

# THE DENISON REVIEW

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## WILL FIGHT IT OUT.

### Botha Scorns Roberts' Proposition For Surrender.

### BOERS RETIRING TO MIDDLEBURG.

Preparing Heavy Wagon Trains For Retreat to Lydenburg District—Kruger Promised He Will Not Be Expatriated If He Will Give Up.

LONDON, June 19.—Lord Roberts, according to a Boer dispatch from Machadodorp, sent a message to Commandant Louis Botha on June 13, suggesting disarmament and complimenting the bravery of the burghers. It was pointed out that the surrender would be without dishonor to the burghers and would prevent much suffering. General Botha asked for a six days' armistice in order to confer and consider. Lord Roberts consented to five days. Finally General Botha declined to accept the proposal and hostilities were renewed.

The Boer commandoes are retiring on Middleburg, followed by the British cavalry and artillery. The Boers are destroying the bridges and burning the veldt behind them, carrying off provisions and cattle and leaving the country barren.

Other advices from Machadodorp say the Boers have an abundance of arms and ammunition with dynamite and oxen, and that they are preparing heavy wagon trains for a retreat to the Lydenburg district, where the chiefs, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, are preparing to make a stand.

The Boers continue to work the Barbeton mines, says a dispatch from Lourenzo Marquez, and there are eight carloads of bar gold, valued at \$5,000,000, with President Kruger.

Mr. Steyn, in his proclamation, declaring the Free State still free and independent, says the fact that the army is yet in the field renders Lord Roberts' annexation contrary to international law.

In a dispatch to the war office from Pretoria, dated yesterday, Lord Roberts says that General Baden-Powell has just arrived there.

The Lourenzo Marquez correspondent of the Times, under yesterday's date, says: "Judge Louwen, who left Pretoria with a permit from the military governor, is understood to have been the bearer of a verbal message from the British authorities to President Kruger to the effect that if he will surrender now he would not be sent out of the country. Van Leeuwen was unable to see Mr. Kruger, but when passing through Machadodorp he told State Secretary Reitz. The latter scouted the idea of surrendering."

A belated dispatch from Lord Roberts sent from Pretoria under date of June 16 gives an official version of an attack on a British post at Zandriver, June 16, by 800 Boers, with three guns. It says that General Knox with a mixed force, drove off the Boers, who left four dead and four prisoners on the field. The British loss was Major Seymour and two men killed and nine wounded.

### Big Blast Does Its Work.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 19.—The blowing off of 60 feet of the top of a large granite butte near the Cushing railroad camps on the Sherman Hill cut-off grade occurred without accident. The shot was composed of 10,000 pounds of black powder. Four thousand cubic yards of hard granite were blown off, shattered and rolled down into Dale creek valley below. At least one more large shot will be needed to complete the work. About \$3,000 expense was saved by the shot.

### Kinyoun Withdraws Quarantine.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—Federal Quarantine Officer Dr. Kinyoun has notified railroad and steamship companies that he has withdrawn all his inspectors and that Chinese are free to leave the state without inspection.

## BATTIE NEAR PANAMA.

Governor of City Probably Will Be Forced to Yield to Revolutionists.

KINGSTON, June 19.—Passengers who arrived from Panama yesterday bring details of a battle which was fought June 13 and 14 on the Bejuca plain and Anton hill between government forces, composed of three battalions, numbering about 1,500 men, and a force of revolutionists under General Belascer Parras. It is asserted that 400 soldiers and 35 officers of the government force were killed and that the remainder of the government army was divided. One portion, it appears, retreated to Empador, on the Atlantic side of the isthmus, from where the troops were conveyed by the Panama railroad cars to Panama. The other portion proceeded to La Boca, on the Pacific side. Among the latter were, it is asserted, 25 carloads of wounded, who were taken to the Panama hospitals after the battle of June 14.

