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WALKER J. WELLS & CO.

Corner Fifth and Main Sts. Lewistown



# When you want the Best

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If there is one thing that you should insist upon when you go into a drug store, it is QUALITY You want Quality in all drugs and chemicals. Quality in all prescription work: Quality in everything that has to do with medicine.

We enjoy the fullest confidence of both the Physicians and the general public for absolute Quality and reliability in the matter of Prescriptions and also in drug store goods of every nature. Public opinion gives our drug store first place.

We would like to be your druggist.
We know you would like our service.

# Delzell Drug Co.



FIRST INAUGURATION OF

WEEKLY BARGAINS.

## You Can Earn $5.00.

"A dollar saved is a dollar earned." Any fifteen dollar suit or overcoat in the house, next week for

## $10.00

# Bertrand & Shannon.



# LEWISTOWN FEED & FUEL YARDS

DOWNING & HASSET, Props.

Large Supply of First Class Wood Always on Hand.

Spring Creek and Black Diamond Coal in any Quantity.

White Satin and Golden Rod Flour,

Wheat, Oats, Bran and Shorts.

Prompt Delivery to any part of the City - - Offiice, Cor. Main St. and First Ave.


# BAIKAL BEAR'S GREATEST FOE

### Great Body of Water the Worst Obstacle the Russians Have to Overcome in Present War.

### "WEAK LINK OF A WEAK CHAIN"

### Trans-Siberian Railway a Makeshift at Best and Lake Baikal Greatly Lessens Its Value.

War is a great teacher of geography. Its fires light up distant regions of which the average man knows little. Cities, rivers and mountains of whose exact places on the map the newspaper reader had only a vague idea become fixed points under the illuminating reports of war.

Ten days ago the majority of Americans had the dimmest conception of the precise position of Korea. Of its ports they knew nothing. By the time the war ends they will be readably familiar with the geography of northeastern Asia.

It is a matter of common knowledge that there is a transsiberian railway, and that on it Russia must depend for the transportation of troops and supplies from the European part of the empire to the far east. It is not generally known that the continuity of that road is broken and its military value lessened by the existence of Lake Baikal, which is described in an interesting article on the subject in Collier's Weekly as "the weakest link in a rather weak chain" of transportation between Russia and the Pacific ocean.

Lake Baikal is no mean body of water. It is the largest fresh water lake in the old world, with the exception of the Victoria Nyanza. It is 398 miles long from north to south, from 18 to 57 miles wide, and has an area of nearly 15,000 square miles. It is smaller than lake superior, Michigan or Huron, but is larger than either of the other two great lakes. As the Dead Sea is notable because its surface is below ocean level. Lake Baikal is notable because its surface is 1,566 feet above sea level and the botom is 1,624 feet below it, giving the lake the extraordinary depth of 3,185 feet.

The railroad, when completed, will make a detour around the southern end of the lake. As the country to be traversed is mountainous and much tunneling will be required, work on that section has been pushed slowly, and cars laden with passengers and freight are taken across the lake in great ferry boats. Fairly good service can be had in summer, though sudden and violent storms sweep the lake at times and make navigation hazardous. In winter it is impossible.

The lake lies so far north and at such a height above the ocean that it begins to freeze in November, and by the beginning or middle of December is frozen over to a depth of nine and a half feet, and remains ice bound for about five months. The Russian government encouraged by the success of ice breakers it has used in the Baltic and White seas, bought an immense one for use on Lake Baikal, but it was practically a failure.

If it were not for one insurmountable difficulty it would be easy to lay rails on the ice and run light trains during midwinter or to organize a sledge service across it. Unfortunately crevices from three to six feet wide and two-thirds of a mile in length are continually opening. When they close they pile up the ice along their course in almost impassable hummocks.

The story that three Russian regiments were drowned while crossing the lake because of the ice opening for a distance of 200 yards is contradicted from St. Petersburg. It is something that might have happened on a small scale if the Russians, anxious to get reinforcements through to the seat of war, had sent soldiers in large bodies on the perilous journey across the lake. Nor is it altogether impossible that some soldiers lost their way in a snow storm while crossing the lake and were frozen to death. The thermometer in that region often drops to 35 or 40 degrees below Fahrenheit zero in December and January, and the weather is not much milder in February.

