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Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

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 Rochelle Salt -
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 Compound -
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 C. Sarsaparilla -
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 D. Sarsaparilla -
 Compound -
 E. Sarsaparilla -
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 F. Sarsaparilla -
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 G. Sarsaparilla -
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 H. Sarsaparilla -
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 I. Sarsaparilla -
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 J. Sarsaparilla -
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 K. Sarsaparilla -
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 L. Sarsaparilla -
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 M. Sarsaparilla -
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 N. Sarsaparilla -
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Dr. J. C. Watson

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HE STOLE THOUSANDS.

Perth Amboy's Bank Looted by the Cashier.

IN FIVE MONTHS HE TOOK \$125,000.

George B. Valentine, the Embezzling Official, Then Secured a Legal Defender and Went to Jail—Shortage May Be Made Good—Run on Another Bank.

NEW YORK, July 15.—George B. Valentine, cashier of the Middlesex County bank of Perth Amboy, N. J., which was closed yesterday, has surrendered himself and is now in jail on account of a shortage of the bank's funds, which has been variously estimated all the way up to \$165,000.

The affair caused consternation and dismay among the business men of Perth Amboy, where the bank was considered as strong as the eternal hills. So panic stricken did the residents of Perth Amboy become when they learned the bank had failed to open for business as usual, that crowds surrounded the Perth Amboy Savings Institution. What made the run on the savings bank appear all the more serious, was the fact that the officers of the Middlesex County bank and the officers of the Perth Amboy savings institution are identical, the business of both being transacted over the same counter.

Though it became necessary to call for the aid of the police for the purpose of maintaining order, U. B. Watson, the president of both banks, says that the funds of the Perth Amboy Savings Institution were not touched, that the \$300,000 deposited to the account of the savings institution is absolutely safe and that no matter how badly the Middlesex County bank will be able to meet all demands made on it by the depositors.

These words of assurance had the effect of checking the run on this bank during the afternoon. The notice posted on the door of the Middlesex County bank early in the morning was as follows: "Bank closed. In the hands of banking department."

Left the Bank Monday.

Monday last Cashier George M. Valentine evidently concluded that he could no longer conceal the shortage at the Middlesex County bank. On that morning he telephoned President Watson that he was detained, but said he would appear at noon. The bank then had opened for business, and Mr. Watson, who was taking the absent cashier's place, discovered that there should have been some \$7,000 in bills on hand to commence operations that morning. These he could not find.

Mr. Watson had been searching for it when Valentine called up. Watson asked him where this money was and was told it was in the cashier's private drawer. A duplicate key to the drawer was obtained but no money could be found, and finally the work of checking was begun. It soon became evident the accounts of the bank had been juggled.

On Wednesday Mrs. Valentine, wife of the cashier, returned from Ocean Grove and called at the bank to know where her husband was. This was the first intimation she had that he was not on duty and it showed the officials that Valentine was not at the seashore, as at first supposed.

How Valentine Did It.

Monday the Park National of New York charged the Middlesex bank with checks to the amount of \$4,000, which are said to be drawn on it against the account of the Middlesex by Valentine. Investigation showed that the cashier's checks and the stubs did not correspond, that the checks called for more money than the stubs recorded.

The cashier, in fact, carried the accounts on the stubs and from them to the books correctly, but when the returns from the cashier's checks came he pocketed the difference. Four or five months of this method of financing depleted the bank's reserve moneys and brought it to the verge of ruin. Then the cashier evidently secured a portion of the ready cash on hand and left Perth Amboy.

Valentine surrendered himself in the afternoon. He had been in New York and returned to Perth Amboy from Woodbridge, accompanied by his counsel, Edward Savage of Rahway. He declined to go into details about the shortage of the bank, except to say that he was very sorry that he had got his friends into trouble and that he felt very bad about his wife and children. The opinion is that the defalcation will amount to at least \$125,000. Where the money went to is not known, as the cashier is said to have been moderate in his tastes and habits of life.

