

### Here's the Go-Cart You Ought to Get



### FULTON Folding Go-Cart THE WORLD'S STANDARD

and you will always be pleased. It is the strongest, lightest weight, most comfortable and convenient go-cart on the market. Our patented coil-spring attachment and rubber tired wheels absorb all jar. The Felties in the only go-cart in which baby can recline in a perfectly comfortable position.

For Sale By **John Fastje** Denison, Iowa

### 60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications should be addressed to the Editor of Scientific American, 375 Broadway, New York.

### Kodol For Indigestion.

Relieves sour stomach, precipitation of the heart. Digests what you eat.

### BUSINESS DIRECTORY. PHYSICIANS:

R. P. PLIMPTON HOMEOPATHIST PHYSICIAN. OFFICE IN RESIDENCE, BROADWAY. H. A. BOYLE, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. OFFICE AT RESIDENCE. LOCAL SURGEON, I. C. R. R. WRIGHT & COON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Telephone. 274. 10th St. No. 94. Across the street from McKim Hall.

L. L. BOND, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. LOCAL SURGEON, C. & N. W. R. R. OFFICES IN LAUB BLOCK. O. W. CARR, P. J. BRANNON, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS. OFFICE IN GULICK BLOCK. IOWA PHONE NO. 7. C. C. PHONE NO. 88. J. J. MEEHAN, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. OFFICE AT KNAUL'S DRUG STORE. D. D. PHONE: OFFICE 249. RES. 248.

DENTISTS: J. C. ROBINSON, D. D. S. OFFICE OVER THE DENISON DRUG CO. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO BRIDGE AND PLATE WORK. E. F. PHILBROOK, D. D. S. WEDNESDAYS IN DUNLAP. OFFICES IN THE LAUB BLOCK. R. O. MCCONNAUGHY, D. D. S. OFFICE IN WARBASSE BLOCK. PHONE 859. MONDAYS IN DOW CITY.

ATTORNEYS: L. M. SHAW, J. SIMS, C. F. KUEHNLE, SHAW, SIMS & KUEHNLE, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS. OFFICE WITH THE BANK OF DENISON. J. H. WALKER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTIONS. OFFICE OVER POSTOFFICE. P. W. HARDING, W. E. KAHLER, HARDING & KAHLER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. OFFICE IN THE LAUB BLOCK. J. P. CONNER, P. E. C. LALLY, CONNER & LALLY. OFFICES OVER CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK. FARM LOANS A SPECIALTY. CHARLES TABOR, OFFICE OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Tell Us About It. This paper can give all the local news only as our friends lend us their co-operation. If anyone visits you, if you contemplate leaving town, if you see or hear or do anything out of the ordinary day's routine, tell us about it, that we may tell the public.

### THE CHILDREN LIKE IT KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

April of each year, elect a competent physician as Health Officer, whose term of office shall be one year, unless sooner removed by said Board or the acts of a body having superior jurisdiction. In the event of such removal, or if a vacancy occur from other causes, the Board shall immediately proceed to fill such vacancy. To be qualified for election as Health Officer, the person selected must be the legal holder of a certificate regularly issued by the State Board of Medical Examiners of this state, authorizing him to practice medicine in the State of Iowa, and said certificate must be recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the county wherein he resides. The physician selected as Health Officer shall be the most competent person available for this position. The salary of the Health Officer shall be determined by the Local Board of Health, and should be an amount sufficient to compensate him for the time and ability required to properly discharge the duties of his office.

Duties of the Health Officer. Rule 28. The Health Officer shall be the sanitary adviser of the Local Board of Health, and in addition thereto shall personally inspect the schools and all public buildings and public utilities within the jurisdiction of the Local Board. He shall require the owners, managers, or superintendents of all such institutions to conduct and maintain the same in a proper sanitary condition, and order persons affected with any transmissible disease or ailment excluded from the schools and other places used by the general public. All orders for the release of quarantine in incorporated cities or towns, must have the approval of the Health Officer before such orders are valid. In cases of sickness where no physician is in attendance, the Health Officer shall investigate as to the character of such sickness, and report to the Mayor or Township Clerk, and in like circumstances, when the sickness is caused by an infectious disease, determine the fact of recovery. He shall also attend and represent his Local Board at the sanitary conferences called by the State Board of Health, his actual expenses therefor being allowed and paid by the Local Board of Health so represented.

