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Historical Dept.

All the News
of All the
People.

THE DENISON REVIEW

A Change of
Head But Not
of Heart.

SIXTEEN PAGES A WEEK—SEMI-WEEKLY. DENISON, IOWA, TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1900. VOLUME XXXV—NO. 57

AMERICAN LOSSES

Ninth Infantry Hard Hit In the Fighting at Tien Tsin.

SERIOUS DEFEAT OF ALLIES.

Twenty-five Per Cent of Ninth Infantry Are Hit.

COL. LISCOM MORTALLY WOUNDED.

Chinese Guns Dominate American Position and Our Men Were Lying Down Under Hot Fire When Correspondent Left the Field.

TIEN TSIN, July 13.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon 7,000 of the allied troops were attempting to storm the wall of the city. The attack began at daylight. Its success is doubtful. The Chinese on the walls are estimated conservatively at 20,000. They are pouring a terrific hail of artillery, rifle and machine gun fire upon the attackers. The Americans, Japanese, British and French troops are attacking from the west and the Russians from the east.

The Americans suffered terribly. As the Associated Press representative left the field the chief surgeon of the Ninth infantry said a conservative estimate was that 25 per cent of the Americans were hit. Colonel Emerson H. Liscom is reported to have been mortally wounded as he was walking in front of the troops. Major Regan and Captains Bookmiller, Wilcox and Noyes are among the wounded. The marines' losses include Captain Davis, killed, and Butler, Leonard and several others wounded.

Officers declared that it was hotter than Santiago. When the correspondent left the Americans were lying in the plain between the wall and the river under an enfilading and direct fire. It was equally difficult for them to advance or retire.

The correspondent counted 300 wounded men of all nationalities.

SHANGHAI NOW MENACED.

Troops Said to Be Needed There to Protect Foreigners.

LONDON, July 17.—Up to this hour no further news has been received regarding the reported massacre at Peking from any source. In the house of commons last evening, beyond an admission that there was no ground for hoping that the report was not true, Secretary Broderick had nothing to communicate. An unusual hush fell upon the chamber when the subject came up. A few members doffed hats, but otherwise there was no demonstration. It was whispered on the ministerial side of the commons that the next vote on account for military operations in South Africa and China will be startling in amount.

Telegrams from Shanghai and Che Foo indicate an increasingly serious state of affairs. It is alleged that the foreign consuls at Shanghai have called their governments that there is urgent need of warships to protect that port, owing to the menacing attitude of the Chinese, and the tempting chance to loot the immense stores of merchandise accumulated there. It seems the Chinese have already threatened to fire the great oil tanks on the Pao Tung side of the city.

From Che Foo comes the report that the entire adult male population of the three provinces of Chi Li, Shan Si and Shan Tung are massing to defend Peking in the conviction that the powers mean war. There is little doubt that a further check of the allies at Tien Tsin would be the signal for a general rising throughout China.

The Japanese officers are still confident of their ability to reach Peking before the roads become impassable, but the European commanders believe

an advance will be impossible before September. Fighting is said to be imminent at New Chwang, where the Boxers are threatening the foreign settlement. The Russians have barricaded the streets and looted the houses of the foreigners.

Perhaps the most serious among the many reports from Shanghai is the rumor that since the massacre at Peking five Chinese regiments have been ordered south, with instructions to make Ching Hang Po, at the head of the grand canal, the objective point for the southward extension of the Boxer movement.

An imperial edict issued July 8, which has just reached Shanghai, calls upon viceroys and governors to make war at once and threatens the execution of all officials who disobey.

Shocked by the confirmation of the tragedy in Peking, Europe still hesitates to declare war, but calls for retribution. The German government has summarily stopped all cablegrams between China and the minister in Berlin. Lack of co-operation among the commanders at Tien Tsin continues to make a bad situation critical.

NOT AT WAR WITH CHINA.

Recent Events Have Not Affected Attitude of the Administration.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The decision of the administration at the end of a most eventful day is that the United States government is still not at war with the government of China. The big happenings at Tien Tsin, coming on top of the stories of the last struggles at Peking, have not affected the attitude of the administration on that point; the United States and China are technically at peace. But this statement should not be accepted as indicating a purpose on the part of the United States government to hold its hand in the administration of swift and adequate punishment upon the Chinese, without regard to station, who may be responsible for the outrages of the past few weeks. It means simply that the government of the United States feels that it can best achieve that purpose by regarding the status officially as one of peace. To hold otherwise would seriously cripple the government in its efforts to obtain satisfaction for the outrages the Americans in China have suffered. We should find the ports of China, now open to us, closed and all sorts of impediments would be encountered which are now missing. Therefore, according to the administration view, a declaration of war would afford not even a technical gain, while it would actually be a heavy drawback.

