THE DEAD ALIVE.

In 1685, a miller at Abbeville, passing by the gallows where a robber had been suspended on the previous day, perceived some signs of life in him. Being moved with compassion, he managed, with the assistance of his servants, to take him down and convey him home in his cart. The he tended him carefully until the felon was quite restored to health, with the intention of dismissing him with a sum of money, in order that the poor wretch might be enabled to recommence life in an honest manner. Unfortunately, however, this good Samaritan delayed the execution of his design too long, and on a certain Sunday—of all days in the week—this ungrateful scoundrel left the hospitable mill with as much of the money and valuables of the owner as he could lay his hands on. Now, it so happened that the curate of Abbeville had preached an unusually short discourse, and the miller and his men came home from church in time to overtake the robber. This they did, and without wasting any more valuable time in reforming him, they took him to the gallows upon which they had found him, with many apologies for having disturbed him there in the first instance, and there they hanged him with particular care, "pulling his wicked legs," adds the chronicler, "to make sure that he should thieve no more." Nevertheless, the doers of this most atrocious deed had to flee the country until a pardon was obtained from the most Christian King.

This seems to confirm the poet's theory that in most cases dead people should remain so, keeping in mind the excellence the saying, "Let by-gones be by-gones;" nevertheless, here is a case to the contrary.

In the Church of the Apostles at Cologne there is a large picture descriptive of the restoration to life of Reichmuth Adolch, the wife of a counselor of that city, under circumstances which have been borrowed for materials to construct many fictitious stories of a similar kind. This lady was supposed to have died of the plague which devastated Cologne in 1571; but being buried with a valuable ring on her finger, the sexton of the church thought it a pity such good jewelry should be wasted, and opened the coffin on the very night of her interment. This conduct she resented by sitting up and collaring him on the instant, whereupon he fled with excusable precipitation, under the idea that he had irritated an inhabitant of the other world. Mrs. Aldolch was far from dead, and, leaving the vault, at once proceeded in her grave clothes to her own home. She was not, however, "out of the wood yet," except in the literal sense. The maid-servant, who was aroused by her ringing, declined to let her in, although she narrated the circumstances of her re-appearance, through the key-hole, in order to still her fears. The girl was either really too terrified, or preferred a situation without a female head to it, for she did not open the door, but ran to her master's room, the poor lady was [illegible] for her pains. By this time shroud, and almost wishing herself back again under cover. At length she was admitted, and by means of proper treatment so entirely recovered that "she afterwards had three sons who were clergymen."

A still more wonderful death-in-life experience is that of Francois de Civille, who, to use his own words, was "thrice dead, thrice interred and thrice, by the grace of God, restored to life." The mother of this gentleman having died in pregnancy, was buried in he husband's absence without any attempt to save her offspring; but upon the return of the good man, immediately afterward, he caused her to be disinterred, when, by means of the Cæsaran operation, a living child rewarded his pious care. This child was five-and-twenty years old and a captain in Rouen when that city was taken by Charles IX. Being dreadfully wounded, and having fallen from the rampart into the ditch, some pioneers threw him, with a dead body, into a hole, and covered him up with earth. Here he lay for seven hours, until his faithful servant came at dusk and dug him up, when, finding some sign of life, he was taken to his own home, where he lay for five days and nights insensible and speechless. The city being taken by assault, the beseigers, who required his apartment for their own use, threw him out of the window upon a dunghill; and from his couch, which seems to possess none of those disadvantageous qualities which modern science ascribes to it, he was rescued after a few days by a relative, who removed him to a place of safety, where he obtained a perfect cure. Extraordinary as this story appears, it seems to have considerable foundation; nor was Francois de Civille a Gascon, as may be supposed, but a genteman of Normandy.

An undoubtedly true experience of resuscitation is that of Margaret Dixon, of Musselburgh, who was hanged at Edinburgh for child-murder in 1728. There seemed to be great doubt of her being guilty of the offense of which she was charged, and therefore her narrow escape was as satisfactory as it was strange. At the place of execution, while owning to many sins, she avowed her total innocence of the crime in question, and her husband—who had much to forgive—implicitly believed that statement. After the body had been interred the usual time, it was delivered to her friends, who put it in a coffin and sent it in a cart to be interred in her native place. The persons in charge stopped to drink at the public house on the way, and while they were refreshing themselves Mrs. Dixon gave indication to the by-standers that she would like to take a little something, or, at all events to get out also. Most of them ran away in terror, but one had the presence of mind to bleed her, and got her put to bed, and by the following morning she was well enough to walk to her destination. By the Scottish law it seems that a person upon whom judgment has once been executed cannot suffer a second time, while the marriage of the person supposed to be executed is held to be dissolved. All that the King's Advocate could do, therefore, was to file a bill in the High Court of Justiciary against the unfortunate Sheriff for omitting to fulfill the law, which was accordingly done. The husband of the revived lady married her publicly within a few days of the resuscitation, and she was living as late as the year 1753.

