

# SAYS ORDER IS THE RULE

Acting Governor Wright Maintains That Americans Have Wrong Views of Philipines.

## THE PRESS REPORTS ARE MISLEADING.

Not More Than Five Per Cent. of the Entire Group, He Asserts, Remains Unpacified—Progress in the Past Year Tremendous and Very Encouraging.

Washington, March 21.—Judge Wright, acting civil governor of the Philipines, has written a personal letter to Gen. Marcus J. Wright, of this city, which gives an interesting insight into the condition of affairs in the Philipines.

"We are so far removed from the United States," said Gov. Wright, "that I fear the people at home get rather an inadequate idea of the situation here. The press reports of the last month or more which have reached us here, together with the comments thereon, seem to indicate that the general opinion is that the whole islands are either blazing with insurrection or else that outbreaks are prevented only by the use of troops on an extensive scale. This is wholly misleading.

Insurance is that in 95 per cent. of the remote islands there is no insurrection, and Americans go about singly and unarmed with about as much safety as they would in a large majority of the states at home. There is a fast dying insurrection in two provinces of the great island of Luzon and in the remote southern island of Samar.

Here and there in more remote sections there are instances of cattle stealing and occasionally murder or robbery. We are dealing energetically with the lawless element, and the people as a rule are rebuilding their houses where they have been destroyed, tilling their fields, and pursuing their ordinary vocations.

"Of course, telegraphic dispatches generally deal alone in something sensational. I apprehend that if any one of us were in a foreign country and receiving only news of what was happening in the United States in police circles we would get about the same idea of our own country as many of the people of the United States seem to have of this.

Tremendous progress. "The fact is that the progress we have made in the last year is tremendous, and to me encouraging. While I do not look for the millennium, either here or elsewhere, speedily, I see no reason to doubt that American authority can be maintained without more troops than indicated by Gov. Taft. Of course, we must utilize the native in policing his own country, just as has been done by England in all her colonies from the beginning."

News from Samar. Manila, March 20.—Gen. Lukban's efforts in influencing Guevarra, who recently issued a proclamation declaring himself the successor of Gen. Lukban in the Island of Samar, to surrender have been successful. Both Gen. Smith, in command of the United States forces in the Island of Samar, and Guevarra have agreed to an armistice to facilitate the collection of Guevarra's men with their rifles, when the formal surrender will be made. The arms will be paid in at the fort.

Gen. Chaffee is greatly pleased with what he considers as closing the active insurrection. The resistance in Batangas and Laguna provinces practically is over. There are daily surrenders there of men and guns. The insurgents have been completely starved into submission by Gen. Bell's aggressive tactics in preventing any exterior assistance from reaching them.

## SUDDENLY STRICKEN.

Gen. Elisha B. Hamilton Drops Dead While Arguing Case in Court at Quincy, Ill.

Quincy, Ill., March 21.—Gen. Elisha B. Hamilton, a prominent attorney and politician and a leader in grand army circles, died suddenly Thursday, aged 64. While presenting an argument before the circuit court, Gen. Hamilton suddenly staggered and sank into his chair, dead. Paralysis of the heart is given as the cause. Gen. Hamilton served with conspicuous gallantry in the civil war. He was commissioned a general for bravery in connection with the railroad strikes at East St. Louis, and was inspector general of the state under Govs. Cullom, Hamilton and Oglesby. He was surveyor of the port of Quincy during Grant's two terms.

Is Not Troubled. Princeton, N. J., March 22.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland was shown a dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., which said that W. J. Bryan, commenting editorially in the Commoner upon Mr. Cleveland's recent letter to a Mississippi editor, denounced him as "a traitor, ingrate and political nonentity." "I am not at all troubled about it," was the only comment Mr. Cleveland would make.

Henry Reaches Kiel. Kiel, Prussia, March 20.—The German battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II., having on board Emperor William and Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, arrived here at 5:30 p. m. His majesty and the prince were welcomed with the firing of salutes and cheers from the naval squadron in these waters. Prince Henry landed at Kiel at dusk and joined Princess Henry and his sons.

Smallpox on the Increase. Washington, March 18.—According to the official reports of the marine hospital there were 22,263 cases of smallpox in the United States during the last week. This is an unusually large number, and the authorities are somewhat concerned about it.

Death of Edward Green. Bellows Falls, Vt., March 20.—Edward Green, husband of Hetty Green, known as the richest woman in America, died at his home here Wednesday. He had been ill for a long time of a complication of diseases.

