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DES MOINES IOW
Aldrich chas curator
Historical dept

THE DENISON REVIEW

THE PAPER YOU TAKE HOME

PUBLIC SALE SECTION

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CAMP DODGE A CLEAN CAMP

Camp Dodge One of Places Where It Is Proven That the Destruction of Morality Is Not Necessary.

THE CAMP STARTED RIGHT

Eight English Officers and Enlisted Men Direct From Battle Front Now Stationed at Camp Dodge.

DIVISION HEADQUARTERS, Camp Dodge, Nov. 27—It has been the fear of many a mother's heart when her son marched away that he would meet a more loathesome enemy before he reached the battle front.

She has heard how the moral fiber of the soldier is destroyed by the social vices she has been told go with the uniform. She has heard that association with women beyond the pale, barred by society in civil life, is tolerated and condoned by commanders; that it is looked upon as a necessary evil the moment red blooded youth dons the khaki. It is permitted, and winked at, she has been told, because it induces contentment. And contentment of the soldier is so vital to victory.

It is not hard for her to picture a military camp with women of the underworld living in shacks nearby, camp followers for the soldier's pay. It requires no conjuring for her to see her son breaking his own leash, and, when the war is over, come to her, unclean.

There have been times and soldiers' camps that justify such fears, to the disgrace of the men who command them. But the black flag has not flown from the flag staff of all camps.

Camp Dodge is one of the places where it is proven that the destruction of morality is not necessary in the making of a soldier.

The 23,000 men who have come into it since the day it opened are cleaner now than the day they arrived. The little red chart at the hospitals proves it.

There has been as high as 100 cases of venerel diseases in Camp Dodge under treatment at the hospital at one time. That's one man out of every 230. Today, there are less than one out of a thousand. The hundred cases were brought by the men from the civil life. The eighty have been cured. Thus, instead of proving a menace, the army has been the salvation of the young manhood of the eighty-eighth division. Instead of spreading the plague, the life of the soldier under General Plummer has reduced it. And what other cantonment can point to such cleanliness?

"We can do it," said General Plummer, "and it will be done." It has been.

It is all in getting off the right foot. Down on the border last year the Iowa troops were stationed in the same district with several regiments of regulars. When there were two or three cases of venereal disease in an Iowa regiment, there were two or three scores in one regiment of regulars, according to the information of Iowa commanders. The Iowa officers looked after the welfare of the men. And the guardsmen came back to the Hawkeye state with less disease than they took to the banks of the Rio Grande.

On the other hand, soldiers have been barred from the city of Seattle because it has its redlight district that beckons to the men in uniform. Removal of soldiers from Ft. Snelling has been threatened because women brazenly seek out soldiers on the streets, ignoring civilians.

Camp Dodge started right because officers drove out all the women and waged relentless warfare against bootleggers. The two go hand in hand. Not having tasted of the life, the soldiers did not seek. And now it is largely out of their minds.

Further proof is found in the report of Col. James P. Harbeson, commanding military police. It shows that since the opening of camp up to the present week, only twenty-nine soldiers have been arrested for intoxication. That is one drunk every third day from 23,000 men.

Not a single women has been arrested near the cantonment. Only five have been arrested in disorderly houses in Des Moines when soldiers were present—just five in the two months of the camp. And the military police who are on the job in large numbers in the city, have been in at the catch.

Only sixteen bootleggers have been arrested for selling to soldiers in the two months, while fifty have been captured selling to civilians.

Bootleggers fight shy of sales to soldiers because the federal authorities have brought out and are using the federal statutes that permits a fine of not to exceed $10,000 and a sentence of not to exceed two years in jail.

And it's all because the vices did not get a foothold, because public sentiment was against them and now because the soldier himself, settled down to war training as a serious business, is either against them or does not have time to sow the seed that will develop a desire for them.

The girls of Des Moines have shown their confidence in the boys of Dodge. There are hundreds of them members of girls' volunteer aid companies, organized for the purpose of entertaining the soldier boys.

Dancing, of course, is the favorite entertainment. Mothers began to object because the doors were thrown open and the soldiery issued a general invitation to come. Parents feared for the safety of their daughters, many of whom were young. Others entertained no terror for the soldiers. The two factions had a meeting to thresh it out. When it was over it was announced that the Girls' Volunteer Aid would continue to give dances for the soldiers.