In the retreat of the French army, Captain Gronow tells us that General Ornano, a Corsican, second husband of the beautiful Countess Walewska, and a distant relation of the Bonaparte family, received a severe wound from the bursting of a shell, which killed his horse and several soldiers near him. The General's aide-de-camp, on looking round, observed Ornano lying on his back, to all appearances dead, with blood flowing from his mouth. A surgeon soon arrived and declared that life was extinct. The aide-de-camp and a few soldiers commenced digging a grave, but the ground was so hard, owing to the terrible cold that prevailed, they could not make it deep enough to cover the body; and being pressed for time, they arranged the supposed corpse in decent order and covered it with snow instead of earth. After this was done, the aide-de-camp reported to the Emperor Napoleon, who was only twenty-six years of age, and the youngest officer of his rank in the army. The Emperor, who was very fond of the General, was deeply grieved, and exclaimed: "Poor fellow! he was one of my best cavalry officers!" and turning to one of his orderlies, desired him to go immediately and find out all about the wound which had caused his death. The officer, in order to satisfy himself upon this point, had the dead man taken out of the snow, and on looking on the wound, observed that the body was still warm. Furs and flannels were accordingly heaped upon the corpse, which was placed upon a shutter and taken to headquarters. After much care and perseverance he was restored to life, to the joy of the Emperor and whole army. "General Ornano," concludes Captain Gronow, "is now (1863) a Marshal of France and Governor of the Invalides, and related the above anecdote to one of my friends last summer.

The most striking of all known cases of premature interment is the following, which is related in the "Causes Celebres," and which had formed the text of many a tale, and the trellis-work of many a moving ballad. Shelley, for instance, has embalmed it in his "Genevra," and Leigh Hunt in his beautiful "Legend of Florence,"

Two tradesmen of the Rue St. Honore, in Paris, being old friends, and possessing one a son, and the other a daughter, had early determined, as their betters have often done, upon the marriage of these two young people. They looked forward to thus unite their two "establishments" with the same pride that two country gentlemen sometimes feel in joining their estates by the union of the young squire with the heiress, while they are more fortunate than fathers in-laws, since that which they have set their minds upon their offspring were equally anxious to accomplish also. Not very long, however, before the time fixed for the celebration of the nuptials, a rich banker took a fancy to the lady, and having won golden opinions from her parents, obtained her hand, all previous promises and contracts notwithstanding. They discovered that uniting the two establishments was not of such paramount importance after all, and that the carriage exercise was essential to the health of their beloved daughter. The dutiful girl obeyed their wishes without much opposition; but so far from improving her constitution, she fell into a state of morbid melancholy, which resulted in lethargy and apparent death; whereupon the banker buried her in a manner that left nothing to be desired. Now, like a virtuous young woman that she was, she had forbidden her former lover ever to present himself before her again, and to this prohibition he had bowed; but since she was buried, and given up by her husband, he thought it no harm to bribe the Sexton of the vault in which she lay to let him have one farewell look at her loved face before its beauty withered into dust; and this the more—it must be cunfessed—since once she had fallen into a prolonged trance, which gave him a scintillation of hope that she might not actually be deceased even yet. Having carried the body to his own house, and used every means of restoration he could think of, he really did succeed in bringing her back to life. The astonishment of the lady upon resuscitation was of course extreme, but we do not hear much about her sorrow; and yielding to many plausible arguments he urged in favor of his suit, she consented to accompany him to England, where they married and lived together in much content. After several years, desiring to visit his native land, feeling convinced that nobody would suspect his wife's identity, the husband returned to Paris, and within a few days the happy pair came suddenly upon the bereaved banker in the public street. If the young woman had been alone, she might perhaps have pretended to be a spirit, or hit upon some other ingenious expedient to hoodwink the widower; but seeing her arm-in-arm with her former lover, the coincidence was a little too striking to be explained away. The banker, who does not seem to have set any extraordinary value upon her while she was his own, was transported with the desire to repossess her, and laid his claim at once before a legal tribunal. The cause was argued at length on both sides. The advocate for the lover argues that, but for him, the lady would have now no existence, would have been dead, and neither the wife of the banker nor anybody else; that her first husband had divested himself of all his rights in interring her; and even that he might think himself lucky in not being indicted for homicide in consigning her to a living tomb. But although the spirit of the law might be with No. 2, the letter was against him; and seeing that the court was inclined to favor his adversary's suit, he prudently anticipated its decision by returning once more to England, where the lady and himself remained until the banker died.

