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PLYMOUTH, INDIANA, THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1861.

[WHOLE NO. 298.]

The Republican. THE REPUBLICAN.

After years of insulting proscription, Republican Senators have at length, thanks to Secession, obtained a fair representation in the Committees of the United States Senate. The following is announced as the list of Chairmen:

Foreign Relations	Mr. SUMNER.
Finance <td>Mr. FERRISS.</td>	Mr. FERRISS.
Commerce <td>Mr. GRESHAM.</td>	Mr. GRESHAM.
Military Affairs <td>Mr. WILSON.</td>	Mr. WILSON.
Naval Affairs <td>Mr. HALE.</td>	Mr. HALE.
Judiciary <td>Mr. TRENTHAM.</td>	Mr. TRENTHAM.
Post Office <td>Mr. COLLIER.</td>	Mr. COLLIER.
Public Land Claims <td>Mr. HARRIS.</td>	Mr. HARRIS.
Indian Affairs <td>Mr. DOUGLASS.</td>	Mr. DOUGLASS.
Revolutions <td>Mr. FOSTER.</td>	Mr. FOSTER.
Claims <td>Mr. CLARK.</td>	Mr. CLARK.
District of Columbia <td>Mr. GRISWOLD.</td>	Mr. GRISWOLD.
Patents <td>Mr. SIMMONS.</td>	Mr. SIMMONS.
Public Buildings <td>Mr. FOSTER.</td>	Mr. FOSTER.
Territories <td>Mr. WARE.</td>	Mr. WARE.
Senate Expenses <td>Mr. DIXON.</td>	Mr. DIXON.
Printing <td>Mr. ARNOLD.</td>	Mr. ARNOLD.
Engaged Bills <td>Mr. BAKER.</td>	Mr. BAKER.

THE POOR WHITE MAN AND THE NATURALIZED CITIZEN.

If the poor man wishes to know in what estimation he is held by the secessionists, let him read the following extract from the Mobile Mercury:

"Slaves are continually associating with low white people who are not slave owners. Such persons are dangerous to a community, and should be made to leave our city."

And let them give heed to the following, which is from a quarter nearer home. It is from a correspondent of the Avalanche, the leading secessionist and disunion paper in Memphis:

I pray that our rulers may be elected for life, or for a lifetime of thirty years; and that no man may have the right of suffrage who is not an American-born citizen and with manhood enough to earn and own an acre of ground, at least."

Now, if any of our naturalized citizens feel inclined to vote the secession ticket we ask their attention to the following extract from the speech of Hon. M. Clayton, one of the disunion members of the Mississippi Convention from Marshall:

"I know that Europe is throwing her surplus population on our shores, at the rate of some six hundred thousand a year. I BELIEVE IT IS NECESSARY TO DEPRIVE THE PRODUCTIONS OF POPULAR FRANCHISES AND PRIVILEGES AMONGST THEM. They flee from the restraints of government in their own country, and think that here they are to have unmeasured excess of liberty; that they can trample all rights of property under. THEY WILL HAVE TO BE DEPRIVED OF THIS POWER, WHETHER WE HAVE FREE STATES IN OUR CONVENTION OR NOT."

Benedict Arnold to Jeff Davis. The editor of the Norwich (Ct.) Bulletin has sent Jeff Davis, the President of the "six nations," a pen holder made from a rafter of the house in which Benedict Arnold was born. In closing his letter of presentation, the editor says:

"I have taken occasion to present you this pen holder, as a relic whose associations are linked most closely to the movement of government in their own country, and think that here they are to have unmeasured excess of liberty; that they can trample all rights of property under. THEY WILL HAVE TO BE DEPRIVED OF THIS POWER, WHETHER WE HAVE FREE STATES IN OUR CONVENTION OR NOT."

Interesting from Fort Brown—Capt. H. D. Deles the Traitors. The Galveston News publishes the following interesting letters from the camp of traitors near Fort Brown:

LONG STAR RIFLE CAMP. } Brazos Santiago, Feb. 24, 1861. }
Gen. McClellan returned last evening. The commander at Fort Brown will not listen to any argument, but says we are a "pack of traitors," and they will come down and retake our fort—but they can't do that.

You must try to get a force of fifty to sixty men for our Lone Star Battalion. We had a picket guard posted last night, and we all slept on our arms, in anticipation of an attack. We have complete control of the bar and passes. I suppose we will throw up more intrenchments.

