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# THE HARTFORD HERALD

"I COME, THE HERALD OF A NOISY WORLD, THE NEWS OF ALL NATIONS LUMBERING AT MY BACK"

VOL. 6. HARTFORD, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 13, 1880. NO. 41.

Position	Per Line	Per Column	Per Page	Per Month	Per Year
Top	10	25	100	1000	10000
Second	8	20	80	800	8000
Third	6	15	60	600	6000
Fourth	4	10	40	400	4000
Fifth	3	7	30	300	3000
Sixth	2	5	20	200	2000
Seventh	1	3	10	100	1000

For a shorter time, at proportionate rates.  
One inch of space constitutes a square.

### DIRECTORY

#### COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Hon. J. L. Little, Judge, Owensboro.  
Hon. Joseph M. Taylor, Attorney, Hartford.  
E. L. Silliman, Attorney, Hartford.  
Clarence H. Hinkle, Clerk, Hartford.  
E. R. Marshall, Master Commissioner, Hartford.  
W. P. Phillips, Sheriff, Hartford.  
J. W. Hunter, Hartford; N. P. Taylor, Owensboro; E. C. Cooper, Paducah; N. L. Parkerson, Louisville.  
County begins on Mondays in May and November, and continues four weeks each month.

#### COURT OF COMMONS.

Hon. Newton Judge, Hartford.  
Capt. Sam. C. Cox, Clerk, Hartford.  
W. P. Phillips, Attorney, Hartford.  
Court begins on the first Monday in every month.

#### QUARTERLY COURT.

Begins on the third Mondays in January, April, July and October.

#### COURT OF CLAIMS.

Begins on the first Mondays in January and October.

#### OTHER COUNTY OFFICERS.

Armed Jones, Assessor, Hartford.  
Col. W. H. Porter, Auditor, Hartford.  
W. F. Howe, School Commissioner, Hartford.

#### POLICE OFFICERS.

Hartford—F. P. Morgan, Judge, first Monday in January, April, July and October.  
W. F. Haslen, Marshal.  
Beaver Dam—J. P. Cooper, Judge, first Monday in January, April, July and October.  
W. H. Blankenship, Marshal.  
Crowsville—J. W. Phillips, Judge, second Monday in January, April, July and October.  
W. T. Thilman, Marshal.  
Cassville—H. H. Tinsley, Judge, second Monday in January, April, July and October.  
Vancot, Marshal.  
Hamilton—W. Hamilton, Sr., Judge, post-office address, McHenry, Courts held third Saturday in January, April, July and October.  
W. H. Hamilton, Jr., Marshal, post-office address, McHenry.  
W. H. Miller, J. W. Miller, Judge, Wm. Tinsley, Marshal. Courts held first Saturdays in January, April, July and October.  
Rome—W. B. Bains, Judge, T. M. Haley, Marshal. Courts held first Saturdays in January, April, July and October.

#### JUSTICES COURTS.

FORDSVILLE.  
H. P. Withers, Mar. 4 June 2 Sept. 2 Dec. 2  
James Miller, 8 11 11 11 11 11  
H. H. Taylor, Mar. 12 June 12 Sept. 12 Dec. 12  
A. B. Bennett, Mar. 9 June 9 Sept. 9 Dec. 9  
J. D. Byers, 22 22 22 22 22 22  
A. N. Brown, Mar. 24 June 24 Sept. 24 Dec. 24  
S. L. Howe, 25 25 25 25 25 25  
Wm. Cannon, Mar. 17 June 17 Sept. 17 Dec. 17  
J. D. Miller, 17 17 17 17 17 17  
K. O. Porter, Mar. 15 June 15 Sept. 15 Dec. 15  
Melvin Taylor, 15 15 15 15 15 15

#### CONSTABLES.

Fordsville—George Bradford, Post-office address, Fordsville.  
Hartford—T. S. Taylor, Post-office Beaver Dam.  
Hartford—T. R. Bishop, Post-office Centertown.  
Rome—W. W. Eggle, Post-office Rome.  
Crowsville—W. W. Daniel, Post-office Crowsville.

#### CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Baptist—Services first Sunday and Sunday night in every month. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Pastors: W. F. Bennett, Hartford; M. E. Church, South; Services Sunday night in every month—Rev. J. N. McDaniel, Hartford.  
Methodist Episcopal—Services every Sunday morning and night. Sabbath School at 10 o'clock. Rev. J. S. Taylor, Pastor.

#### LOBBY MEETINGS.

A. M.—HARTFORD LODGE, No. 152. Meets third Monday night in each month. W. H. Moore, W. M.; H. W. Silliman, Secy.  
R. A. M.—KEYSTONE CHAPTER, No. 110. Meets second Monday in each month. H. M. Silliman, W. M.; H. W. Silliman, Secy.

#### POST-OFFICE BULLETIN.

The Eastern mail leaves at 2:30 P. M., and arrives at 1 P. M.  
The Western mail leaves at 9:30 A. M., and arrives at 4 P. M.  
Sulphur Springs, Fordsville, Haynesville, and Paducah leave Hartford every Monday at 7:30 A. M., and arrive Thursday at 6 P. M., and arrive Saturday at 3 P. M.  
The Owensboro mail, via Beth, Hartford, Paducah, and Louisville, leaves on Tuesday and Friday at 10 A. M., and arrives at 10 A. M. at Louisville.  
The Cincinnati mail arrives at 10 A. M., and departs at 11 A. M. at Louisville.  
R. P. HOWE, Postmaster.

#### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. H. WALKER, E. C. HUBBARD,  
**WALKER & HUBBARD,**  
**LAWYERS.**  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice in Ohio and adjoining counties, also in the Court of Appeals.  
H. D. MOHREY, SAM. E. HILL,  
**MOHREY & HILL,**  
**ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW**  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will practice in Ohio and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.  
WM. V. GREGORY,  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Preparation given to the collection of claims. Office, Grand Jury room.  
J. EDWIN ROWE,  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
Office over S. W. Anderson's Store,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.  
CHAS. M. PENDLETON,  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
Notary Public and Pension Agent,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Armistead Jones,  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Prompt attention given to business entrusted to his care. Office with McHenry & Hill.  
H. B. KINSOLVING,  
**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,**  
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,  
HARTFORD, KY.  
Will give special attention to Writing Deeds, Mortgages, etc.; to selling and conveying real estate; to collecting claims. Referring to me in confidence. Correspondence invited. Office, two doors above Post Office.  
**SANDUSKY HOUSE,**  
OWENSBORO JUNCTION.  
This House has just been overhauled and refitted and put in first-class repair for the entertainment of guests.  
The rooms are Large and Well Ventilated. Extra accommodations for ladies. Refreshments supplied at all times with the best the country affords. Charges reasonable.  
W. H. SANDUSKY, Proprietor.

## JOSEPH MULHATTAN,

WITH  
**HART & CO.,**  
(Successors to JNO. H. THOMAS & CO.)  
Manufacturers' Agents and Importers of—

### Hardware and Cutlery.

Agents Buffalo Scale Co.,  
Parker Breech-Loading Shot Gun.  
277 West Main Street, between 7th and 8th.  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
Established 1845

## ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LIVERPOOL ENGLAND.  
Statement January 1st, 1879.

Gross Cash Assets, 10,104,969.40	LIABILITIES, \$284,528.66
Unpaid Losses, 2,258,658.06	Reinsurance Reserve, 151,724.88
All other Liabilities, 2,094,911.60	Policy-holders' Surplus, 7,410,057.80
Subscribed Capital, 9,651,700, of which there is paid up in Cash, 8,147,725.00	Net Surplus, above Capital and all other Liabilities, \$5,902,332.80

The Royal Insurance Company has the Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the World.  
Head Office for Southern States, Louisville Ky.  
BARBEE & CASTLEMAN, MANAGERS.  
BARRETT & BRO., Agents, Hartford, Ky

### LIGHTNING SEWER WILSON'S NEW SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE IN THE WORLD.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE NO. 230. AN AGENT WILL DELIVER A MACHINE AT YOUR RESIDENCE, FREE OF CHARGE, SUBJECT TO APPROVAL.