In 1350, a criminal named Walter Wynkbourne was hanged at Leicester, England, and, having been taken down after the lapse of the usual period, was found to be yet alive. Some were for re-commencing the execution, but the more humane took him to the sanctuary in the Church of St. Sepulchre, in that town, until the will of the King should be known. Edward III., the then monarch, happened to be with the religious in Leicester Monastery at the very time, and an application was at once made to his clemency. The King thereupon forgave the criminal in Latin which, I hope, was translated to him without delay, in these words: "God hath given thee life, and we will give thee pardon."

BRANDY FROM WOOD.—We are sorry, indeed, to learn that a German chemist has succeeded in making a first-rate brandy out of saw-dust. We are a friend of the temperance movement, and we want it to succeed, but what chance will it have when a man can take a rip-saw and go out and get drunk with a fence rail? What is the use of a prohibitory liquor law if a man is able to make brandy smashes out of the shingles on the roof, or if he can get delirium tremens by drinking the legs of his kitchen chairs? You may shut an inebriate out of the gin-shop and keep him away from taverns, but if he can become uprorious on boiled saw-dust and dessicated window sills, any effort at reform must necessarily be a failure. It will be wise, therefore, if temperance societies will butcher the German chemist before he goes any further. His recipe ought not to be made public. He should be stuffed with distilled board-yards until he perishes with mama a potu.—*Inter-Ocean.*

A retired physician writes: "How does it happen that amid the everlasting cry against drunkenness we never hear a word against its sister evil, gluttony? I think I can assert with truth that, in a a long practice, three have died among my patients from overeating where one has died from drink. Whence comes apoplexy, paralysis, dyspepsia and a host of other diseases, but from too much and too rich food, taken under most imprudent circumstances? And yet we hear of no society formed to prevent this growing vice. A man eats until he drops down and expires with apoplexy by the roadside, when up comes the Coroner with a jury of twelve good men and true, who pronounces a verdict, 'Died from intemperance.' So he did, but what kind of intemperance was it? I have heard more than one minister in the pulpit expatiate with great vehemence against the sin of drunkenness whose very appearance was proof positive that he was preeminently guilty of gluttony."

[illegible] for the support of the [illegible] this year.

San Francisco has 15 Masonic Lodges, with a membership of 2,125.

THE contented man is never poor, the discontented never rich.

KEARNEY'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU!

The only known remedy for

Bright's Disease.

And a positive remedy for

GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEDSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY,

Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflamation or Ulceration of the

Bladder and Kidneys,

SPERMATORRHŒA,

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Diseases of Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Colculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S

Extract Buchu

Permanently Cures all Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS,

Existing in Men, Women and Children,

☞ No Matter what the Age! ☜

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined."

Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane Street, New York.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

☞ Send stamp for Pamphlets, free. ☜

CRANE & BRIGHAM,
Wholesale Agents.

—— TO THE ——

Nervous and Debilitated.

OF BOTH SEXES.

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

DR. J. B. DYOTT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs (which he has made an especial study), either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of thirty years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the GUIDE TO HEALTH. Price 10c.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y.

SETTLE UP!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned are requested to come forward immediately and settle and save costs.

H. ANNIS.

HELENA ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Custom Made

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AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

HATS,

Caps, Boots,

ETC., ETC.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given thereto.

HELENA, - - MONTANA

R. S. HALE,

No. 51 Main Street,.....HELENA, M. T.,

Dealer in

DRUGS,

Medicines, Chemicals,

FINE TOILET SOAPS,

Fancy Hair and Tooth Brushes

Perfumery and Fancy Toilet Articles,

TRUSSES & SHOULDER BRACES,

Grass and Garden Seeds,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye-Stuffs,

Letter-Paper,

PENS, INK, ENVELOPES, GLASS,

Putty, Carbon Oil, Lamps and Chimneys.

