

CELEBRATE THE GLORIOUS FOURTH AT LEWISTOWN

Hills and valleys will resound with joyful notes and peals of laughter.



Interesting events will follow rapidly from morning until moonlight fades away.

PROGRAM

Sunrise Salute
 11 a. m. Address by Judge Smith of Helena.
 1:30 p. m. Automobile Race
 2 p. m. Bucking Contest
 2:30 p. m. Roping 2-year-old steers
 3 p. m. Ball Game Between Lewistown & Kendall
 5 p. m. Drilling Contest
 7 p. m. Free Vaudeville Entertainment
 9 p. m. Grand March for Free Dance
 9:30 p. m. Fireworks



PROGRAM

Fifteen piece brass band will furnish music for the entire day and six piece orchestra for the dance.
 Pavilion 50x100 feet and grand stand to seat 600 people are being erected and will be open all day, without charge.
 Fireworks display in the evening will be the most magnificent ever witnessed in the state, presenting features which held the attention and commanded the admiration of millions at the World's Fair and Pan-American Exposition.



CRAZY MAN RUNS AMUCK

Charles Spaulding, a Cascade Rancher, Mortally Injures a Neighbor in a Terrific Battle.

BOTH IN DANGER OF DEATH

After shooting Walker the Maniac Starts Out to Murder His Neighbors by the Wholesale.

Great Falls, Mont., June 25.—Chilton E. Walker and Charles Spaulding, the principals in the shooting affray at the ranch of the former near Cascade last Thursday morning, are both still living, one in the Deaconess hospital in this city, and the other at Columbus hospital. The physicians hold out every encouragement for the recovery of Walker, but the death of Spaulding is momentarily expected, as the latter is a raving maniac at Columbus hospital, and is kept in a straight jacket.

There is a story current in Cascade that had it not been for the interference of Thomas Atkinson, a young man about twenty years of age, Spaulding would have put into execution his threat to kill all of his neighbors, including half a dozen families. After the shooting affray Spaulding returned to his cabin, where he lay on the bed for a short time profusely bleeding. He arose to go to the barn to get his horse, but on smelling the blood the animal kicked and bucked to such an extent that Spaulding was unable to mount him. Cursing the horse for having gone back on him, Spaulding went into the house to get his rifle.

In the meantime Atkinson, who lives on the old Swager place, entered the cabin, and, unperceived by Spaulding, took the rifle. This was the only weapon left, as Spaulding had used up all of his revolver ammunition in shooting at Walker. His rifle gone, he emerged from the cabin in abject despair, and throwing open the gate, raved and tore about, cursing everybody and everything. He turned the horse loose in the road and started toward Wilson's ranch. When a short distance from the house he was halted and asked if he was armed. He replied that he was drawing his empty revolver from his pocket. He continued on past the Wilson house, and was soon met by the posse, to whom he surrendered after remarking that they need not fear him, as he was through with his killing.

Bronchitis for Twenty Years.
 Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., writes: "I had bronchitis for 20 years and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar, which is a sure cure." For sale by McKechnie & Allan.

ADA TO BE SOLD.

Famous Rehan Statue of Montana Silver Will Go on the Block.

Governor Joseph K. Toole received, a few days ago, a letter that brought to mind an old friend of whom he had not thought in many days, and of whom he had completely lost sight in the activities of the executive life of the past two years.
 The friend in question is Ada Rehan in silver—or, as she is known the country over, "the Ada Rehan silver statue." And the governor is little less than shocked to learn that Ada is to be offered on the block, despite the fact that we are supposed to be living in an age of enlightenment when society will not countenance anything approaching slave trading. But it is none the less true that Ada is to be sold—and the governor is not averse, now that it seems certain that the sale is to be pulled off, to have the widest publicity given to the fact in order that any Montana friends who want to bid her in for old times' sake may do so.
 Montana people who went to the

world's fair in Chicago in 1893—and many of those who stayed at home—will recall that a part of the state's exhibit there was a silver statue, the model for which was the noted actress, Miss Ada Rehan. Ada did not fill a niche in the Montana building, but was in the fullest view of the thousands who took in the fair every day. Many stopped to look at her open-mouthed and deplore the apparent waste of silver, while others seemed skeptical on the question of the solidity of the silver.

When the fair closed Ada was taken for a tour of the country, and for a time there was a great rivalry among business houses throughout the country to get her for a window advertisement for a week or two—at so much per week. After a while, however, the novelty—not the silver—wore off, and the demand was little to speak of. Then the company which had undertaken the making of the statue, the Montana Silver Statue company, saw its dividends dropping off and finally it figured in receivership proceedings. Friends who knew the silver lady stopped now and then to wonder where she was, but there were very few who could tell, and at last Ada dropped out of mind—only to be revived by the governor's receipt of the letter referred to.

According to the communication, Ada is resting in Topeka, Kan., where she has been cared for since her court experience by Samuel Barnum, of the S. Barnum Dry Goods & Carpet Co., who is the receiver. Here is what Mr. Barnum—and there is something suggestive in the name as the custodian of a great attraction—says: "The Ada silver statue, which was a prominent feature of the Montana exhibit at the World's fair, has come into my possession as receiver of the Montana Silver Statue company.

