

Uncle Sam says it's all right

Uncle Sam, in the person of ten of his government officials, is always in charge of every department of our distillery. During the entire process of distillation, after the whiskey is stored in barrels in our warehouses, during the seven years it remains there, from the very grain we buy to the whiskey you get, Uncle Sam is constantly on the watch. We dare not take a gallon of our own whiskey from our own warehouse unless he says it's all right. And when he does say so, that whiskey goes direct to you, with all its original strength, richness and favor, carrying a UNITED STATES REGISTERED DISTILLER'S GUARANTEE of PURITY and AGE, and saving the dealers' enormous profits. That's why HAYNER WHISKEY is the best for medicinal purposes. That's why it is preferred for other uses. That's why we have over a quarter of a million satisfied customers. That's why YOU should try it. Your money back if you're not satisfied.

Direct from our distillery to YOU
Saves Dealers' Profits! Prevents Adulteration!

HAYNER WHISKEY

PURE SEVEN-YEAR-OLD RYE

4 FULL QUARTS \$4.00 EXPRESS PREPAID

We will send you FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES of HAYNER'S SEVEN-YEAR-OLD RYE for \$4.00 and we will pay the express charges. Try it and if you don't find it all right and as good as you ever used or can buy from anybody else at any price, send it back at our expense, and your \$4.00 will be returned to you by next mail. Just think that over, how could it be fairer? If you are not perfectly satisfied, you are not out a cent. Better let us send you a trial order. If you can't wait four quarts yourself, get a friend to join you. We ship in a special sealed case, to make it show what's inside.

If you can use 20 Quarts or can get some of your friends to join you, we will send you 20 Quarts for \$16.00 by freight prepaid, thus saving you \$4.00. We have been in business over 30 years and have a built-up capital of \$500,000.00 so you run no risk.

Write our nearest office and do it NOW.

THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY

ST. PAUL, MINN. CAYTON, OHIO ST. LOUIS, MO.

50 DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1865



Additional Local

T. Brown was in the city this week from his Columbus ranch.

A daughter was born Nov. 20 to the wife of Ike Walters of Volney creek.

Mrs. H. C. Kerr departed today for Billings to join her husband, who has located in that city.

M. M. McDonald of Dean was in town today paying his taxes and transacting other business.

Mrs. Frank Church and children went down to Joliet yesterday to spend Thanksgiving with friends in that sprightly little city.

W. E. Roberts, formerly of Joliet, but now engaged in the saloon business at Meeteetse, Wyo., with Celar Geba, was in the city the first of the week.

Dr. B. H. Kelley made a flying trip to Billings yesterday on the "Cannonball" special, which shoots through space at the tremendous speed of ten miles an hour.

H. T. McIntyre, St. Paul, Minn., who has been troubled with a disordered stomach says: "Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do me more good than anything I have ever taken." For sale by all druggists.

Among those who are in Red Lodge this week attending district court as jurors are Messrs. J. E. Johnson and A. G. Barkhoff of Absarokee, William Wilcox of Fishfall, Ross D. Patten, E. H. Barhart and D. C. Bedford of Nye, and James Harry of Robeson.

Charles H. Mayn, assessor of Meagher county, arrived in the city yesterday from White Sulphur Springs with the intention of casting his lot with the people of Carbon county if he can find a location that strikes him just right for engaging in ranching and stockraising.

The young people of Red Lodge will take the leading part in the cantata which will be produced at the opera house some time during the fore part of next month. In the "May Festival and Quarrel Among the Flowers" the children will present a pretty appearance upon the stage and will be the main feature of the cantata.

After a long and painful illness of nearly three years duration, which she bore with unusual fortitude, Mrs. Laura Britton Robeson, the wife of D. M. Robeson of Dean, departed this life Nov. 20, at the age of 42 years and 9 months. She was interred in the Rock creek cemetery. The last sad rites were attended by a large number of her sorrowing friends. The deceased left a husband and one daughter to mourn her loss.