Revocation of Physician's Certificate. Rule 29. If any Physician or Osteopath fail or neglect to conform to quarantine regulations, or to promptly report cases of infectious disease to which he has been called professionally, to the Mayor or Township Clerk, that official shall make affidavit setting forth the facts and the names of witnesses thereto, and file same with the Secretary of the State Board of Health, whereupon the offender shall be cited to appear before the State Board of Medical Examiners and show cause why his certificate should not be suspended or revoked. Adopted August 28, 1907.

### CHAPTER II. Disinfection.

Rule 1. Definition: The term "disinfection" has reference to the destruction of disease-producing bacteria. The agents used for such are called "disinfectants" or "germicides." An "Antiseptic" is an agent which prevents the development of bacteria, but does not necessarily destroy them. A "Deodorant" is a substance which has power to remove offensive odors, but is not necessarily a disinfectant. "Sterilization" is a term used to designate the destruction of germs by heat, whereas "Disinfection" refers more properly to their destruction by chemical agents. The terms "aseptic" and "sterile" have reference to a condition denoting the absence of germ life.

Diseases in Which Disinfection is Required. Rule 2. Disinfection of the premises, patient, patient's secretions, excretions and exudates, books, clothing and furniture, and everything used by the patient, shall be carried out in the following infectious diseases: Asiatic Cholera, Bubonic Plague, Epidemic Cerebrospinal Meningitis, Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup), Measles (including German Measles), Mumps, Scarlet Fever (including Scarlet Rash and Scarletina), Smallpox, Chickenpox, Tuberculosis (including Consumption), Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Puerperal Fever, Erysipelas, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, and it is strongly recommended that disinfection also be carried out in Influenza.

Preliminary Precautions. Rule 3. Before beginning disinfection, the requirements as prescribed in the following Sections shall be complied with: Sec. 1. The person employed to do the disinfecting shall wear a cap and gown so constructed as to completely cover his clothing, and shall cover his face with a piece of gauze. After all arrangements are complete, these garments shall be left on the premises and disinfected in the same manner as other infected articles. Sec. 2. All holes, cracks, and other external apertures shall be sealed by pasting over them pieces of paper, or filling them with clean, damp cotton rags. Sec. 3. All bedding and other clothing, carpets and rugs should be hung on chairs, or upon lines stretched across the room for that purpose. Books should be placed on edge, or hung upon a line in such a manner as to spread the pages. Drawers, cupboards and trunks should be opened, and while their contents need not be unnecessarily disarranged, they should be loosened in such a manner as to give free access to the disinfecting gas. Windows should be securely closed, but left unlocked, in order to admit of their being opened from the

outside after the disinfection is complete.

Sec. 4. When using Formaldehyde, no open vessel containing water should be left in the room, (except as provided in Rule 12.) Sec. 5. The temperature of the room shall in no case be below 60 degrees F. (preferably 70 degrees F. or above.) If the atmosphere is unusually dry, the amount of moisture should be increased by boiling a kettle of water in the room, or by pouring boiling water from one vessel to another for five or ten minutes before beginning the disinfection. Sec. 6. A large wash tub should be placed near the center of the room, conveniently situated so as to be seen through one of the windows. In this should be placed a tin or iron pail about 12 to 16 inches deep. (It is advisable to cover the outside of the pail with asbestos paper, leaving the top open.)

Materials To Be Used for Disinfection. Rule 4. For every 1,000 cubic feet of space to be disinfected, the following materials and quantities shall be used: 40 per cent Solution of Formaldehyde, 20 ounces. Permanganate of Potash (Fine Crystals) 8 1/2 ounces.

These quantities are to be used to disinfect premises following cases of: Asiatic Cholera, Bubonic Plague, Cerebrospinal Meningitis, Diphtheria (Membranous Croup), Scarlet Fever (Scarlet Rash and Scarletina), Smallpox, Chickenpox, Tuberculosis (Consumption), Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Erysipelas, and Puerperal Fever. In cases of Measles (German Measles), Mumps, Whooping Cough and Pneumonia, only half the above quantities are required.