ADDRESS WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.  
129 & 131 State St., Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A.

**NEW DRUG STORE.**

### Thomas & Kimbley,

Have purchased and will open an entire new stock of  
**Pure Drugs, Medicines,**  
CHEMICALS, TOILET & FANCY ARTICLES,  
Sponges, Perfumeries, Soaps, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.  
All the Standard Patent Medicines kept constantly on hand.  
Next door to Rosenberg's : Hartford Ky.  
Physicians Prescriptions carefully filled at any time. They have secured the services of Mr. F. E. Kimbley as salesman and prescription clerk. He has had considerable experience in this capacity. He can always be found in the Store or his rooms over head.  
They propose to do a legitimate business

### Pattiesville Points.

September 20th, 1880.

Editor Herald:

It is well enough sometimes for the outside world to get a glimpse of city life and city doings. What would we know of commercial and political honesty as practiced in the city of New York, did not those enterprising editors and news managers let us hear from them occasionally.

The New York Weekly Times announces that the Egyptian Obelisk has arrived and will soon be reared or raised from a level to a perpendicular.

Kelly has been shaking hands with Tilden and Hancock, and Conkling is now in love with Garfield. But what does the insouciant outsider know of the grand events transpiring in Pattiesville. No Herald correspondent or enterprising editor has mentioned the fact that Charles Saterfield has bought and prized perhaps as much as 100,000 lbs of tobacco, completing the job yesterday. He leaves as he imagines, and with him will go the wishes of every citizen of the place, for his gentlemanly bearing and agreeable manners have endeared him to the community.

We would also have the outside world know that we have a dry goods and drug combination store, kept by Mr. P. J. King, where can be purchased articles of inferior quality for less than the money, as Mr. King does not take any of that in his.

But the best is to tell yet. More than two weeks ago a benighted man was innocently standing away down the hollow. Little did the outside world think of what was so soon to befall it. In an ax was drawn the tree, and with the blows fell fast and strong, it fell, and was soon felled to the corner of First Main street. Here was assembled nearly every citizen, from Mayor down to cow-boy, Democrats pretty numerous, Republicans, well not quite so many. Africa was represented, but the color, sat on a good-bush some thirty yards off. He was afraid of getting hurt. Well, the world was given, and up went that pole more than fifty feet in the air, (I mean the little end went up) and there it stood. Such a yell as we raised it seldom fails to the happy lot of anybody to hear. We all felt happy. But when he saw and heard, wept for joy. King smiled a smile that was loving to behold, and the Doctor, well, he did not laugh or cry, but stood ready to attend the wounded. Should there be any casualties, and gaze with admiration upon that pole. Fuzee Sam Pattle, of color, still stood at a guilty distance, but Brand and Eskridge joined in that happy throng. All joys save that of Heavenly bliss will have an end, or at least, will pass away like a dream. When the flag was hoisted, and when it goes up these scenes will be repeated.

"How happy it is for brethren to dwell together in unity." Ah! did the outside world know of inside of Pattiesville. Fordsville would do well to send delegation here to learn our ways, but then that city is not much behind us. They excel us in some ways, especially in ventilation, as they have a clap that ventilates every now and then through the skylight.

When we think of the latent talent around us that might benefit humanity and bring glory upon themselves by writing for the papers, a stanza of Grey's elegy occurs to our mind:

"Full many a gem of pure ray, serene,  
The dark unfathomed caves of ocean bear,  
And waste its sweetness on the desert air."

Henceforth let us be up and doing, and if any important events are transpiring here in our city, let the world of it through the public journal.

### DOUGLAS GARFIELD.

A convention of his own Party in 1876 renounced him.

On the 7th day of September, 1876, the Republicans in the Nineteenth Congressional district of Ohio opposed the return of James A. Garfield to Congress met in convention at Warren, Ohio, and organized the National Union League, with W. Ensign, of Lake, for chairman, and L. D. Brown, of Portage, and George F. Bain, of Lake, secretaries.