Dr. James Reid, president of the Bozeman Agricultural college, and Prof. F. W. Traphagen of the same institution, arrived in the city the first of the week and proceeded out to the ranch of James Fullerton on Bear creek, where they remained for a couple of days making an exhaustive examination of the coal measures that exist in that section. In conversation with a Picket reporter Dr. Reid stated that the entire country out there was underlain with coal of superior quality and said that the fields only required development in order to produce as excellent a quality of coal as is to be found anywhere in the northwest, and in unlimited quantities. These fields will be treated of more fully when the doctor returns to Boze-

man and makes his report of the investigations which have been made.

CAUTION!

This is not a gentle word but when you think how liable you are not to purchase the only remedy universally known and a remedy that has had the largest sale of any medicine in the world since 1868 for the cure and treatment of Consumption and Throat and Lung troubles without losing its great popularity all these years, you will be thankful we called your attention to Boschee's German Syrup. There are so many ordinary cough remedies made by druggists and others that are cheap and good for light colds perhaps, but for severe Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup—and especially for Consumption, where there is difficult expectoration and coughing during the nights and mornings, there is nothing like German Syrup. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. At H. J. Armstrong's drug store.

BUSINESS INSTINCT.

A Wall Street Man's Trade That Was Not a Bad Bargain.

A prominent Wall street man told the following story on himself the other day, but made his hearers promise that under no conditions would they reveal his name, as he did not wish to be bothered by the beggar who figures in the story:

The Wall street man was walking with a friend down Broadway when at Twenty-third street he was accosted by a beggar. The man was more persistent than the ordinary mendicant, and to get rid of him the broker said: "I will give you 50 cents if you will give me your coat."

"All right, boss," replied the beggar, and within a moment the change had been made.

The broker and his friend then turned back and went up Fifth avenue to their hotel. Still carrying the beggar's coat, the man of finance strolled into the lobby and began telling the story to his friends.

"I think you made a bad bargain," said one.

"Look in the pockets," said another. And as the broker went through the ragged garment he pulled forth 45 cents in money, a silver tipped pipe, a flask of whiskey and a pouch of tobacco.

"You see," he replied, "this only proves that I never make a bad trade, even when I don't know what I am buying."—New York Times.

No Sympathy There.

"I am going to marry your daughter, sir," said the positive young man to the father.

"Well, you don't need to come to me for sympathy," replied the father. "I have troubles of my own."—Ohio State Journal.

LION COFFEE

is the kind used by people who want good coffee, without paying fancy prices for it, and who want

Absolutely PURE COFFEE.

FOREST RESERVE LAWS

Regulations Governing Absarokee Forest Reserve Eptomized by J. E. Mushbach.

CANALS MAY BE BUILT

Settlers, Miners and Prospectors Allowed to Cut Timber—Sheepmen Are Barred.

Editor of The Picket:

I have just received from the general land office a copy of the rules and regulations governing forest reserves, and owing to the recent creation of the Absarokee reserve, which includes within its bounds a large area in the southern part of this county, I thought that a brief mention of its principal features would be of interest to a large number of your readers.

Jurisdiction, both civil and criminal, over persons within reserves is not affected or changed, the state having the same jurisdiction as before, and the inhabitants their same rights and privileges, as citizens, and being subject to the same duties as citizens.

Egress and ingress of the public in entering and crossing a reserve, or for prospecting, locating, and developing the mineral resources, is permitted, and private and county roads may be constructed, but stone or timber for use in constructing such roads can only be taken under special permit.

Schools and churches may be maintained, and for that purpose any portion of the reserve may be occupied not exceeding two acres for each school and one acre for each church.

All waters may be used for domestic, mining, milling, or irrigation purposes, and the right of way in and across the reserve for canals, ditches, flumes, pipes, reservoirs, etc., is granted, subject to existing laws and regulations, but if deemed advisable by the powers that be, the applicants for such privileges may be required to give bond in a satisfactory surety company stipulating that they will pay for any and all damage to the public lands, timber or natural curiosities, by reason of such use and occupation.