General Parras addressed a letter to General Campos, the governor of Panama, demanding the surrender of the city, adding that otherwise the place would be taken by force. The foreign consuls and merchants consulted with the governor on the situation, but nothing was known as to the decision reached. But as General Parras was at Arrajain, 15 miles from Panama, with 1,500 well armed infantry and 500 cavalry, it was believed General Campos would be compelled to surrender the city. It is asserted that if Panama falls Colon must follow.

## POSSE IS STILL ON DUTY.

Time Not Yet Ripe for Withdrawal of the Guards at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—Yesterday was by far the most eventful in the history of the street railway strike. This was owing to the discontinuance of all negotiations tending toward a settlement of the controversy and to the utter absence of trouble all along the numerous routes of the transit company. The strike has now passed into the second stage of its history, and the general boycott instituted by the American Federation of Labor must tell the story.

A slight stir was caused during the day by Sheriff Polhman, who proposed that the posse comitatus, comprising 2,500 citizen soldiery, be discharged. A conference of police and posse officials threw a wet blanket on the sheriff's proposition by emphatically declaring that the time was not yet ripe for dispersing the body.

The dynamite fiend was abroad again last night and at midnight five more or less disabled cars attested to his skillful placing of the explosive. No one was injured.

## AMERICAN MARKSMEN WIN.

French Team of Revolver Shots Defeated by Sixty-One Points.

NEW YORK, June 19.—With a grand total score of 4,889 points out of a possible 6,000 to their credit, the ten men composing the American team of revolver shots completed their work at both distances—51½ feet and 50 yards. Their total score at the short range was 2,410 and at the long 2,479 points.

PARIS, June 19.—The grand total of the French marksmen in the French-American revolver match for the two distances is 4,828 points. The short range score was 2,367, the long range 2,461.

## Universal Peace Movement.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The pan-American arbitration movement for the establishment of universal peace between individuals and nations received a new impetus last night at the Central Music hall, when eloquent orators added their pleas for arbitration and spoke for more complete understanding between all sects, parties and countries.

## Lightning Bolt Is Fatal.

BUFFALO GAP, S. D., June 19.—J. W. Mackey, a prominent cattleman in this vicinity, was struck by lightning and instantly killed Sunday afternoon, 25 miles east of this place, while on his horse in company with James Wilson. Mackey's horse was also killed. Wilson and his horse were badly shocked.

## Advance in Price of Gas.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Notice was issued by the Consolidated Gas company that on June 20 the price of gas would be restored from 65 cents to \$1.05 per 1,000 feet. The gas companies of New York have been brought under the control of the Standard Oil company.

## Shively Not a Candidate.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 19.—In a statement to the News this afternoon Benjamin F. Shively of South Bend stated positively that he was not a candidate for vice president on the Democratic ticket.

## TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

The long expected armor circular was issued Monday from the navy department. The industrial commission has taken a recess until next month when a brief session will be held.

A terrible hailstorm visited Deadwood at noon Monday. Window glass was broken all over the city.

The Commonwealth Mining company's mill at Pearce, A. T., burned Monday. The loss is \$500,000.

Perry Bernard shot and killed his former wife, Jennie Davis, and seriously wounded her mother, Mrs. William Davis, and his 3-year-old daughter at Flora, Ind., Monday.

## ROOSEVELT IS OUT OF IT

### Declares That He Does Not Want to Be Vice President.

### SENATOR HANNA MUCH PLEASED.

Vice Presidency Now Appears to Have Settled Into a Contest Between Long and Dolliver, With Chances Favoring the Eastern Man.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Today, the 44th anniversary of the day on which General John C. Fremont was nominated by the first Republican convention, held at Musical Fund hall, in this city, the national Republican convention will assemble in the great exhibition building in West Philadelphia. Here, amid the swelling memories of half a century and in the presence of men who saw the bloodstained clouds lie across the sunrise of the party, the Republicans will meet in the high tide of their glory to name their national candidates and enunciate the platform for the coming campaign.

