North Dakota Were Added to the Wilson Column, Making His Total 245 Votes.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—On the second day after the American people cast their presidential ballots the result still is in doubt and the contest between President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes has narrowed down to a point where it may be decided by a few western states. It is within the range of possibilities that the votes of national guardsmen on border duty might turn some of the doubtful states from one column to another. Based on actual returns received by the Associated Press, the electoral college now gives Hughes 239 votes; Wilson 240 and leaves 47 doubtful. Two of the metropolitan newspapers which supported Mr. Hughes give him 252 votes; President Wilson 251, and admit the doubtful character of only California, New Mexico and Minnesota. Another which supported the president agrees with its contemporaries in giving him 251 votes, but concedes Mr. Hughes 228 and regards the others—in seven states—as doubtful. Each of the national chairmen expresses the utmost confidence that the ultimate results will elect his candidate. With the contest narrowing steadily to close votes in the vital spots, recounts are almost inevitable and each side is on the watch for irregularities. There is no assurance that the result will be fully known in another day.

At midnight returns, such as were complete or so far complete as to be regarded as indicative, gave President Wilson 232 votes in the electoral college, Hughes 239 and left 60 doubtful in eight states. It requires 266 votes to elect a president. Although California still showed a lead for the president and his campaign managers were claiming it by at least 15,000, the president's majority there had dwindled to a little more than 1,400 with about one-fifth of the districts missing. In Minnesota, too, the Wilson lead, which was as high as 10,000 early in the day, steadily decreased as the vote from the rural districts came in. During the evening Hughes took the lead with a small margin and then the president shot ahead again, but with less than a thousand votes. The republican managers claimed the state on the final returns. Idaho was estimated for the Wilson column with a majority of 10,000. Kansas, while incomplete, with a little more than two-thirds of the districts reported, showed President Wilson leading with more than 27,000. Washington, a little more than half reported, was giving the president a lead of 7,000. West Virginia, two-thirds reported, was showing Hughes a majority of 2,000. North Dakota was very close, two-thirds complete showing Hughes' majority of less than 1,000. Wilson was leading in New Mexico with only a small proportion of the precincts reported. Delaware and New Hampshire, counted among the Hughes states, but incomplete during the day, definitely turned into the republican column.

Tireless vigils were kept by anxious watchers tonight at headquarters of both the democratic and republican national committees. Bulletins from states in which the results are still in doubt were scanned even more eagerly than they were last night. Both Chairman Vance C. McCormick for the democrats and William R. Wilcox for the republicans professed undiminished confidence in the outcome. The former was somewhat more explicit in his claims. After dining with Charles E. Hughes, Mr. Wilcox made a statement, in which he said: "We ask only what is fair. We want only what is fair. We want only what we are entitled to and that we propose to have." Earlier in the day Mr. McCormick announced that he had sent telegrams to state and county chairmen in doubtful states, telling them to keep careful guard over the ballot boxes and their contents. Attorney General Gregory visited democratic national headquarters and was closeted with the chairman, but it was asserted his visit was of no special significance. Later in the afternoon Mr. McCormick conferred with John B. Stanchfield and Delancy Nicoll, prominent democratic lawyers. The possibility of an official count being necessary in states where the margin of apparent victory for one presidential candidate or the other is slight, was freely discussed at both headquarters. Leaders of both parties in all parts of the country, especially in the west, were in constant touch by telegraph and telephone, with headquarters in this city. Apparently the rank and file of Wilson adherents who had no opportunity to celebrate last night, were determined to make up tonight for what they had missed. A crowd of such proportions that it blocked traffic for blocks in Forty-second street gathered in front of democratic headquarters. Two bands joined forces in playing "The Star Spangled Banner," and all kinds of noise making implements were used enthusiastically.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—With the votes of from more than 100 precincts in Los Angeles locked up for the night and San Francisco virtually complete, 5,105 precincts of 5,917 in California gave Hughes 431,866, Wilson 435,909. Hughes was ahead in Los Angeles and Wilson in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—At midnight no further election returns from California were available, advices from various sections saying officials had locked up their booths and gone to bed. The indications were that no further tabulation of the presidential vote could be made before morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Returns from 5,347 precincts in California gave Woodrow Wilson a plurality late tonight of 4,410. Republicans and democrats alike professed to find comfort in these figures. The figures showed San Francisco virtually complete with a majority for Wilson upon which his supporters relied to a considerable extent to carry the state. Los Angeles, however, with a majority for Hughes had 118 precincts left to be counted tomorrow. The outlying counties were in dispute.

Indications from available figures that complete prohibition and liquor restriction alike were lost, were not admitted by the leaders of the dry federation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Returns from 5,477 precincts out of 5,917 in California give Hughes 435,486, Wilson 439,896.