"The statue will, from present indications, be soon offered at receiver's sale. I should be pleased to give any information possible, upon request, to those within your commonwealth who may in any way be interested in the matter, and particularly with reference to its possible use as a portion of your state exhibit at the St. Louis exhibition."

Governor Toole acknowledged receipt of the letter, and said yesterday that he would refer the matter to the world's fair commission.
 "Be lively there, gentlemen; how much am I offered for Ada Rehan? Pure silver, all silver, and a yard wide; fitted to shine in any spot, whether in the humble cabin of the gulch or the mansion on Fifth avenue. Don't all speak at once; bid lively, now. Who wants Ada?"

Two Bottle Cured Him.
 "I was troubled with kidney complaint for about two years," writes A. H. Davis, of Mt. Sterling, Ia., "but two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a permanent cure." Sold by McKechnie & Allan.

Ex-Congressman Indicted.
 New York, June 24.—Former Congressman Driggs was indicted by the federal grand jury in Brooklyn today. He appeared before Judge Thomas and gave bail. The indictment grew out of the investigation into the post-office affairs made by a grand jury. Four indictments were found, all practically alike, charging that Driggs, between July 20th and 24th, 1900, unlawfully agreed to receive and did receive a \$500 check from the Brandt-Dent company for procuring a contract from the United States government for making and delivering 250 automatic cashiers for the postoffice department.

To the first two indictments Mr. Driggs pleaded not guilty, reserving the right to plead later to the others, which contain sixteen counts each, after his lawyer had read them.
 Mr. Driggs refused absolutely to comment on his indictment. He has previously admitted, however, receiving a salary of \$12,500 from the Brandt-Dent company for introducing its machines, but claimed that the work he did for the company was done before he was sworn in as congressman, but after his election, and declaring that he had done nothing to which the government could object.
 The indictments were found under sections 171 and 172 of the revised statutes of the United States, which provide for punishment of any person, "receiving emoluments while in the employ of the government."

CIRCULAR TO INSPECTORS

State Veterinarian M. E. Knowles Issues Instructions to His Assistants Throughout the State.

ADVICE AS TO SANITATION

Some Important Matters, Which, if Heeded, Will Serve to Prevent Most of the Usual Sicknesses.

Meat and Milk Inspector Dr. Frederick Treacy has received from Dr. M. E. Knowles, state veterinarian, a circular detailing methods to be followed in the disinfection of dairy barns and cow stables. While intended for the use of the inspectors, there is information in the circulars that will be of value to all interested not only in dairying, but in barn and barnyard sanitation. The circular reads: "Permit entrance to all stables, of a plentiful amount of sunlight. Disease producing germs are promptly destroyed by the direct rays of the sun in a short time. They are destroyed by less intense light more slowly, but live for long periods in dark places. Remember that the cheapest and best disinfectant is sunlight.

"Clean the stable thoroughly. Disinfectants do not destroy germs that they do not come in contact with, and in order to permit the disinfectants used subsequently to coming in contact with all the surfaces that may harbor disease producing germs, it is essential that these surfaces should be uncovered by the removal of the dirt that has accumulated over them.
 To Clean Stable.
 "The cleaning of the stable includes: First, the removal of all manure; second, the removal of piles of hay and fodder; third, thoroughly sweeping the ceiling, walls and floors; fourth, removal of all rotten wood, work and loose boards, especially of the floor; fifth, the removal of dried accumulations about mangers, floors and drains; sixth, scrubbing mangers, feed boxes, stalls and partitions, which should be done with boiling hot water and lye.

"Apply chemical disinfectants. After the stable has been thoroughly cleaned as above required, apply chemical disinfectants. Carbolic acid mixed with water in the proportion of one to twenty parts or one part to two and a half gallons of water, to which sufficient lime is added to make it show where it is applied, is efficient, and should be applied to every part of the stable. Formalin and formaldehyde are also efficient disinfectants and should be applied in conjunction with whitewash as in the carbolic acid, to make it show where applied.

"All dairies and dairy buildings should be whitewashed not less than twice a year and in all cases should be after disinfection.
 Should Remain Empty.
 "Allow the stable to remain perfectly empty, if possible, after disinfection for several weeks. If this is not possible, then admit fresh air by leaving the doors and windows open. If barns or stables are of but little value and impossible to disinfect, advise burning them down. All old litter and work removed from infected stables must be burned."

In addition to this Dr. Knowles has issued another circular directing the manner of making examinations for the detection of tuberculosis in cattle. It is stated that the animals to be examined should be confined in a stable or small dry paddock and kept in the winter time should be fed and watered as usual.
 The first step to be taken by the inspector is to make a careful physical examination, and then follow the various steps which will in the end determine whether or not the cattle are afflicted with the disease.
 The circular states that the injection of tuberculin in perfectly healthy

WILL PRESENT PETITION.

Remonstrance Prepared by American Jews, Will be Sent to Czar.

REMONSTRANCE PREPARED BY AMERICAN JEWS, WILL BE SENT TO CZAR.