If the United States were carrying on war in the Rocky mountains, if it had to send men and provisions over one insufficiently equipped, poorly constructed, single track railroad, which was bisected by Lake Michigan, and if the lake were so blocked with ice that it could be crossed only with the greatest difficulty, the government would be almost as badly hampered as Russia is now. Russia has millions of men and unlimited stores of supplies. The problem is to get them to Manchuria. Lake Baikal breaks the line of communication and will continue to do so for months to come.—Chicago Tribune.

### A Severe Cold for Three Months.

The following letter from A. J. Nusbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story: "I suffered for three months with a severec old. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes. Sold by E. F. McKechnie.

Log cabin maple syrup. Best that can be made, at Power Mercantile Company.

### MONTANA LEADS.

#### Has the Larest Number of Sheep of Any of the States.

Montana remains at the head of the wool producing states of the union. The report of the acting statistician of the department of agriculture shows this state has more sheep than any other in the union. The report of the statistician for the year ended December 31st, last, indicates that Montana has 5,270,063 sheep, having an average value of $2.31 a head, when the estimate was made.

Wyoming is second with 4,602,658 head, with an average value of $2.58 a head. New Mexico is third with 3,860,466, with an average value of $1.93 a head. Idaho is fourth on the list with 3,588,034, $2.21 a head.

Next in order are Ohio, Oregon, California and Michigan, each above the 2,000,000 mark. Colorado, Texas, Wisconsin, New York and Arizona each has more than 1,000,000.

Sheep are valued highest in Massachusetts, where the return was made at $4.27, and lowest in Arkansas at $1.65 per head.

The average value for the country is $2.59. The year before the average price was $2.63.

The value of sheep in the western states as reported by the government statistician is: Texas, $1.97; Wisconsin, $2.94; Minnesota, $2.61 Iowa, $3.31; Missouri, $2.90; Kansas, $2.97; Nebraska, $2.79 South Dakota, $2.71; North Dakota, $2.69; Colorado, $2.25 Arizona, $2.18; Utah, $2.99; Nevada, $2.48; Washington, $2.78; Oregon, $2.04; California, $2.75; Oklahoma, $2.58; Indian Territory, $2.11.

The most interesting thing about the sheep census is the fact that the 51,630,144 head in the country shows a decrease of 12,334,732 head. That is a shrinkage in numbers that is highly important to flock raisers all over the land. The total number of sheep reported in the United States last year was 63,964,876.

### Pneumonia Follows a Cold.

But never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs and affords perfect security from an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes. Sold by E. F. McKechnie.

Ladies fancy silk and linen embroidered collars at Power Mercantile Co.

### THE MOVING QUESTION.

About this time each year bobs up
A question that's perplexing,
A problem that disturbs the home
And many minds is vexing.
For now the landlord wants to know
What plans the tenant's weighing
And asks him if he means to move
Or one more year be staying.

The tenant for an answer pressed
Then finds his trouble growing,
For he has not made up his mind
On staying or on going.
He thinks that in conditions there
Is room for much improving,
And so again he wrestles with
The question as to moving.

He ponders o'er the tearing up,
A task that he is dreading,
For well he knows it means for weeks
Discomfort will be spreading,
And then he thinks about the rush,
The hauling and the smashing
And guesses as to size of bill
The movers will be flashing.

The other side he next reviews
To see if he'd be gaining
By giving up his present home
Or in it be remaining.
A better house, a lower rent,
Improvement in location,
Are points that he's considering
In making calculation.

At times on moving he decides
And then decides on staying,
Until at last he says the word,
And there's no more delaying.
The load is off the tenant's mind,
And silenced is suggestion,
But next year he'll be up against
The same old moving question.

—Theodore H. Boice in Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

### It Spoils the Romance.

She—Oh, I think the country is just lovely!

He—Say, ye never had to milk sixteen cows before breakfast, did ye?—New York Journal.

### TROTTERS AND PACERS.

Onward Silver, 2:08, is in Geers' stable.

The Billings horses are all at Memphis.

The Kansas trotter, Jim Underwood, 2:11¾, is blind.

Prince Alert makes most of the other pacers look slow.

Dan R., 2:01¾, is to be sent after a two minute record.

John A. McKerron, 2:04½, will not start again this year.

George Hall has purchased Geiger, 2:16¾, of C. H. Nelson.

There is some of that good Morgan blood in Major Delmar.

Monroe Salisbury wants Jack Curry to winter in California.

Rhythmic, 2:06¾, holds the trotting race record of the year.

Dan T. looks to be the real thing in the fast trotting classes.

Joe B. Nelson, 2:13¼, is a new performer for the northern king.