Eleven Men Drowned. Lisbon, March 21.—In a collision Thursday between fish boats, near Nasareath 11 men were drowned.

# MAKES A DENIAL.

Gen. Miles Says He Did Not Threaten to Resign if Congress Passed the Root Army Bill.

Washington, March 22.—Gen. Miles makes denial of having made statements before the senate committee on military attributed to him by the press as follows:

"The newspapers have misquoted my statements before the committee. I did not say I would resign from the army if the Root bill became a law. I did state to one of the senators that I might as well go on the retired list if the measure under consideration were enacted by congress. This is quite different from saying that I would resign. I have no intention to ask for retirement. I do not expect to be forced to make such a request. That is something I hear of periodically, but I do not fear such an action merely because I expressed my views on pending legislation to a congressional committee at its request. There is no crime in this, and I shall continue to exercise what I believe my right, and discharge what I feel to be my duty, whenever the occasion presents itself. I did not make the foolish statement which has been attributed to me—a sort of boast that I could name the favorites of the president and the adjutant general who would be appointed under this new bill."

## AGED EDUCATOR DEAD.

Close of the Life of Ex-President Fairchild, of Oberlin College—His Long Service.

Oberlin, O., March 20.—Ex-President James H. Fairchild, for 33 years president of Oberlin college, died Wednesday night at 10:30 o'clock. He was connected with Oberlin college for 68 years, and had served longer than any college official in the United States. James Harris Fairchild had been connected with Oberlin college for 63 years. He was born in Stockbridge, Mass., November 25, 1815. His parents came to Ohio in the summer of the first steamer to carry passengers on Lake Erie. Young Fairchild graduated from Oberlin in 1838 and from the theological seminary in 1841. In 1842 he was made professor of Greek and Latin and afterwards filled the chair of mathematics, theology and moral philosophy. In 1855 he became president of the college. He resigned in 1859 at the age of 42 years, but continued to teach in the college and theological seminary until 1897. He was to Oberlin what Eliot was to Harvard. In 1841 Prof. Fairchild married Mary Fletcher Kellogg. Eight children were born to them, only two of whom survive—Mrs. Lucy Fairchild Kenaston, of Oberlin, and Prof. James Thorne Fairchild, of Tabor, Ia. Mrs. Fairchild died in 1890.

## IMPORTANT COMMITTEE.

Senator Hanna Names the Civic Federation's Committee on Conciliation.

New York, March 21.—Senator Mark Hanna on Thursday named the members of the committee on conciliation of the Civic Federation, whose appointment was provided for at the last meeting of the executive committee. According to the by-laws the committee was to consist of the officers of the executive committee, M. A. Hanna, chairman; Samuel Gompers, first vice chairman; Oscar S. Strauss, second vice chairman; Charles A. Moore, treasurer, and Ralph M. Easley, secretary, and nine men to be appointed by the chairman. His appointments are: Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter, Franklin McVeagh, John Mitchell, Frank F. Sargent, James Duncan, J. Kruttschnitt, William E. Pfahler and Marcus M. Marks. This committee is to take up threatened trouble between capitalists and workmen, with a view to settling them.

## BIG PIER IS BURNED.

Docks of Phoenix Steamship Line Destroyed by Fire at Hoboken, N. J.—Loss About \$1,000,000.

New York, March 19.—A swift and, in many of its details, a picturesque fire, Tuesday night destroyed the pier of the Phoenix steamship line on the Hoboken (N. J.) river front, with many bales of cotton and hay; burned that company's vessel, the Britain Queen, to a hulk, consumed several lighters and their cargoes, damaged a dock belonging to the Barber steamship line, and for a time threatened the property of the Holland-American line and the huge Campbell stores. The loss, according to estimates, will approximate \$1,000,000. Whether any lives were lost was most difficult to learn.

Lived Almost a Century. New York, March 22.—Mrs. Ella Hawdon, who would have passed the century mark had she lived until next spring, is dead at her home in Brooklyn. Mrs. Hawdon served as an army nurse during the civil war, and was personally acquainted with Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and other leaders. She was at the battle of the Wilderness, at Shiloh and before Vicksburg during the siege.

Place for Ex-Presidents. New York, March 22.—In a letter addressed to John Bigelow, published in the Tribune, Charles Francis Adams, of Boston, indorses at length the recently discussed proposition for a constitutional amendment to utilize the services of ex-presidents of the United States, by making them senators-at-large for life.