Valentine was for years a clerk in the Park National bank of New York. In 1898 he was made cashier of the Middlesex County bank. His bond was fixed for \$50,000. His relatives are wealthy, and it is said they will endeavor to make good the shortage.

Collateral Attached in New York.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The National Park bank of this city has obtained an attachment in the supreme court for \$31,508 against the Middlesex County bank of Perth Amboy, N. J. Deputy Sheriff McGuire attached mining stocks and bonds belonging to the bank at the office of the National Park bank.

Progress of Automobile Tourists.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 15.—Mr. and Mrs. John Davis, who started from New York Thursday to make a trip to San Francisco in an automobile, arrived here at 7:45 last evening, having covered 60 miles of their journey since early morning.

A New Depot at Dunlap.

DUNLAP, Ia., July 15.—Barring unnecessary delays in clearing the site, work on the new Northwestern depot will be begun here Monday morning.

DEADLY STREET DUEL.

Seven Men Killed or Wounded at Boston, Tex.

A TRIFLING DISPUTE THE CAUSE.

A Neighborhood Row Over a Barbed Wire Fence Leads to an Encounter at a Prayer Meeting and the Subsequent Tragedy. Innocent Persons Hit.

TEXARKANA, Tex., July 15.—At New Boston, Tex., the county seat of this county, yesterday occurred one of the wildest and most desperate street battles that has yet been recorded in the fighting history of that town, over a barbed wire fence which separated the farms of Ira Smith and W. D. Hayes.

The two men met at a prayer meeting last Sunday and the trouble was talked over, resulting in a fight, in which Hayes was bested. The men were arrested and at their trial today while a recess was on the difficulty was reopened. Smith went into a saloon and W. D. Hayes and his brothers, Hall and S. J. Hayes, followed him. Shooting began at once and Smith, who is said to have been unarmed, was killed outright. His friends then came upon the scene and took a part in the conflict. They were Jack Frix, John Frix and Bill Frix. A general battle ensued. When their revolvers were emptied the participants used the butt end of their weapons with deadly effect.

W. D. Hayes was mortally wounded; S. J. Hayes received a crushed skull and will die; Hall Hayes was shot in the arm. J. B. Manning, ex-county attorney, and not a participant, was shot twice, one ball passing through his body. Two other bystanders were also wounded, one a merchant, named W. H. Hart, having his arm shot off. Hall Hayes, the least wounded of any of the participants, was arrested and placed in jail and other arrests will follow. None of the Frix brothers was hurt. Ira Smith and the Hayes boys were cousins.

LION WOULD NOT FIGHT.

The King of Beasts' Sorry Conduct in the French Combat.

ROUBACH, France, July 15.—The much talked of fight between a Spanish bull and an Abyssinian lion today proved a fiasco, although the seats in the bull ring sold at fabulous prices. The lion, which is a splendid specimen, refused to fight until the bull gored him in several places. Then he sprang fiercely on his foe and tore off one of the bull's ears. For a few seconds there was a terrific fight and then the lion retired to a corner, refusing to carry the contest further.

A Kissing Bug Victim in Iowa.

WATERLOO, Ia., July 15.—Mary Vaughn, a young woman of Cedar Falls, died last night from the effects of a bite on the lip of a bug of some kind. The wound is supposed to be from the kissing bug and was inflicted a week ago. Her face and head swelled so as to be unrecognizable. The swelling also affected the upper part of her body.

Iowa's Electoral Law Ambiguous.

DES MOINES, July 15.—The new law regulating the election of presidential electors in this state may result in giving the Democrats one or more electors in this state, depending on its construction. It is probable the matter will be called to the attention of the legislature for an amendment to have electors chosen by the state at large.

Cherokee Still Goes Dry.

CHEROKEE, Ia., July 15.—The petition of consent of the voters of Cherokee that saloons may be operated under what is known as the "millet law" was not signed by the requisite 80 per cent of voters, and is found insufficient. The movement was lost by a very small percentage. The petitioners will appeal to the district court.