BRAZOS SANTIAGO, Feb. 25, 1861. }
We arrived here on the 21st, after having a rough time of it on the Gal. Some eight or ten of our boys were very sick, but we have only two of them in the hospital at present. One of them will have a hard time to worry through. The officers at Fort Brown gave our Commissioners to understand that if we wanted the fort we could come and take it. They have consolidated the troops from Ringold Barracks at Brownsville, which makes about 1,000 men. The commander, Hill, and a great many of his officers, are Black Republicans, and if it comes to a fight, I assure you they will fight us.

We are not exactly dressed for a parlor, but are hearty and well. We have a fine large room to sleep in. The bed was a little hard for the first night, but it's all right now.

We are divided off in messes of ten each, and get our provisions dealt out every morning at 10 o'clock. I am captain of my mess. The artillery company is considered to be very well drilled. They have the position of honor at dress parade, which is every afternoon. I think we will make a good appearance when we come back. We number ninety-two men, rank and file.

From the Knoxville Whig, Feb. 25, 1861. Parson Brownlow Endorses Lincoln's Address. We crowd out much matter in type, and make room for the Inaugural Address of the new President, knowing the interest felt in seeing it, as it avows the sentiments of the author, and marks out the course he intends to pursue. We have perused it with care, and without waiting for an expression of opinion by others we give our sentiments. Let the numerous readers of this paper attentively peruse this document, and not rely upon the false and exaggerated notices of it, in telegraphic dispatches and violent Southern papers, whose partisan prejudices, and bitter hostilities forbid their doing its author justice. One of the unparalleled falsehoods traveling around is, that the Inaugural repudiates the decision of the Supreme Court.

We endorse the entire address, as one of the best papers of the kind we have seen, and we commend it for its temperance and conservatism. It is peace-loving and conservative in its recommendations, and eminently firm in its nationality of sentiment. It is out and out a Union address, worthy of the approbation of every Union and Conservative man South, as well as North. Had it been delivered by Jackson, Polk, or Breckinridge, even the Cotton States would have declared it to be the height of political perfection. And we unhesitatingly affirm, that if Lincoln's Inaugural is a true indication of the character of his coming Administration, all good and true men may congratulate themselves upon his election to the Presidency. If carried out, no other Peace Measure is required. Let us, then, of the Border States, patiently await the developments of the new Administration. We may be much better off under it than under the late profligate Administration of Buchanan—we can't be worse than under otherwise, we can right ourselves and our wrongs, under the Constitution, and without revolution or civil war. We shall have no war unless it be forced upon the country by the reckless conduct of the South.

The Montgomery Congress. The precipitate body is beginning to find critics. In the Augusta, Georgia Chronicle and Sentinel, a writer asserts the editorial declaration of that journal, that "the Government organized will not be binding on the people of any State until it receives their consent." The claim is, that the people should be satisfied, that the Montgomery Congress is going beyond its powers, and action there will produce strife and dissension. The writer alluded to, asks why there has been such haste to prepare a permanent Constitution, and adds that other States, not in the Congress, will be driven off by such precipitancy. The members of the Congress were not delegated with powers to make any Constitution, and protest is then added that the delegates at Montgomery were appointed irregularly, that is to say, not by the people, but by State Conventions, and their appointment, as was understood, was for consultation, and not for permanent action. It is stated, also, that the people will meet the action with indignant rejection.—Blade.

From the Indiana General Assembly of Indiana at the Session of 1861. The following is a list of said Bills, with their titles, and the date of their approval by the Governor:

- Introduced by Mr. Newcomb—
Senate Bill No. 7. An act supplemental to an act entitled "An act concerning real property, and the alienation thereof," approved May 6, 1852.
Approved March 5, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Conner—
No. 11. An act to amend section 151 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the valuation and assessment of real and personal property, and the collection of taxes in the State of Indiana; for the election of township assessors, and prescribing the duties of assessors, appraisers of real property, county treasurers and auditors, and of the Treasurer and Auditor of State, approved June 22d, 1852."
Approved March 9, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Cravens—
No. 12. An act to amend the sixteenth section of an act entitled "An act touching the relation of Guardian and Ward," approved June 9, 1852.
Approved March 4, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Carnahan—
No. 14. An act to amend section forty-eight of an act entitled "An act for the settlement of Decedents' Estates, prescribing the rights, liabilities and duties of officers connected with the management thereof, and the heirs thereto, and certain forms to be used in such settlements," approved—
Approved January 28, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Conner—
No. 18. An act to amend the 315th section of an act entitled "An act to revise, simplify and abridge the Rules, Pleadings and Forms in civil cases in the Courts of this State; to abolish distinct forms of action at law; and to provide for the administration of justice in a uniform mode of pleading and practice, without distinction between law and equity," approved June 18, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Claypool—
No. 19. An act to amend the 2d section of an act entitled "An act to provide for the protection of Wild Game, defining the time in which the same may be taken or killed, and declaring the penalty for the violation of this act," approved February 26, 1857.
Approved March 9, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Cravens—
No. 20. An act supplemental to an act entitled "An act to regulate the license and sale of spirituous, vinous, malt and other intoxicating liquors; to prohibit the adulteration of liquors; to repeal all former laws contravening the provisions of this act, and prescribing penalties for violation thereof," approved March 5, 1859.
Passed March 8th, 1861.
- Introduced by Mr. Lins—
No. 24. An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An act for the

encouragement of Agriculture," approved February 17, 1852.
Approved March 4, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 25. An act authorizing Justices of the Peace, Mayors of towns and cities and Clerks of Circuit and Common Pleas Courts to administer oaths generally, and County Amblers in certain cases; and to legalize such as may heretofore have been administered by any of said officers.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 29. An act to amend section fourteen of an act entitled "An act defining certain misdemeanors and prescribing punishment therefor," approved June 14, 1852.
Approved March 4th, 1861.

Approved March 4th, 1861.
No. 31. An act to perfect the title of purchase of railroad sold by foreclosure, or pursuant to the provisions of mortgages, or deeds of trust, or by the joint exercise of those authorities; and to enable them to organize corporations, and to exercise corporate and other powers.
Approved March 5, 1861.

Approved March 5, 1861.
No. 36. An act to amend the forty-ninth section of an act entitled "An act to provide for the opening, vacating and change of highways," approved June 17, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 44. An act to make the copy of the register, catalogue and description of lands, sold at any of the Land Offices within this State, and furnished by the Auditor of State to the Board of Commissioners of any county, prima facie evidence of the truth of their contents in all civil actions.
Approved March 4, 1861.

Approved March 4, 1861.
No. 45. An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election of a Reporter, and a special publication of the Decisions, of the Supreme Court; and for the compensation of such Reporter," approved—
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 49. An act to provide for Struck Juries in the Circuit and Common Pleas Courts.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 52. An act to amend the three hundred and fifty-second section of "An act to revise, simplify and abridge the Rules, Practice, Pleadings and Forms in civil cases in the Courts of this State; to abolish distinct forms of action at law; and to provide for the administration of justice in a uniform mode of pleading and practice, without distinction between law and equity," approved June 18, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 57. An act to amend the first section of "An act to provide for the valuation and assessment of the real and personal property, and the collection of taxes in the State of Indiana; for the election of township assessors; and prescribing the duties of assessors, appraisers of real property, county treasurers and auditors, and of the Treasurer and Auditor of State," approved June 21, 1852; and to legalize the action of Boards of County Commissioners in regard to the levying of poll taxes for county purposes, and declaring an emergency for the immediate taking effect of this act.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 70. An act for the relief of Lot Edwards.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 73. An act to amend an act, entitled "An act to authorize County Agricultural Societies to purchase and hold real estate," approved February 7, 1853; and to legalize purchases heretofore made.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 77. An act to amend the thirty-third section of an act, entitled "An act to revise, simplify and abridge the Rules, Practice, Pleadings and Forms in civil cases in the Courts of this State; to abolish distinct forms of action at law; and providing for the administration of justice in a uniform mode of pleading and practice, without distinction between law and equity," approved June 18, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 79. An act to amend section eleven of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the protection of Wild Game; defining the time in which the same may be taken or killed; and declaring the penalty for the violation of this act," approved February 26, 1857.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 86. An act to amend the fourth, sixth, seventh and forty-ninth sections of an act, entitled "An act to amend an act to authorize and regulate the business of General Banking," approved March 3, 1855.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 93. An act to amend section seven of an act, entitled "An act to fix the times of holding Common Pleas Courts in the several counties of this State, the duration of the terms thereof; and making all process returnable to such terms, and declaring when this act shall take effect," approved March 5, 1859, and to repeal all laws inconsistent therewith," approved March 5, 1859, and to change the times of holding said Courts in Jackson and Bartholomew counties; and declaring when this act shall take effect.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 97. An act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to fix the times of holding Common Pleas Courts in the several counties of this State, the duration of the terms thereof, and making all process returnable to such terms, and declaring when this act shall take effect," approved March 5, 1859, and to repeal all laws inconsistent therewith," approved March 5, 1859, and to change the times of holding said Courts in Jackson and Bartholomew counties; and declaring when this act shall take effect.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 107. An act for the relief of the heirs of Michael O'Brien, deceased.
Approved March 7th, 1861.