Demonio, 2:11¼, is a brother to Don Derby, 2:04¼, and Diablo, 2:09¼.

### GERMAN JOTTINGS.

Two German Alpinists climbing near Innsbruck have died suddenly owing to the exertion affecting weak hearts.

A Berlin woman's club of which Frau Cauer is the leader has a membership of 15,000, all working women.

German coal is gaining a hold in the French markets, and the French state railways have ordered 8,000 tons at $4.60 a ton.

Leipsic university has conferred the doctor's degree on a deaf and dumb student for a treatise on an agricultural subject.

A German mathematician estimates that the man who lives to be seventy years old consumes $10,000 worth of food in his life.

For balloting under a false name during an election in Brunswick a German workman has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

In a suburb of Berlin the other day a young woman was stung to death by wasps. The tragedy occurred in a cemetery, where she was visiting the grave of her lover.

### $100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

REPUBLICATION MINERAL APPLICATION, No. 79.—U. S. Land Office, Lewistown, Mont., July 8, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that Ernest W. King, whose postoffice is Lewistown, Mont., has ,on behalf of himself and Clarence E. Barnes, his co-owner, this day filed an application for patent for 1479.5 linear feet of the Chipmonk lode or vein, being 1462.8 feet s 46° 20' w and 16.7 feet n 46° 20' e, measured along the course of the vein from the center of the discovery shaft, bearing gold, with surface ground 158.5 feet in width, situated in North Moccasin (unorganized) mining district, county of Fergus, and state of Montana, designated by the field notes of survey, and official plat on file in this office as survey No. 6574, in secs No. 31 and 32, in tp No. 18 n, r 18 e, Montana Meridian, said survey No. 6574 being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the ne cor No. 1, a post 6 inches square ,marked 1-6574, from which the ¼ sec cor between secs 29 and 32, in tp 18 n, r 18 e bears n 79° 14' 30" e 1652.7 feet; thence n 72° 26' w 158.5 feet to cor No. 2; thence s 42° 1' w 1319.9 feet to cor No. 3; thence s 43° 27' w 108 feet to cor No. 4; thence s 72° 26' e 2.2 feet to cor No. 5; thence n 47° 44' e 1500 feet to the place of beginning, containing an area of 2.35 acres; magnetic variation on all courses 19° 30' e.

The amended notice of location of said Chipmonk lode claim, and upon which this application is based, is recorded in the office of the recorder of Fergus county, Montana, in book 7 of lodes, at page 427, and the original in book 5, at page 354. The adjoining claims are: on the north the "Gopher" lode; on the west survey No. 5959, "Passale" lode; on the east survey No. 6458, "Daisy" lode. Also survey No. 6459, "Badger" lode on the west.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the mining ground, vein, lode or premises so described, surveyed, platted, and applied for, are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the U. S. land office at Lewistown, in the state of Montana, during the sixty days' period of re-publication hereof, or they will be forever barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

EDWARD BRASSEY, Register.
J. E. Wasson, attorney for applicant.
First publication February 17.

REPUBLICATION MINERAL APPLICATION, No. 80—United States Land Office, Lewistown, Mont., July 15, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph T. Wunderlin, by his attorney in fact, Ernest W. King, whose postoffice address is Lewistown, Mont., has this day filed an application for patent for 1445.3 linear feet of the Mountain Top lode mining claim, being 1440.3 feet s. 89° 54' 30" w, and 5 feet n 89° 54' 30" e, measured along the course of the vein, from discovery in cut, bearing gold, with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in North Moccasin (unorganized) mining district, county of Fergus, state of Montana, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as survey No. 6573, in sec 29, tp 18 n, r 18 e, of principal meridian of Montana. Said survey No. 6573 being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the se cor., No. 1, a post 6 inches square and 2 feet long above ground, marked 1-6573, from which the ¼ sec cor between secs 29 and 32, tp 18 n, r 18 e, bears s 6° 37' e 3363.6 feet; thence n 10° 15' w 608.6 feet to cor No. 2; thence s 89° 16' w 1405 feet to cor No. 3; thence s 2° 4' e 259.6 feet to cor No. 4; thence s 10° 15' e 329 feet to cor No. 5; thence n 89° 54' 30" e 1445.3 feet to the place of beginning, containing an area of 19.50 acres; magnetic variation on all courses 19° 30' e.

