

TO TAKE HOLD SATURDAY

Col. Hay on That Day Will Assume the Duties of the Secretary of State.

IS GLAD TO GET BACK TO AMERICA.

President Trying to Arrange His Western Itinerary--Is Embarrassed by Too Many Invitations from Cities Wishing Visits--Will Be Away Only a Fortnight.

Washington, Sept. 29.--Acting Secretary Adee called upon Secretary of State Hay at his residence Thursday to ascertain his wishes in regard to the time when he should assume charge of the department of state.

When seen Col. Hay expressed much satisfaction at getting home after his extended absence abroad. On pending public questions Col. Hay asked to be excused from talking. He said that, not having seen the president since arriving in the country, he was hardly prepared to speak except in a personal way of current affairs relating to the state department, and, moreover, on the eve of assuming charge of the department, he did not desire to enter upon a discussion of the Philippine, Cuban or other questions which would come before him officially.

Col. Hay looks the picture of vigorous good health after his sea trip and New England outing. During the morning Mr. Hay paid his respects to the president and remained in conference with him for an hour. When Mr. Hay left it was announced that he would take the oath of office at the executive mansion just before the cabinet meeting Friday, the oath to be administered by Justice Harlan, of the United States supreme court. Col. Hay will assume control of his duties of secretary of state Saturday.

MANY CITIES WANT HIM.

Washington, Sept. 29.--Many cities not heretofore considered wish to be included in the itinerary of the president's trip west in connection with the Omaha exposition. With the outlining of the plans for the trip, invitations of a most urgent character, both by telegram and by letter, have been dispatched to the president in the interests of those anxious to entertain the president. Mr. McKinley, however, has planned to spend only a fortnight away from Washington, and this will necessitate a reluctant declination of numerous invitations. Assistant Secretary of War Melick had a long interview with the president going over the arrangements for the trip. The results of the interview were not important, no changes or additions being determined upon, as the president has not fully made up his mind on the subject. The skeleton of the itinerary as already published remains unchanged and the president will reach Omaha about ten o'clock on the night of October 11. The 12th is the special day, and what is to be done between that time and the 16th, when the president is expected in Chicago, is not fully decided, though the Omaha authorities look for him to remain over the 13th, and it is likely he will be in St. Louis the night of the 14th. It is also probable he will reach Chicago before the 16th, to be the guest of personal friends. The disposition of the balance of the fortnight, however, has not been definitely settled.

HAS ELUDED POLICE.

Lack of News from Embassy at London Confirms Report That Dr. Nancy Gullford Escaped.

Washington, Sept. 29.--No word has been received at the state department by cable from the United States embassy at London announcing the arrest of Dr. Nancy Gullford, charged with complicity in the murder of Emma Gill, at Bridgeport, Conn. It is customary, and is, indeed, almost the invariable rule, for the embassy authorities to notify the state department promptly when they have been able to comply with its instructions to arrest fugitives from justice, so that the absence in this case goes to confirm the report that the suspect, who was shadowed from Liverpool to London, managed to elude the detectives.

Buda-Pesth, Sept. 29.--A man has been arrested at Orsova charged with complicity in a plot to assassinate the king of Roumania. The police received timely warning and the attempt was frustrated. A phial of poison, a dagger and several other weapons were found in the man's possession.

FLEE FOR THEIR LIVES.

Forest Fires in Colorado Continue to Rage--Unknown How Many, if Any, Have Perished.

Idaho Springs, Col., Sept. 29.--Forest fires burning on the west side of the Divide are beyond control and people are said to be fleeing for their lives. How many, if any, have perished cannot be known, as there is no way of getting direct information at this time.

A light breeze gives the mighty sea of fire a new impetus and onward it goes, burning everything before it, with no chance of saving live stock or property. Cattle are known to be perishing, and bear and deer and other wild animals are running to the east side of the Divide.

The damage will be tremendous. The timber losses amount to more than money consideration. These forests cover the headwaters of mountain streams, where the snows are retained for many months. From such source the streams have been kept carrying a volume of water sufficient to irrigate most of the lands of the state west of the Divide. With the disappearance of the timber the flow of the streams will be lessened.