Mode of Operation. Rule 5. Section 1. When the room or house to be disinfected has been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of Rule 3, the proper quantity of Permanganate of Potash, as prescribed in Rule 4, should be placed in the pail. The solution of 40 per cent Formaldehyde should be placed in a tin dipper or other vessel convenient for pouring rapidly. The operator, when everything is in readiness, should pour the Formaldehyde upon the crystals of Permanganate of Potash contained in the pail, and immediately leave the room, closing the door and stopping all cracks in the manner indicated in Rule 3. This operation should be performed quickly, as the gas generates very rapidly. The door should be locked in order to prevent accidents, and the room, or building, as the case may be, kept closed for at least eight hours. At the expiration of this time, the windows should be opened from the outside, and in the space of 15 or 20 minutes, the door may be opened, allowing the air to blow through the room. If the odor remaining is very strong, a little ammonia water sprinkled upon the floor will soon neutralize the Formaldehyde and hasten the disappearance of the odor. Sec. 2. After the fumigation, as prescribed in this Rule, has been completed, all bedding, clothing, etc., that will not be harmed by boiling, should be boiled for at least half an hour. When possible, mattresses, rugs and heavy curtains should be sterilized by steam under pressure at 120 degrees C. for 30 minutes. Where this is not possible, these articles should be taken out of doors and thoroughly aired and exposed to the rays of the sun for an hour or so. Note in disinfecting, it is necessary to see that the shoes worn or used by the operator and all persons upon the premises are properly disinfected, as these articles are frequently overlooked and become the conveyors of infectious diseases. They may be readily disinfected by using Standard Solutions 1 and 2.

Articles To Be Destroyed. Rule 6. Under the method prescribed in Rule 5, it is unnecessary to destroy any articles of value. Papers, rags, cheap books, and other articles of little or no value, should be burned. In cases of Scarlet Fever, Smallpox and Diphtheria, in addition to the requirements of Rule 5, all woodwork, and if possible, the walls, should be washed with a liquid disinfectant, such as a solution of Bichloride of Mercury, one part of Bichloride of Mercury to 1,000 parts of water. Where the wall paper is loose or disintegrated, it should be removed and burned.

Disinfection of Persons Who Have Been Affected with or Exposed to Infectious or Contagious Diseases. Rule 7. Before release from quarantine, all persons who have been affected with or exposed to an infectious or contagious disease, shall be subjected to the following requirements: They shall be removed to a room that has been disinfected according to Rule 5. The entire body, including the hair, shall be washed with a solution of Bichloride of Mercury, one part Bichloride of Mercury to 3,000 parts of water (See Standard Solution No. 4) or a 2 1/2 per cent solution of Carbolic Acid (See Standard Disinfectant No. 2.) They shall then be subjected to a full bath with plenty of soap and hot water, after which they shall be provided with clothing that has been properly disinfected, or that has not previously been upon the infected premises.

Disinfection of the Dead. Rule 8. The remains of all persons who died from infectious or contagious diseases should be thoroughly disinfected with a disinfecting embalming fluid. External orifices must be securely closed with absorbent cotton and the entire body, including the hair, thoroughly cleansed with a reliable disinfectant, such as Standard Solution No. 3. In cases where it is impracticable to prepare a dead body as indicated in this rule, the body must be wrapped in a sheet or cloth saturated with Standard Solution No. 3, before being placed in the casket. The preparation of bodies as prescribed in this rule must in all cases be done by a licensed embalmer. Disinfection of Vehicles. Rule 9. Section 1. All cabs, boats, hearses and other vehicles used in the removal of a patient or the body of a person affected with, or who has died from any contagious or infectious disease, shall be disinfected in the manner defined in Section 2 of this Rule. Sec. 2. Remove all cushions, curtains and other accessories and place them in a small room or tight cupboard, and disinfect them in accordance with the requirements prescribed in Rule 5. If the vehicle can be closed up, it should be fumigated in the same manner as prescribed in Rule 5. If this is impracticable, it should be washed inside and out with a solution of Bichloride of Mercury, one part to 1,000 parts of water. Pet Animals. Rule 10. All cats and dogs and other pet animals kept upon the premises infected with any contagious or infectious disease, shall be thoroughly washed with soap in a tub of hot water containing 5 per cent solution of Carbolic Acid. Additional Requirements. Rule 11. When it is necessary to disinfect any premises and the presence of bed bugs or other vermin is suspected, Sulphur must be used in addition to Formaldehyde. The following is the most convenient and effective manner of using the same: Place in the room a wash boiler containing about 6 to 8 inches of boiling water. Place a brick in the center of the water and upon this a sulphur candle. Light the candle, and be sure that it is burning well, before starting the Formaldehyde fumigation. If possible the water in the wash boiler should be kept boiling by means of a stove or gas lamp.