BALLOTS LOCKED UP. LOS ANGELES, Nov. 8.—Thomas McAleer, county registrar of voters, locked the ballots of Los Angeles city and county in a vault, around which deputy United States marshals were stationed as a guard, and announced tonight that the tabulation of returns would be resumed tomorrow morning. One hundred and eighteen precincts in Los Angeles city and the county remained to be tallied on the returns for president.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—A tremendous vote in San Francisco tipped the beam early tonight against state amendment No. 2, imposing rigid restrictions on the sale and use of alcohol.

(Continued on Page Two.)

holics. It had enjoyed a good majority all day.

The San Francisco majority against the amendment at 5 p. m., was 56,689 which led, according to former figures, by only 20,965.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Nov. 8.—Two hundred and eleven precincts complete out of 226 in San Diego city and county give Hughes 16,734; Wilson, 16,546.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 8.—With 214 precincts out of 220 in San Diego city and county complete, Hughes was leading Wilson by 123 votes. The count was: Hughes, 16,870; Wilson, 16,747. The missing precincts have a total registration of only 160.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 8.—With returns from the rural districts of Minnesota coming in rapidly tonight, the early lead established by President Wilson was being gradually cut down by Charles E. Hughes. When returns from 2,191 of the state's 3,024 precincts had been tabulated, the president led by 2,112 votes, the count being Wilson 148,672; Hughes 146,560.

When the closeness of the vote in the presidential contest in this state became evident late tonight several state officials expressed the belief that the definite outcome would not be known until the votes cast by the Minnesota guardsmen at the Mexican border had been tabulated.

The guardsmen vote was taken yesterday by special commissioners, appointed by Governor Burmiston, under the provisions of a law enacted by the recent special session of the legislature. It is not expected that these returns will be entered in their proper precinct records before next week. Unofficially, it was estimated that the guardsmen vote aggregated about 2,800.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 8.—Charles E. Hughes took the lead in the presidential contest in Minnesota when returns from 2,481 precincts out of 3,024 in the state, compiled at midnight, gave Wilson 160,141; Hughes, 160,265.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 9.—Beated returns early today indicated that President Wilson had a majority of 15,000 votes in Nebraska with incoming returns increasing this majority. Republican leaders conceded the state to Wilson.

OMAHA, Neb., 8.—Scattered returns from one-third of the precincts in the state give President Wilson a lead of 6,000 over Mr. Hughes. Douglas county (Omaha) gives the president an additional plurality of 3,000. Democratic leaders estimate Wilson will carry Nebraska by 36,000. For United States senator, Gilbert M. Hitchcock, democrat, for re-election, leads John L. Kennedy, his republican opponent, by 1,000. Keith Neville, democrat, for governor, leads A. L. Sutton by 400 votes.

Republican leaders have issued no statement and neither concede nor deny the democratic claims. He prohibitory amendment has carried by an estimated majority of 25,000.

NORTH DAKOTA.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 8.—With 1,680 precincts in North Dakota received, the count stands: Wilson 50,305, Hughes 49,057.

GRAND FORKKS, N. D., Nov. 8.—If

How Electoral Votes Stood at 12 Last Night

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—At midnight the electoral college seemed to stand as follows, based on returns received by the Associated Press:

State	Wilson	Hughes	Dfl.
Alabama	12		
Arizona	3		
Arkansas	9		
California	13		
Colorado	6		
Connecticut	7		
Delaware	3		
Florida	6		
Georgia	14		
Idaho		4	
Illinois	29		
Indiana	15		
Iowa	13		
Kansas	10		
Kentucky	13		
Louisiana	10		
Maine	6		
Maryland	8		
Massachusetts	18		
Michigan	15		
Minnesota	12		
Mississippi	10		
Missouri	18		
Montana	4		
Nebraska	8		
Nevada	3		
New Hampshire	4		
New Jersey	14		
New Mexico		3	
New York	45		
North Carolina	12		
North Dakota	5		
Ohio	24		
Oklahoma	10		
Oregon	5		
Pennsylvania	38		
Rhode Island	5		
South Carolina	9		
South Dakota	5		
Tennessee	12		
Texas	20		
Utah	4		
Vermont	4		
Virginia	12		
Washington	7		
West Virginia	5		
Wisconsin	13		
Wyoming	3		
Total	245	239	47

Necessary to elect, 266. Wilson was leading in the following states from which returns were incomplete: California, Idaho, Minnesota, New Mexico and Washington. Hughes was leading in the following state from which returns were also incomplete: West Virginia.

The remaining 125 precincts continue the ratio of those reporting tonight there will be no question of the position of North Dakota in the electoral college. The totals for 1,740 precincts at midnight were: Wilson, 50,245, Hughes 49,057, according to figures compiled by the Grand Forks Herald, the leading republican paper of the state, which concedes the state to Wilson by a small plurality.

