



FOR PRESIDENT, HORACE GREELEY, of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, B. GRATZ BROWN, of Missouri.

MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The Montana Legislature does not assemble till the first Monday in December, 1873, nearly 18 months from the 5th of August, 1872, when an election was held for members of the House of Representatives and a portion of the Council.

Unless Congress intervenes it is clear that there will be no meeting of the Legislature till December 1873. The Governor is opposed to a meeting under present circumstances, and will not call it together unless the occasion is really an "extraordinary" one.

It will be remembered that for the last thirty years at least, Congress has voted twenty thousand dollars annually for pay of members of the Legislature, etc., in the several Territories.

liberal gentlemen, will put the required sum in their bill. Congress will not hesitate a moment to pass such a just and proper measure.

Thirty thousand dollars for the Legislature would secure a per diem compensation for each member of the Legislature of eight dollars in currency.

This leaves the sum of ten thousand dollars to pay rent of halls, printing, stationery, fuel, fireman and pages, an amount more than enough if properly used, to cover all expenses of every character.

Now, the above suggestions have been made because we know they can be accomplished by the Delegates in Congress, and we feel confident if our representative, Col. Clagett, will immediately on his arrival, call a meeting of Delegates, they will heartily support this measure.

ABANDONED.

Advices from the Yellowstone bring us the unenviable intelligence that the North Pacific Railroad surveying party which left here a few weeks since to complete the survey of the Yellowstone country have been compelled to abandon their task for this season for a lack of sufficient force to protect them during its prosecution.

It is a matter of deep regret that this work could not be successfully consummated this season, as it will probably be the cause of several months delay in the establishment and construction of the railroad to this point, and will retard to a serious extent the settlement and development of the rich valleys in that section of country.

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N. P. RAILROAD.

The Editor of the Montanian, in a recent article on Railroads, says he is in receipt of information from the States "which confirms his opinion that the Northern Pacific Railroad will not be completed in our settlements from the East sooner than four years hence; probably not for five or six years."

The energy and resources of those having in charge the construction of this road guarantee that no such apathy will be exhibited in the completion of this important enterprise as predicted by our cotemporary.

We agree with the Montanian in the necessity of a branch road connecting with the Union and Central Pacific roads, giving us direct rail-road communication with California and the Pacific coast, and laying the question of the completion of the Northern Pacific a little aside, which has no bearing directly on this enterprise, we hope to see the people of Montana take hold of it.

WHAT THE WIVES SAY.

Manton Marble ridicules the report of his declining health.

Chas. O'Connor considers office-seeking one of the evils of the day and will not go into the business.

Gen. Dix has forwarded his letter of acceptance to the chairman of the Republican Convention.

The schooner Emily Graham has been wrecked on Prince Edward's Island and nine lives lost.

John Strathman, of New York, beat a lighted kerosene lamp over his wife's head on Friday, burning her fatally. The fiend has been arrested.

Heavy frosts have killed the corn at Plymouth, Mo., and the farmers are cutting it for fodder.

One hundred buildings, including every dry-goods store in the place, have been destroyed by fire at Mishawaka, Ind. The losses foot up \$300,000.

The Housatonic, Eng., powder mills exploded on Friday morning, killing four men.

Rinderpest is killing off the cattle in Yorkshire, Eng. Precautions have been taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

The Brooklyn Committee of Seventy is being revived with the intention of nominating a non-political ticket.

Henry Gaskes, a prominent citizen of Hillsboro, Mo., was found murdered in his bed on Monday morning, with his head split with an axe. His wife has been arrested on suspicion.

Mario, the world-renowned tenor, has arrived at New York and was received with great enthusiasm.

Julius I. Strong, member of Congress, died suddenly at Hartford, Ct., on Friday.

A fire at Suernatz, Switzerland, destroyed one hundred and twenty houses, besides a large number of out-houses and stables, on the 6th inst.

A grand dinner and fete takes place this evening at Geneva in honor of the Geneva arbitrators.