Chairman Cannon of the house appropriations committee is authority for the statement that money in plenty is at the disposal of the president to meet the present emergency and that there is no necessity for a called session of congress on that score.

The day was the most exciting Washington has known since the battle of Santiago. At the very beginning came Admiral Remy's cablegram announcing the defeat of the allied forces at Tien Tsin. A special cabinet meeting was held on receipt of this news, with such members present as are in town. Great reluctance was manifested on the part of the participants to answer questions as to the nature of the deliberations. The best indication of its nature was the departure for the White house of Secretary Hay immediately after the meeting. He sat down and had a long talk with President McKinley over the long distance telephone and it soon became known that the president had decided that it would be best for him to come back from Canton to the national capital.

The cabinet officers talked over the possibilities of reinforcing the troops in China. There was no disposition shown to withhold these troops, the only question was as to the amount of additional force available. That was a technical question, so it was left to the war department officials to decide. The only point laid down was that the government would send forward all the troops that could be spared at this time

ALLIES NEED 80,000 MEN.

Commanders in China Fix Upon Number Which Will Be Required.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Sixty thousand men for the march to Peking and 20,000 more to keep open the lines of communication, if necessary, and to defend the bases of operation at Tien Tsin and Taku, is the estimate of the number of troops that will be required in the Chinese campaign. Upon the basis of these figures, which it is said are those furnished by the commanders of the allied forces in China, this government will furnish between 10,000 and 12,000 soldiers. The number is thought by the officials to be all that we should furnish in the present emergency. Indeed, it is more than was estimated should be our share, as this was stated to be about an even 10,000.

The recent arrival of a battalion of an infantry regiment at San Francisco has given an opportunity to the war department to utilize several batteries of artillery now on the coast for the China service, their places to be filled for the time being by the men of the homecoming regiment. Yesterday's orders also contemplate the sending of a siege battery of artillery now at Fort Riley, Kan., for the Chinese service.

FIFTEEN LIVES LOST.

Citizens of Texas Town Roused From Sleep by Floods.

CLOUDBURST AT COLEMAN, TEX.

Two Men Drowned While Making Heroic Attempt to Save the Lives of Four Helpless Children—Ten Bodies Have Been Recovered.

COLEMAN, Tex., July 17.—Fifteen lives are known to have been lost in a cloudburst here yesterday. Ten bodies have been recovered, but only two were identified. They are:

JOSEPH SPATH, leading merchant.
JOHN FULEISSTINE.

It is feared that many more lives were lost in the valley below Coleman. The cloudburst, which followed three days' unprecedented rainfall, caused Ford's creek to burst its banks and rush through Coleman, a village of less than 1,000 inhabitants.

Bewildered citizens, roused from their slumbers, rushed into the streets and were swept away. Many were saved by catching hold of pieces of timber and navigating them into eddies formed by the swift current, where they were drawn ashore.

Spath and Fuleisstine managed to mount their horses. They dashed into the water and swam their horses to a house where four little girls were screaming for help. Each rescued two of the children, whom they took upon their horses. The animals were swept away, however, in a noble effort to stem the swift current, and all were drowned.

Water has flooded the tracks of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railway for miles around and all traffic is stopped.

UNDER FALLING WALLS.

Seven Persons Injured, One Fatally, in a Fire at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Seven people were injured, one fatally, by falling walls in a fire caused by lightning last night at Michigan street and Dearborn avenue. Fireman Robert Meahy will die. The fire started in a broom corn factory and spread rapidly. Suddenly the walls of the burning building collapsed, falling on an adjoining boarding house, No. 2120 Michigan street, crushing the roof in. Several firemen were carried down with the roof and for a time it was believed a number of persons had perished. The inmates of the boarding house were all rescued. Total damage amounts to nearly \$200,000.

Peary Relief Steamer Sails.

SYDNEY, C. B. July 17.—The Peary Arctic relief steamer Windward, here taking supplies and coal, will sail today for the north. Mrs. Peary and her 6 year old daughter, Marie, are the only passengers. Mrs. Peary expects to find her husband, or instructions from him, at Etala, North Greenland. From there she will proceed fifty miles to Cape Durval, where Dr. Steyn's party was left last fall. Mrs. Peary expects to return here by September. The Windward carries supplies for two years, scientific instruments and boats for Arctic use.