The pasturing of sheep and goats is prohibited, but with the proviso that when it shall appear that the pasturage of such animals in the reserve, or any portion of it, will not work an injury to it, or will not adversely affect it in any manner, that a limited number may be allowed. The pasturing of other live stock is not prohibited, but is subject to the same conditions as above, and then only by permit, with the express agreement on the part of the applicant that he will hereafter pay such reasonable price per head as the secretary of the interior may require. Failure to pay such price on demand, or a violation of any of the terms of the permit, or of the application upon which it is based, will revoke the permit.

Bona fide settlers, miners, residents and prospectors, who have not a sufficient supply of timber or stone on their own claims or lands for use in developing the mineral or other natural resources of their claims, may use timber or stone from the reserve, free of charge, for firewood, fencing, buildings, mining and domestic purposes. It must be for their own individual use, on lands owned or occupied by them within the state, and not for sale or disposal or use on other lands, or by other persons. A person desiring this privilege must first make application to the supervisor in charge, designating the location, amount and value of the timber or stone he wants, the place where and purpose for which it will be used, pledging that he will take no more than he actually needs for bona fide use on his own land; that none shall be sold, disposed of, nor used on any other lands; and guaranteeing to remove and safely dispose of all tops, brush and refuse cutting, beyond danger of fire therefrom. The supervisor will then make investigation of the facts in the case, to see whether you have lied or not, and then transmit the application, with his report and recommendation, to the superintendent. If it meets the latter's approval, he will grant permission to remove the stone or timber, but only under the supervision of a forest officer. The above applies only to cases where the stumpage value of the timber is less than \$100. Where over that sum, the same course of procedure is followed, with the addition that the report of the superintendent is not final, but must be affirmed by the commissioner of the general land office.

Provision is also made for the sale of dead and matured or large growth of trees, but the conditions prescribed are of such length that I will not trespass upon your space to give them here. Suffice it to state that the applicant will be obliged to give the location of the timber, character of the country, whether mineral, agricultural or principally forest; whether rough, steep, mountainous or plain;

whether trees have attained their full growth, and how you know it; whether standing green; down, not dead; standing dead; or down dead; if dead, whether killed by windfall, fire, republican tidal wave, or other cause; if for saw timber, give quantity in feet, board measure, and value per thousand feet, and number of cords and value per cord of tops and lofts; if for live timber, state different kinds and quantity of each kind of trees per acre; give average diameter of each kind three feet above ground, and number of trees of each kind per acre above the average diameter; state the number of trees of each kind you want offered for sale; give number of feet and value, also number of cords and value of tops and lofts; then do a whole lot of things just as dead easy as the above enumerated, and finally see the supervisor. If properly seen, he will favorably endorse the application, and then after following the regulation rigamarole and red tape procedure, it may be accepted, and the timber, after being advertised for sale for sixty days in a paper that is not for the government, will be sold to the highest bidder for cash (which nine times out of ten will be the other fellow, who has done none of the work at not less than its appraised value).

Those owning claims within a reserve are allowed the privilege of relinquishing their tracts to the United States and selecting in lieu thereof any outside tract open to settlement not exceeding in area the tract relinquished. This applies to both perfected and unperfected claims, and the claimant is allowed credit for the time spent and any fees to may have paid on the relinquished tract, but no provision is made for paying him for any improvements.

Where lands embraced within the boundaries of a reserve are shown to be more valuable for the minerals therein, or for agricultural, than for forest purposes, they may be restored to settlement, location, and entry.

And finally, every person who unlawfully cuts, or aids, or is employed in cutting any timber standing upon a reserve shall pay a fine of not more than \$500 or be imprisoned not more than twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

J. E. MUSHBACH.

A Puzzle.

Mother (reprovingly to little girl just ready to go for a walk)—Dolly, that hole was not in your glove this morning.

Dolly (promptly)—Where was it, then, mamma?