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# SAVERS OF LIFE DROWNED

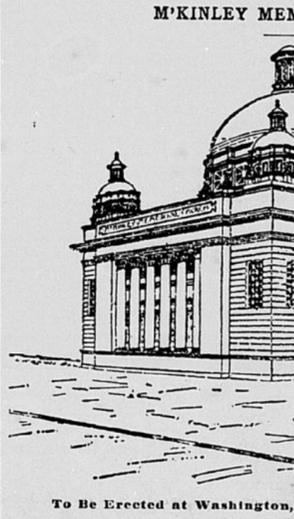
Seven Coast Guardsmen and Five Other Men Lose Their Lives on South End of Cape Cod.

## LIFE-BOAT CAPSIZED BY THE IGY SEA.

Effort to Rescue Imperiled Sailors Near Chatham, Mass., Ends in Disaster—Only One Member of the Life Station Survives—Captain Went Down with His Men.

Chatham, Mass., March 18.—Seven life savers, practically the entire crew of the Monomy station on the south end of Cape Cod, met death Monday at their post of duty and with them into the sea which capsized the lifeboat went five men from the stranded barge Wadena, whom they tried to bring in safety to the shore. One man, Lemuel Ellis, through the heroic work of Capt. Elmer Mayo, of another stranded barge, the John C. Fitzpatrick, was rescued from the bottom of the upturned lifeboat. Among those lost was William H. Mack, of Cleveland, O., who was on the barge, representing his company, the Boutelle Towing and Transportation company, of that city, while Capt. Marshall N. Eldredge, one of the oldest life savers on the coast, went down with his men. All the life savers came from Chatham and Harwich.

Scene of the Disaster. The scene of the accident was in the well known tide rips off Monomy point, which take down from Chatham into Nantucket sound. Last Thursday the barges Wadena and



To Be Erected at Washington, D. C., by Rev. George Buckler.

John C. Fitzpatrick, on the way to Boston with cargoes of coal, stranded on the Shovelful shoal, about three-quarters of a mile off Monomy point. Since then every effort has been made to float the barges and all day Saturday and Sunday men from Vineyard Haven were at work throwing coal overboard from both of them. Sunday night the tug Peter C. Smith, which has been lying beside the barges, ran alongside the Wadena and told those on board that a storm was coming on. All the wreckers were taken on board the tug with the exception of the five men who met their fate Monday.

Noted Jurist Dies. New York, March 21.—Noah Davis, formerly a justice of the supreme court of this state, died at his home here, aged 84 years. Judge Davis was a member of congress in 1869. In 1873 he was elected to the supreme court and sat on the bench until 1887, most of the time as presiding justice. During that time he presided at some of the most noted trials ever held in New York. Among them were the two trials of Tweed and the trial of E. S. Stokes, charged with the murder of James Fiske.

Great Gathering of Pythians. Chicago, March 21.—Sixteen thousand Knights of Pythias witnessed the third degree worked by competitive teams at the Coliseum jubilee celebration of the order. Gov. La Follette, of Wisconsin, and State Senator White, of Indiana, were among the candidates. There were knights present from Florida, Texas, Utah, the two Dakotas, Wisconsin, New York, Virginia, and all the middle states.

Cleveland's Birthday. Princeton, N. J., March 19.—Former President Grover Cleveland, who is now the only living ex-president of the United States, was 65 years old Tuesday. Mr. Cleveland spent the whole day at his comfortable home on Bayard Lane with his wife and children.

Sensational Discovery. Richmond, Va., March 22.—After living half a century in the guise of a man, more than half of which was spent with a wife, George Greene, aged 75 years, a well-known citizen of Ettrick, Va., died and proved to be a woman.

To Name Boat Alice Roosevelt. Wilhelmshaven, Prussia, March 21.—Emperor William has directed that a former torpedo boat, now used as a guardship here, shall be renamed "Alice Roosevelt."

Hanged. Raymond, Miss., March 21.—George Gordon (colored) was hanged here Thursday for the murder of his wife.

# SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

Provisions of the Measure Passed by the Senate to Aid Mail Service and Common Defense.

