

Four years of McKinley Prosperity and the Full Dinner Pail.

THE DENISON REVIEW

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McKINLEY AGAIN ELECTED.

Latest Returns Show Overwhelming Republican Victory.

NEW YORK STATE FIGURES.

They Indicate a Plurality for McKinley of 136,000.

LANDSLIDE IN SOME OF THE STATES

McKinley Carries Every State That Gave Him Its Electoral Vote Four Years Ago and Several Others That Went for Bryan. Clean Sweep in Maryland.

New York, Nov. 7.—It became evident at a very early hour last evening that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt was assured. At 8:30 p. m. returns from nearly two-thirds of the election districts of Greater New York had been received, indicating beyond question that Bryan and Stevenson could not expect more than 25,000 or 30,000 plurality in this Democratic stronghold and unless there was a landslide in the outside counties beyond all reasonable expectations the pivotal state of New York had declared in unmistakable terms, although by a reduced majority, for the Republican candidates. Returns from Illinois betrayed a like condition. The Republican gains over 1896 seemed to indicate that Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia had given decisive Republican pluralities. The count in several of the far western states was naturally so delayed as to give little indication of the outcome there, but they had ceased to have a determining effect, and before 11 o'clock the Democratic leaders had given up the contest, and it was announced that Mr. Bryan had gone to bed and was sound asleep.

The whole story was easily and briefly told. The Republican ticket would have a larger electoral vote than four years ago, but in the larger state of the east and middle west the pluralities had been greatly reduced.

Massachusetts had fallen from 174,000 to 50,000; New York from 208,000 to 135,000, and Illinois from 142,000 to 100,000 or less.

The roll call of states is apparently as follows:

For McKinley. Connecticut 6, Delaware 3, Illinois 24, Indiana 15, Iowa 13, Maine 6, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 15, Michigan 14, Minnesota 9, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 10, New York 36, North Dakota 3, Ohio 23, Pennsylvania 32, Rhode Island 4, Vermont 4, West Virginia 6, Wisconsin 12, California 9, Kansas 10, Oregon 4, Wyoming 4, Washington 4, South Dakota 4—total 284.

For Bryan. Alabama 11, Arkansas 8, Colorado 4, Florida 4, Georgia 13, Louisiana 8, Mississippi 9, Missouri 17, Montana 3, North Carolina 11, South Carolina 9, Tennessee 12, Texas 15, Virginia 12, Nevada 3—total 139.

Unreported. Idaho 3, Kentucky 13, Nebraska 8—total 24. The 57th congress seems to be Republican by a substantial working majority.

The gubernatorial tickets have apparently followed the national and Odell is elected in New York and Yates in Illinois.

Returns received up to 1:30 a. m. show that Bryan received pluralities over McKinley in four counties in the state of New York as follows: New York 31,804, Queens 2,000, Richmond 695, Schoharie 370. The county giving McKinley the largest plurality over Bryan was Onondaga, where McKinley leads by 10,742 votes. McKinley's total plurality in the state, based on the returns received, is 136,000.

Vermont. White River Junction, Vt., Nov. 7.—At 1:45 a. m. returns had been received from all but 63 towns in the state, mostly small agricultural places. Those will probably give additions to the Republican majority. From the towns which have made returns at this hour, Bryan received 11,801 and McKinley 33,795. This will give a Republican plurality estimated at 30,000. The net gain for the Democrats in this election over that of 1896 is about 29 per cent, while the Republicans have a net loss of about 11 per cent.

Wyoming. Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 7.—Additional returns from the state outside of Cheyenne received by the Republican state central committee show great gains for the Republican ticket over the vote of 1896. The Republican majority for Wyoming is now conservatively estimated at 3,000.

Connecticut. New Haven, Nov. 7.—Connecticut in the election yesterday decided that her electoral vote of six should be placed in the McKinley column. The entire Republican state ticket was elected. The plurality for McKinley is about 23,000.

Complexion of Congress. Chicago, Nov. 7.—Returns from 287 congressional districts show the election of 154 Republicans, 130 Democrats, 1 fusionist, 1 silverite and 1 Populist.