So much for the moral condition at Camp Dodge.

Tommy is with us. Eight English officers and enlisted men direct from the battle front where General Haig's men hurled back the Teutons from the river Scarpe to St. Quentin, have arrived to join the French officers in instructing the men of the Eighty-eighth. They are a healthy, lot, none of them showing wounds, but all veterans of the west front fighting. And they are under strict orders not to give interviews. They are: Capt. F. V. Blackwell; Lieuts. J. H. Brightman and G. L. Parnell; Sergt. Majs. R. J. Hinsley, and R. J. Mizen; Sergt. W. H. Robinson; Privates W. Blaber and A. W. Zale.

To date, 815 men have been discharged from military service after reaching Camp Dodge. The majority were for physical defects. However, the divisions numbers were not decreased accordingly. For every man discharged the local exemption boards had to send another to take his place.

Many soldiers have found themselves in a muckle. They were so zealous in subscribing for Liberty bonds that they didn't leave enough money to pay the premium on the insurance they took out with the government. Therefore the government has ordered them to give up enough of their Liberty bonds to take care of the insurance.

Grenade training will start soon. Officers are already clearing a place. The art of throwing the deadly missiles will first be taught officers with the use of dummy grenades. Later the real article will be used.

The innovation started at Camp Dodge by Des Moines women is spreading to other cantonments. A hundred Des Moines women have volunteered to become foster mothers of the soldiers, each to have one company of soldiers. It is now popular for companies to "entertain mother" at mess. She is supposed to darn and knit and comfort the men in their homesickness and "blues".

Five regiments of Dodge soldiers passed in review before Governors Burnquist of Minnesota and Harding of Iowa on the former's visit to the cantonment. They were the 337th and 339th field artillery, the 350th, 351st and 352d infantry. Soldiers later grouped around the executives, cheered their denunciation of the world's enemy.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

State of Iowa, Executive Department.

In this autumn time, when our hearts turn in gratitude to Divine Providence, through this divine agency our ears are attuned to catch the deeper notes hidden in the world conflict that is now being waged; our visions are illumined to see the opportunity to be helpful everywhere; our steps are hurried to perform errands of mercy; our hearts are made tender and filled with compassion for those who suffer; our spiritual insight is quickened that we may sense the holy passions of the hour, and our courage is steeled so that we will falter not, but fight manfully and humanely.

Therefore, deeply conscious of the inspiration and blessings vouchsafed to us, we acknowledge the guiding hand of Him who doeth all things well, and in this spirit of deep reverence, and in perpetuation of a beautiful custom which carries added significance this year, I, W. L. Harding, governor of Iowa, do hereby designate and set apart, Thursday, Nov. 29, 1917, to be observed as a day of thanksgiving, and urge that the people assemble on that date in services of praise and gratitude to the Diety.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state, at Des Moines, this 16th day of November, 1917.

(seal) W. L. HARDING,
By the Governor: Governor.
W. S. Allen, Secretary of State.

IOWA PRESS COMMENT.

The Charles City Press says a patriotic congressman should have the courage to defy pro-German sentiment. "We want no statesmen tinctured with German propaganda influence in these times when 100 per cent patriotism is demanded," the Press continues. "Every candidate should stand upon a simon pure American platform."

The Des Moines Capital observes that as yet no movement has been inaugurated against Mr. Haugen, the Fourth district representative, whose unpatriotic record, the Capital asserts, is as bad as that of Mr. Sweet. "We do not hesitate to declare," the Capital continues, "that the time has come when we should put none but patriots on guard. Everywhere republicans should nominate patriots and give the voters a chance to decide."