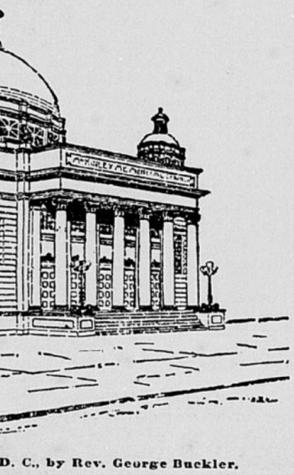
Washington, March 18.—The following is a summary of the ship subsidy bill passed by the senate:

The title of the bill passed by the senate is "To provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and the common defense; to promote commerce, and to encourage deep sea fisheries." Section 1 of the measure as passed deals with ocean mail steamships and their subsidies. The postal subsidy act of 1891 is so amended as to direct the postmaster general to enter into contracts for not less than five nor more than 15 years with American citizens for the carrying of mails on American steamships to such foreign points as will best promote the postal, commercial and maritime interests of the United States; the mail service on such lines to be equitably distributed among the Atlantic, Mexican and Pacific ports and the contracts to be made with the lowest responsible bidder.

The vessels employed in the mail service shall be American-built and owned and operated by American citizens. During the first two years one-fourth of the crew must be American citizens; during the next three years one-third must be American citizens, and during the remaining life of the contract at least one-half must be American citizens. The ships must be screw steamships of iron or steel, and divided into the following classes, according to speed: First class, 20 knots or over; second class, 19 knots; third class, 18 knots; fourth class, 17 knots; fifth class, 16 knots; sixth class, 15 knots; seventh class, 14 knots. All steamships of the first four classes shall be constructed with particular reference to prompt conversion into auxiliary naval cruisers and shall be of the highest quality known to maritime commerce. Mail steamships are required to carry as apprentices one American-born boy for each 1,000 tons gross register. He shall be educated in seamanship and engineering and rank as a petty officer.

Section 2 of the bill provides for the general subsidy to be paid. It directs the secretary of the treasury to pay to the owners of any vessel in the United States duly registered and engaged in the foreign trade of the United States a compensation amounting to one cent per gross registered ton for each 100 nautical miles sailed, not exceeding 18 entries in any one year; and on each entry, not exceeding 18 in any one

## M'KINLEY MEMORIAL CHURCH.



To Be Erected at Washington, D. C., by Rev. George Buckler.

year, for a period of five years from the date of registration of a vessel of 1,000 gross tons, which shall be completed after the passage of this bill, and of one cent per gross ton for each 100 nautical miles sailed, in addition to the above-mentioned compensation. The bill specifies certain vessels which shall not receive compensation, and certain vessels among which being engaged in the coastwise trade exclusively. Each subsidized vessel is required to carry as a member of its company one American boy for each 1,000 gross tons, who shall be taught seamanship and engineering. The owners of the vessel must agree before receiving compensation that the ship in emergency may be used by the United States for the national defense or for any purpose, at a fair valuation for this service.

Section 3 of the bill directs the secretary of the treasury to pay to the owner of a documented vessel engaged in deep sea fishing for at least three months in any one year two dollars per gross ton per annum, provided that at least one-third of the crew shall be citizens of the United States; that any person who shall threaten to kill or injure any member of the crew of such vessel shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000, and that any person who shall threaten to kill or injure any member of the crew of such vessel shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000, and that any person who shall threaten to kill or injure any member of the crew of such vessel shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000.

Murder and Suicide. Minneapolis, Minn., March 21.—A Times special from Hibbing, Minn., says: John Bianchi, of Eveleth, shot and killed his wife Mary at Hibbing Thursday and then turned the gun on himself and died immediately. His wife left her home in Eveleth a week ago during the absence of her husband and came here with another man, who is now missing. The couple leaves a boy of 12 and a girl of eight years. There were several witnesses to the tragedy.

Passed Away. Milwaukee, March 19.—Daniel Wells, Jr., the pioneer lumberman of Wisconsin, died of old age at the age of 88 years. He was known as the richest man in Wisconsin, and the oldest resident of Milwaukee.

Turkey Refuses to Pay. Constantinople, March 20.—The Turkish government makes a flat refusal to repay the United States the \$72,500 given to the brigands as a ransom for Miss Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka.

Business Failures. New York, March 22.—There were 209 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended yesterday, against 232 the week previous and 224 the corresponding week of last year.

Called Him a Liar. London, March 21.—John Dillon, Irish nationalist, was suspended in the house of commons Thursday for calling the colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, a "damned liar."

# PASS THE ANARCHY BILL

Senate Approves of the Plan to Protect the President and Other United States Officials.