Idaho. Boise, Ida., Nov. 7.—Seventeen precincts in Idaho give McKinley 1,329, Bryan 1,596. In 1896 they gave the Republicans 707 and fusionists 1,132.

ILLINOIS. Plurality for McKinley Will Exceed Ninety Thousand.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from 15 counties in the state and partial returns from the others, including the full vote of Chicago, indicate a plurality for McKinley that will probably exceed 90,000. Chairman Watson of the Democratic state central committee concedes the state to McKinley by 50,000. Returns also indicate the election of the full Republican state ticket by majorities considerably under the presidential figures, the scratching of the state ticket being confined almost entirely to Cook county, where Mr. Aischuler's personal popularity told heavily for the Democratic nominees, so much in fact that it is probable that that county was carried for the Democratic state ticket. Returns so far indicate that the Republicans have lost two and possibly three congressmen in Chicago, the most sensational defeat being that of William Lorimer. Outside of Cook county the congressional delegation is in doubt. The Democrats claim gains in one or two districts, but Republican leaders assert that the delegation will remain unchanged.

It is practically certain that the next legislature, which will elect a United States senator to succeed Shelby M. Cullom, will be Republican on joint ballot at least and by a sufficient majority to elect a senator.

The total vote in this city was: McKinley 180,970, Bryan 172,524, Woolley 3,335, Debs 5,022, Barker 189, Muloney 295, Ellis 90.

Delaware. Wilmington, Del., Nov. 7.—The count is so slow in Kent and Sussex counties that detailed results of the legislative elections there cannot be given, but the Democrats say nothing has transpired to destroy their confidence in the election of a Democratic legislature. It probably will be 10 o'clock before the result can be definitely announced. McKinley's plurality in the state may reach 2,500.

CONNER IS ELECTED TO CONGRESS

Majority Will Not be Less Than 10,000. A Big Vote in Denison, Running 42 Ahead of McKinley and Roosevelt. Crawford County Gives Small Majority Against Him,

J. P. Conner has been elected to Congress and his majority in the district will not be less than 10,000. In Denison he received the magnificent endorsement of 236 majority, the largest ever given any candidate. The democrats of the remainder of the county stuck to the straight ticket, however, and Dale's majority will be about 250 in the Reports from Calhoun show 1600 republican majority. Boone county gave Conner a handsome majority; Carroll county gave a very greatly reduced majority against him and the indications are for an old time 10th District majority. Hurrah for Congressman Conner, the worthy successor to the brilliant Dolliver.

Court House is Defeated.

Returns Indicate that People are Satisfied With the Old Shack. Vote was Reasonably Close but the Jealousy of Other Towns Defeated it. Cannot Come up for Two Years.

The court house project was defeated by a small margin. Twenty two precincts show 1728 for and 2005 against. Denison township is one of the missing precincts and it gives a majority for the proposition. It is surprising how many ballots were thrown out as unvoted in Denison. Had these ballots been voted as they were probably intended the proposition would have carried. Some day, and that not in the far distance, Crawford will have to build a new court house. The old one is both inadequate and unsafe. Let us hope that after more deliberate consideration the people of this county will decide in favor of the court house. The closeness of the vote and the great gain the proposition has made since the first election was held on the question are encouraging and lead us to believe that next year it will carry if brought before the people at that time.

Denison, Glorious Denison

Every Ward Goes Republican. Total Majority 194 for McKinley. Third Ward makes Greatest Gain. Republicans of Denison Make the Best Showing in the History of the City.