Notes. Sunshine is Nature's best disinfectant, and should be utilized as much as possible. Let it enter the sick room freely. Many of the so-called disinfectants that have been placed upon the market are absolutely worthless and should be avoided. Local Boards of Health should buy their Formaldehyde and Permanganate of Potash from reliable firms. If these articles are purchased in sufficiently large quantities the wholesale price can be obtained. Disinfection should always be done under the direction of the Local Board of Health, and at public expense, and under the personal supervision of the Health Officer. The person employed to do the disinfecting should be one specially trained to understand the various methods to be used, and the precautions to be observed, and should be held personally responsible to the Local Board of Health.

STANDARD DISINFECTANTS. (All should be plainly labeled "POISON.") Solution No. 1. Carbolic Acid, 5 per cent Carbolic Acid, one-half pint; water, five quarts. May be used for sputum cups, washing furniture, metal surfaces, various secretions, excretions and exudates. Caution—This should not be used for the face or on delicate skins. Solution No. 2. Carbolic Acid, 2 1/2 per cent solution. Mix one part of Sol. No. 1 with one part of water. May be used for washing hands, face or entire body. Solution No. 3. Bichloride of Mercury Solution, 1 to 1000. Prepare by dissolving 1 drachm (60 grains) of Corrosive Sublimat in one gallon of soft boiled water. (The ordinary solution of Bichloride of Mercury deteriorates in a very short time.) A convenient way of using Bichloride is by the use of specially prepared tablets which may be purchased at any drug store, or to have on hand a stock solution which will not deteriorate. This may be prepared as follows: Bichloride of Mercury, 330 1/2 grams; Citric Acid, 156 grams; water, 20 liters or 5 gallons; A little coloring material. M. Sig: One ounce of this solution mixed with one pint of water makes a preparation of 1-1000. Prepare in glass, earthen or wooden vessels, (not in metal vessels); it must not be used for disinfecting metal surfaces. Use for disinfecting hands, clothing, woodwork, discharges, etc. Good for sprinkling floors of offices and public buildings before sweeping. Solution No. 4. Bichloride of Mercury, 1-3000. Mix one part of Sol. No. 3 with two parts of water. May be used for bathing entire body. Solution No. 5. Chloride of Lime. Dissolve six ounces of fresh Chloride of Lime (best quality) in one gallon of water. Especially useful for faces, urine and sputum.

The above rules and regulations of the State Board of Health were adopted at a special meeting of the Board of Health of the city of Denison, Iowa, held on May 4th, 1908. W. C. ROLLINS, Mayor. ALFRED WRIGHT, Clerk.

Mr. John Riha of Vining, Ia., says, "I have been selling DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills for about a year and they give better satisfaction than any pill I ever sold." Sold by Lamborn Drug Co.

Moderate Price Calumet Baking Powder. \$1,000.00 will be given for any substance injurious to health found in Calumet.

### RICKETTS ITEMS.

Herman Schillerberg and wife visited Wm. Nemitz and wife Sunday. Thos. Munster has rented his house to Bob Bradshaw, and Andy Rohr, our new painter and paper hanger is making some improvements on it before Mr. Bradshaw takes possession. Thos. will stay at the hotel and his daughter Anna, will make her future home with Mrs. J. C. Jacobsen.

John Stoltzenberg Sr. died at Council Bluffs early Saturday morning of old age. He was born at Orlom Germany 87 years ago. He has two sons living, John near Ricketts and one in Germany. His wife died 55 years ago. The remains were laid to rest in the Lutheran cemetery at Council Bluffs Monday.

I. N. Vollerson and wife, Thos. Munster and C. H. Hoefer attended the Concordia dance at Charter Oak Saturday evening. H. Tobka D. F. Nemitz, Fred Wulf and Aug. Kuhlman drove out five miles west of town Sunday and spent the day fishing.

The Charter Oak and Schleswig "Kid" teams played ball here Sunday. The game resulted 18 to 7 in favor of the Oak. Prof. C. Wenot left Monday for Indiana to attend a teacher's convention.

P. C. Peterson moved his family into the house recently vacated by Aug. Rickett. He will remove the partitions from his own building and turn it into a opera house. Fred Wulf was compelled to give up his position at the Munster saloon on account of illness.