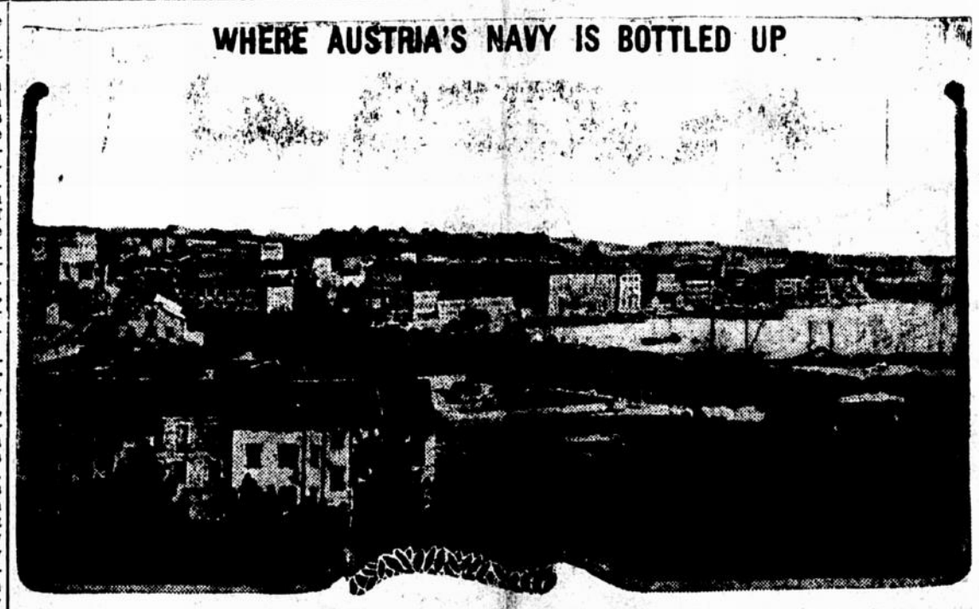
The Marshalltown Times-Republican observes that the drive on congressmen who are permitting their salaries to be exempted from taxation seems to be unchecked; that it is away past the political Plave and going strong.

"Nowadays a man doesn't need to go far in the search for trouble," says the Des Moines Register. "He can annex it by merely getting a few disloyal comments out of his system."

The Dubuque Telegraph-Herald believes that physical punishment is the most effective method of dealing with the I. W. W., far more salutary than jail sentence. "Let the communities which are infested with I. W. W.," the Telegraph-Herald continues, "adopt physical punishment and it will not be long before the I. W. W. will give those communities a wide berth."

The Cedar Rapids Gazette admits that it is the habit of the people of Iowa to oversubscribe in every respect except as to newspapers.

WHERE AUSTRIA'S NAVY IS BOTTLED UP



Bombarded by the combined Anglo-Italian naval forces operating in the Adriatic and the Gulf of Trieste, Austria's navy is in imminent danger of destruction. It is bottled up in the great naval base of Pola, part of which is shown in this photograph.

VAIL YOUNG COUPLE WEDDED

Miss Florence Gibbons Becomes the Bride of George Servoss at St. Ann's Church Wednesday

BREAKFAST AT BRIDE'S HOME

After Wedding Trip to Omaha Young Couple Will Be at Home at Vail —Other Vail Items.

Miss Florence Gibbons and George Servoss were united in marriage at St. Ann's church Wednesday morning at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. James Murphy performed the ceremony and celebrated a nuptial mass. Miss Florence Costello acted as bridesmaid and J. T. Harrington as best man. After the ceremony the bridal party drove to the home of the bride's parents, where a wedding breakfast was served. The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Austin Gibbons and the groom is the son of Mrs. A. Servoss, of Denison. These young people need no introduction as they have lived here all their lives and enjoy the honor and respect of all who know them. They left on the afternoon train for a wedding trip to Omaha, after which they will be at home to their many friends.

Dick Kinney, of Denison, was a pleasant caller here Monday.

Mrs. Dave O'Reilly and son, Jack, are down from Denison visiting relatives.

Mrs. G. L. Dieter returned home from St. Catherine's hospital Wednesday. She is much improved.

Mrs. Annie Monday was a Denison caller Wednesday.

Mr. Holley, of Carroll, was a business visitor in Vail the last of the week.

Mrs. Jim Dugan and niece, Mary Kennedy, were passengers to Omaha Saturday.

Mrs. Louis Etzel and Miss Mame Etzel spent Friday in Denison.

John Lynch and wife, of Bloomington, are visiting here at the Leonard Dieter home before they go to Florida to spend the winter.

Delos Maak spent the first of the week in Omaha.

Bert McAndrews and daughter, Ann, were in Omaha Tuesday on business.

C. McCormick was in Denison Tuesday.

Mary Slagel was a passenger to Omaha Tuesday.

Misses Margaret Dalton and Loretta Ritter were callers in the county seat Saturday.

Frank Starek and two grandchildren, May and Clementine Clark, of Missouri Valley, visited over Sunday here.

Loretta Harrington returned to Omaha Saturday after an extended visit here with her folks.