There seems to be a settled opinion among the ranchers that the forest fires were started by Ute Indians with malicious intent. They say the forcible ejection of the Indians and their return to the reservation more than a year ago, because of their slaughter of game, made them bitter against the whites. They are now playing even, the settlers think, and at the same time driving some of the game into Utah, where they can hunt without being molested by game wardens.

The fires which are reported cover most of the northwestern part of the state, and extend through the counties of Routt, Rio Blanco, Grand, Larimer, Garfield, Eagle, Pitkin and Summit. They are doing great damage to every interest of that section.

PROSECUTION IS CLOSED.

Witnesses for Chaplain McIntyre Take the Stand and Tell Their Story.

Denver, Col., Sept. 29.--When the court-martial trial of Rev. Joseph P. McIntyre, chaplain of the battleship Oregon, was resumed Thursday morning, Henry M. Courier was called by the prosecution. His testimony closed the case of the prosecution.

Attorney Cranston, for the defense, then placed J. R. Schermerhorn, state senator, who heard Chaplain McIntyre's lecture, on the stand. He testified that the chaplain said that the Oregon was one of the best ships afloat, and that the eastern shipbuilders, through their political influence, had for years been able to secure contracts from the government and, having no competition, had not been careful in constructing vessels. The Oregon, being the first one built by a western contractor, received special attention in its construction. He heard no charges of dishonesty in building ships. The chaplain referred to Capt. Evans as "Fighting Bob," but there was no manner indicating contempt.

Witness testified that the chaplain said that when the battle began, Admiral Sampson's flagship, the New York, was 11 miles away, but during the fight she came up so that at the surrender of the Colon she was within signaling distance, which, he explained, was within four miles, and that she was so reported. The chaplain did not state that the admiral reported himself within the four-mile limit. Witness said he believed the chaplain said something to the effect that the audience was as much entitled to prize money as Admiral Sampson.

WILL WORK ITSELF OUT.

Problem of the Government of Island of Cuba Not So Difficult as at First Feared.

Washington, Sept. 29.--Semi-official letters have been received from Gens. Lawton and Wood at the war department. These letters give some account of the condition which exists and what these officers are doing in the province of Santiago. They say that they are getting along as well as could be expected, the Cubans are being treated well, and those who are willing to work are given employment, the more intelligent being selected for positions in the government service which they are fitted to occupy. The letters encourage the officials of the department to believe that the problem of government of the island of Cuba will work itself out with care and patience on the part of the American people.

Charged with Immorality.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 29.--Rev. P. J. Briggs, formerly of this city, but now of Texas, is on trial before a committee of 13 elders of the Methodist church (South) now in session here. He is accused of immorality. He has come back to this state, accompanied by his wife, to refute the accusation.

Mrs. Cowdry and Miss Kittle Cowdry after several weeks' visit at the Conner home returned to their home in Lincoln, Nebraska.

BREAK BREAD TOGETHER.

Spanish and American Peace Commissioners Are Breakfasted by the French Minister.

THE AMBASSADORS ALSO ARE PRESENT.

French Newspapers Continue to Make Unfavorable Comments on the Coming Negotiations--Print Alleged Instructions Given to the American Commissioners.

Paris, Sept. 29.--The United States peace commission held another session Thursday morning, after which, accompanied by the United States ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter, they drove to the foreign office, where the commissioners met and breakfasted with the Spanish commissioners. In addition to the commissioners and the ambassadors, the minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, had invited the three head officials of the French foreign office, the first secretaries of the embassies and Gen. Hegron, secretary of the Elysee palace.

The French newspapers continue to comment upon the difficulties which the two commissions will have to face by reason of their divergent instructions, beyond which, it is said, they cannot go.

GH Blas says: "The Spanish government has given its commissioners very precise instructions. They are to do their utmost to have it admitted that there can be no question of disputing the rights of Spanish sovereignty

HEARTFELT SYMPATHY.

President Sends Message of Condolence to the Widow of Thomas F. Bayard.

