

Mountain View



REGISTERED HEREFORDS

The cows in this herd are a grand lot of low-down, blocky matrons bred by some of the greatest champions of the world, and are now headed by Louis XIV of the Famous Covector strain, supported by Mountain King, a young bull of great merit, rich in Kansas Land blood. This herd of Herefords ranks second to none in the great northwest; prices are within the reach of all. Correspondence and personal inspection invited—and remember that native bred stock will do you twice the service that eastern bred animals will.

CHAS. E. WRIGHT, Red Lodge, Mont.

Range and Ranch

STOCK CUTS—One cut, with brand, 5¢; each additional cut, 2¢; engraved blocks, each, 1¢; yearly rates. Lost, estrayed, etc., per line, 10¢; week, 15¢. Advertisements solicited and Communications given space. Ranchers and stockgrowers are invited to make use of these columns. Latest market reports.

DAIRY PRODUCTIONS

Commissioner Ferguson Says There is Big Demand for More Creameries in Montana.

CUT NO CHEESE AT ALL

Vast Amount of Money Sent Out of the State Each Year That Should Be Kept at Home.

In view of the fact that a company has been formed a Bridger for the purpose of putting in a creamery plant at that point the biennial report of Commissioner Ferguson of the state bureau of agriculture, labor and industry dealing with the state's dairy industry, will be read with much interest by all those who have given the subject any attention. The commissioner calls attention to the scarcity of creameries and dairy cows in Montana, and states that 65 percent of the butter used is imported. In the case of the cheese consumed in Montana, it is practically all shipped in. The report states that two creameries near Missoula were destroyed by fire recently, and deplores the fact that they have not been rebuilt.

Commissioner Ferguson and his associates have gathered complete statistics concerning this branch of trade, which the commissioner says, should constitute one of the principal profit-yielding commercial branches in this state. The report will say:

"Of all the industries now lying dormant in Montana, probably the one that offers the greatest possibilities of success is that of dairying. This business, which has been so highly developed and is so great a source of wealth production in other states, has been almost wholly neglected, in what is undoubtedly one of the most favorable localities in the United States for its successful prosecution.

"There are not half a dozen creameries in operation in the whole state, and the capacity of these is very limited. Two that were in successful operation in Missoula county have been recently destroyed by fire, and were not rebuilt. As is the case in all communities where it is proposed to start a creamery, the chief difficulty is to get a sufficient number of milk cows to keep the plant running full capacity. This will gradually be overcome as the farmers begin to realize that large profits are to be made from milk cows, and that the creamery relieves them of a vast amount of labor that is necessary under the old regime of home butter making.

"With Montana grass lands, which are unexcelled in the world, at their present comparatively low values, and butter selling at 35 cents a pound or more, there are no reasons why the expensive system of importing dairy products should be continued.

"This is another case, as in irrigation, where co-operation can be called into service. Let farmers and business men form co-operative associations under the very favorable laws of this state for the purpose of carrying on the business. It would be but a short time until we should have the pleasure of publishing figures to show that instead of importing 65 percent of the butter and practically 100 percent of the cheese consumed in the state, we are producing not alone what we consume in the state, but are able to sell to other and less favored localities in Montana."

In concluding the subject of dairying, the report will devote considerable space to farmers' institutes throughout different states, and to the excellent progress and results derived from them by reason of the different farmers' organizations, agricultural colleges and experiment stations and the boards and commissions of agriculture, to say nothing of the individual leadership in agricultural lines.

The report will state that about 25 years ago farmers' institutes were started in various states and so great

has been the benefits derived from them that at the present time they are held annually in the greater number of agricultural states or localities. It also says that in many instances these institutes are helped by legislative appropriations. Much more of interest along this line will be included in the report devoted to dairying and kindred subjects.

In speaking of the conditions which at present exist in Montana as regards dairying, Commissioner Ferguson said:

"It is a burning shame that more attention is not paid to a business which results in enormous profits, and for which different parts of the state are peculiarly adapted. In fattening one steer the product of about twenty acres of good pasture land is used for a period of three years. The steer is then sold for \$40 or \$50. The same amount of land, if used for dairy cows, would yield a much larger profit than the market value of the steer, including his keeping for the three years.

HOMESTEADS ARE CHEAP.

Madison County Cattlemen Acquire Interests in Canada.