Mrs. Wm. Hill and children were greatly surprised Monday evening on their removal to town when a number of their friends gathered at their home. Refreshments were served, and at a late hour the guests departed declaring Mrs. Hill a royal entertainer.

Mesdames Ed and Leonard Dieter visited Saturday in Denison.

Matthew Doherty and Leo Carey visited in Vail Saturday evening.

Miss Julia Fansky, of Pierre, Neb., is the guest of Miss Violet Tempest.

Albert Waldee and B. Christensen, of Denison, spent Sunday afternoon in Vail.

Born to Joe Karr and wife, Wednesday, November 21st, a son.

Miss Mary Brown visited at her home in Carroll over Sunday.

Jim Brogan went to Chicago Sunday on business.

Mrs. Andrew Hickey, of Manilla, visited Sunday at the Thos. Powers home.

The Red Cross sewers spent a very pleasant afternoon last week at the home of Mrs. N. Jensen.

Born to Geo. VanFleet and wife, a son, Monday, November 19th.

Rev. Father Harty was a passenger to Manilla Wednesday.

At the election of officers of the O. E. S. last Friday evening they presented the retiring matron, Miss Beulah White, with a handsome cut glass dish as an appreciation of her work while an officer.

Blanche Siechta attended the teachers' meeting in Denison Saturday.

Work has commenced on the wiring of houses for electric lights.

Misses Margaret Regan, Clara Graby and Miss Newbrand attended the study center in Denison Saturday.

Jas. Hickey and family autoed to Manning Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

Mearl Servoss, of Denison, visited here Saturday with relatives.

A number from here attended the K. C. dance in Carroll Monday evening.

Misses Madeline and Catherine Costello visited in Carroll Monday.

Arthur King, of Denison, was here Tuesday on business.

Misses Margaret and Nell Hickey were passengers to Sioux City last Wednesday.

Dr. Pinto, of Omaha, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Mrs. J. M. Glynn and Miss Clare Molseed were callers in Denison on Tuesday.

Walt O'Connor, of Carroll, visited friends here Sunday.

Lloyd Wier, of Boone, called on friends here Sunday.

Art Adams visited here from Omaha the last of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Servoss returned Friday from their wedding trip.

C. H. Macke was in Carroll Monday on business.

A. Rohwer was here from Denison Monday.

Mrs. George Bruning and baby, of Arcadia, visited here last week at the parental, Joe Kral, home.

Sister M. Angela visited in Denison Sunday.

Friends here were greatly grieved and shocked on hearing of the sudden death of C. F. Minter. He had gone out to work as usual and not returning, the family began a search and found him dead. Mr. Minter was born in Germany sixty-seven years ago. The funeral was held at the house Wednesday afternoon and interment made in the Vail cemetery.

Robert Hunt and Robert Rule, of Dow City, visited friends here Sunday evening.

ALL WANT TO BE LOYAL NOW.

Cedar Rapids Republican: Congressmen now do not have to be admonished to be for their own government. That requirement is now both understood and recognized. A few failed to either understand or recognize it at first but must not be assumed therefrom that they did not intend to be Americans. When these questions were new it puzzled many who had large foreign populations in their districts just how to get out of their dilemma. They wabbled without intending to be against their own country. They put in a few words, here and there, that might be a comfort to those who were believed to be more something else than Americans. We can make some allowances, of course. Politics is a game. But this happens to be a time when no man may dare play it as a game. Politics is something that is not wanted at all at the present time. Things are too serious to be trifled with. And it is still true, as we have hope it always will be true, that a man can always afford to bet on his country. Loyalty to one's country is not something for which one ever will be called upon to apologize. When in doubt shout for your country, do it every time.

The local fuel commission has requested the Review to announce that Ira Gillmor, who owns a farm southwest of town, and George Buchanan, living five miles northeast, will allow anyone to cut wood and clear the land and may retain the wood for fuel. Possibly there are other farmers in the county who might be willing to make the same proposition and help to relieve the present shortage of fuel. On many farms in this county there is enough wood rotting in the groves and around the buildings to keep the home fires burning all winter without the use of coal.

American idea of winning independence from tyranny: "Stand bp your altars and your fires." Russian idea of same: "Talk by your altars and your fires."