The notice of location of said Mountain Top lode claim is recorded in the office of the recorder of Fergus county, Montana, in Book 5 of Lodes, at page 409. The adjoining claims are: On the north the "Wild Goose" lode, uns.; on the west the "Porcupine" lode, uns.; on the south the "Schley" lode, uns.; on the east survey No. 5957, "Horse Shoe" lode.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the mining ground, vein, lode, or premises so described, surveyed, platted and applied for, are required to file their adverse claims with the register of the U. S. land office at Lewistown, in the state of Montana, during this sixty days' period of re-publication hereof ,or they will be forever barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

EDWARD BRASSEY, Register.
J. E. Wasson, attorney for applicants.
First publication February 17.

### MINERAL APPLICATION NO. 104—

U. S. Land Office, Lewistown, Mont., February 17, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the Gold Reef Mining Company, a corporation, by James H. McCormick, its second vice president, whose postoffice address is Gilt Edge, Mont., has this day filed its application for patent for 991.3 linear feet of the Snap Shot lode mining claim, being 85 feet in a northerly and 906.3 feet in a southerly direction measured along the course of the vein, from the portal of Discovery Tunnel, and 991.3 linear feet of the Snap Shot No. 2 lode mining claim, being 110 feet in a northerly and 881.3 feet in a southerly direction measured along the course of the vein, from the entrance of the Discovery Cut, situate in Warm Spring mining district (unorganized), Fergus county, Mont., and designated on the official plat and in the field notes on file in this office as Mineral Surveys No. 7082 and 7083, respectively, in fractional tp 16 n, r 20 e, of the principal Meridian of Montana, being more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Survey No. 7082: Beginning at corner No. 1, a post 5 inches square set in a mound of rock and marked "1-7082," from which the quarter section corner on n. boundary of sec 20, tp 16 n, r 20 e, bears n. 79° 24' e, 4,518.5 feet, thence n 81° 10' w, 600 feet to cor. No. 2, thence n. 9° 35' e, 991.3 feet, to cor. No. 3, thence s. 81° 10' e 600 feet, to cor No. 4, thence s. 9° 35' w 991.3 feet to the place of beginning, containing an area of 13.65 acres.

Survey No. 7083: Beginning at cor. No. 1, which is also cor. No. 2, survey No. 7082, a post 5 inches square set in mound of rock marked "1-7083 and 2-7082," from which the ¼ section cor. on n. boundary of sec 20, tp 16 n, r 20 e, bears n 81° 48' e, 5088.8 feet, thence n. 9° 35' e, 991.3 feet to cor. No. 2, thence n. 84° 38' w, 578.2 feet, to cor. No. 3, thence s. 8° 57' w, 996.3 feet to cor. No. 4, thence s. 84° 38' e, 567 feet, to the place of beginning, containing an area of 13 acres; total area claimed 26.65 acres. Magnetic variation all courses 19° 30' e. The locations of this claim are of record in the recorder's office of Fergus county, state of Montana, on pages 52 and 53, of book 7, and pages 476 and 522, of book 8, of lode locations.

The adjoining claims are Survey No. 7082. On the north, survey No. 5428, Standby lode; on the south, Belle lode, Survey No. 7083; on the north, Jib lode, on the south, Marion lode.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said mining ground are required to file their adverse claims with the register and receiver of the United States land office at Lewistown ,in the state of Montana, during the sixty days' period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

EDWARD BRASSEY, Register.
J. E. WASSON, Applicant's Attorney.
First publication February 17.

### MINERAL APPLICATION NO. 102—

U. S. Land Office, Lewistown, Mont., February 15, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the Central Montana Mines Company, whose postoffice address is Gilt Edge, Fergus county, Montana, has this day filed its application for a patent for 1477.7 linear feet of the Plum Lode, mine or vein, bearing gold and other metals, with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in Warm Spring (unorganized) mining district, county of Fergus and state of Montana, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Survey No. 7081, in township 16 n, range 20 e, of principal base line and Meridian of the state of Montana, said Survey No. 7081, being as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeasterly corner No. 1 ,from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36, on the east boundary line of tp 16 n, r 19 e, bears s 45° 40' w, 1493.3 feet distant, running thence s 77° 34' w, 176 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 35° 4' w, 249 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 55° 9' w, 197.7 feet to corner No. 4, thence s 35° 4' e, 687.6 feet to corner No 5, thence s 78° e 231 feet to corner No. 6, thence s 77° 26' w, 233.2 feet to corner No. 7, thence s 35° 4' e, 448.8 feet to corner No. 8, thence n 55° 9' e, 493.1 feet to corner No. 9, thence n 35° 4' w, 458.5 feet to corner No. 10, thence s 77° 34' w, 144 feet to corner No. 11; thence n 35° 4' w, 648 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, containing an area of 12.03 acres, and forming a portion of tp 16 n, r 20 e, Montana Meridian, Magnetic variation 20° e.