The contest for United States senator between Porter J. McCumber, republican, and John Burke, United States treasurer by appointment of President Wilson, was an easy victory for Senator McCumber.

The governorship fell like a ripe plum to Lynn J. Frazier, the non-

partisan candidate forced upon the republican ticket by a protesting farmer element. Three republican congressmen are elected by comfortable majorities.

The supreme court is made non-partisan by the election of three candidates named by the protesting farmer element, defeating three members who had been on the bench for two terms or more.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 8.—In statements issued tonight both republican and democratic state headquarters claimed North Dakota for their presidential candidate. Returns from 1,315 precincts out of 1,859 in the state gave Hughes 42,379 and Wilson 41,456.

Returns on president, from 1,329 precincts out of 1,859 in North Dakota, give Hughes 42,482; Wilson, 41,675. Hughes' lead in North Dakota was cut to slightly more than 500 votes late tonight when returns from 1,289 precincts out of 1,859 in the state gave Hughes 42,782 and Wilson 42,156.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—Frederick D. Gardner of St. Louis apparently was elected governor of Missouri by about 5,000 plurality and the rest of the democratic state ticket, except State Auditor Gordon, candidate for re-election, seems to have been elected with him, according to incomplete returns.

United States Senator Reed, democrat, apparently has a plurality of about 25,000, and the democratic nominees for minor state offices, except auditor, seem to have pluralities between Reed's and the approximate 5,000 plurality of Gardner, nominee for governor.

Wilson carried the state by about 30,000. Returns for president from 2,912 precincts out of 3,459 give Wilson 323,926, Hughes 325,909.

Prohibition and the hand bank amendments seem to have been overwhelmingly defeated.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—The lead of Gardner, democrat, for governor, went to 4,600 tonight when returns were received from 2,877 of the 3,459 precincts in the state. Gardner's vote was 323,428 and the vote of Lamm, republican, was 328,866.

Wilson had a sweeping victory in Missouri. Returns from 2,883 precincts give him 349,749 and Hughes 329,845—a lead of nearly 29,000.

Senator Reed had a large plurality over Walter S. Dickey, republican, for United States senator. Two thousand eight hundred and forty-four precincts give Reed 343,980 and Dickey 317,444.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 8.—A recount of the vote for presidential electors in New Hampshire will be demanded by the state democratic committee, according to information received tonight. It was learned that the committee had been directed by the national committee to call for a recount at once and to obtain the best available counsel. The national committee is said to have guaranteed electors in a pence of the recount aside from those which regularly would fall on the state. As far as known no charge of fraud has been made.

Complete returns announced by Secretary of State Bean tonight gave Hughes a plurality of 161, the small lead plurality ever returned in a presidential contest in the state. It was understood the figures are based on official returns.

George E. Ferrand, chairman of the

democratic state committee, gave out figures indicating a small plurality for Wilson.

Newspaper figures, with two small towns in the White mountains missing, gave Hughes a lead of 524.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 8.—Supplemental returns received today from all of the 10 counties in Kentucky increased President Wilson's majority over Hughes to 27,915. The official count has not yet been completed, but it is not expected to vary much from the figures in hand.

The returns today failed to develop any change in the standing of the congressional delegation from Kentucky. All nine democratic representatives were re-elected.

IDAHO.

BOISE, Ida., Nov. 8.—Idaho has not been in doubt since 4 o'clock this morning. Wilson's plurality will probably total nearly 10,000. His lead of more than 6,000 out of 60,000 votes grows as returns come in. The total vote will run from 110,000 to 115,000.

The count of 372 precincts complete out of 743 in the state gives Wilson 38,218; Hughes 28,486. This is well more than half the vote. For governor, Alexander, democrat, leads with 32,675 against Davis, republican, with 29,904.

BOISE, Nov. 8.—Four hundred and eight precincts out of 743 in Idaho give Hughes 33,780; Wilson, 43,371.

For governor: Davis, republican, 35,865; Alexander, democrat, 38,247.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 9.—Charles E. Hughes, republican candidate for president, carried Indiana by a plurality estimated at slightly under 10,000, according to returns received here up to 1 o'clock this morning. With reports from 2,881 precincts out of 3,143 in the state, many of them official, the total showed: Hughes, 319,157; Wilson, 310,716.

Hughes' lead was slightly below that of Goodrich (republican), over Adair (democrat) in the gubernatorial race and also under those of New and Watson, who unseated John W. Kern and Thomas Taggart in the United States senate.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 8.—Although Hughes was leading by more

(Continued on Page Two.)

CLAIMS MADE BY THE CHAIRMEN OF STATE AND NATIONAL COMMITTEES

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—"I have not changed my claims at all," declared Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the democratic national committee, in a statement made tonight. "Returns are coming in slowly, but I see no reason to change my estimate that President Wilson will have 288 votes in the electoral college. We have carried New Hampshire and West Virginia also. We have New Mexico and North Dakota. Oregon is very, very close, but Wilson has a good chance of carrying it."