At this convention Thistle and J. B. Burrows, Lake; B. F. Perry, of Ashland; L. D. Brown, of Portage, and C. D. Cray, of Lake, were chosen a Committee on Resolutions, and H. H. Hine, William R. Hulbert, of Rowena, and Casement, B. F. Perry, and R. Murray, were appointed a Committee on Conference for Representative.

This Committee Resolutions after a long whereas, said:

Therefore be it by this independent convention of the Republicans of the Nineteenth Congressional district of Ohio, resolved—

First—That dishonest, fraud and corruption have become so common, notorious and prevalent in the administration of the national government as to be not only humiliating and disgraceful in the estimation of every honest and intelligent citizen but imperil the life of the government itself.

Second—Resolved that this deplorable condition of the administration of our national government is largely due to the election to office and continuance therein of corrupt, dishonest and venal men.

Third—Resolved, that it is useless and futile to elect a political party to office and declare for reform in its platform, papers and public addresses while it insists on returning to high official places men who are so notoriously connected with the very schemes of fraud which render reform necessary and urgent; that to send those to office who have themselves been reforming to make them honest is worse than setting the blind to lead the blind.

Fourth—Resolved that there is no use to-day officially connected with the administration of our national government against whom are justly preferred more and graver charges of corruption than are publicly made, and abundantly sustained against James Garfield, the present Representative of this Congressional district and the nominee of the Republican convention for re-election.

Fifth—Resolved, that since he first entered Congress to this day there is scarcely an instance in which rings and money have been arrays against the interests of the people, that he has been found active in speech or vote upon the side of the latter, but in almost every instance he has been the champion of the rings and monopolies.

Sixth—Resolved, that we especially charge him with venality and cowardice in his conduct in relation to the attachment to the appropriation bill of 1873 that ever-to-be-remembered infamy, the salary deal; and in speaking and voting for that measure upon its final passage. And that his selling corrupt disregard of the clearly expressed demand of his constituents that he should vote for its repeal and with swiftness and vigor in the repeal of the Hutcheson amendment.

Seventh—Resolved, that we further arraign and denounce him for his corrupt connection with the recently introduced bill, for his false denials thereof before his constituents, for his perjured denial thereof before a committee of his peers in Congress, for fraud upon his constituents in circulating among them a pamphlet purporting to set forth the finding of said committee and the evidence against him, when in fact material portions thereof had been secured by him, and for his influence in procuring a contract from the Board of Public Works for the construction of a new building for the State, in which he sold his influence to aid said ring in procuring a contract, to procure which it corrupted the Board of Public Works, and secured by one of the contractors; selling his influence to aid said ring in procuring a contract, to procure which it corrupted the Board of Public Works, and secured by one of the contractors; selling his influence to aid said ring in procuring a contract, to procure which it corrupted the Board of Public Works, and secured by one of the contractors.

Eighth—Resolved, that we further arraign and charge him with corrupt bribery in selling his official influence for the construction of a new building for the State, in which he sold his influence to aid said ring in procuring a contract, to procure which it corrupted the Board of Public Works, and secured by one of the contractors.

Ninth—Resolved, that we arraign him for the fraudulent manner in which he attempted, in his speech delivered at Warren, on the 19th day of September, 1874, to shield himself from just censure in receiving the before-mentioned \$5,000, by falsely representing, in said speech, that the Congress of the United States was in truth and in fact, as he then well knew, the said Board of Public Works and the officers of said District were the agents and instruments of the said ring, and sufficient evidence was responsible for the indebtedness by them created.

Tenth—Resolved, that we arraign him for gross dereliction of duty, as a member of Congress in failing to bring to light and expose the corruption and abuse in the sale of post-tradings, for which the Secretary Belknap was impeached, when the said Secretary, by his knowledge by General Hazen, in 1872, and can only account for it upon the ground that he was in collusion with Belknap in the sale of the same.