The location of this mine is recorded in the recorder's office of Fergus county, Montana, in Book 5 of Lode locations, page 83.

The adjoining claims are: On north and east Surveys No. 7053, Cloud, No. 7048, Peach, No. 7076, Lime Kiln Fraction, Central Montana Mines Company, applicant; on southeast Survey No. 7071, American Eagle, and No. 7070, Golden Eagle, Central Montana Mines Company, applicant; on west Survey No. 5745, Bay Horse, patented, Gilt Top and Boston, unsurveyed, claimants unknown.

EDWARD BRASSEY, Register.
Rudolf von Tobel, Attorney for Applicant.
First publication Feb. 17.

### MINERAL APPLICATION NO. 103—

U. S. Land Office, Lewistown, Mont., February 15, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the Chicago-Montana Gold Mining Company, a corporation ,whose postoffice address is Gilt Edge, Fergus county, Montana, has this day filed its application for a patent for 1500 linear feet of the 99 Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Elkhorn Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Stephens Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Daniel Boone Lode mining claim, 1277.9 linear feet of the Golden Eagle Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the American Eagle Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Nineteen Hundred Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Enchanter No. 2 Lode mining claim, 1500 linear feet of the Hilda C Lode mining claim, 1397.8 feet of the Arina D Lode mining claim ,and 1494.6 linear feet of the Lime Kiln Fraction Lode mining claim, said veins, lodes or deposits bearing gold and other metals ,with surface ground 600 feet in width for each of said claims, all of said claims being situated in the Warm Spring (unorganized) mining district, County of Fergus and State of Montana, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Surveys Numbers 7066 to 7076, both inclusive, and all in township 16 north, of range 20 east, of the Principal base line and meridian of the state of Montana, said Surveys Numbers 7066 to 7076, being as follows, to-wit:

For said Survey No. 7066, the 99 Lode mining claim, beginning at the northeast corner No. 1, from which the section corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 north, of range 19 east, bears n 46° 18' w, 2469 feet distant, running thence n 88° 50' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence s 1° 10' w, 540 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 88° 50' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 1° 10' e, 540 feet to corner No. 1 and place of beginning, embracing an area of 18.59 acres.

For said Survey No. 7067, the Elkhorn Lode mining claim ,beginning at the southeast corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 north ,of range 19 east, bears n 46° 18' w, 2469 feet distant, running thence n 88° 50' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 1° 10' e, 504 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 88° 50' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence s 1° 10' w, 504 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning, embracing an area of 17.35 acres.

For Survey No. 7068, the Stephens Lode mining claim, beginning at the northeast corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 north, of range 19 e, bears n 70° 44' w, 1915.2 feet distant, running thence n. 88° 50' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence s 1° 10' w, 579.2 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 88° 50' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 1° 10' e, 579.2 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 19.63 acres.

For Survey No. 7069, the Daniel Boone Lode mining claim, beginning at the southeast corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 n, of r 19 e, bears n 70° 44' w, 1915.2 feet distant, running thence 88° 50' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 1° 10' e, 179.6 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 88° 50' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence s 1° 10' w, 179.6 feet to corner No. 1 ,the place of beginning, embracing an area of 6.18 acres.

For Survey No. 7070, the Golden Eagle Lode mining claim, beginning at the southwest corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 n, r 19 e, bears n 54° 38' w, 729 feet distant, running thence n 25° 51' e, 593 feet to corner No. 2, thence s 82° 33' e, 281 feet to corner No. 3, thence n 7° 26' e, 38.8 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 89° 35' e, 105.9 feet to corner No. 5, thence s 35° 4' e, 293.5 feet to corner No. 6, thence n 55° 9' e, 427 feet to corner No. 7, thence n 89° 35' e, 336.3 feet to corner No. 8, thence s 0° 25' e, 101.3 feet to corner No. 9, thence s 25° 51' w, 519.5 feet to corner No. 10, thence n 88° 50' w, 1277.9 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning, embracing an area of 14.79 acres.