General Black to Speak.

CLEAR LAKE, Ia., July 15.—General John C. Black of Chicago, the noted union general and ex-commissioner of pensions, has accepted the invitation to speak at the Epworth League assembly G. A. R. day, Aug. 7, at 3 p. m. Colonel O. C. Horton of Marshalltown, another military hero, will speak at the campfire Aug. 7, at 8 p. m.

Status of the Beef Embargo.

LONDON, July 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times, with reference to the prohibition of fresh American meat from Belgium, says: The government asserts that there is danger of the introduction of Texas fever. It is understood that Washington is communicating with Berlin on the subject.

Drank a Pint of Gasoline.

SIDNEY, Ia., July 15.—The 1-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adle, while playing at home, turned the faucet to the gasoline can and drank nearly a pint. The child was immediately overcome with the gas, but a physician, by prompt work, saved its life.

Death of a Pioneer Iowan.

SIoux CITY, July 15.—Mrs. Turnot Bruquier, a pioneer woman of the northwest, and who was known along the Missouri from St. Louis to Montana, is dead, aged 78 years. She was the third wife of Theophile Bruquier, one of Sioux City's first settlers.

An Octogenarian Salesman.

Dubuque, July 15.—A. W. Fleming, probably the oldest traveling salesman in the United States, is here on a visit. Mr. Fleming, now 88 years of age, has been on the road over 60 years and is still a member of the Dubuque Traveling Men's association.

Great Increase in Deposits.

DES MOINES, July 15.—The monthly report of the Des Moines clearing house shows that bank deposits in Des Moines have about doubled in 18 months since Jan. 1, 1898. At that time the deposits were \$6,556,524; now they are \$12,684,318.

MRS. RICH GIVEN UP.

She Will Be Surrendered to Mexican Authorities.

THE ACT IS A NEEDFUL PRECEDENT

For Days Hysterical Protests Have Been Coming by Telegraph and Mail to the President in Behalf of the Alleged Murderess—No Hope For Her.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Mrs. Rich is to be surrendered to the Mexican authorities to be tried for the murder of her husband. For days past telegrams and letters have been coming to the president and to Secretary Hay, some almost hysterical in the strength of their protests against the extradition of the woman. It has been represented that she is insane, that there are impending physical obstacles, that she is innocent of the crime charged against her and finally that it would be an act of barbarism to place an American woman at the mercy of Mexican law and officialdom.

All of these considerations have been weighed and it has been decided that unless Mrs. Rich is surrendered there can be no hope of securing the surrender to our officers of the many Mexican border thieves and criminals who plunder on our side of the line and retreat into Mexico, so the precedent will be established.

SAN FRANCISCO'S OVATION.

Landing of the Oregon Troops. Leads to a Public Demonstration.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—Not since the departure of the regiment of California volunteers for the Philippines have the streets of San Francisco presented such a scene of animation as they did yesterday upon the landing of the Oregon troops and the California signal corps, preparatory to going into camp at the Presidio and the final mustering out.

As the regiment marched company front up the wide street it made a splendid appearance. All along the line the men were cheered to the echo and bands hired by individuals played lively music. As the soldiers passed the Palace hotel they were deluged with flowers thrown from the windows by the guests.

A curious sight was long streamers of immense firecrackers which dangled from the roof of a high building. As the soldiers neared this point the crackers were lighted and the racket they made was awful.

General Shafter and his staff and Governor Geer of Oregon and his staff and many notable army officers reviewed the parade as it passed up Van Ness avenue toward the Presidio. When the Presidio was reached the men were given a rest and then commenced the work of going into camp. Here they will rest under military discipline for two or three weeks. Then the final muster-out will take place.