Denison did itself proud at the polls yesterday. The total vote was nearly 700, indicating a much larger population than the census figures show. The majority especially in the third ward was a great surprise to the democrats and a cause of much jubilation on the part of third ward republicans. The second ward, always close, gave 5 majority for McKinley and the solid first gave an old time majority of 107. The people of Denison are to be congratulated over this magnificent growth of republicanism and over the fact that the democratic ring received a severe rebuke in its home town. Criswell did not receive the big vote he expected although a few republicans scratched in his favor. Judge Conner received more than two thirds of the total vote of the city in spite of the efforts of the gang to hold the democrats in line against him. A few people threw away their votes on the prohibition ticket but the number is growing less each year. We believe that the republican vote in the county will be the largest it has ever been. Denison is surely to be congratulated on its magnificent republicanism. The republican ticket for Justices of the Peace and constables was elected by snug majorities, the winning candidates being for Justices E. Gulick and W. McLennan and for constables W. H. Laub and W. J. McAhren. Hon. Chas. Galbraith, the great democratic leader, did not show up very heavily at the polls.

NEBRASKA IS VERY CLOSE.

Both Sides Claim the State by a Narrow Margin.

CONGRESSMEN BREAK EVEN.

Complete Returns Almost Necessary to Determine Result on National and State Tickets—The Legislature Probably Fusion—Result in Douglas County.

Omaha, Nov. 7.—At 2:30 a. m. the returns from the state are far from being complete—in fact less than one-fourth of the precincts have returned their figures. While it is impossible to state where the advantage lies, the returns up to this hour show material Republican gains on the national ticket. The gains both ways have been irregular, more so than in any election for years. Counties which four years ago gave Bryan substantial pluralities have this year reversed themselves, giving McKinley material gains. On the other hand, the Republicans have lost in some counties to an extent which seem to offset the gains mentioned above. The fusionists now hope that the outlying precincts will give them a plurality of 5,000, while the Republicans appear equally hopeful.

Thus, it is impossible to arrive at a definite result on the national and state tickets. The fusionists have in all probability elected congressmen in the 3d, 5th and 9th districts; the Republicans have secured victory in the 1st and 2d, with the 4th district still undecided.

Returns by Precincts.

Omaha, Nov. 7.—One hundred and thirty precincts in Nebraska outside of Omaha and Douglas county give McKinley 15,710, Bryan 13,845. The same precincts in 1896 gave McKinley 14,345, Bryan 13,645.

Twenty-nine precincts in Douglas county give Mercer (Rep.), for congress, 3,771, Howard (Dem.) 2,811.

The state is claimed by both the fusionists and Republicans. The figures received up to midnight indicate that the state will be very close on the national ticket, and will probably not vary over 2,000 or 3,000 either way. The state ticket is running very close to the national, both Republican and Democrat. The legislature is in doubt and it will no doubt require full returns to determine the complexion of that body. Owing to the very hard fight made on the legislative ticket, and to the fact the next session of that body will elect two United States senators, the interest now centers on that branch of the ticket. There are several very close counties which will return about ten members to the state assembly, and until they are heard from it will be hard to give definite figures, although both sides are claiming a majority on joint ballot.

The fusionists have probably elected three congressmen, in the 3d, 5th and 9th districts, the remaining three districts being Republican. Mercer's majority in the 2d district will be from 800 to 1,000.

The returns received to 2 a. m. indicate some change in favor of the fusion ticket, both national and state, including the legislature. The returns from the agrarian communities are materially cutting down the gains made by the Republicans on the earlier returns and the chances now favor the fusionists carrying the state by a small plurality, should the present percentages remain good in the districts not yet reported. A noticeable feature of the change is the vote on the legislative ticket in Douglas county, which has always been Republican and which returns the largest delegation of any assembly district in the state. The indications now point to the fusionists electing at least a part of their delegation. Outside of this county little has been heard from the legislature.

The chairman of both the Republican and Democratic committees are reticent with regard to making statements, and it is evident that neither care to give an estimate.

On the national ticket, at 2:30 a. m., 350 precincts give McKinley a plurality of about 3,000 outside of Omaha and Douglas county.

For congress, 58 precincts give Mercer (Rep.) 7,717 and Howard (Dem.) 6,120 votes. It is believed that the vote of Sarpy and Washington counties will sweep away this lead and give Howard a small majority.

Wahoo—Saunders county, Cedar precinct gives Bryan 42 plurality. Crete—Saline county, Crete precinct, complete: Bryan 351, McKinley 343. Papillion—Sarpy county, Papillion precinct gives Bryan 170, McKinley 148.