The cymbals of a conquering army never clashed with more vigor than they do here today. Amid the thousands of warriors there is but one choice for leader. His face is engraved upon banners and buttons, it is framed in flowers and in ivy on the walls, it adorns the windows of the shops and looks down upon the swarming crowds from every conspicuous place. McKinley again will lead the greybeards and the young men in the November battle. Banners are dipped before his portrait and the mention of his name arouses enthusiasm. When Senator Foraker concludes his peroration in the convention tomorrow a storm wild and tempestuous will shake the great hall.

### Roosevelt's Boom Is Dropped.

But that outburst of enthusiasm will be only the forerunner of the pandemonium that will reign if Roosevelt should be named to stand beside him in the coming battle. The stampede in his favor started Sunday, stirring the town into delirium. It swept through the delegations who had come here with favorite sons to present like a prairie fire. Like an immense tidal wave it bore down everything before it. The booms of the other candidates collapsed like eggshells when it struck them. The secret was not hard to find. Not Platt and Quay, whose object was to humiliate Hanna, could claim the victory. They might congratulate themselves that it was their work, but they wielded no magician wand. The secret lay down in the hearts of the Republicans of the country. Roosevelt's name, unlike that of other candidates, instantly struck a responsive chord in the popular breast. It captured the heart of the convention. It mattered nothing to the rank and file that Hanna and Allison and Grosvenor and Thurston and others felt chagrined and strained every nerve to stomp out the fire. It mattered not that even Roosevelt and his friends poured water upon it. Their efforts were as futile as hand grenades against a conflagration. The people would hear of no one else. They wore his pictures; they shouted his name. They considered him as already nominated. The town was Roosevelt mad.

### Roosevelt Issues a Statement.

The governor himself was sincerely anxious to avoid the nomination. Some of the friends of other candidates, embittered by the havoc his sudden appearance created with the prospects of their favorites, were harsh enough to intimate that he had been flirting with the situation from the first. But his closest friends knew that honestly he wanted none of it. He appealed to them to stem the tide and they did what they could, reinforced at every point by Hanna and his lieutenants. General Greene, in his behalf, even called upon delegations and in his name asked them not to support him. But the temper of the convention was undeniable. Human nature has its limits, so at 4 p. m. yesterday, after a day of terrific pressure from both sides, Roosevelt issued the following statement:

"In view of the revival of the talk of myself as the vice presidential candidate I have this to say: It is impossible to deeply express how touched I am at the attitude of those delegates who have wished me to take this nomination. Moreover it is not necessary to say how thoroughly I understand the high honor and dignity of the office, an office so high and so honorable that it is well worth the ambition of any man in the United States. But while I appreciate all this to the fullest I feel most deeply that the field of my best usefulness to the public and to the party is in New York state, and if the party should see fit to renominate me for governor I can in that position help the national ticket as in no other way. I very earnestly ask that every friend of mine in the convention respect my wish and my judgment in this matter."

Though it thrust aside the crown in words, it is regarded as a virtual surrender to the will of the convention. The inside history of the struggle which preceded Roosevelt's announcement, the secret conference of Hanna and his friends, the joint conferences with Roosevelt, the persuasion, appeals, entreaties, and even threats that were said to have been used, will make a chapter forever memorable in convention annals.

Every sort of story was afloat. It was said that Hanna served notice that Roosevelt's candidacy, although it would have been eminently acceptable at first, put forward as it was by the enemies of the administration, did not meet now with approval and that the fight would be carried to the last ditch.

This tip did not circulate until quite late in the evening, but the effect was soon apparent. There were real friends of Roosevelt who accepted his decision as absolutely voicing his wish. It changed the current of talk and men who were confident yesterday that Roosevelt's nomination was a foregone conclusion, began asking, "Well, who will it be?"

The answer was generally, John D. Long of Massachusetts, secretary of the navy. Of course, there was talk of other men. The friends of Dolliver renewed their efforts for the young Iowa orator. There was some talk about Fairbanks, but the prevailing feeling was that only men who were willing to accept the place should be considered. It was urged that an unwilling candidate was not advisable, and, therefore, the men most talked of were Long and Dolliver, but with the general impression that Long would be the ultimate selection, and so the stampede for Roosevelt was checked and turned and that which seemed so certain 24 hours ago now seems well nigh impossible, and the men most interested believe that the Roosevelt boom has finally been laid to rest.