What Might Have Happened.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—The officers of the Second Oregon regiment admit that the condition of the American troops at Manila at the outbreak of hostilities was very critical. The capture of a letter sent from inside our lines in Manila to an emissary of Aguinaldo is probably all that saved our army from a terrible disaster and possible annihilation. The letter contained a plot to open the gates of Manila, sack the city, murder the guards and allow the insurgent army to pour into the American camps and surprise the men, but the enemy learned of the capture of the letter and the only part of the plot carried out was the burning of a portion of the city of Manila.

Change in Nebraska Train Service.

OMAHA, July 15.—Passenger traffic on the Burlington to and from Omaha will be materially affected by a new time card, which will go into operation Sunday. It has been found the Chicago special which runs between Denver and Chicago cannot make its schedule time and stop at all of the mail stations in western Nebraska. Consequently, under the new time card, it will not stop at the stations between Akron and McCook, except Yuma, Wray and Benkelman. The stop at Indianola will also be discontinued. The business of these stations will be handled by trains No. 5 and 12, heretofore local passenger trains between Omaha and McCook.

Templars at Spirit Lake.

SPIRIT LAKE, Ia., July 15.—The grand commandery of the Knights Templar of Iowa has elected the following officers: Commander, John H. Pettibone, Burlington; deputy commander, D. M. Brownlee, Sioux City; generalissimo, W. H. Norris, Manchester; captain general, W. F. Craig, Des Moines; prelate, Rev. Horace E. Green, D.D., Cedar Rapids; by acclamation; senior warden, W. M. Weldon, Iowa Falls; junior warden, William P. Rowland, Harlan; treasurer, John B. Atkins, Council Bluffs; recorder, Alf Wingate, Des Moines.

Traction Fight at Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, July 15.—The Dubuque Light and Traction company has sold its plant to a local syndicate, and the Star Electric company, which does the city's lighting, has taken an option on the rival street railway line and is backed by a Philadelphia syndicate. Consolidation is the ultimate aim, but each syndicate wants to absorb the other, and a fight for the city's business is expected as an incident of the contest.

Pines For Insurance Companies.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 15.—After a consultation between the judges in the insurance cases, it was decided by the court to modify the judgment against the 73 companies. The order of ouster was recalled and the court will allow the companies in question to continue to do business in the state on payment of a fine of \$1,000 each.

JAPAN'S DOOR OPENED

The Gresham Treaty Goes Into Effect Today.

NOW AN EQUAL OF OTHER NATIONS.

By the Terms of a Protocol Made With America in 1894 and Now Realized, the Flowery Kingdom Treats Foreigners as Her Own Citizens.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—A new treaty between the United States and Japan goes into effect today, at which time also new treaties between Japan and nearly all the countries of Europe and some of the South American republics go into effect. It is an effect of far-reaching importance in the relations between Japan and the United States, as it does away with the treaty methods which have been in vogue for 50 years and substitutes an entirely new method of procedure. The same is true in the relations of Japan with other countries. Taken as a whole, the many treaties which go into effect today place Japan on an entirely new footing with the world at large, as she is recognized for the first time as an equal in every respect.

The treaty with this country was made Nov. 22, 1894, in Washington, between Secretary Gresham and Minister Kuroki, who then represented Japan here. The changes it made were so far reaching that it was determined the treaty should not go into operation until July 17, 1899.

Mr. Jutaro Komura, the present Japanese minister in Washington, was seen at the Japanese legation today and gave an interesting outline of the more important features of the arrangement. He said: "The 17th of July marks the turning point of the diplomatic history, not only of Japan, but of the oriental countries in general. It will be the first instance in which the western powers have recognized the full sovereignty of an oriental state."

"The system under the old treaties was that foreign residents in Japan should enjoy the provisions of extra-territoriality, that is, they should be amenable to the laws and jurisdiction of the consul of their own country and not to Japanese jurisdiction, and that foreign residents in Japan should be confined to certain open ports, outside of which foreigners could not reside, own property or engage in trade. One of the bad effects of this system was that foreign residents had entire immunity from taxation. All of this has now disappeared and foreigners have the same treatment as the Japanese citizens."