The Loudon money market is unsettled in consequence of the uncertainty of the amount of damages awarded to the U. S. by the Geneva tribunal.

The Cuban privateer, Pioneer, has been condemned to be sold by auction.

It is rumored that Nellie Grant is to marry Davergior de Haunanne, author of a work on the Institutions of the United States.

The Democrats of the 21 Philadelphia district have nominated E. Jay Maris for Congress. He had previously received the nomination from the Liberals.

The little daughter of Gen. Albert Viele, was kidnapped by four ruffians at Lake Mahopac, on Thursday, and hurried away. The affair remains a mystery.

A World's special from Geneva says the Tribunal has made awards for losses by the Alabama, Florida and Shenandoah, and for the expenses of the United States in prosecuting them. The award is said to be \$15,000,000.

AN INSANE MAN ATTEMPTS TO SHOOT HIS NEIGHBOR.

Me is Arrested, Tried, and Locked up in Jail.

For several years past—since 1865—a crazy man named John Edgerton has resided on a ranch in the Prichy Pear valley, about ten miles from this city.

On Monday night a number of burglars were committed at Athens, Alabama, and on Wednesday night there was a similar occurrence at Florence. Two burglars have been captured to day with the stolen property, taken to Florence, and hanged in the public square.

Circumstances render it improbable that the exact number of lives lost by the Metis disaster will ever be ascertained. Thirty bodies have been recovered, and between fifteen and eighteen persons are missing.

London advices show that the striking mania is prevailing all over England. The chairmakers of Wyeom, the coalmen of Lowestoft, the cotton weavers of Southbury, the stone masons of Preston, the bakers of Dublin, the engineers of Birkenhead, the china and earthenware manufacturers of Staffordshire, are all on a strike.

LOSS OF THE PACIFIC M. S. CO.'S STEAMER BIENVILLE.

Over Forty Lives Lost.

Horrible Suffering of the Survivors.

Mr. Lawler, of Albany, gives an interesting account of the burning of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Bienville. After detailing the breaking out of the fire and the attempts made to subdue it, he says:

"At 7 o'clock Captain Maury ordered the life-boats to be launched; they were seven in number and ought to have been capable of carrying all the passengers; the number placed in them varied from 10 to 32; the latter number was far too great, and some of the boats were unseaworthy; the sea terrified the passengers, and with no land in sight they saw death staring them in the face; the first boat launched contained 20 persons and was swamped at the ship's stern; after much trouble, however, all the passengers in the boat were saved. I should observe, that the placing of ten persons in some of the boats caused an undue proportion to be thrown into the sea, and in this way life was unnecessarily sacrificed. The sun was blazing hot, so that our suffering was terrible; after we had left the ship about ten minutes, the second mate, Geo. Geoff, approached in another boat and told us, when he got aboard, that we must take four more persons in our boat, in which there were already 27; three climbed in, and simultaneous with the fourth going in the boat capsized and we were all thrown into the sea; there were 27 males and four ladies; incredible as it may seem the mate hauled toward his ship and made no effort whatever to save us, not even the ladies; the mate's boat took on other passengers at the Eleuthera island at the time we capsized we were sixty miles from the nearest land; ten of our boat's had been drowned when we capsized; I don't know their names; a lady was among the number; have no hesitation in saying that the responsibility rests on the one whose heartless, inhuman conduct in forcing four additional persons into our already sinking boat, under the threat, 'get in or I'll throw you in' and by that we were precipitated into the water and ten of our number drowned. Words cannot express the excruciating sufferings, as the sun was intensely hot, weeping as best we could, to the groaning of the boat for several hours, with a heavy sea washing over us, with a tropical sun pouring down upon our uncovered heads, with not a drop of water for 42 hours, and there being but one woman to be divided among 25, after clinging to the boat all these long hours a broken boat drifted towards us. This was our only hope. Having no oars and no means by which to right our own boat, we could not have lasted but a few moments longer. One or two who had sufficient strength managed to crawl into the broken boat, and with their hands began bailing out our own boat. We all had our life-preservers, otherwise none of us could have survived. In fact, now our sufferings were intense; with wet clothing, the great heat of the sun, and the pangs of hunger, we despaired of being saved, heavy seas continually breaking over us and adding to our misery."