TEACHERS ATTEND STUDY CENTER

One Hundred and Twenty-Five Teachers in Denison on Saturday Last. Attend the Study Center Held

THREE STATE TEACHERS HERE

Next Meeting Will Be Held January 26th—List of Those Teachers Attending the Meeting.

In the neighborhood of 125 teachers attended the study center held Saturday at the central school building and those present report it a most profitable meeting. The next study center will not be held until after the holidays, that being on January 26th.

Three teachers from the State Teachers college at Cedar Falls furnished the lectures at the Saturday study center, Prof. L. Bengeman, Prof. H. L. Eells and Prof. R. D. Dougherty.

Prof. Begeman talked on science and told the teachers how this subject might be taught to their pupils so it could be understood by all. His lectures were both interesting and helpful.

Prof. Eells spoke on agriculture, recitations and the responsibility of a high school teacher as a community leader. Prof. Eells is a forceful speaker and all enjoyed his lectures.

Prof. Dougherty gave the teachers some valuable pointers on the teaching of arithmetic. He talked on household accounting and farm accounting.

Below we print the names of the teachers who were in attendance at the meeting:

S. E. Elliott, Himena Hofman, Faye Chamberlin, Lillian Miller, Madge Edwards, Harriett Hall, Myrtle McAhren, Alice James, Mabel Kelly, Edna Raine, Elizabeth Cook, Anna M. Karr, Lillian Olson, Marion Johnson, W. L. Tupper, J. B. Deisenroth, Clara Grobee, Edward Waters, Irene Newbrand, C. C. Rundall, Marie Joel, Cora Hanenstein, Anna Smethurst, Caroline McCracken, Jessie Pease, Adah Van Slyke, Caroline Shirk, Muriel Barton, Ferne Kingery, Hilda Turnlund, Mabel Cole, W. H. Kuhn, Iva Mason, Ethelyn Greenwood, Geraldine Perion, Martha Hird, Nora Stephenson, Henry Williams, Ellen Murphy, Loretta Murphy, Henrietta Murphy, Hilda M. Christensen, Mary Hallstein, Marie Perry, Grace Olsen, Bessie Lutts, Alta Howe, Nellie Caulfield, Golda Watke, Agnes Owens, Ellen Collins, Viola Houlihan, Kate Cavanaugh, Irene Welch, Lillian Bhaer, Mae Collins, Mary Giss, Stella Staller, Ruth Tucker, Bessie Lyon, Hazel Leise, Katie Madden, Adalene Driscoll, Melvina Driscoll, Blanche Siecta, Vera Boock, Myrtle McMahon, Katie Hayes, Marie Dougherty, Hester Lingle, Emma Ogren, Mary Hall, Ruth Leise, Edith Clauson, Winnie G. Browne, Lucy Kane, Stella Hickey, Irma Beutel, Birdie Metcalf, Blanche Murchland, Grace Murchland, Elizabeth McGinn, Ruth Hayes, Sarah Trexel, Marie Neiwoehner, Alfreda McCollough, Eunice Dobson, Myrtle Leitner, Nelle Collins, Jessie Winans, Laura Hallstein, Agnes McGrath, Clara Blume, Bertha Greenwood, Emogene Welch, Anna Mae Bell, Flo French, Sam Gratke, W. W. Stanfield, Verne Stocking, Anna Sollinger, Jenna Strahan, Mabel Cole, Effie Norris, Delia Paulson, Mary Fangmann, Catherine Gaffey, Maria Lemberg, Irene O'Brien, Amy Olson, Caroline Ransom, Lizzie Aylward, Theo. Blume, Gertrude Blackman, Ila Blackman.

"Iowa is fortunate in having such a man as Kenyon, because there are too few of that kind," says the Sheldon Mail. "This paper has every confidence in Senator Kenyon."