Pete Clausen was visiting friends at Soldier from Saturday until Monday. Mesdames Jeshke and Kreymburg were calling on friends at Schleswig between trains Wednesday. Jul. Neilson was shaking hands with numerous friends here Tuesday. He has resigned his position at Atkinson, Nebr., and is undecided as to what he will do at present but is thinking of locating around here.

A number of our boys and girls attended the Uncle Tom's Cabin play at Schleswig Wednesday. Otto Paul and Henry Harthun of Denison were here Friday collecting for the Zietung and Democrat. Minnie Petersen went to Schleswig Monday to work in the Wieland hotel.

Mrs. Dan Nemitz and her mother, Mrs. Ackelbein were over Sunday visitors with relatives near Berne. Herman Tobka resigned his position with the Nye Schneider Co., here Monday. He began work for them in February and during his short stay

### OLD GOLDEN COFFEE

is the best illustration of the effect of proper blending, scientific roasting, and the value of the air-tight, moisture-proof, flavor-retaining package. Every pound of OLD GOLDEN coffee is uniform in quality—fresh as when first roasted, aromatic, richly mellow, appetizing and sustaining. Ask your grocer for a pound in the air-tight package, and prove its goodness to your own satisfaction. 25c a pound at dealers. TONE BROS., DES MOINES, IOWA.



M. L. McELWAIN Veterinary Surgeon WITH PERMIT Headquarters at the Thew Livery Barn, Main St Denison, Iowa Will treat all disease in the Veterinary line. Calls attended to day or night. Cure guaranteed in cases of fistula, ring bone, poll evil and bone spavin. C. C. phone, res 333

Lawn Mowers, Window Screens, Screen Wire and Garden Tools, Rape Seed, White Clover and Bluegrass. Gasoline and Best Kerosine Delivered Promptly. Phone 62 J. G. WYGANT.

GRAND ARMY MEETING. John A. Logan Post G. A. R. meets 2nd and 4th Saturdays in each month at 2 o'clock p. m. in McHenry Hall. THEO. WALKER, Com. John L. Richardson, Adjt.

in our town has made a host of friends who are glad to hear that Mr. Tobka intend to remain here and work with Andy Rofh. C. T. Marshall and wife visited their daughter, Mrs. J. C. Jacobsen Friday evening. Mrs. Smith of Ute was a guest of her daughter, Mrs. C. Lyons Friday.

When your food seems to nauseate take Kodol. Take Kodol now and until you know you are right again. There isn't any doubt about what it will do and you will find the truth of this statement verified after you have used Kodol for a few weeks. It is sold by Lamborn Drug Co.

ORDINANCE NO. 212. An Ordinance Re-Establishing and Fixing Certain Grades On East Broadway, in the City of Denison, Iowa. Be It Ordained by the City Council of the City of Denison, Iowa, that the following below named grades on East Broadway be re-established and fixed, as follows: Broadway.

- Midway between Hodges and Arnold streets, south side, 91.00
- Midway between Hodges and Arnold streets, north side, 91.00
- Southwest corner of Arnold street, 93.89
- Southeast corner of Arnold street, 93.86
- Northwest corner of Arnold street, 95.85
- Northeast corner of Arnold street, 95.85
- 100 feet east of Arnold street, north side, 94.25
- 100 feet east of Arnold street, south side, 94.85
- 200 feet east of Arnold street, north side, 89.75
- 200 feet east of Arnold street, south side, 93.93
- Southwest corner of Seagrave avenue, 89.25
- Southeast corner of Seagrave avenue, 84.25
- Northeast corner of Seagrave avenue, 79.25
- Northwest corner of Seagrave avenue, 84.25

CUT FLOWERS. On almost every occasion Cut-Flowers are appropriate. They carry felicitations to a bride, congratulations to a graduate, sympathy and love to the bereaved. The one feature which distinguishes the correct thing from the commonplace is the quality of the flowers. Fresh and Altogether Lovely are our cut-flowers at all times. Our supply of Roses, Carnations, Violets and all other beautiful things of their kind, is full and complete. Brides' Bouquets, Wedding Decorations and Funeral Designs are specialties with us, and we give to everything the needed "touch" and quality which makes all our work just right.

Place your order for Memorial Day early. Bedding Plants now in stock. Bartcher Bros., Denison