Mr. McCormick said he had com-

MYERS A WINNER

Montana Senator Says He Has Carried State By 8,000 Majority.

STEWART IS ELECTED

HELENA, Nov. 9.—Returns that came in slowly from isolated districts do not change the general result in Montana, which has been carried by Wilson by from 20,000 to 25,000 majority. United States Senator Henry L. Myers is elected by 10,000. Congressman John M. Evans, democrat, is re-elected and Harry B. Mitchell, democrat, is leading Miss Jeanette Rankin, republican, for congress, by but a slender majority. The democrats have elected all but three state officials and Montana has gone dry by a substantial vote.

Sam W. Stewart, democrat, is re-elected governor over Frank J. Edwards by from 5,000 to 7,000.

SPOKANE, Nov. 8.—United States Senator Henry L. Myers of Montana claimed today that he had been re-elected to the senate by a majority of 8,000. Senator Myers telephoned to the Associated Press at Spokane from his home at Hamilton, Mont., that the returns he had received indicated his majority would be 8,000.

NEWSPAPER CLAIMS. HELENA, Nov. 8.—The Independent claims Governor S. V. Stewart is elected over Frank J. Edwards by 10,000 votes. Its tabulated figures showing a total of 37,419 votes so far heard from giving Stewart 51,910 and Edwards 45,509. The Independent claims gains are being made for Stewart in every precinct now reporting almost without exception. Its figures were given out at 6 o'clock.

YELLOWSTONE COUNTY. BILLINGS, Nov. 8.—Thirty-six precincts out of 37 in Yellowstone county, complete, give: Hughes, 3,254; Wilson, 4,244; Parr, 3,192; Myers, 3,854; Farr, 3,300; Rankin, 3,564; Evans, 3,270; Mitchell, 3,208; Edwards, 3,046; Stewart, 4,137. Twenty-eight precincts show: For prohibition, 3,068; against, 1,874. Twenty-four precincts show: For boxing law, 1,418; against, 1,777.

"DRY" CARRIES STATE. HELENA, Nov. 8.—Returns on the congressional election, while still far from complete, indicate that both John M. Evans and Harry B. Mitchell, democrats, have been elected by from 2,500 to 5,000 majority. Miss Jeanette Rankin has run ahead of George W. Farr, her republican conferee, but is apparently defeated.

While figures on the prohibition amendments are scattering, it is evident that Montana has gone dry by a substantial vote.

CARBON COUNTY. BILLINGS, Nov. 8.—Twenty-one precincts out of 28 in Carbon county show Hughes 1,672, Wilson 1,879, Pray 1,769, Myers 1,555, Farr 1,325, Rankin 1,548, Evans 1,398, Mitchell 1,077. For governor: Edwards 1,479, Stewart 1,545.

DEER LODGE COUNTY. ANACONDA, Nov. 8.—Deer Lodge county complete; Wilson 4,185, Hughes 1,850, Myers 3,783, Pray 2,911, Evans 3,449, Mitchell 2,826, Parr 1,858, Rankin 2,061, Stewart 3,351, Edwards 2,644, McDowell 2,281, Annin 2,289, Patterson 2,731, Brantley 2,861, Poin-dexter 3,226, Ford 2,363, Swindlerhurst 1,545.

(Continued on Page Four.)

WILSON, CONFIDENT OF VICTORY, TAKES AUTO RIDE AND PLAYS GOLF

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 8.—Confident that he had been re-elected, President Wilson watched returns from Minnesota, California, New Mexico, Oregon and New Hampshire closely tonight because of assurances from his campaign managers that the final outcome depended on those states. Following an automobile ride and golf game before luncheon, the president remained in his study at Shadow Lawn this afternoon and tonight, getting the returns by telephone from Secretary Tumulty, who had been on guard at the executive offices since 6 o'clock last night.

Through Asbury Park, where the executive offices are located. He was recognized by many and cheered. One group shouted out to him enthusiastically that he had been re-elected. He raised his hat and bowed, smiling broadly. Mrs. Wilson accompanied him.

The president kept his own tabulation of electoral votes and checked it up carefully after each report from Tumulty. He received a number of messages from democratic leaders assuring him he had been re-elected.

After a brief absence for dinner, (Continued on Page Eight.)

municated by telegraph and telephone with all the state and county chairmen in doubtful states directing them to safeguard the ballot boxes and ballots.

Chairman McCormick issued the following statement in reply to the one made by Mr. Wilcox:

"President Wilson is re-elected and Mr. Wilcox shows he is aware of that fact. His wait in reply to the charge of some imaginary person that some one expects Mr. Hughes or his managers will try to secure the election (Continued on Page Eight.)