Approved March 7th, 1861.
No. 114. An act for the relief of borrowers of Sinking Fund, Surplus Revenue Fund, Saline Fund, Congressional School Fund, and other Funds, and to repeal a certain act therein named; and prescribing how mortgages may be substituted, and matters properly connected therewith.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 115. An act to amend the 2d and 5th sections of an act entitled "An act to authorize the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to receive substitutions of stock mortgages, and for other purposes," approved January 28, 1857; and containing some provisions respecting the reinstating of mortgages, given for loans made from the Sinking Fund, or any fund loaned by the Auditor or Treasurer of State, and of sales made on account of any of said funds; and respecting the safety, collection and control of said funds, the time, place and manner of making sales, the proceeding against purchasers who fail to comply; and matters properly connected therewith.
Approved March 8, 1861.

Approved March 8, 1861.
No. 117. An act to authorize and require Clerks of Circuit Courts and Common Pleas Courts to enter satisfaction of certain mortgages foreclosed in such Courts, and providing compensation therefor.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 121. An act supplemental to "An act to authorize and regulate the business of banking," approved March 3, 1855; and authorizing the Auditor and Treasurer of the State to surrender the securities and money deposited in certain cases.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 136. An act to amend section six of an act, entitled "An act providing for the organization of county boards, and prescribing some of their powers and duties," approved June 17, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 138. An act to amend the second section of "An act to amend the 207th and 208th sections of an act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules, practice, pleadings and forms in civil cases in the Courts of this State, to abolish distinct forms of action at law; and to provide for the administration of justice in a uniform mode of pleading and practice, without distinction between law and equity," approved June 18, 1852, so as to authorize changes of venue in certain cases. Approved March 5, 1859.
Passed March 9th, 1861.

Approved March 9th, 1861.
No. 142. An act to authorize the Trustees of the State University to appropriate a certain amount of the University funds to the enlargement of its Cabinet and Library, and directing the State Librarian to transfer certain documents therein named to the Library of the State University; also making the State Geologist a member of the Faculty of the University; and requiring him to deposit specimens of mineralogy and geology in the Cabinet of the same.
Passed March 9th, 1861.

Passed March 9th, 1861.
No. 153. An act for the relief of Catharine P. Whitley, and to vest in her certain real estate recently held by John Lindsey, late of Vanderburgh county, Indiana, deceased, which has escheated to the State.
Approved March 11th, 1861.

Approved March 11th, 1861.
No. 164. An act to authorize Administrators and Executors to administer oaths to Appraisers and Clerks who may be employed in connection with decedents' estates.
Approved March 11th, 1861.

Approved March 11th, 1861.
No. 169. An act to amend the fourth and sixth sections of an act entitled "An act for the incorporation of manufacturing and mining companies, and for mechanical and other purposes," approved May 29, 1855; by providing that any companies which may have been incorporated in this State, for any of the purposes contemplated in said act with a fixed amount, or limitation of capital, may increase the same by a vote of its stockholders, in the same manner as is provided in said section for increasing capital stock.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 171. An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to provide for the return of the jury in the Common Pleas Court at the third day of the term," approved March 5, 1859, and to authorize the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas to fix the order of business in such courts and the day on which the jury shall be summoned to appear in such court.
Approved March 8, 1861.