Washington, June 25.—The president has decided to transmit to the Russian government the petition presented to him by the executive council of the B'Nai B'rith regarding the treatment of Jews in Russia. This action has been taken after mature consideration. At first it was decided that the petition should not be presented because it might be resented by the Russian government and lead to a rupture of the amicable relations in the relations of the two countries. However, the first conclusion has been reconsidered and by direction of the president the petition will go forward. What the result will be is problematical. As indicated in the following note from Secretary Hay to Simon Wolf, the presentation will probably be made to the Russian government through the United States charge at Saint Petersburg. The note reads: "Department of state, Washington, June 24.—Dear Sir: The president has concluded to transmit to the Russian government the petition of which you presented him a draft on the fifteenth of this month. The matter which he had to consider most seriously was whether or not such a proceeding would be to the advantage of your persecuted and outraged coreligionists in Russia. On this point he has decided to accept your opinion and that of the numerous and intelligent groups of American citizens from the Jewish faith whom you represent. He requests that you will send him the petition in due form at your earliest convenience. Of course, you will understand that the president can not tell you what reception your request will meet at the hands of the Russian government.
 "I am, sir, faithfully yours,
 "JOHN HAY,
 "Honorable Simon Wolf, Washington, D. C."

The petition which will be transmitted to the Russian government is the one which the executive council of the B'Nai B'rith handed to the president as a tentative document to

THE KEELEY CURE AND WHAT IT IS.

So much misapprehension exists as to just what the Keeley treatment is for the cure of Drunkenness, Drug Addictions and Neurasthenia that a brief statement will be of general interest.
 The continued use of alcoholic liquors or drugs brings a diseased condition of the nervous system and there is a continuously growing craving for the stimulant or narcotic with a continually lessened will power to break off. Dr. Leslie E. Keeley discovered a remedy and a method of treatment for this condition that has now been in successful use about 25 years. There have been treated in Keeley Institutes since that time 300,000 people. By far the greater number of those were using liquors to excess, many were addicted to the use of some drug. They came from all walks of life—senators, congressmen, lawyers, physicians, clergymen, merchants and men of all occupations. Many of them came as physical wrecks and departed as sound men and women, the "craving" for stimulants gone, the health excellent, the eyes brighter, complexion clearer, and best of all—a better view of life, a revulsion for the past and a determination for a better future.

The Keeley Institute for Montana is placed at The Boulder Hot Springs. And is therefore more favorably located than any other like institute in the country, the treatment being supplemented by the medicinal waters of the Springs, together with excellent accommodations and pleasant surroundings.
 One common error is that there is restraint and confinement of patients; such is not the case. They are guests at the hotel; the Keeley remedies are

ADMINISTERED IN THE BEST AND MOST APPROVED FORM BY EXPERIENCED PHYSICIANS WHO HAVE MADE A STUDY OF THE WORK.

There is no sickness attendant upon the treatment and the physical condition improves from the start. The treatment BUILDS UP THE ENTIRE system, and it is not unusual for a patient on completion of the course to say, "I feel ten years younger." All who take the treatment are satisfied with results; their condition is better in every way. Three-fourths of those who take the treatment have been influenced to come by those who have been cured.
 The success of the Keeley remedies and treatment has of course brought imitators with various spurious remedies and establishments, "quick-cure schemes," "vest pocket remedies" and "to be administered without knowledge of the patient," etc. These are all of doubtful value and some injurious.
 The Keeley remedies and methods are tried by years and proved by good results.
 The course of treatment for liquor cases is four weeks, and the cost for the treatment, remedies, etc., is \$100. For drug addictions the treatment for four weeks costs \$100, and for each additional week, if necessary, \$25. For Neurasthenia the cost of treatment is \$25 per week. For tobacco addiction the treatment and remedies at \$25 per week. For board and accommodations at the Boulder Hot Springs hotel the price is \$12.50 per week. Payment is expected to be made at the beginning of the treatment.
 Any further information will be gladly furnished. Correspondence confidential. Address
 THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
 or Lock Box No. 4,
 Boulder, Mont.

HAVRE'S ENTERPRISE.

Our Neighbor is to have Water Works and Sewer System.

Havre, June 24.—At a special election for the purpose of submitting a bond issue of \$26,500 for water works and sewer systems to a vote of the people, the proposition carried by a vote of 34 to 2. The vote was very light indeed, but a small percentage of the electors of the city turning out. There was practically no opposition to the plan as the vote showed. As soon as the bonds are sold the city will proceed to at once install water works and sewer systems. Work on the sewer mains will be instituted just as soon as the bonds are sold, but it may require some time to secure the necessary plans for a water plant. The council is now prospecting for water in several places, and have a number of plans to select from. It is probable that point wells will be drilled and a supply of 200,000 gallons daily secured. The Great Northern at this point sunk 20 points and pump every 24 hours more water from the well than would be required to supply the town.

D. B. MORRIS, DRUGGIST
 Successor to C. H. WILLIAMS
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
 DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMES, STATIONERY AND CIGARS.

MONTANA LUMBER CO.
 We will Carry a Complete Line of Lumber of all kinds, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, etc., and solicit opportunity to quote you prices on large or small lots.
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