The Alder Gulch Times says that William C. Metzler of York Ranch, in company with his brothers, has invested quite heavily in grazing lands at Maple Creek, Assiniboia, Canada, where they now have 100 head of cattle. As yet they have found it unnecessary to feed, as there is very little snow, and there are miles of range covered with unlimited supply of grass.

It is said that next season over 1,000,000 head of cattle from Texas and New Mexico will be driven into Canada.

Almost any man can secure a homestead in Canada, as the Dominion government offers every inducement to intending settlers, the entire cost of proving up on 160 acres of land being \$10, and if 160 acres is not enough, land may be leased from the government at an easy rental of two cents per acre.

Mr. Metzler is one of the leading cattlemen of Madison county, and recently made a valuable addition to his herd by the purchase from his brother, L. Albert Metzler, of forty head of shorthorn yearling heifers. The price paid was \$65 per head, and is the best proof possible that it pays to raise thoroughbred cattle. He reports that most cattlemen in his section have commenced feeding, and that if we have a late spring hay will be scarce, although at present there is a large quantity in the valley.

SHEEP ARE DOING WELL.

Winter Has no Terrors for Them in Eastern Montana.

Charles F. Stocker, of the sheep firm of Stocker & Hall, which has several thousand head of sheep wintering near Terry, visited Big Timber last week and told a correspondent of the Helena Record some good things about the Eastern Montana flocks, in which a number of Carbon county woolgrowers are interested.

Mr. Stocker says that as a rule sheep are looking exceptionally fine in that section this winter, and that indications are that nearly every band will come through in good shape, and with a very small percentage of loss. There is some snow, but it has not reached a sufficient depth yet to interfere with ranging, although there are cases where feeding is being resorted to.

Stocker & Hall are making arrangements for the erection of a large machine shearing plant in the spring. The location has not yet been decided upon, but it will likely be built near Miles City. The plant will be equipped with the latest improved machines, and will be completed and ready for business at the opening of the shearing season next June.

They already own a large shearing plant near Glendive, which was erected last spring and used through the following season.

Loco Kills Many Sheep.

A report comes from Melville, in Sweetgrass county, that Sigmund Thumbling, one of the largest sheepmen of the northern part of the county, has lost 3,000 head of sheep by loco weed within the last few weeks.

CREAMERY WOULD NOT PAY.

Ranches Near Billings Too Large. Different Around Bridger.

F. J. Mero of Minneapolis has been in the country adjacent to Billings for the past three weeks looking up a creamery proposition. He represents a creamery outfitting company and is what may be termed a promoter of that line of business.

Mr. Mero says he does not think the time ripe yet for a creamery at Billings.

"The ranches are still too large in this immediate vicinity," he said, "to give a creamery sufficient customers in a small area. What a creamery needs is a densely settled community, where cows are plentiful, and where milk would not have to be hauled more than five or six miles. The day will come in Billings when a good support of such an enterprise will be assured.

Down near Bridger, where the ranches are smaller, a company has been formed, and already \$3,500 in stock has been subscribed. I think this company will put in a plant during the coming spring. I also think that Park City citizens will organize a company and put in a creamery."

Custer Ships Many Horses.

A special from Miles City says: W. D. Smith and Sheriff Savage are preparing their annual reports to the secretary of the Montana Stock association, and among other items is the number of horses inspected and shipped from Custer county. Mr. Smith reports from Jan. 1, 1932, to the present time, 1,087 horses which he personally inspected, and Sheriff Savage reports 1,782 horses for the same period inspected by him, but thinks there are at least 1,000 more on the list of other members of his staff which were inspected.

Flour Mill Ready to Operate.

A Bozeman dispatch says: The Gallatin mill at Beigrade is now completed and the machinery in place. Grain is being received at the elevator and the mill will be turning out flour within a few days at the rate of seventy-five barrels per day. The mill is one of the most up-to-date in the state, being fitted with all the latest machinery and appliances. It was built by Dr. Featherstone and Mr. Palmer, and other residents of the valley.

The Use of the Right Foot.

That the right foot is, like the right hand, ordinarily more mobile and at the same time stronger than the left might be attributed to the more frequent exertion of this side were it not that the peculiarity is said to extend itself even to the constitution, and the left extremities are asserted to be more liable to disease than the right. The more difficult movements in stage dancing are usually executed upon the right foot, and it is generally considered that unless double practice be accorded to the left leg an ungraceful preference for the right will be shown by the dancers in their public performances.