Washington, Sept. 29.--President McKinley sent the following telegram of condolence to the widow of ex-Secretary of State Bayard Thursday: "Executive Mansion, Washington, Sept. 29, 1898. To Mrs. Thomas F. Bayard, Wilmington, Del. With sincere sorrow I learn of the death of your husband, and beg to express to you my heartfelt sympathy. Mr. Bayard's high attainments and sterling qualities endeared him to all who knew him, while his distinguished services to his country add his name to the roll of illustrious Americans. (Signed) WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

Dedham, Mass., Sept. 29.--The town has gone into mourning out of respect for the late Thomas F. Bayard, the flags on the town hall and the courthouse being placed at half-mast. Already many messages of condolence have come to the family from all parts of the country. During Mr. Bayard's illness many messages of sympathy were received from all parts of the United States and from foreign countries. On September 9 Queen Victoria cabled her expressions of solicitude as to the health of Mr. Bayard with a hope for his ultimate recovery. Others came from ex-President Cleveland and from associates in public life at Washington and abroad.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 29.--The funeral of Mr. Bayard will take place at two o'clock Saturday afternoon. The body will be brought here on Friday afternoon and will remain in Old Swedes church over night, guarded by a friend of the family. At noon on Saturday the body will be exposed to public view in the church and at two o'clock the services will begin. In oc-

THE FAMOUS BAYARD FAMILY.



With the death of Thomas F. Bayard passes away another representative of one of the most distinguished families in America. The state of Delaware seems to have considered that the Bayards had a hereditary right to a seat in the United States senate. In 1869 James A. Bayard, the father of the recent ambassador to London, and the son himself were both elected to the two Delaware seats in the senate on the same day. This incident has no parallel in American history. James A. Bayard, the first grandfather of the present statesman, was United States senator from 1806 to 1812. Richard A. Bayard was United States senator from 1829 to 1835. James A. Bayard, the second, father of Thomas Francis, was United States senator from 1851 to 1857. Thomas Francis Bayard was United States senator from 1869 to 1875. Secretary of state from 1855 to 1859 and ambassador to England from 1863 to 1867. The Bayards claim descent from Pigneur de Bayard, "the knight without fear and without reproach." They came from France to New Amsterdam in 1647 and were prominent in the early colonial times, to become even more prominent in the post revolution times down to the present day and the last of the line in America.

over Manila, the island of Luzon and the rest of the archipelago, outside of the naval stations which Spain will cede at the Marianne islands.

"On the other side, the American commissioners, before leaving President McKinley, received from him very precise instructions, from which the commissioners cannot depart.

Text of the Instructions. "The following is the text of their instructions: "First--Spain cedes absolute sovereignty over the whole of the island of Luzon.

"Second--The other islands of the archipelago will be replaced under the dominion of Spain on condition that a liberal government is accorded to the inhabitants.

"Third--Complete separation of church and state in the Philippines.

"Fourth--Spain cannot cede any other islands in the group to any foreign power without America's consent.

"Fifth--The United States shall enjoy for all time the same commercial privileges as the most favored nations, not excepting Spain herself."

The GH Blas concludes with remarking: "It is therefore to be feared that for unhappy Spain the negotiations which open on the 1st of October will give no satisfaction."

DRIVE OFF BANDITS.

Train Held-Up in Colorado Is Frustrated by Determined Fight of Trainmen.

Denver, Col., Sept. 29.--Officials of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad and of the Denver and Rio Grande Express company are receiving congratulations on the successful resistance to an attempted robbery of the western express train near Husted, Col., Wednesday night by four or five masked men. Engineer Henry S. Hinman, Fireman Frank H. Bennett, Conductor O. B. Croft, Train Porter Harry Hart and the brakemen are the men who put the robbers to flight. About 30 shots were fired. Express Messenger F. E. Sherwood, formerly a cowboy, stuck to his post while dynamite was being exploded underneath and on top of the car and fired on the robbers. A reward of \$300 has been offered for each of the men captured. A posse with a bloodhound is on their trail. Look out for "A Trooper Galahad."

NAME THE STATE TICKET.

The Democrats of New York Nominate August Van Wyck for Governor.

MAKEUP OF THE REST OF THE SLATE.