## DEATH FOR ASSASSIN IS THE PENALTY.

The War Tax Repeal Measure Also Finds Favor in the Senate—House Passes the River and Harbor Bill—Naval Committee Shelves Schley Bills—Other Business.

Washington, March 17.—The ship subsidy bill was further discussed in the senate on Saturday. A bill appropriating \$150,000 to establish a marine hospital at Savannah, Ga., was passed; also a bill providing for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at South Omaha, Neb.

Washington, March 18.—After prolonged debate the senate yesterday passed the ship subsidy bill, the final vote being 42 to 31. Six republicans voted against the measure. The calendar was cleared of public bills for the first time on record.

Washington, March 19.—For three hours yesterday the senate had under consideration the bill providing for the protection of the president of the United States and for the punishment by United States courts of those who commit assaults on him.

Washington, March 20.—During most of the session of the senate yesterday the bill providing for the protection of the president of the United States was under consideration. Senator Bacon introduced a bill for the deportation and exclusion of alien anarchists. In executive session the nomination of Capt. A. S. Crowninshield to be a rear admiral was confirmed.

Washington, March 21.—Throughout the session of the senate yesterday the bill providing for the protection of the president of the United States was under discussion. The report of the finance committee on the bill repealing the war revenue act was presented.

Washington, March 22.—The senate yesterday passed the war revenue bill, also the bill to protect the president, by a vote of 2 to 15. A summary of the measure is as follows:

The bill provides that any person within the United States who shall wilfully and maliciously kill the president or any officer on whom the duties of president may devolve, or any sovereign of a foreign country, or shall attempt to kill any of the persons named, shall suffer death; that any person who shall aid, abet, advise or counsel the killing of any of the persons named, or shall conspire to accomplish their death, shall be imprisoned not exceeding 20 years; that any person who shall threaten to kill or advise or counsel another to kill the president, or any official on whom the duties of president may devolve, shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten years; that any person who shall wilfully aid in the escape of any person guilty of any of the offenses mentioned shall be deemed an accomplice and shall be punished as a principal. The secretary of war is directed to detail from the regular army a guard of officers and men to protect the president, "without any unnecessary display," and the secretary is authorized to make regulations as to the dress, arms and equipment of such guard.

House. Washington, March 17.—The house devoted Saturday to private pension bills, passing 229 bills and clearing the calendar. This is the largest number of pension bills ever passed by the house at one session.

Washington, March 18.—The house yesterday began consideration of the river and harbor bill. Mr. Otley (Va.) introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000,000 as a "good road fund" to improve the highways of the country.

Washington, March 19.—The house yesterday further discussed the river and harbor bill, and the general immigration bill, which excludes from admission to the United States anarchists or persons who believe in or advocate the overthrow by force or violence of all governments or forms of law or the assassination of public officials, was favorably reported.

Washington, March 20.—In the house yesterday fair progress was made with the river and harbor bill, and after the close of the general debate 27 of the 116 pages of the bill were disposed of. A bill was introduced providing for a 20 per cent. reciprocity agreement with Cuba.

Washington, March 21.—In the house yesterday bills were introduced to provide a safer and easier method of sending money by mail and to increase the postal revenues, and to levy a tax of ten cents a pound on renovated butter. The military appropriation bill (\$99,905,940) was reported, and the river and harbor bill was further considered.

Washington, March 22.—The river and harbor bill was passed in the house yesterday and a bill was introduced authorizing the postmaster general to make contract for pneumatic tube mail service in cities. The naval committee adopted a resolution indefinitely postponing further consideration of the Schley bills and resolutions.

Clump Released. Grand Rapids, Mich., March 21.—William Klump, arrested and held in custody on suspicion of complicity in the murder of his wife, who died from poison taken in a headache powder at Lowell two weeks ago, was released Thursday, no case having been made against him.

Death of Unique Character. Baraboo, Wis., March 22.—B. I. Durward, the well-known poet and painter and one of the most unique characters in Wisconsin, died Friday afternoon of general debility, aged 85 years.

Miners in Convention. Shamokin, Pa., March 19.—Hard coal miners met here yesterday to endeavor to compel employers to recognize their unions.

# THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

For the Week Ending March 22. John Henry Peavy, a negro, was hanged at Vienna, Ga., for the murder of Jesse Ford.

Achilles I., known as king of Patagonia, died in Paris, leaving his throne to an unknown.

The state institution for the deaf and dumb at Jackson, Miss., has been destroyed by fire.