Most people tread more firmly with the right than with the left foot. There seems to be a greater capacity for propelling the body with the right foot. From this the horseman springs, with his left in the stirrup, and unless left handed no boy in his play hops naturally upon the left foot—Fall Mail Gazette.

One Misery of Anglo-Indian Life.

Every night at dinner the Anglo-Indian holds a kind of levee. The insects which attend dance gayly round the lamp, and one has to watch one's plate and glass carefully lest some of the insects should dance into them. There is one insect—a little, flat, brown, shining creature—which emits the worst odor in the world. If one of these touches your food, the whole is tainted and rendered inedible. You dare not kill these pests, for if one be smothered the whole room becomes filled with its disgusting smell and is uninhaleable for the next half hour. So these abominable insects fly about with impunity while the poor Anglo-Indian must perform look helplessly on and inwardly sigh "Spero meliora."

The Union Jack.

British newspapers complain that Englishmen often hang the union jack upside down.

To ascertain which is the "top" and which the "bottom" of a union jack look at the diagonal red cross (the cross of St. Patrick), and you will note that the white "edgings" to it, which are really the diagonal white cross of St. Andrew, upon which it is placed, are much broader on one side than on the other.

The flag is right side up when both these broad white "edgings" are above the red diagonals on the side next to the pole, whereas if you get the two narrow "edgings" of white on the top, on the side next the pole, your flag is upside down.

Estray Taken Up.

Came to my ranch, on the East Rosebud, Nov. 1, 1932, one black cow, silt in right ear, branded MA on left hip; also one red cow, branded M II on right hip. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animals away.

R. O. MORRIS, Morris, Mont.

Estray Taken Up.

Came to my place at Roberts one red and white cow, branded with a cross on left side and also on jaw. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animal away.

WILLIAM A. BRANDT, Roberts, Mont.

Estray Taken Up.

Came into my enclosure about Dec. 12, two horses, with ropes around necks. One bay, with strip in face and white hind feet, branded on left shoulder. One brown, with white hind feet, branded on left shoulder. Both have harness marks. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animals away.

CHARLES E. LISANON, Rockvale, Mont.

Estray Notice.

One dark sorrel gelding branded on the left shoulder, seven years old. White strip in face. Weight about 1100 pounds.

One light sorrel gelding branded on left thigh. Star on his forehead. One white hind foot. Eleven years old. Weight 1000 pounds. Broke horses. Will give \$20 for information leading to recovery.

E. S. BEEMAN, Gebo, Mont.

Estray Notice.

Estrayed from my ranch seven miles south of Absarokee, one red yearling steer, star in forehead, branded on right hip, one ear cropped. Liberal reward for information.

One Red, Jr.

Estray Notice.

From my ranch four miles northeast of Red Lodge, one yearling heifer, red and white spotted, she is branded on the left shoulder. A suitable reward will be paid for recovery of same.

H. R. BALLENGER.

Strayed.

One red and white cow, with calf, branded on left shoulder, cow also branded with bar hat on right hip. Reward of \$5 for return of animals to my ranch, or \$2.50 for information leading to their recovery.

W. H. JOHNS, Joliet, Mont.

Cattle Reward.

Chapman Bros. hereby offer \$2 per head for information leading to the recovery of all cattle bearing the diamond bar brand.

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Estray Taken Up.

Came to my ranch on left hip. Owner is near Red Lodge, one red yearling heifer, brand requested to property pay charges and take the animal away.

W. H. CLOSE, Red Lodge, Mont.

Reward for Estray.

Estrayed from my ranch, one red and white yearling heifer, brand on left ribs and G on right hip. Liberal reward for information.

G. W. PIERCE, Morris, Mont.

Estray Taken Up.

Taken up at my place, Little east of Rockvale, Oct. 1, one white, one black, one brown, one grey, one red, one blue-backed, branded on left hip. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this notice.

H. C. CRAIG, Rockvale, Mont.

Estray Taken Up.

Came to my ranch on Butcher creek, one 2-year-old heifer, branded on left hip; left ear cut off. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animal away.

ARNE HERREM, Absarokee, Mont.

Estrays Taken Up.

One red cow and calf, branded on left ribs, left ear slit; also yearling, with same ear marks, with indistinguishable brand on left ribs. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animal away.

J. HASKY WRIGHT, Morris, Mont.

Five Dollars Reward.