Great Demonstration at Mention of the Name of William J. Bryan--The Resolutions Denounce the "Scandalous Abuses" of the Late War with Spain.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 29.--The ticket as nominated by the democratic state convention is as follows: For governor--Augustus Van Wyck, of Kings. For lieutenant governor--Elliott Danforth, of Chenango. For secretary of state--George W. Battin, of Niagara. For comptroller--Edwin S. Atwater, of Dutchess. For state treasurer--E. B. Morris, of Wayne. For state engineer and surveyor--Martin Schenck, of Rensselaer. For attorney general--Thomas F. Conway, of Clinton.

The bright skies and clear atmosphere of the early morning found no parallel in the political situation preceding the reassembling of the democratic state convention. Before many delegates had arisen the leaders were about the corridors, and at 8:30 o'clock it was announced from Mr. Croker's headquarters that the New York and Kings county delegations had united on Augustus Van Wyck, of Brooklyn, a brother of Mayor Van Wyck, of New York, for governor and that the mayor would be withdrawn.

When the convention met soon after noon Frederick Schraub was elected permanent chairman and was escorted to the chair. He made an address in which he scored the republican state administration, charged the national government with criminal neglect of troops in the Spanish war and said: "Everywhere democrats were in the van, Dewey, Schley, Hobson, Lee, Wheeler, democratic heroes all, have written high their names in the American temple of fame."

In conclusion he said: "Momentous questions affecting the future policy of America must be passed upon by the next national congress. It should be the earnest effort of every democrat to so shape the work of this convention that it shall render possible the return to the upper house, of our beloved senior senator, Edward Murphy."

Report on Resolutions.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then read as follows: The democratic party of the state of New York in convention assembled declares as follows:

It congratulates the country upon the successful termination of a war undertaken not for conquest or aggrandizement, but in the interests of humanity, liberty and civilization. We glory in the patriotic devotion and valor of our brave soldiers and sailors who have honored the American people and heightened the luster of our national fame. The scandalous abuse by the president of his power of appointment in scattering army commissions among inexperienced and incompetent civilians as rewards to personal favorites and almost to the exclusion of experienced officers of whose service is largely accountable for the fearful suffering and the appalling loss of life among the gallant soldiers that have brought disgrace upon the administration and a sense of shame to the nation. A democratic congress will, if chosen by the people, rigidly investigate the conduct of the war and expose and punish all who may be responsible for the unnecessary deaths, privations and sufferings of the soldiers.

The resolutions next say:

"We demand justice and equal taxation, no tax dodging. We denounce all attempts to evade the burdens of taxation upon personal property by pretended changes of residence or otherwise. Under the constitution and laws of our state eligibility to public office and liability to personal taxation both depend upon long residence. If the affidavits and personal statements of the republican candidate for governor are true, he is ineligible to the office of governor; if false, he has committed perjury and is morally disqualified. He cannot escape from his dilemma--there is either legal disqualification or moral unfitness."

When the reading of the platform was completed Delegate Pierce, of Monroe, attempted to speak on the silver question, but was ruled out.

Many Nominations.

Andrew McLain, of Kings, recognized, presented the name of Augustus Van Wyck for governor; Judge S. S. Taylor, of Chemung, presented the name of John B. Stanchfield; M. Z. Haven, of Syracuse, nominated Mayor James K. McGuire; William F. Mackie, of Erie, nominated Judge Robert C. Titus.

Wild Cheers for Bryan.

A mention of the name of William Jennings Bryan by Thomas Carmody, in announcing the nomination of Stanchfield, produced the greatest demonstration witnessed in the convention. Delegates stood on chairs waving hats, while from the galleries men waved hats and even coats and one man grabbed a Cuban flag from the decorations and waved it amidst the wildest excitement. The demonstration continued for several minutes.

The Ballot for Governor.

The vote for governor, as announced, was: Van Wyck, 350; Titus, 41; McGuire, 21; Stanchfield, 38.

The rest of the ticket was elected by acclamation. At 3:30 the convention, after having adopted the star as the ballot emblem and appointing the usual committees to fill vacancies, adjourned

EXCITEMENT IS INTENSE.