The Atlantic News-Telegraph says the allies are winning because they have the guns and ammunition and the trained men to handle them. It asserts that hysteria, nor loyalty alone, nor poems and stories, nor motion pictures of a patriotic nature will win the war. "Nothing will win the war," the News-Telegraph continues, "except that we supply the things to fight with, the men to use them and the ships to carry them over."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, November 12—
Fred Lenz to C. L. Voss—E½ NW¼ and NE¼ sec. 6 Boyer Twp. Con. $30,000
Sarah E. Flint to Lizzie Loughran—Lot 3 and E 40 ft. lot 4, block 30, Manilla. Con... 5,500
Herman Steensen and wife to Edward Steensen—W½ NW¼ and NW¼ SW¼ of sec. 28, Goodrich Twp. Con. 9,000
Peter C. Hollander and wife to German Evangelical Lutheran Emanuel Church—Lot 1, block 28, Schleswig. Con. 3,500

Tuesday, November 13—
John R. Griffin and wife to Hattie A. Poitevin—SW¼ SE¼ sec. 8, Union Twp., except com. at SE corner thence N 17 ft., thence SW 37 ft., thence E 33 ft. to beginning. Con... 6,000
J. P. Barber and wife to Ralph T. Gleiser—Lot 4, block 35, Manilla. Con. 250

Thursday, November 15—
John Cook and wife to S. T. Mc Cullough—SW¼ sec. 18, Hayes Coullough: SW¼ sec. 1, Hayes Twp. Con. 33,160

Friday, November 16—
Francis Woods, widower, to F. L. North—Lot 2 subdivfl lots 13 and 14, block 5, Vail. Con. 700

Monday, November 19—
Mae Fisher to Ollie and Edna Fisher—Und. ¼ lot 10, block 134, Denison. Con. .....$ 875

Tuesday, November 20—
Clark Winans and wife to Nels Taylor—NW¼ NW¼ of sec. 12 and all N½ NE¼ of sec. 11 lying east of valley wagon road, Stockholm Twp. Con... 17700

Wednesday, November 21—
William Noxsel to Minnie Noxsel—Lot 3, block 6, Charter Oak. Con. 1

Thursday, November 22—
Johannes Lorenzen and wife to Julius Braase—Lot 7, block 39, Schleswig. Con. 400

Friday, November 23—
Sam Hulsebus and wife to Henry J. Hulsebus—Lot 5, block 5, Buck Grove. Con. 2000
Sam Hulsebus and wife to Henry J. Hulsebus—Und. ½ W. 75 ft. lots 7 and 8, and west 82 ft. lot 9, block 5, Buck Grove. Con. 1750
George W. Stephens, widower, to Andrew C. Lorenzen—Lot 2, block 80, Denison. Con. ... 1300

Saturday, November 24—
Charles F. Cassaday and wife, Leon M. Cassaday and wife to John Rohwer—Lot 3, subdiv. lot 9 of subdiv. block 3, First subdiv. race Park, Denison. Con. 840
Albert Johnson, unmarried, to Fred Quade—Lot 3, block 16, Kiron. Con. 6100
Margaretha Boettger and husband to John Finnern—S. 50 ft. lots 1, 2, 3, block 122, Denison. Con. 3100
Fred Quade and wife to Albert Johnson—Lots 10, 11, and 12, block 172, Denison and lot 2 of subdivfl of NW¼ of sec. 14 and the SW¼ SW¼ sec. 11, Denison Twp. Con. 2300

GUY RIDDLE WRITES

Denison Soldier Located at Ft. Sill, Okla., Tells of the Surroundings at Training Camp.

Fort Sill, Okla., Nov. 8, 1917.

Dear Folks:

I arrived here all O. K. after a 48 hours trip. This is some country, mostly rock and I do not think any of it could be farmed. The soil is red and hard and the water has an oily taste.

This camp has about the same amount of men as Camp Dodge but the buildings are much better, they are made of rock. We sleep in a tent at night, and sometimes it gets quite chilly but the days are hot, and I do not think I will need any winter clothing.

The towns looked nice as we came through them, but nothing looks as good as Iowa. We are all together so do not get lonesome and there are nine of us in each tent. Some of the boys are on detail work but I haven't been assigned to any job as yet, but think I will drive an ambulance.

The country is very level and there are only a few hills but when you come to one it is straight up and down. The hills in Iowa are nothing to them. I saw a fellow picking corn, he had a six inch box with nine ears of corn and little mules hitched to the wagon about the size of jack rabbits.

There is an aviation corps here and we often see five and six aeroplanes in the air at once, but you don't hear any noise from them. We have real good food here, and nice white dishes to eat from. I am having a good time, only I realize that I am a long way from home. My address now is:

Private Guy Riddle,
Base Hospital,
Camp Donihan,
Fort Sill, Okla.

"In a few days the British will be in Jerusalem," says the Waterloo Courier. "What an event to stir the imagination and touch the hearts of christians throughout the world!"