For Survey No. 7071, the American Eagle Lode mining claim, beginning at the southeast corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36, on the east boundary line of tp 16 n, r 19 e, bears n 63° 7' w, 2685.4 feet distant, running thence n 1° 10' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 88° 50' w, 600 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 1° 10' w, 184.4 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 89° 35' e, 282.8 feet to corner No. 5, thence s 0° 25' e, 101.3 feet to corner No. 6, thence s 25° 51' w, 519.5 feet to corner No. 7, thence n 89° 50' w, 68.6 feet to corner No. 8, thence s 1° 10' w, 749.8 feet to corner No. 9, thence s 88° 50' e, 600 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 18.11 acres.

For said Survey No. 7072, the Nineteen Hundred Lode mining claim, beginning at the southwest corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 on the east boundary line of township 16 north, of range 19 east, bears n 63° 7' w, 2685.4 feet distant, running thence n 1° 10' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence s 88° 50' e, 600 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 1° 10' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 88° 50' w, 600 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 20.66 acres.

For said Survey No. 7073, the Enchanter No. 2, Lode mining claim, beginning at the southeast corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36 ,on the east boundary line of tp 16 n, r 19 e, bears n 70° 59' w, 3802.4 feet distant ,running thence n 1° 10' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 88° 50' w, 600 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 1° 10' w, 1500 feet to corner No. 4, thence s 88° 50' e, 600 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 20.66 acres.

For said Survey No. 7074, the Hilda C Lode mining claim, beginning at corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36, on the east boundary line of township 16 n, r 19 e, bears n 70° 59' w, 3802.4 feet distant, running thence n 1° 10' e, 1500 feet to corner No. 2, thence s 80° 41 e' 606 feet to corner No. 3, thence s 2° 16' w, 1496.1 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 80° 41' w, 577.2 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 20.16 acres.

For said Survey No. 7075, the Arina D Lode mining claim, beginning at corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36, on the east boundary line of tp 16 n, r 19 e, bears s 83° 53' w, 2643.3 feet distant, running thence n 77° 34' e, 410.3 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 34° 41' e, 284.8 feet to corner No. 3, thence n 35° 4' w, 297.8 feet to corner No. 4, thence n 34° 41' e, 709.3 feet to corner No. 5, thence s 88° 50' e, 710 feet to corner No. 6, thence s 34° 41' w, 1397.8 feet to corner No. 7, thence n 88° 50' w, 710 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 15.88 acres.

For said Survey No. 7076, the Lime Kiln Fraction Lode mining claim, beginning at corner No. 1, from which the corner common to sections 25 and 36, on the east boundary line of tp 16 n, r 19 e, bears s 83° 53' w, 2643.3 feet distant, running thence n 77° 34' e, 410.3 feet to corner No. 2, thence n 34° 41' e, 284.8 feet to corner No. 3, thence n 35° 4' w, 297.8 feet to corner No. 4, thence s 77° 34' w, 1494.6 feet to corner No. 5, thence s 35° 4' e, 458.5 feet to corner No. 6, thence n 1° 10' e, 147 feet to corner No. 7, thence s 88° 50' e, 801.7 feet to corner No. 1, and place of beginning, embracing an area of 13.67 acres.

Magnetic variation 20° east; containing a total area of 185.59 acres.

The locations of said mines are recorded in the office of the county recorder in and for Fergus county, Montana, in the following books and pages of the records of Fergus county, Montana, as follows, to-wit:

The 99 Lode in volume 5 of Lode locations at page 513.

The Elkhorn Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 531.

The Stephens Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 525.

The Daniel Boone Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 528.

The Golden Eagle Lode in volume 4 of Lode locations, at page 216.

The American Eagle Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 530.

The Nineteen Hundred Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 527.

The Enchanter No. 2 Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 529.

The Hilda C Lode in Volume 5 of Lode locations, at page 338.

The Arina D Lode in volume 5 of Lode locations, at page 551.

The Lime Kiln Fraction Lode in volume 8 of Lode locations, at page 526.

The adjoining claims are: On the north the Bay Horse, Survey No. 5745, Gold Reef Mining company, claimant.

The Plum Lode, Survey No. 7081, and the Peach Lode, Survey No. 7048 ,Central Montana Mines company, claimant.

On the east the Nora Lode, unsurveyed, claimant unknown.

On the south and east the Republican, unsurveyed, claimant unknown.

Also on the south the Alameda ,unsurveyed, claimant unknown.

On the west the Apex Fraction, unsurveyed, and Crosscut Fraction, unsurveyed, claimants unknown.

EDWARD BRASSEY, Register.
Rudolf von Tobel, Attorney for Applicant.
First publication Feb. 17.


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