All day the delegates and the crowd were abandoning themselves to the joys of the hour. Thirty thousand organized Republicans marched through the streets amid great enthusiasm. The crowds overflowed the sidewalks till the procession seemed to force its way through the packed mass of humanity as a strong vessel ploughs her course up stream through packed ice in winter.

### Convention to Last Three Days.

Although the work of the convention could be compassed within two days, the national committee has arranged a three-days' program with one session of the convention each day. The nights will be filled in with receptions, smokers, entertainments at the clubs and open air meetings.

Today the session of the convention probably will be brief. It will be called to order by Chairman Hanna, and Senator Wolcott, the brilliant Colorado orator, as temporary chairman, will deliver his keynote address. A call of the roll and the announcement of the standing committees with the perfection of the permanent organization will wind up the proceedings of the day.

### Kerens Wins in Missouri.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—The expected contest against National Committeeman Kerens did not materialize in the Missouri delegation and he was re-elected without a dissenting vote.

### Ernest Hart Is Chosen.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Ernest Hart of Council Bluffs has been unanimously selected as national committeeman from Iowa.

## WAR ON SALVATION ARMY.

### Fort Dodge Citizens Object to Bass Drum of the Soldiers.

FORT DODGE, June 19.—Open warfare has broken out in Fort Dodge between the citizens and the Salvation Army. The army persists in parading the streets at all hours of the night to sound of bass drum and tambourine and though there is no end of expostulating it is not sufficient to persuade them to desist. A handsome purse was offered them if they would only abolish the bass drum in open air service, but this offer they spurned. Sunday night they planted their banners in front of the Duncombe house and lent their utmost energies to drowning out the music of an Italian orchestra. Hundreds were soon gathered around to attend the queer concert, which ended in the police being called to disperse the Salvationists.

### Cedar Rapids Gets Convention.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 19.—The people of Cedar Rapids are enthusiastic over the prospects for getting the Republican state convention, which Chairman Weaver of the state central committee says will be held here Aug. 1, owing to the destruction of the Des Moines auditorium. The magnificent new auditorium in this city seats 4,000 and was built for convention purposes. The Democratic state convention will be held here in July.

### Grand Army Appointment Made.

SIoux CITY, June 19.—George A. Newman of Cedar Falls has been appointed assistant adjutant general of the Iowa department of the Grand Army of the Republic by Commander M. B. Davis. This office is the only one in the gift of the commander which carries any salary with it. It pays \$1,300 a year.

### Croake Whips Graham.

DES MOINES, June 19.—Eddie Croake of Clinton last night whipped Jimmy Graham of Des Moines in the tenth round of what was to have been a 25-round go. The bout between Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Jim Adams was declared no contest after five rounds of fouling and wrestling.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The International Mining congress began a five-day session in Milwaukee Tuesday.

The Midland steel works at Muncie, Ind., employing 1,000 men, will resume work this week.

## ENTIRE CITY THREATENED.

Fire Destroys Whole Block in Bloomington, Ills., and Still Rages.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., June 19.—A great conflagration is raging here and threatens most of the business portion of the city. The fire broke out in Green's wholesale hardware. The loss is already \$500,000. The fire department is powerless. The fire has crossed Main street to the west. The wind is rising and there is no telling where it may end. Half of the business portion of the city is likely to go. The buildings now in flames or destroyed are: B. S. Green Company's wholesale hardware; Model Laundry; Brand company, furniture; Thompson's company; Vincent & Koen, drygoods; Pixley & Co., clothing; Miller & Sons, hardware; the Dunley Hall building, owned by the Davis estate, is in ruins. A strong gale is springing up. The mayor has wired Peoria and Springfield for help.