Eleventh—Resolved, that the law of 1873, known as the denaturing silver law, was enacted in the interest of gold rings, bond holders and capitalists and against the interest of the tax-payer, and that the said law was enacted with a view to the enrichment of the said class, and that the said law has seriously crippled our power to raise money for the redemption of our national debt, and that the said law is a disgrace to our country, and that the said law is a disgrace to our country, and that the said law is a disgrace to our country.

### County Newspapers.

Their Valuable Services Rendered During Campaigns.

What the Poor Printer has to Contend With in the Ungratefulness of the Average Public.

The following paper was read by G. J. Longdale before the Indiana Editorial Association, and endorsed by that body, which ordered it printed for general distribution:

From the statement of the subject assigned me I hardly know whether I am expected to speak of the country newspaper as it is in the campaign or as we think it ought to be—whether of an action or ideal condition. I presume that we all have, through actual experience, a practical knowledge of what the first, whether any of us will ever be so fortunate as to become acquainted with the last in the same way as yet an uncertainty. The country newspaper does several things in a campaign. It calls the attention of the people to the proceedings to the people. It nails the ticket to the masthead and fights for it week in and week out until election day. It prints the names of the candidates and defends them when attacked. It advertises "grand" rallies, it extols the speeches as the best ever made to-day officially connected with the administration of our national government against whom are justly preferred more and graver charges of corruption than are publicly made, and abundantly sustained against James Garfield, the present Representative of this Congressional district and the nominee of the Republican convention for re-election.

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### Points Political.

Jan. A. Huntley, of Union Grove, N. Y., writes that the postmaster of that place, who was appointed by Grant, is for Hancock and English. W. S. Stevens, of East Prospect, York county, Pa., writes: "We will poll the largest Democratic vote ever cast in this district. Tilden had 113 votes in 1876. We now have a Hancock club of 151 members. Fourteen of the members have heretofore voted the Republican ticket."

Wm. Sneedker, of No. 294 North Seventh street, Brooklyn, a Lincoln Republican, formerly a member of the Republican General Committee and Treasurer of the Union League of Kings county, and long a member of the Fourteenth Ward (Brooklyn) Republican Association, has resigned from that organization and declared his intention to vote and work for Hancock. Mr. Sneedker belonged to the old Second Army Corps during the war, and served under Hancock at Gettysburg.

Col. Joseph W. Parker, formerly Gen. Grant's editor of the Washington National Republican, who is a member of the National Hancock Veteran Association, said to the New York World: "The nomination of Gen. Hancock brought together Republican and Democratic soldiers who had not worked for the same ticket for twenty years. I do not say that all the soldiers are going to vote for Hancock. I only know that a majority of the honest, fair-minded men in and out of the G. A. R. have enlisted in the association. Coming down to practical facts, I will refer you to my own post, George Washington, No. 105, composed of 100 men, seventy-five of whom will vote for Hancock, forty of these being former Republicans."

The Council Bluffs Union says: "A young man who has recently held out as long as the State fair, dropped into the telegraph office yesterday and sent a dispatch to his father in the interior to forward him cash to reach home with. When 'twas sent, he saw that the dispatch read, 'To John Blank, Esq.' he suggested that a saving could be effected by erasing the 'esq.'"

"Well, you may think so, but I don't," replied the sender. "When I am at home I call him 'dud' all day long, but when it comes down to black and white you've got to 'squish him right up to the mines or walk home by the dirt road. Don't you dare leave that off—and with the roads as muddy as they are now!"

In about an hour the following answer was received:  
"John Blank, Esq., forwards you \$10, and you can have more if you want it."  
"Didn't I tell you?" chuckled the young man as he read the note. "I'm more than enough when we're all at home and rushed to get full wheat in, but the minute his back gets rested and a stranger comes along he weighs more to the scale than any 'squish' you leg tell me you don't know a man till ye have hoed corn with him!"

An exchange contains a great deal of sound sense, as well as sarcasm, in the following ironical answer it gives one of its subscribers: "We are sorry you don't like the paper. We publish it simply to please you. We would ask you to come down to the office and edit, only that if you did some inquiries might light write to tell you how much better he could do it himself, and that would annoy a nervous person like you."