Beckham Will Get Nomination.

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 17.—The returns received here from the Democratic county conventions held throughout the state yesterday for the purpose of selecting delegates to the state convention at Lexington, indicate that J. C. W. Beckham will receive the nomination on the first ballot. Governor Beckham says that he will receive not less than 600 votes and that it may reach 700. Ex-Governor J. B. McCreery of Madison county, of the opposition, seems to be most in favor.

Blanketers Must Keep Quiet.

SOLWAY, Minn., July 17.—Agent Mercer has returned from a visit across the lake, where he has been with Indian Agent S. Shears and Morrison in the hope of inducing the blanketers to desist in their war dancing. Captain Mercer has given the blanketers until Tuesday night to come to terms, and by that time some definite understanding will be reached. White settlers near here are resuming their regular occupations.

Severe Storm at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 17.—A severe storm of wind and rain passed over the city last evening, doing considerable damage by blowing down signs and trees in the western and southwestern parts of the city. At Thirty-seventh street and Ashland avenue one man was killed and two girls were injured by a piece of wooden sidewalk which was carried fully 100 feet by the wind.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Sol Smith Russell has cancelled his engagements for next season on the advice of his physician.

Billy Ryan of Syracuse and Harry Johnson of Pittsburgh fought a 20-round draw at Buffalo Monday.

Because of a 10 per cent reduction in wages between 800 and 1,000 New Jersey miners quit work Monday.

BOERS TO QUIT TRANSVAAL.

Ten Thousand of Them Will Come to United States at Close of the War.

CAPE TOWN, July 17.—When the war in South Africa is over 10,000 Boers, chiefly naturalized citizens of the Transvaal, will emigrate to the United States. Irish-Americans are arranging the preliminaries for this movement.

The latest Machadodorp advices state that President Kruger will refuse to surrender until his supplies are exhausted.

Three hundred and eighty vagrant foreigners have been arrested at Johannesburg in consequence of the discovery of a plot to create a riot and to join a Boer commando, with which they have been in communication. The foreign consuls have been notified that the suspects will be liberated if they (the consuls) will answer for their future good behavior.

Cannines and Felines Poisoned.

OTTUMWA, Ia., July 17.—Over \$500 worth of dogs, besides a score or more of cats, have been poisoned in Ottumwa during the past few weeks. The operations of what is believed to be a person with a mania for poisoning dogs has been going on in this city for a number of years. Periodically there is a wholesale slaughter of favorite canines, and during the last few days it has been renewed with increased vigor. The method employed by the poisoner is to place strychnine in small pieces of meat which are distributed on the lawns of the owners of the dogs which are doomed.

Shaw Holds the High Hand.

DES MOINES, July 17.—The best politicians concede today that the death of Senator Gear so short a time before the state convention throws more power into the hands of Governor Shaw than has ever before rested with the chief executive of the state. The best friends of G. S. Gilbertson admit that nothing could have occurred so seriously hurt his chances for the trusteeship, and that today it looks like Hobart for secretary and Morrow for treasurer. The governor will make no appointment until late in the fall, certainly not until after the convention in August.

Steam Up On Three Cruisers.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—The cruisers Columbia, Minneapolis and Yankee have been got into readiness for immediate service. Steam is up and no one not connected with the ships is allowed aboard. One thousand berths have been put into the Yankee. It is surmised the vessels are to be used in transporting troops, though the Columbia and Minneapolis have comparatively few accommodations for soldiers.

Northern Kansas Drenched.

KANSAS CITY, July 17.—Northern Kansas, from the Missouri river half way across the state, was drenched with heavy rains last night and farther west and southwest to the Colorado line good showers fell yesterday. Continued rains are predicted for today. The downfall, which breaks a drought of from four to five weeks' duration, comes none too soon to save the corn crop.

Gear's Remains Kept Burlington.

BURLINGTON, Ia., July 17.—The remains of Senator Gear arrived last night and were escorted to the old Gear homestead by a large body of citizens. They will lie in state all day Wednesday until the hour of the funeral at 3:30 p. m. Congressman Hedge will deliver the final oration. The burial will be private.

Tug Sinks in Niagara River.

BUFFALO, July 17.—The tug Gratic of the Great Lakes Towing company sank in the Niagara river at Tonawanda last night. Louis Hirst, a fireman, and James Parker, a passenger, were drowned.