### Nome Richer Than Supposed.

VANCOUVER, June 19.—That the gold fields of Cape Nome are richer and more productive than has yet been reported is the story brought down by the steamer Alpha, which has arrived from the north. From a single claim worked by 20 men in the employ of Jack Brady \$15,000 was taken out in one week and the same claim panned out \$56,000 within the month. As an evidence of Cape Nome's golden productivity the Alpha brought down \$350,000 in gold dust.

### Trees Wantonly Destroyed.

LINCOLN, June 19.—The special committee of old soldiers which recently made an investigation at the Soldiers' home at Milford, had decided that the charges against Superintendent Fowler, alleging unnecessary destruction of trees on state property, are well founded and a report covering their finding is being prepared by J. A. Culver for submission to the proper authorities.

### Verdict on Mrs. Kitzmiller's Death.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., June 19.—The coroner's jury selected to investigate the circumstances surrounding the death of Mrs. Harry Kitzmiller last Friday completed its work yesterday. A verdict of accidental killing by the discharge of a shotgun while the deceased was getting into the buggy was rendered.

### Towne Leaves for Home.

MINOCQUA, Wis., June 19.—Colonel William J. Bryan and party spent yesterday on Kawagusaga lake fishing. Charles A. Towne left for his home at Duluth. Railroads will run excursions for tonight's meeting, at which Mr. Bryan will speak.

### Lightning Kills Farm Hand.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 19.—Luke Peterson, a farm hand living about ten miles northeast of Beatrice, was struck by lightning and killed. Six head of horses were also killed by the same bolt.

### Yesterday's Baseball Results.

Des Moines, 4; Omaha, 2.  
St. Louis, 3; Denver, 2.  
St. Joseph, 11; Pueblo, 4.  
New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2.  
St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 9.  
Chicago, 1; Pittsburg, 4.  
Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 6.  
Minneapolis, 5; Kansas City, 4.  
Indianapolis, 7; Buffalo, 8.  
Chicago, 4; Milwaukee, 1.

### Games Today.

Western League—Omaha at Des Moines; Denver at Sioux City; Pueblo at St. Joseph.  
National League—Brooklyn at Boston; New York at Philadelphia; St. Louis at Cincinnati; Pittsburg at Chicago.  
American League—Kansas City at Minneapolis; Milwaukee at Chicago; Cleveland at Detroit; Buffalo at Indianapolis.

### Ninth Sure to Go to China.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The war department confirms the report that the Ninth infantry has been ordered from Manila to China. The war department has received the following cablegram from General MacArthur at Manila, dated yesterday: "Ninth infantry, Colonel Liscomb, ordered to Taku on Logan. Transportation Port Albert. Probably start 24th. Typhoon delays movement."

### Three Killed in Kentucky.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., June 19.—Mead Cottrell was shot seven times here last evening in C. D. Ball's saloon and fatally wounded. Cottrell's dying statement is that Ball shot him. A report just received from Pineville says that at a picnic there in a row between Charley Parnsful and James Bullard the latter was shot and mortally wounded and later a young son of Bullard shot and killed Pursiful.

### Announce the New Cabinet.

CAPE TOWN, June 19.—The new cabinet has been officially announced. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg is premier and treasurer, J. J. Graham is colonial secretary, Mr. Rose-Innes, attorney general; Smartt, department of public works; Sir Peter Faure, agriculture, and Frost, without portfolio.

The Decoury building, a 10-story structure at 498 West Broadway, New York, occupied by several retail firms, was damaged, with its contents, to the extent of \$10,000 by fire Monday night.

The 500th anniversary of the birth of John Gutenberg, the inventor of movable type, was celebrated in Berlin Monday by an immense gathering of printers and type foundries in the Circus Schumann.

Fifteen hundred recruits for the regular army in the Philippines are now being enlisted and assembled in New York and Columbus (O.) barracks, to sail on the transports Buford and Kilpatrick about Nov. 1 next.