Worst Yet to Come in the Trouble at Pana, Ill., Between Union Miners and Negroes.

Pana, Ill., Sept. 29.--The most intense excitement reigns as a result of Wednesday night's street riot between the imported negro miners and the union miners, the principal streets of the city being filled with miners and leading citizens armed to the teeth discussing the situation and conferring as to the next move to be made. The negro arrested by Officer Samuel Smith at night, and who attempted to take Smith's life by an attack with a knife and whose arrest was the start of the riot and was afterwards released, failed to appear in Judge Crosby's court in the morning for trial. Operator George V. Penwell, who stood good for the negro's appearance, also failed to show up and tell why the negro was not there for trial according to promise. It is alleged that the negro has left the city and that Penwell will be held for his escape. State and city warrants were issued for all negroes connected with the riot, one of whom is known to be confined in the camp at the Springside mine. The situation is critical and leading citizens say the worst is yet to come.

Dies of Typhoid.

Ottumwa, Ia., Sept. 29.--Trumpeter Walter Black, of company H, Fifthtenth Iowa, is dead at his home in Chariton, of typhoid fever. Two months ago, his brother, W. T., died of the same disease at Jacksonville, Fla.

May Call London Divine.

New York, Sept. 29.--Dr. Alexander Connell, of London, will probably be called to the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church in the place of the late Dr. John Hall.

Her End Peaceful.

Copenhagen, Sept. 29.--The end of the queen of Denmark, who died at half-past five, was peaceful, at her bedside were the king of Denmark, the dowager empress of Russia, the king and queen of Greece, the princess of Wales, the duke and duchess of Cumberland, the crown prince and crown princess of Denmark and all the other members of the royal family.

Should Use Bertillon System.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 29.--At the meeting of the American Public Health association, the executive recommended that the governments of the United States, Canada and Mexico be requested to make the Bertillon system of classification of diseases the basis of the mortality statistics of the census of 1900 and 1901.

Condition Not So Good.

Santa Monica, Cal., Sept. 29.--The condition of Gov. A. J. Smith, of the soldiers' home, who was shot by an inmate of the home, is not as satisfactory as it was, according to the physician at his home. His general condition is weaker and he passed a restless night.

No Tickets Necessary.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 29.--Gov. Tanner received a letter from J. B. Olcott, of the Newport News Shipbuilding company, stating that tickets were not necessary to witness the launching of the battleship Illinois on October 4, tickets being needed only for the banquet.

Must Be Bred by Competitor.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 29.--The National Live Stock Breeders' association, at their annual meeting, held in this city, decided that ewes not bred by the competitor shall not be admitted to competition. N. H. Gentry, of Sedalia, Mo., was elected president.

Offered for a Camp.

Cincinnati, Sept. 29.--The officers of the Queen City Jockey club Thursday offered to Maj. Hutchins of the quartermaster's department of the army, the use of the race track at Newport, Ky., for a camp. It is proposed to have 5,000 troops here.

Thrown Out of Employment.

Philadelphia, Sept. 29.--Nearly 3,000 carpet weavers have been thrown out of employment in this city because of the action of the ingrain carpet yarn spinners, who decided a few days ago to shut down this branch of their business.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Del Norte, the guileless pacer, has reduced the world's record of 2:04 1/4 to 2:04 1/2 at Salem, Ore. The estate of the late Charles F. Croker, the railroad magnate, has been distributed at San Francisco to his three children. M. Cambon, the French ambassador, called on the president and made his farewell, preparatory to departure for Europe. Secretary Alger has returned to Washington and is much pleased with the conditions he found in the camps and hospitals. The Indiana Federation of Labor has adopted a resolution condemning congress for not enacting a postal savings bank law. Half a ton of powder exploded at Linds road building camp, 17 miles north of New Whatcom, Wash., and killed three people. Horace Steels, indicted several years ago for embezzlement and the wrecking of the Patnesville (O.) savings bank, is dead, aged 80. William Shields, of Dayton, O., one of Roosevelt's rough riders, was accidentally and fatally shot by the discharge of his revolver.