Floyd River Is Flooded.

SIoux CITY, July 17.—The Floyd river, which flows through the east part of this city, has jumped its banks a few miles north of here and is a mile wide at Merrill and Hinton.

Deluge at Sioux City.

SIoux CITY, July 17.—A rain fall of over one-half of a foot has deluged this section. Small streams are out of their banks and it is feared the damage to crops will be great.

Iowa Man Falls Under Train.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 17.—Bert Edwards, in attempting to catch a train yesterday, fell under the wheels and had both legs tank off. He cannot live.

Curtis Guild Declines.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Curtis Guild of Boston, Mass., who was tendered the appointment of first assistant postmaster general, to succeed Perry S. Heath, has declined to accept the office. The reason given for his refusal is the pressure of private business interests.

Three Deaths From Heat.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Heat yesterday caused three deaths. The dead: James Murray, William Hines and Ross Michael.

EASY FOR M'GOVERN.

Defeats Erne In Three Rounds at Madison Square Garden.

HURRICANE FIGHT FROM START.

Honors Are Fairly Even In the Opening Round, Erne Felling His Opponent Once—Frank's Seconds Throw Up the Sponge to Avoid a Knockout.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Last night in the presence of 14,000 persons in Madison Square Garden Terry McGovern of Brooklyn defeated Frank Erne of Buffalo, the lightweight champion of the world, in three rounds. It was a hurricane fight from bell to bell, without a second's let up except when one of the contestants was lying on the floor of the ring. McGovern used the tactics he said he would. He rushed in on Erne at the very beginning and sent left and right in such quick succession that Erne, fast as he is, was nonplussed. Erne undoubtedly is the cleverer of the two, but his cleverness availed him nothing against the bulldog rushes and fierce attacks of the little featherweight champion. Erne, of course, trained far below his usual weight, as he had agreed to meet McGovern at 128 pounds, which is five pounds below the lightweight limit, but declared that he was in excellent condition.

In the first round, when Erne knocked McGovern down with a blow on the head and the little fellow took the count before he got up, the Erne rooters believed their man would win, but they were sadly mistaken as the result proved. McGovern got up with a grin on his face and sailed right in with terrific force. He played sad havoc with Erne's body and was satisfied to stand blows in the face as long as he could reach Erne's wind.

In the second round fighting was so fast that it was impossible to keep track of the blows, but Terry landed three blows to Erne's two. In the third round, which proved to be the last, Terry fought faster than ever. He was up to his man all the time, grinning when he got a punch as well as when he was sending one in. When he floored Erne for the first time it looked as if the latter would not be able to resume hostilities, but he arose to his feet fairly strong and tried to offset McGovern's advantage. It was a futile attempt, however, as McGovern soon had him in trouble again, as he floored him once more with a blow on the jaw and a left over the heart. Erne got up on his knees and rested on his right hand. With his mouth wide open he gasped for breath and tried hard to regain his feet. His mouth and nose were bleeding profusely and in addition to his struggle for wind the blood was running down his throat and partially choking him. By almost superhuman effort Erne got to his feet, but he was in sore distress. It was now evident that Erne was a beaten man and McGovern started in to finish him. Terry sent a smash to the face, which landed on Erne's nose, and with a couple of blows the little fellow paved the way for a knockout swing, but Erne's seconds, seeing their man had enough, threw up the sponge and saved the Swiss boxer from a knockout.

Three Thousand Bowlers in Line.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Yesterday was reception day at the international bowling tournament at Schutzen park, Union Hill, N. J. All the visiting clubs were assembled at the bowling headquarters in New York and were escorted to the park in Jersey by members of the shooting and rifle teams. Altogether there were about 3,000 men in line. The Ohio teams, Akron, Cleveland and Cincinnati, and the representatives of St. Louis paraded in uniform and were received with cheers along the line of march.

Americans Easy Victors at Paris.

PARIS, July 17.—Twenty-one championship contests in connection with the exposition have been decided during the last three days and America can boast of winning 16 and of securing 13 seconds and 12 thirds. Nine events took place yesterday, in which the Americans placed six firsts, six seconds and seven thirds to their credit. They captured the 200 metres hurdle race, the standing high jump, three standing jumps, the long jump, the hop step and jump and the hammer throwing.

Opening Day at Detroit.