☞ Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

H. M. Parchen & Co.,

Successors to PARCHEN & PAYNTER,

HELENA, - - MONTANA.

Importers and Dealers in Fine

DRUGS,

Chemicals,

Medicines, Paints and Oils.

Also make a specialty of

STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW GLASS,

AND

FANCY GOODS.

all of which we offer at greatly reduced prices.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

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And ALL POINTS SOUTH and EAST,

Should buy their Tickets via

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Close connections made with all Railroads running EAST or SOUTH from Chicago.

THIS IS THE DIRECT ROUTE FOR

Sioux City, Yankton, Waterloo, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque, Fort Dodge, Pra. Du Chien, La Crosse, St. Paul, Winona, Marquette, Duluth, Ishpeming, L'Anse, Escanaba, Negaunee, Menasha, Green Bay, Sheboygan, Stevens Point, Watertown, Oshkosh, Madison, F. Du Lac,

AND MILWAUKEE.

These points are all on this Great Road, or are reached by this Route with less changes of cars than by any other.

Among the inducements offered by this route are

All the Modern Improvements.

Rock and Gravel Ballasted Track; Steel Rail, Rock and Iron Bridges; Pullman Palatial Cars and Coaches; Parlor and Drawing-room Day Coaches; Smoking and Lounging Cars, Westing-house Safety Air Brakes; Miller's Patent Coupling and Platforms; Close Connections at Junction Points; Less Transfers than any other Route; Union Depots, No Car Ferry Transfers; Speed, Safety and Absolute Comfort.

From 2 to 10 Fast Express Trains run each way Daily over the various Lines of this Road, thus securing to the Traveler selecting this Route sure and certain connections in any way he may wish to go.

☞ See that your Tickets READ VIA THIS ROUTE, and TAKE NONE OTHER.

W. H. STENNET,
General Passenger Agent.

MARVIN HUGHITT,
General Superintendent.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

Trains at Council Bluffs going West—

	ARRIVE.
Day Express	10:35 p. m.
Night Express	9:15 a. m.

Going East—

	DEPART.
Day Express	6:40 a. m.
Night Express	4:05 p. m.
Express Freight	10:30 a. m.

W. H. STENNETT,
General Passenger Agent.

Dissolution Notice.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of

STORY & HOFFMAN,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent, having disposed of our stock and trade to ELIAS STORY, to whom all accounts due the late firm are payable, and who will pay all liabilities.

C. W. HOFFMAN,
NELSON STORY.

Bozeman, M. T., March 20, 1874-3w3

HELENA ADVERTISEMENTS.

Muscleshell Route

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R

Northern Pacific Railroad

—— TO ——

BISMARCK!

KOUNTZ LINE STEAMBOATS

WEEKLY WITHOUT FAIL

— TO —

CARROLL

Near Mouth of Muscleshell,

AND

Diamond R Trains

OVERLAND

To all Points in the Territory.

We have the pleasure to announce to shippers of freight to Montana Territory that we have completed arrangements for a

Fast Freight Line

Via NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD to BISMARCK (present Western Terminus), thence via First Class Line of Steamers, leaving BISMARCK three times per week (or as often as the case may require) to CARROLL, a new and thriving town situated at the mouth of the Little Rocky River, connecting with the reliable and well known Diamond R Overland Line.

We offer to shippers Quicker Time by 30 days, and Lower Rates. Our facilities being entirely under our control, we are confident we can correct and avoid the delays so frequent by all other routes

We are prepared to give Through Bills of Lading from all the Principal Cities in the East, and contract for entire season. All overcharges and damages settled promptly at destination. River insurance simple and at a guaranteed rate.

MARK GOODS:

Diamond R Line,

Care Nort Pacific, St. Paul.

☞ For all information, and through bills of Lading, call at our office.

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NORTHERN PACIFIC R'Y, St. Paul.
RICH & WILLSON, Bozeman.

E. G. McCLAY & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

HELENA, M. T.

SAM De BOW,

General Eastern Manager, NEW YORK.

Special Inducements held out to Shippers of Quartz.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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Musical Instruments, Sheet Music,

Violin and Guitar Strings,

Toys,

Toilet Articles

COMBS, BRUSHES, &c.

Agents for the

Singer Sewing Machines:

The most complete stock in the Territory.