"The essential thing is the opening of the entire interior of Japan to foreign residents and trade. Until now there have been only five treaty ports. In those places foreigners had been able to live, to purchase property and to trade, but outside of there they could not even travel without a special permit."

"In bringing about the new system of treaties Japan naturally feels most friendly towards the United States, because she always has shown a most sympathetic interest in Japan's desire to adopt modern methods, and to deal on even terms with the rest of the world."

BOTH COURTING BRYAN.

The Chicago Tribune Says There is an Altgeld-Harrison Rivalry.

CHICAGO, July 17.—John P. Altgeld has received a message from William J. Bryan, in which Mr. Bryan says he will speak at the "Chicago platform mass meeting," which will be held at the Auditorium on July 20, the date of the meeting in Chicago of the Democratic national committee.

According to the Tribune, the supporters of Mayor Harrison had strongly hoped Mr. Bryan would refuse Mr. Altgeld's invitation, and even wrote to Mr. Bryan, setting forth reasons from the view point of the Harrison side why Mr. Bryan should not speak at the meeting. Mayor Harrison has been invited to deliver an address of welcome. He is invited as the mayor of Chicago, and not as a Democrat.

"Mr. Harrison is mayor of our city," said Mr. Altgeld, "and it is only proper that we should invite him to welcome the visiting Democrats."

Carter Harrison For President.

CLEVELAND, July 17.—Vincent H. Perkins of Chicago, mentioned as the probable successor of Carter H. Harrison for the mayoralty of that city, in an interview, declares that Mayor Harrison will support Bryan for the presidency next year. "Mayor Harrison," he said, "will be a candidate for governor of Illinois to succeed Governor Tanner and in 1904 he will be a candidate for the presidency and will be nominated."

Plague on Pacific Steamers.

TACOMA, July 17.—The steamship Olympia arrived yesterday from China and Japan, with 3,000 tons of the new crop of tea. The Olympia brings word the City of Peking is quarantined at Nagasaki and the American Maru at Yokohama, both of San Francisco-Oriental lines, with cases of bubonic plague aboard. There have been two deaths aboard the American Maru.

The Shamrock's Mishap Slight.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 17.—The Shamrock has four main sails and will bend a new one tomorrow. Yesterday's mishap will not delay the trial with the Britannia. Sir Charles Lipton was on board at the time but has since expressed himself as very well pleased with the yacht's performance.

Choked to Death on a Screw.

CARROLL, Ia., July 17.—The little 2-year-old child of Chris Helenkamp, a farmer living seven miles north of here, swallowed a large screw Saturday and died in great agony before a physician could arrive.

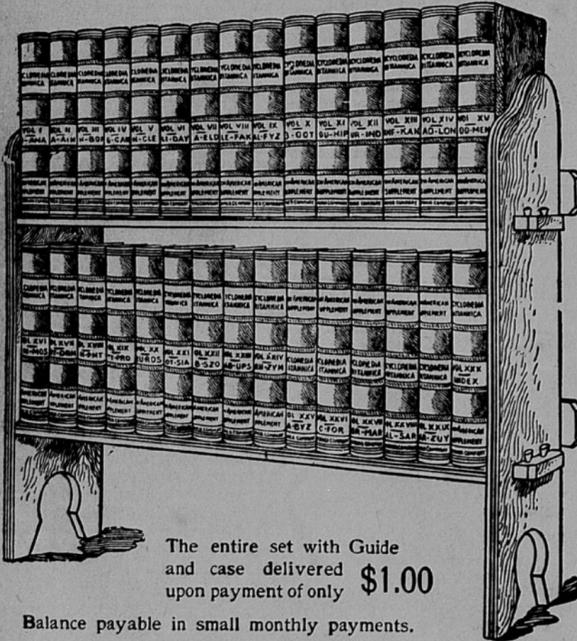
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