About two o'clock the steamer exploded with a tremendous report and immediately sank, heaving everything on board with her. Nothing that we saw saved. I have never to witness experience such suffering as attended us after this; but cheered on by our sailor here, all, even the ladies, bore up with fortitude and resignation. When night came we took to the water, and being and kept before the wind with our strangely contrived sail. The waves ran thirty or forty feet high and we believed, although we could see no land, that they were breaking over our heads that night, endeavoring to find a safe landing place. About three o'clock a. m., we landed at Cat Island, San Salvador. It so happened that we landed in a calm, although a few days later we reached the latter place on a very rough sea. We found the island perfectly barren, and for a long time we believed it to be uninhabited. Our feelings, when we found no human hands to relieve our distress, and with neither food nor water, no means can describe. Several parties started out to explore the island and shortly before daylight found several thatched huts. Upon closer examination we discovered quite a colony of colored people, who are engaged in the preparation of fruit for the New York market. They lost no time in relieving our distress, administering to our wants in every possible way. First, they gave us, in our famished state, very little rum, then, after they started their fires they gave us some rum, and about an hour later we were given chicken and other substantial food, with coffee and tea, and our hunger having been satisfied, the ladies were given six shirts, and hats, coats and shoes were distributed among the men. Stewart, the resident U. S. Consul at the island, was soon informed of our arrival, and at once did all in his power to relieve us. We all then sought rest, remaining here under the care of the kind-hearted natives during the day, and on the evening of the 18th Stewart provided a safe boat to convey us to Nassau. We reached the latter place about midnight the next day, when we found that Capt. Maury, with two other boats, had already arrived. We remained there two weeks. The people did all they could to make us comfortable, and raised a subscription of \$100 for our benefit, as we were entirely destitute."

Advices from Capetown, South Africa, to Aug. 6th say the Russian squadron, bearing the Grand Duke Alexis, sailed for China July 29th. Discoveries of valuable diamonds continue. Crime and disorder in the mining communities are on the increase. In the absence of a Governor from the post, Lynch law prevails. A large number of persons—mostly natives—have suffered from small-pox.

SHED'S SAW MILL,

ON TRAIL CREEK.

IS now turning out the best lumber ever brought to the Montana market. The subscriber has now at the mill sufficient lumber ready sawed to supply any demand. All orders promptly and satisfactorily filled.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

(Formerly called Rice & Stewart.)

Full Commercial Course, \$67.50.

BOOK-KEEPING, COM. ARITHMETIC, PENMANSHIP, ENGLISH GRAMMAR, BUS. CORRESPONDENCE, COMMERCIAL LAW, PREPARATORY STUDIES.

WE MAKE THE STUDENT A thorough Book-keeper. Quick and accurate in Figures. An Elegant and Rapid Penman. An Expert Speaker and Writer.

Every farmer and merchant should be his son for successful life by sending him for a few months to our institution.

Young Men Seeking Employment.

We have perfected arrangements by means of which we can guarantee a situation by special contract, to those desiring the course satisfactorily.

TO TAXPAYERS!

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the County Commissioners of Gallatin County will meet at a Board of Equalization upon the second roll of said county for the year 1873, at the office of the County Clerk in Bozeman, on Monday, September 9th, from nine o'clock a. m. till four o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purpose of examining and equalizing the said assessment as returned by the assessors of said county, at which time any and all complaints from persons feeling aggrieved by any assessment so made by the Assessor will be heard and determined by the said Board.

DOX L. BYAM, LEOTIC PHYSICIAN.