Approved March 8, 1861.
No. 175. An act to amend section forty-two of an act entitled "An act defining the jurisdiction and duties of, and providing compensation for, the Judges thereof," approved May 14, 1853, so as to regulate the docketing and disposal of the business thereof, and the act amendatory thereof, approved March 5, 1859.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 177. An act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An act to fix the times of holding the Common Pleas Courts in the several counties of this State, the duration of the terms thereof, and making all process returnable to such terms, and declaring when this act shall take effect," approved March 5, 1859, and to repeal all laws inconsistent therewith," approved March 5, 1859, and to change the times of holding said Courts in Jackson and Bartholomew counties; and declaring when this act shall take effect.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 178. An act to amend the thirteenth and fourteenth sections of an act, entitled "An act providing for the election and qualification of Justices of the Peace, and defining their jurisdiction, powers and duties in civil cases," approved June 9, 1852.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 185. An act to amend the eighth section of an act entitled "An act to fix the times of holding the Common Pleas Courts in the several counties of this State, the duration of the terms thereof, and making all process returnable to such terms, and declaring when this act shall take effect, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith," approved March 5, 1859.
Approved March 9, 1861.

Approved March 9, 1861.
No. 187. An act to repeal an act entitled "An act providing for extending the terms of the circuit courts by adjournment when the pending business shall be unfinished," approved February 12, 1856; to authorize the court or judge to call and hold special terms, and to provide for the compensation of the judges for holding such adjourned and special terms, and of prosecuting attorneys while in attendance upon the same, approved December 24, 1858; and to legalize all judgments, orders and decrees of the special terms of said courts held under the provisions of the act hereby repealed.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 203. An act to authorize the Governor to obtain possession of all public arms and military equipments belonging to the State of Indiana, or distributed by the General Government to the same, and which are not in the possession of companies meeting regularly for drill; and to institute legal proceedings to recover the said arms and equipments, or the value thereof, and also to provide for the distribution of the public arms, and to repeal all laws in conflict therewith.
Approved March 5, 1861.

Approved March 5, 1861.
No. 217. An act to provide for a general system of common schools, the officers thereof and their respective powers, duties and matters properly connected therewith, and for the establishment and regulation of township libraries and matters properly connected therewith, and to repeal all laws in conflict therewith.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 260. An act releasing all the rights, title, interest and claim of the State of Indiana in and to the quarter of section No. 12 East, situated in Allen county, in said State, to William Rockhill.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 277. An act to amend sections fifty-four and sixty-six of an act entitled "An act dividing the State into counties, defining their boundaries, and defining the jurisdiction of such as border on the Ohio and Wabash rivers," approved June 7, 1852, and defining the boundaries of the counties of Morgan and Putnam.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 279. An act accepting the surrender of a contract by William H. Talbott and Francis Costigan, for the construction of the Northern State Prison, and the rights and property therein mentioned; and to appropriate the sum of \$13,574 27 to pay said Talbott and Costigan the amount due them according to estimate for work under said contract.
Approved March 11, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
Senate Bills to the number of 280 were introduced in the Senate during the session, 105 of which were sent to the House, of which number the House passed 47, as shown above; 18 were indefinitely postponed, 4 filled on their passage, and 4 were read only a first time, leaving at the adjournment 63 upon their third reading, 29 in the hands of committees, and 57 on the table.

House Bills to the number of 84 were reported to the Senate, of which number 57 were passed, 3 failed on their passage, and 2 were indefinitely postponed, leaving at the adjournment 3 in hands of committees, 5 on the table, 5 on their third reading, and 9 on their second reading.

Senate Joint Resolutions Passed by the General Assembly of Indiana at the Session of 1861.

Introduced by Mr. March—
No. 5. A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section second of the Constitution, so as to guard against fraudulent voting.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 6. A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article 8 of the Constitution, so as to authorize cities, townships and towns to levy taxes for the support of common schools.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 7. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 8. A Joint Resolution instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to use their influence to secure the passage of a Homestead Bill.
Passed February 13, 1861.

Passed February 13, 1861.
No. 12. A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the twenty-third section, article 6 of the Constitution, so as to provide for laws enabling cities, townships and towns to raise money for the support of common schools.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 15. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 16. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 17. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 18. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 19. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 20. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 21. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 22. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 23. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 24. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 25. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 26. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 27. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Approved March 11, 1861.
No. 28. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 29. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 30. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 31. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 32. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 33. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 34. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 35. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 36. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 37. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 38. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 39. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 40. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 41. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 42. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 43. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 44. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 45. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 46. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 47. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 48. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 49. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.
Passed February 27, 1861.

Passed February 27, 1861.
No. 50. A Joint Resolution on the present condition of National affairs.