"A real patriot doesn't expect to make money in war time," says the Waterloo Times-Tribune. "All he desires is that he be able to keep his head above water."

At an I. W. W. gathering in Sioux City near beer was served and the Marshalltown Times-Republican sees in the incident the finish of that organization. "The relation staggers the imagination," the Times-Republican continues. "Who could be a genuine I. W. W. on near beer Who'd want to be? The suggestion is an insult to I. W. W. appetite and intelligence."

GUY WHALEY'S FINE POSITION

Former Crawford County Boy Tendered Superintendency of San Diego, Cali., Schools—$4,000 Salary.

IS AN HONOR WELL DESERVED

Has Been Superintendent of Vallejo, Cali., Schools Past Four Years —Attracted Much Attention.

Residents of Dow City and vicinity will be interested to learn that Mr. Guy V. Whaley, at one time a citizen at that place, accepted a position as superintendent of the schools at San Diego, Cali., at a salary of $4,000.00 per annum. Since Jan. 1, 1913, Mr. Whaley has been superintendent of the schools at Vallejo, Cali., but on Tuesday of last week tendered his resignation to the school board, to take effect next July. His contract at Vallejo will not expire until July 1, 1920, but the board has accepted his resignation to permit him to go to San Diego.

San Diego's offer to Mr. Whaley came following recommendations from the department of education of the University of California and Stanford university, he having graduated from both of these institutions with high honors. He holds a degree of bachelor of Arts at Stanford university of California. He is also a member of the Phi Delta Kappa fraternity, which is the national educational honorary fraternity, being voted this honor by the educational department of Stanford university. It was following the recommendation of the Stanford department of education that Mr. Whaley was selected to officiate as superintendent of the schools at Vallejo.

The Vallejo Times in speaking of the promotion of Mr. Whaley has the following to say, which will be of interest to his old friends in this community:

The Vallejo school department is indeed unfortunate in losing the services of a most competent official who has worked long and faithfully for the betterment of the department of education. Since entering the office of superintendent, Whaley has [illegible] the course of study and reorganized the administration in general.

Among the many new studies introduced were manual training in all of the eight grades of the [illegible] grammar school departments, the establishment of a kindergarten class, and organizing sewing and cooking classes in the fifth, sixth, [illegible] and eighth grades. The seventh and the eighth grades have also been departmentized and an intermediate school has been established. Music and physical education have been introduced in all classes of the grammar schools.

Wood working has been introduced in the sixth, seventh and eighth grades and drawing placed in the departmental work of the school. New courses of study in French, Spanish and physical education have been introduced in the high school and the entire course of study rewritten. Graduation requirements of the high school have also been made to conform with the requirements of the University of California.

Besides these many improvements in the school proper, the manner of keeping books and records of the board of education has been systematized and otherwise made to conform with the most up to date systems used throughout the state.

Last spring when the legislative committee of the city and county superintendents were conferring with the state board of education, Whaley presented the board with his plan of purchasing and distributing school supplies. At that time this specific plan was in competition with the Contra Costa and Los Angeles county plans, but it was adopted by the state body and ordered published and distributed throughout the state.

In going to San Diego to take up the duties of superintendent of schools, Mr. Whaley goes into a city claiming a population of 80,000 people and recognized as having one of the best public school systems in the United States. It is especially well known in educational circles for its fine high school department and a junior college. He will have in his trust the care of the entire twenty-seven schools beginning with the kindergarten classes and including the junior college, in which are employed three hundred and seventy-five teachers.

Superintendent Whaley has for the five years that he has been here in his official capacity stood immovable against outside influences and has administered at all times impartially for the good of the local school department. San Diego's board of education is indeed fortunate in securing the services of a man as capable as Mr. Whaley. Strict attention to the business details of his chosen profession and courteous to those with whom he comes in contact with daily, either in a business or social way, he has made a host of friends who, while they will regret to learn of his plans for the future, will congratulate him on his good fortune. Vallejo's board of education will find it a hard matter to fill the vacancy caused through his resignation.

In the report of the Liberty loan subscriptions in the county in the list of the districts reported a mistake was made as to the amount that Kiron reported from that district. The report showed $9350.00 as the total subscription, when the facts show the true amount is $59350.00. We are pleased to make this correction because Kiron made a good record and is entitled to have credit for the subscriptions made.