DETROIT, July 17.—In points of attendance and interest the opening day of the 16th annual Blue Ribbon racing meeting of the Detroit Driving club, which was the beginning of the grand circuit, was more successful than the first day of any previous meeting. Interest centered chiefly in the Chamber of Commerce \$5,000 stake for 2:24 pacers. Bonnie Direct, the favorite, won it. Dainty Daffo captured the Cadillac stake and Conner the 2:11 pace.

Seven Earthquake Shocks.

CARACAS, Venezuela, July 17.—There were seven terrible earthquake shocks yesterday here. The residents of the city were terror stricken. All churches and theaters were closed last night. President Castro and family slept last night under tents in the Plaza Bolivar. The seismic disturbances still continue. Great damage has been done.

FIVE REGIMENTS EN ROUTE.

Commandant at the Presidio Ordered to Prepare to Care for Them.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Orders have been received at the Presidio to at once prepare quarters for five regiments of troops which will arrive shortly en route for foreign service. The home battalion of the Eighteenth infantry has landed from the Hancock and taken up temporary quarters at the Presidio. It is under the command of Captain E. A. Lewis and is destined for Fort Keogh, Mon. The Hancock made the trip from Kobe in 14 days, beating the record from that port.

The sailing of the transport Sumner for Nagasaki has been postponed owing to the failure of two battalions of the Fifteenth infantry to arrive from Plattsburg, N. Y., on schedule time.

The Californian sailed for Manila yesterday with about 11,000 tons of military supplies.

Forced to Shoot Wounded.

NEW YORK, July 17.—A dispatch to the Journal from Tien Tsin says: Ineffectual attempts have been made to conceal the horrible fact that Admiral Seymour was compelled to shoot his own wounded during the recent disastrous retreat of the Peking relief expedition. All the wounded and prisoners who fell into the hands of the Chinese were frightfully tortured.

Will Protect Chinese.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Mayor Harrison issued orders to Chief of Police Kipley to see that Chinese residents of Chicago were afforded complete protection against resentment for the Peking outrage. During the last week several reports have been made by Chinese that threats had been made against them and that they were in fear of bodily harm.

Tuan on a Bloody Career.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—An unofficial report has come to the attention of the Chinese officials to the effect that 3,000 Chinese officials at Peking petitioned Prince Tuan to protect the foreigners, whereupon Prince Tuan ordered all those who united in the petition to be killed.

READY FOR CONVENTION.

Speech of Governor Roosevelt is Chief Feature of Interest in St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, July 17.—All is in readiness for calling to order the national convention of Republican clubs. Between 1,500 and 1,800 delegates will be present. The sessions will be held in the auditorium. Colonel George Stone of California, president of the league, will call this evening's session to order. Senator Davis will preside and will make the address of welcome to the guest of the evening—Governor Theodore Roosevelt of New York. The governor's reply is expected to be the feature of the convention.

Majority Stockholders Routed.

JOLIET, Ill., July 17.—Minority shareholders in the Joliet Wire company, led by Colonel Fred Bennett, who commanded the Third Illinois infantry in Porto Rico, yesterday smashed in the doors of the plant with crowbars, routed the majority stockholders, who were in session within, and elected new officers. The action of the minority stockholders was the result of a factional fight. The mills have been closed down for some time. This was in opposition to the wishes of a well organized minority, who determined upon drastic measures to force a resumption of the manufacture of wire.

Declare Mrs. Figg Insane.

PAPILLION, Neb., July 17.—A decision was rendered in the insanity proceedings against Mrs. Figg, the leader of the Greta religious sect, and Mrs. Donahue, yesterday. It was to the effect that Mrs. Figg was insane, but that the other woman was not. Neither of the women were present in court when the decision was rendered and it is not known what course the friends of Mrs. Figg will pursue. She is reported to be sick at her home at Greta.

Could Not Open the Safe.

COZAD, Neb., July 17.—Some time last night burglars broke into the post-office building, where they attempted to force the safe, but were unsuccessful. They took a quantity of jewelry from the stock of R. S. Thornton, who occupied the front part of the building. The hardware store of J. B. Hughes was also entered, where only a revolver, some cartridges and a small sum of money in the cash drawer were taken. No clue as yet to the robbers.

European Wheat Prospects.

LONDON, July 17.—The Mark Lane Express says the season of wheat is fully a fortnight backward, but if August is fine we may have a good crop of average quality the right side of 29 bushels. Continental harvests seem up to the average everywhere and safe. Everywhere in France the yield may be below the average, but the crop in Roumania is reported the largest on record.

LACE SALE THIS WEEK.

J. P. Miller & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR STANDARD PATTERNS