For yearling bay mare, branded on left shoulder. Weight about 1200. In August was between Red Lodge and Butcher creek. Deliver to Martin Bell at Linley, or W. L. Luther at Roberts.

W. L. LUTHER, Roberts, Mont.

Estray Taken Up.

Came to my ranch, near Roberts, a year ago, one black heifer, now coming two, branded on left shoulder. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take animal away.

B. A. JOHNSON, Red Lodge, Mont.

Reward for Estray Cattle.

Will pay \$2.50 per head for information leading to recovery of stock cattle branded on left hip.

JOHN THURSTON, Gebo, Mont.

Sale of Estray.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at my ranch on the Stillwater, on Monday, December 29, 1932, at 2 o'clock p. m., one whitish roan steer, with under crop on right ear and under slope on left ear, and indistinguishable brands, previously advertised as having been taken up as an estray.

E. K. M'BRIDE, Columbus, Mont.

Old newspapers at this office, 25 cents per hundred.

B. E. VAILL.
P. O. Address, Carbonado, Mont. Range, between Rock Creek and the Yellowstone River on Shane Creek Hills. No extra marks. Other marks, double wrap. Other brands own.

J. HARRY WRIGHT.
P. O. Address, Morris, Mont. Range, between East and West Rosebud Creeks. This brand is on left neck. Other brands RO on left hip, also X on left hip.

on left ribs and slunder, these cattle have white on left neck.
on left and right hips.

SAMUEL YOUNG.
P. O. Address, Joliet, Mont. Range, between Rock Creek and Yellowstone River. Swallow fork in each ear. Horse brand same brand on left shoulder.

Suitable reward for information leading to recovery of any strayed or stolen animal bearing any of above brands. \$500.00 reward will be paid for arrest of any party convicted of stealing any of these cattle, removing them from their range or mutilating these brands.

SAMUEL WERR.
P. O. Address, Nye, Mont. Range, Sheep Creek. Other marks two wattle on right neck. Other brands on cattle SS on left thigh. — on left ribs.

CHAPMAN BROS.
P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Mont. Range, Red Lodge and Rock Creeks.

J. H. PLUMMER.
P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Mont. Range, between Rosebud and Volney creeks. No vent. Other brand on cattle on left side.

\$500.00 reward for evidence to convict any person of stealing these cattle or mutilating this brand.

L. LENDRUM.
P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Montana. Range, Elbow Creek. Brand for horses same as for cattle, only on left jaw.

W. H. CROCKETT.
P. O. Address, Roberts, Mont. Range, between Rock Creek and Clarke Fork.

ROSEBUD CATTLE CO.
CHAS. E. WRIGHT, Manager. P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Mont. Range, between Rosebud and Butcher Creek. Other marks wattle on left jaw. Other brands on cattle X on left side; also U 2 on left side.

ARNOLD E. NEATE.
P. O. Address, Bridger, Mont. Range, Clarke Fork, Bridger and Cottonwood Creeks. Earmark, number bit right ear. Horse brand same as cut shown here-with.

C. A. WHITLOCK.
Postoffice address, Riverview, Montana. Range—Clarke Fork and tributaries from the Wyoming line to Bluewater. Brand as shown in cut, on the left ribs.

C. W. SELLECK.
P. O. Address, Morris, Mont. Range, East Rosebud and Butcher Creek. Aluminum ear tag, with name and address, under side left ear.

ROBERTSON & WATERS.
P. O. address, Roberts, Mont. Range, on Red Lodge creek. Other brands on right hip. Horses branded on right shoulder with inverted Z, ay z brand connected.

IKE H. UNDERWOOD.
P. O. Address, Carbonado, Mont. Range, between Red Lodge Creek and Clarke Fork. Brand for horses same as for cattle.

VOUST BROTHERS.
Postoffice address, Riverview, Montana. Range—Clarke Fork and tributaries from the Wyoming line to Bluewater. Brand same as cut on left hip. Other marks, wattle on brisket.

FRANK KELLY.
P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Mont. Range, between Red Lodge and Rosebud Creeks.

SCOTT JOY.
P. O. Address, Bridger, Mont. Range, Clarke Fork and tributaries from Wyoming line to Bluewater. Brand same as cut on right side. Horses branded same as cut on right shoulder.

E. C. RUSSELL.
P. O. Address, Red Lodge, Mont. Range, Butcher and Volney Creek. Earmark, half under eard, right ear. No cattle sold.

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