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ELLIS, DAVIS & SPERLING, New Fire-Proof Building, TWO DOORS EAST OF THE METROPOLITAN HOTEL, BOZEMAN

Desire to call the attention of their numerous friends and patrons to their entire NEW STOCK of

LADIES' OUTFITTING GOODS,

which has been recently augmented by a large assortment of Silks, Dry Goods, Poplins, Alpaca's, Laces, Etc., selected with the greatest care from the best markets in New York by our resident partner, Mr. J. Ellis.

Household Furnishing Goods,

2-ply, 3-ply and Brussels Carpets, Rugs and Mats of every description. Floor Oil Cloths, etc., of the newest designs; Table Oil Cloths, in imitation of all known woods. Our immense stock of

General Merchandise

consisting in part of Staple & Fancy Groceries, Imported and Domestic Wines, Liquors and Cigars and Tobacco, etc., is unsurpassed for quality by any other house in the Territory.

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Buck and every other other description of Gloves.

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Mining Implem'ts, Looking Glasses, Stationery,

Embroideries, Fancy Goods, Notions, Hair Goods, Jewelry, Ribbons,

and other goods too numerous to mention, which we offer CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE TERRITORY.

Attention, Settlers.

PRE-EMPTION ENTRIES MADE FOR YOU BY L. B. LYMAN, (Late Register of the Land Office), Without Cost!

NO CHARGE or payment whatever required except the Government price for the land, and one who is only required in pre-emption of Homesteads two witnesses are required—two or three going together may be witnesses for each other.

Homestead Entries, Mineral Land Entries, and all kinds of public land business clearly and correctly transacted.

Contested Land Claims advocated before the Land Office at Helena and at Washington also Soldiers' Claims for 160 acre Homesteads under the North Pacific Railroad.

Information relating to public lands, railroads and school lands, by applying to L. B. LYMAN, HELENA, MT. Office near the Land Office.

M. P. Brown, 30 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK, Importer of all kinds of Goods for Indian and Other Trade; Also MANUFACTURER OF Ear-Bobs, Wampum, Hair-Pipe, Shell-Moons, Indian Beads, Glass Beads and Buttons, BESS WIRE and CHINA, CHINESE VERNICLIION and other goods, also Dealers in fancy and cheap JEWELRY. E. P. O. Box 27.

SUMMONS. In the District Court of the First Judicial of Montana, within and for Gallatin County, Samuel J. Beck and John B. Beck, vs. Charles F. Taylor, defendant. SUMMONS.

The People of the Territory of Montana send greeting: To Charles F. Taylor, the above named defendant: You are hereby required to appear in person, or by attorney, in said District Court, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this writ of summons, within this county, or if served out of this county, within thirty days, or if served out of this county, within sixty days, after the date of this writ, under penalty of default against you for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent, per month from the date of this writ, and costs of suit.

The said action is brought to recover the above said sum alleged to be due upon a note executed by you to Lewis M. Howell and assigned to said plaintiff, and to foreclose a mortgage executed by you given under my hand and the seal of said District Court, on this 14th day of August, A. D. 1872. (SEAL) THEO. MUFFLY, Clerk. By G. H. CLANCY, Deputy Clerk. J. J. DAVIS, Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership of Martini & Spear, under the title of Galloup & Spear, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, M. L. Spear retiring. All accounts due the late firm will be collected by James H. Galloup, and all liabilities against the firm will be paid by J. H. Galloup, who will continue in business at the old stand in Gallatin City. GALLUP & SPEAR, Gallatin City, M. T., Aug. 19, 1872.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership of R. M. Howell and David J. Beck, existing under the name of Howell & Beck, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. M. Howell assumes all the indebtedness of the firm and collects all accounts and debts due the firm, given in for our hands, this 14th day of August, 1872. R. M. HOWELL, D. J. BECK, Attorneys.

Strayed Or Stolen! FROM the undersigned, one grey HARE, about eight or nine years old, branded with an M on the left hip, had only ONE EAR left, dark mane and tail; had rope mark on her left hind leg, when last seen.

Twenty Dollars Reward will be paid for her delivery to me at Bozeman, a liberal reward for any information that will lead to her recovery. W. L. PERKINS.