Of 100,000,000 passengers by sea all the world over fifty lose their lives. Of the same number by rail forty-seven are killed.

Too Familiar.

It was the 6 o'clock rush hour, and the Sixth avenue elevated station at One Hundred and Sixteenth street was packed with an impatient crowd trying to escape to their homes.

In the thick of it was a cloaked figure, apparently that of a plump little girl of eleven or twelve. She was having a hard struggle in the crush, and a big, good natured man behind her just put his hands on her shoulders to help her along.

"Sir," piped a shrill but quite mature voice as she turned so violently that she created an eddy in the crowd and turned upon the big fellow a pair of snapping black eyes.

"Cesar's ghost! It's a woman!" he exclaimed as he made an opening for himself through the laughing throng and fled in pink faced dismay.—New York Mail and Express.

The man who has never needed to have any teeth pulled out is the loudest in advising the sufferer to "brace up like a man and have the thing out at once."

NOT A RELIEF BUT A CURE

Holena, Mont. Oct. 4, 1902.
Dr. C. A. PERRIN.
I wish to thank you for relief. I was suffering agonies from piles and was taking morphine to relieve me when on the advice of a friend, I procured a bottle of your Perrin's Pile Specific and took a tablespoonful at night and another in the morning. At half past twelve, noon, my wife gave me another tablespoonful when my pain all stopped. In two days I was able to attend to my regular business entirely relieved. It was simply wonderful.
J. L. MONTGOMERY,
Furrier, Holena.

PERRIN'S PILE SPECIFIC

RICHARDSON'S NEWS STAND

R. S. RICHARDSON, Prop'r
Is now located in Budas' old store, three doors North of Finn Hall.

Carries a Fine Line of Fruits, Confectionery, Blank Books, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars, Etc., Etc.

We handle Lowrey's Famous Confections

WITH AX AND BLOCK.

Criminal Executions in Prussia Still Performed by the Headsman.

Seventeenth century methods still prevail in Prussia in the matter of the execution of criminals. The man sentenced there to suffer capital punishment is led to the fatal block, and his head is chopped off with identically the same sort of ax as that which was used to put a period to the career of Charles I. in the Tower of London on that fateful 30th of January 252 years ago. Practically the only difference between the twentieth century execution and that of the time of Cromwell is that the condemned is not put to death publicly.

In many parts of the German empire the guillotine has taken the place of the gallows and the block, but in Prussia old fashioned justice clings tenaciously to the old fashions, and not the rope nor the automatic knife nor the power of electricity has been able to displace the broadax as the law's official implement of death. The only concession made to modern sentiment is in the garb of the executioner.

This functionary does not, as in the earlier times, dress in doublet and hose and hide his eyesight by a black hood. He appears at the execution garbed in a frock coat of sander hue and correct cut, and he wears upon his head, even when delivering the death stroke, a fall silk hat. His three assistants are similarly attired.

Why this garb was chosen no one can say authoritatively. It is one of those things the origin of which appears to have been forgotten with the originators. But it is the lawful costume, prescribed in the regulations which apply also to the twelve civil law witnesses who must attend an execution, with the result that a stranger witness is unable to say until the ax has fallen which of the other fifteen silk hatted, frock coated individuals grouped about him is the man who lives by death.—New York Press.

FLOWER AND TREE.

Keep begonias where the air is not too dry, and they will not drop their leaves.

In watering house plants sufficient should be given to soak the soil thoroughly.

A tree is nearly dormant in winter, especially one that has been lately transplanted.

Plants in a dormant state require very little water during the winter, and an excess will cause decay.

Drainage roses bushes with strong quassa ten is a good curative of bugs and other destructive insects and pests.

To root cuttings quickly fill a saucer full of sand, into which the slips may be set. Keep the sand the consistency of mud.

Never give up a decaying rosebush until you have tried watering it two or three times a week with soil tea for a short time.

Repotting of plants becomes necessary for two reasons—the plant uses up the available fertility in the soil and fills the pots with roots.