## CHINA DECLARES WAR.

### Taku Forts Open Fire on the Foreign Fleet.

### GET PROMPT REPLY FROM SHIPS.

Engagement Is of Short Duration, Two of the Forts Being Blown Up and Four Hundred Chinese Killed—Three Germans Slain.

LONDON, June 19.—China declared war against two worlds when the Taku forts opened fire on the international fleets. The accounts of what took place are still unsatisfactory, the best semi-official information being the dispatch received at Berlin from Che Foo: "On the afternoon of June 16, in view of the large bodies of Chinese troops assembling at the forts and of the facts that torpedoes had been laid in the river and that all communications were interrupted, the naval commanders held a council and decided to send an ultimatum calling for the disbandment of the troops and announcing that if this demand was not complied with before 2 a. m. of the following day the united squadron would destroy the forts.

"Shortly after midnight the forts opened fire. The British, French, German, Russian and Japanese warships replied. Two of the forts were blown up and the rest were cleared by assault. Two British, one American and five Japanese warships are in Che Foo harbor."

The unofficial narratives coming by way of Shanghai vary and bear evidence of supplementing the main facts with guess work. One dispatch says that the Yorktown participated in the bombardment. Another asserts that American marines formed part of the storming force of 2,000. An Associated Press dispatch from Che Foo dated yesterday afternoon, says:

"The forts on both sides of Taku are now occupied. The Chinese opened fire unexpectedly. The casualties to the mixed force were as follows: "Killed, British, 1; German, 8; Russian, 1; French, 1. Wounded, British, 4; German, 7; Russian, 45; French, 1. Chinese torpedo boats were seized."

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing yesterday says: "The forts began firing in observance of orders from Peking, conveyed in the personal edict of the empress dowager, by advice of Kang Yi, president of the ministry of war. Several warships were struck by shells from the 12-inch guns of the forts. The heavy Russian magazines were due to the blowing up of the magazines of Mandshur. Four hundred Chinese are reported killed. The Chinese while retreating fell into the hands of the Russian land force."

The Daily News has the following from Che Foo: "Two of the forts were blown up. The 32 warships at Taku aggregated 200,000 tons and carried more than 800 guns."

The failure of Admiral Seymour's column and its retreat to Tien Tsin increase, it is presumed, the peril of the legations in Peking, which is still feared, though Shanghai still forwards rumors that the legations were attacked by mobs, who were mowed down by machine guns, and also that the members of the legations were massacred. The situation at New Chwang is reported critical. The British consul at Kiu Kiang has requested all foreigners to leave Ku Ling and Nau King Chang. The powers are taking prompt action. Four thousand German troops have been ordered to China; 10,000 French troops are waiting to embark at Saigon, capital of French Cochinchina, and from 3,000 to 5,000 more Russians have been ordered from Port Arthur to Taku.

The Brussels correspondent of the Standard in a dispatch dated yesterday says: "Russia has massed 40,000 men with seven batteries at Kiachta, with orders to proceed to Maimatchin, a Chinese town contiguous to Kiachta, and thence to advance along the telegraph route to the Mongol town of Urga, two miles south of Kiachta and 750 miles northwest of Peking."

The morning papers consider that a state of war practically exists and that the issue is between eastern and western civilization. The Times says the latest news indefinitely increases a situation already sufficiently serious. The reports regarding the burning of the legation and the murder of the German minister, von Ketteler, have not been confirmed.

### News From French Consul.

PARIS, June 19.—The French consul general in south China, who was instructed to send into Tonquin all the French citizens at Yunnan-Sen, cables from the latter place, under date of Thursday, June 14, that he had been prevented from leaving with his companions by the viceroys, and that his house and all the missions have been burned. He adds that everything, including their clothes, have been stolen, and that they are practically prisoners.

### Causes Excitement in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, June 19.—The news of the shelling of the forts at Taku has caused great excitement throughout Japan. It is reported that the powers will ask Japan to send 2,000 troops to suppress the revolt. It is probable that the government will consent. Additional transports are being prepared.

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