A new life-saving crew at Chatham, Mass., rescued eight men from a ship in distress.

A London paper predicts civil war in Ireland as a result of the United Irish league agitation.

W. J. Bryan celebrated his forty-second birthday by moving to his farm near Lincoln, Neb.

The senate Philippine committee has decided upon a distinct coinage system for the islands.

A jury declared Stewart Fife not guilty of the murder of Banker Richardson at St. Joseph, Mo.

The special session of the Colorado legislature adjourned after the passage of the revenue bill.

Republicans of the Ninth Indiana district have renominated Charles B. Landis for congress.

Andrew Cranegie has given libraries to Waukesha, Baraboo and Monroe, Wis., and Paris, Ill.

James Hatfield, of the famous Kentucky family of feudists, was killed in a fight at North Bend, O.

The Virginia constitutional convention has practically agreed upon a plan to disfranchise negroes.

Thomas E. Burns, an old-time famous ball player, died suddenly of heart disease at Jersey City, N. J.

The civil tribunal at Paris has approved the cession of the Panama canal property to the United States.

The Missouri supreme court rendered a decision upholding the right of labor men to enforce the boycott.

George Carter (colored) was hanged at Moundsville, W. Va., for the murder of Virginia Whittier, also colored.

Gen. Otis finished his testimony before the senate Philippine committee, telling of the duplicity of Aguinaldo.

Four negroes were killed and one fatally beaten by white men at Madrid Bend, Ky., for stealing chickens.

Santos-Dumont will visit St. Louis to select a fair site for a balloon shed in connection with the airship contests.

John Woodward, the negro murderer of Leonard Calverton, a white planter, was lynched by a mob at Vidalia, La.

Andrew Carnegie announced a gift of \$20,000 for libraries in 42 cities and towns. Denver with \$200,000 heads the list.

The barge Hamilton was wrecked off Newport News and Capt. Shoemaker and his crew of four men were drowned.

Jerome Magee, of the University of Chicago track team, went 11 feet 5 inches in a pole vault, breaking the indoor record.

Gen. MacArthur has been assigned to the command of the Department of the Lakes and Gen. Funston has been sent to Denver.

Henry Wright, a negro, who attempted to assault a white girl at San Marcos, Tex., has been given 99 years in the penitentiary.

German manufacturers may be excluded from the United States in retaliation for the exclusion of American meats by Germany.

The English branch of the American tobacco trust offered to give British consumers its net profits and \$1,000,000 bonus for four years.

The one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the evacuation of Boston by the British was celebrated by the unveiling of a monument.

Complaint has been made before the civil service commission that there is a systematic exclusion of women from the government service.

Prince Adalbert, third son of Emperor William of Germany, is to visit the United States in April as a cadet aboard the training ship Christian.

Five hundred German, Austrian and Russian emigrants, disappointed with conditions in the United States, have returned to their former homes.

The British budget demand exceeds the nation's income by \$5,000,000. The deficiency, it is thought, will have to be made up by new taxation.

Stanislas La Croix, who murdered his wife and an old man named Thomps, who was endeavoring to protect her, was hanged at Hull, Quebec.

The weekly trade review notes numerous evidences of recovery. Improvements in markets, with vigorous domestic demand and gain in foreign business.

The Harriman interests are said to have secured control of the Rock Island railroad through purchase of the Moore and the Leeds and Reid holdings.

The situation on the Isthmus of Panama again becomes serious. The government has established censorship over diplomatic and consular cable messages. The United States may be involved.

Edwin Farley, elevator man at the Astor house, New York, has confessed setting recent fires in that hotel. Officials have already connected him with over a score of fires and believe it is a pyromania.

Suits to enforce payment of rebates have been begun in Chicago by the interstate commerce commission against the Lake Shore, Pan-Handle, Fort Wayne, Michigan Central, Illinois Central and Northwestern roads.

The shooting in Chicago of Joseph Hopkins by Dan Kipley, nephew of the former chief of police, disclosed the fact that the wounded man, a supposed church member of Palos Park, Ill., was a bank robber and a paroled convict.

## THE MARKETS.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes New York, March 22. LIVE STOCK—Steers, Hogs, Sheep, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes FLOUR—Wheat, Rye, etc. WHEAT—May, July, etc.

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Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes CATTLE—Native Steers, etc. HOGS—Packer's, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes SHEEP—Natives, etc. CATTLE—Native Steers, etc.

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