To prevent crooked trees from splitting after they come into bearing twist and fasten two small limbs together, and as the stem grows it will prevent splitting.

Cuttings of quick growing herbaceous plants, like heliotropes, verbena, phlox, geraniums, root quickly, chrysantheums quickest of all. Choose cuttings when the plants are most vigorous.

Quaint Plea For a Pension.

All sorts of special pleas have been made in applications for pensions. One of the most ludicrous was made by Portland. When the applicant was asked if he ever served in the army or navy, he said, "No." Asked as to what grounds he based his application on, he said that he was in eastern Oregon when the Indians went on the warpath, that in making for a point of safety he and some other men were attacked by the Indians, one of the other men being killed and another wounded. He escaped on account of the fleetness of his horse, but the encounter caused him such excitement that he had had occasional fits ever since, and on account of the fits he thought he was entitled to a pension.—Portland Oregonian.

Webster and Disraeli.

Disraeli once met Daniel Webster at a time when American statesmen were rarer visitors in England than they now are. "He seemed to me," "Dizzy" reported, "a complete brother Jonathan—a remarkable twang and all that. He also goes to the eye," added Disraeli, strongly accenting the last syllable. "Dizzy" nevertheless noted the American orator's "fine brow and bearded, deep set eyes," but it was Sydney Smith who declared of him that no man could be so wise as Daniel Webster looked.

Passing of a Star.

"Madam," said the facetious boarder, "this turkey reminds me of a steadily waning dramatic star."

"Well," said the landlady, "I suppose you want somebody to ask you why."

"Because," said the facetious boarder, "it comes on in smaller and yet smaller parts."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Real Nice Bull.

In a Dublin paper some time since was a biographical notice of Robespierre which concluded as follows: "This extraordinary man left no children behind him except one brother, who was killed at the same time."

When a man's wife tells him to "wait just a second," he can form some idea of what eternity is like.—Chicago News.

GEORGE VAN CLEVE'S

Dray and Express Line
Is Always READY FOR BUSINESS.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
Leaves orders at Red Lodge Furniture Store

Hotel Spofford

T. F. POLLARD, Prop'r.

Red Lodge, Montana.

Only First Class Hotel in City!

Steam Heat!
Electric Lights!
Best of Baths!

Bar and Sample Rooms Connected

ELMEN HOUSE

A. MORRISON, Prop.

Newly Furnished and Renovated.

RATES \$1.00 PER DAY.

Board and Lodging by Day, Week or Month.

Opposite Opera House

FIRE!

Notice to All Members of Red Lodge Volunteer Fire Department:

Regular meetings, first Friday night in each month. Fine for non-attendance, 25 cents.

Each of the three companies will meet for drill and practice, every Wednesday night at 7:30. Signal for drill, six bells.

FIRE DISTRICTS.

District No. 1—All West of Railroad in First Ward. Alarm, One Bell.

District No. 2—All East of Railroad in First Ward. Alarm, Two Bells.

District No. 3—All West of Railroad in Second Ward. Alarm, Three Bells.

District No. 4—All East of Railroad in Second Ward. Alarm, Four Bells.

District No. 5—The Hymer Addition. Alarm, Five Bells.

"The Council"

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

POOL PARLOR & CLUB ROOMS IN CONNECTION.

J. H. PRINTZ, Prop.

Opposite Spofford Drug Store, Red Lodge, Mont.

MARTIN GOLDEN'S SAMPLE ROOMS

When desirous of changing your breath or playing a social game of cards without danger of getting sick for the drink, call on the Golden boys and they'll treat you right. They deal only in the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS.

MIXED DRINKS A SPECIALTY.

Close to Meyer's bank, Red Lodge.

THE PLACE

LARKIN & FLEMING, Dispensers

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Billiard and Pool Parlors

Wholesale Dealers in

Minneapolis Brewing Company's Beer

Extra Pale, Gilt Edge, Grain Belt, Bottled Goals.

Billings Avenue, RED LODGE

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN

THE PICKET