Herman—This precinct gives McKinley 154, Bryan 101, showing a McKinley gain of 43.

Congressional ticket, York county, Baker township, Pope 81, Stark 95, state ticket, Dietrich 86, Poynter 95.

St. Paul—This precinct gives McKinley 269, Bryan 271. Same precinct gave McKinley 248, Bryan 210 in 1896. Wood River—Hall county, Wood River township: McKinley 181, Bryan



CONNER



ELECTED BY 10,000 ANYWAY

an 119. Same precincts gave McKinley 180 and Bryan 136 in 1896.

Lincoln—27 out of 52 precincts in Lancaster county give McKinley a gain of 663 over 1896. These include 19 out of the 20 precincts in Lincoln.

Geneva—Firmore county, Geneva city gives Bryan 86, McKinley 110. Geneva precinct gives Bryan 115, McKinley 129. Five precincts in Fillmore county gives Bryan 552, McKinley 657.

Beatrice—Four precincts in Gage county gives McKinley 500, and Bryan 364.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Republicans Win a Complete Victory—Defeat for Senator Pettigrew.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 7.—No doubt remains that the Republicans have won a complete victory in South Dakota. Frank Crane, chairman of the Republican state committee, has persistently refused to be quoted during the present campaign on the probable outcome of the election, but at midnight he said: "We have secured sufficient returns from the state to conclusively show that we have carried the state for McKinley by a plurality of from 10,000 to 12,000 and we have elected our two nominees for congress and the entire state ticket. We will have a majority of 40 on joint ballot in the legislature, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed Senator Pettigrew."

The result has been a surprise to both sides, as the fusionists expected Bryan to carry the state, while the Republicans did not expect McKinley's plurality to reach more than 6,000 or 8,000.

Sioux Falls, Nov. 7.—McKinley in 21 out of 42 precincts in this (Minnehaha) county, including cities of Sioux Falls, Dell Rapids, Valley Springs and Garretson, has a majority of 764 over Bryan, a pronounced Republican gain. This is Senator Pettigrew's county and as the Republican legislative ticket is running well up at the head of the ticket, he will lose seven members of the legislature.

Colorado.

Denver, Nov. 7.—Returns indicate that Colorado has given Bryan at least 30,000 plurality. The fusion state ticket is probably elected by half that plurality, and it appears that the fusionists will have a majority of the legislature. A hard fight has been made by the Republicans all over the state on the legislative ticket, in the interest of Senator Wolcott, who is a candidate for re-election, and it is possible that Republican representatives have been elected in some counties which went for Bryan. There is little doubt that Congressman Bell has been re-elected in the 2d district and it is believed that Shafroth is re-elected in the 1st.

North Dakota.

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 7.—Chairman Kleingren of the Democratic state committee concedes the election of Republican electoral and state tickets, with the possible exception of attorney general. In 37 out of 120 precincts, McKinley received 2,950, Bryan 1,459, against McKinley 2,638, Bryan 1,896 in 1896. This proportion of loss to Democrats is being sustained by later reports. Thomas Marshall (Rep.) is certainly elected congressman over M. Hildreth. Max Wipperman (Dem.), candidate for governor, is running ahead of his ticket. Republican committee claims McKinley's majority is 10,000.

New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 7.—Incomplete returns from different parts of the state indicate that New Jersey has been carried for McKinley and Roosevelt by more than 50,000. The Republicans elect six of the eight congressmen, the same representation as last year, and will have an overwhelming majority in both houses of the legislature, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed William J. Sewell (Rep.) as United States senator.

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ARE STILL IN DOUBT.

Special to Review—Omaha, 2:40 p. m., Nov. 7.—Details difficult to obtain today on account of rejoicing at republican headquarters. Democratic quarters all closed. Nebraska is claimed by both, the republicans putting figures at 5000 for McKinley. Legislature probably fusion. Kentucky is claimed strong for republicans, but democrats do not yield. Idaho is slow coming.