Bill Jones owned a bill-board, in a Michigan town, but business being dull he was compelled to sell in order to pay his hotel bill. It rather bored Bill to have to sell his bill-board to pay his board bill.

### True Reform.

When Capt. Stone assumed charge as Warden of the prison, on the 1st day of June there were fifty-four sick men on the beds, and the average number upon the beds in the last six weeks has not been more than three. What is more astonishing is the fact that no death has occurred in the prison since he assumed charge. June, July, August and two-thirds of September have passed and no coffin has been made in the prison. This is what we call prison reform.—Frankfort Freeman.

A southwestern editor, speaking of a large and fat contemporary, remarked that if all flesh was grass, that he must be a load of hay. "I expect I am," said the fat man, "from the way the donkeys are nibbling at me."

It is difficult to conceive how a woman can put up her back, half, rock the cradle with one foot, look into the mirror and lecture her husband with the other. A good paper is as sure to respond to a liberal patronage as the grass.

does to a generous man, and the county that will not give such a patronage ought not to have any paper at all. Let such counties remain in darkness unless you wish to do the work of a missionary, and suffer his hardships and privations.

The worst kind that a county paper has to carry is the would-be great man. You all know him. He expects you to call on him each day out of the week and get the cue for your editorials. A complete record must be kept for his goings and comings. He likes to see the prefix "Hon." attached to his name. When he takes snuff it is an outrage if you don't sneeze. When he makes a speech, however trivial, you are expected to publish a verbatim report. If he has aspirations—and he always has—you are to push him with all your power, and when he is defeated—as he usually is—it is your fault, of course; and from that time you have the bitter enmity of both himself and his friends. The really meritorious fellow-citizen with aspirations is he who shall or shall not do, and who not only appreciates but reciprocates in every proper way the efforts you are able to bestow on him.

There are some who, while conceding the power and usefulness of a county paper, whose only ambition is perversity, are constantly crippling it. They expect it to compete in price with metropolitan journals, which enjoy large advertising patronage at enormous prices, and which are so located as to have extensive fields from which to draw subscribers; or with that other local paper, whose only ambition is perversity, are constantly crippling it. They bring up ordinary notices, resolutions in memoriam, and other such petty notices, all of us in free, and then wonder why it is that you are not able to publish a paper equal to the New York Herald, yet that some strange beats. I presume that they abound in every community.

No one gives so much to the campaign as the publisher of a county paper. He is constantly at it, not only giving his services as an editor and publisher, but other things for which he seldom do we reflect that they are the same circumstances, we might be even more reprehensible than they whom we so uncharitably condemn. God help us—what if he should so unexpectedly and unreluctantly measure our motives and lives! What if our worthiness were the measure of His daily favor and recognition? May the noblest take on paper that they reckon would have become of me? Wouldn't I be some other fellow, or maybe not at all.—Diele Farmer.

### Bill Arr on the Press.

Your paper is a great comfort to me; in every number I find something to put away in mind and memory—something that I did not know before, and which will be of advantage to me in time to come. If a man can read, he can get a good education by taking one good paper; he can keep up with the world and make himself an entertaining member of society; he can talk up a little on most any subject. Book learning and wit go together, and he never reads the papers and passes for a fool in his neighborhood. Some papers are not such comfort to appearance, but I never took one that didn't pay me in some way a good deal more than I paid for it. One time an old friend started a paper away down in South-west Georgia and sent it to me, and I subscribed just to encourage him, and so after while it published a notice that an administrator had an order to sell some land, and he sent it to my friend to attend the sales and run it up to fifty dollars. He did so, and bid off the lot for me at thirty dollars, and I said it in a month to a man I joined for a hundred dollars, and so I made sixty-eight dollars clear by selling that paper. My father told me that when a paper that placed in a notice in a paper that a school-teacher was wanted away off in a distant county, and he went down there and got the teaching, and after while she grew mighty sweet and pretty, and he fell in love with her and married her. Now, if he hadn't taken on paper that placed in a notice in a paper that a school-teacher was wanted away off in a distant county, and he went down there and got the teaching, and after while she grew mighty sweet and pretty, and he fell in love with her and married her. 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