We keep always on hand

The Latest Books, Music, Song Books, Newspapers and Periodicals, &c.

Joe Magee. G. E. McKiernan.

MAGEE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS

AND

BAR GLASSWARE,

MAIN STREET,

Two doors above the St. Louis Hotel,

HELENA, M. T.

Dissolution Notice.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of RICH, WILLSON & BOGERT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Rich & Willson continue the business, to whom all accounts due the late firm are payable, and who will pay all liabilities.

CHARLES RICH,
LESTER S. WILLSON,
JNO. V. BOGERT.

BOZEMAN, March 3 1874.

BOZEMAN ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. J. Batchelder,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

STOVES,

Sheet Ironware,

HARDWARE.

TINWARE, Etc., Etc.

Keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of the most approved patents, of

COOK & HEATING STOVES

Also a great variety of

Manufactured Tinware.

Main Street, : BOZEMAN, M. T.

Opposit Ellis & Davis' Store.

SPEITH & KRUG,

BREWERS,

BOZEMAN, MONTANA

Keep constantly on hand a bountiful supply of

LAGER BEER

For Sale in

Quantities to suit Purchasers.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED

on reasonable terms.

We would especially call the attention of families and others to the unrivalled facilities at our

GRIST MILL,

For furnishing all kinds of

FEED

MASH, etc.,

SPEITH & KRUG.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

HARRINGTON, BAKER & CO.

WOULD announce to the people of Gallatin county that they have just opened in Perkins' new brick building, adjoining the COURIER office,

MAIN STREET, BOZEMAN, M. T.,

A full assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Consisting of

Ladies' Gentlemen's and Children's Wear.

The store at Bozeman is in charge of Mr. C. B. FAUCETT, an experienced workman, who will

Manufacture Boots to Order, and Guarantee a Perfect Fit.

Keep constantly on hand a full line of

Gum Boots,

for the Farmer and Miner.

Making this business a specialty, we are enabled to

Keep a Better Stock and Sell at Lower Prices than any Other House in Bozeman.

NEW

DRUG STORE.

W. W. MORRIS

WOULD respectfully announce to the people of Gallatin county that he has

Just Received and Opened

IN BOZEMAN

A large and well selected stock of

Drugs, Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs,

TOILET AND

Fancy Articles.

These goods have just arrived from the East and were bought from first hands for cash, and will be sold as low as they can be bought in the Territory. Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours, day and night.

The establishment will be under the charge of the well known Apothecary,

S. W. LANGHORNE,

whose long experience is a guarantee that medicines will be compounded accurately, and no article will be substituted for another in a prescription. Call and see for yourselves, a few doors east of [illegible] & Co.'s Bozeman

DAIRY.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the people of

BOZEMAN AND FORT ELLIS

that he will keep a DAIRY near the town of Bozeman, and will run a

MILK WAGON

for the accommodation of his patrons. Will sell as

Good Milk and Butter

as any one and as cheap.

H. W. TUTTLE.

P. W. McADOW & BRO.,

Proprietors of the

OLD RELIABLE STANDARD,

GALLATIN MILLS

BOZEMAN, MONTANA TERRITORY

Our brand of Flour always stands

At the Head of the Market.

We have all the [illegible] FACILITIES

MO[illegible] For making [illegible] Flour, and our mills are under the [illegible] of

An Experienced Miller

We have also in operation two splendid

Steam Threshers,

The best in the valley, which have

Proved Highly Satisfactory

To those employing them.

1-1 P. W. McADOW & BRO

PROPOSALS

For Agricultural Implements, Work Oxen, Seeds, etc., for the Milk River Agency, M. T.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received at the First National Bank of Bozeman, in Bozeman, M. T., until 12 o'clock M of Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1874, for furnishing the following supplies required for issue to the Assiniboine Indians within the Milk River Agency, M. T., viz:

20 yoke of good work oxen.
20 yokes and chains, complete.
1 two-gang breaking plow, 12-inch duplicate shares.
15 stubble plows, 12 to 13 inch shares.
15 double harrows, 36 teeth each.
5 dozen planters' hoes, No. 1.
5 dozen Yankee hoes, handled.
5 dozen chopping axes, 3½ to 4½ pounds each.
5 dozen axe-handles, No. 1.
25,000 pounds seed potatoes.
1,000 pounds seed corn.
100 bushels winter wheat, for seed, 60 pounds to the bushel.
20 pounds onion sets.
10 pounds each of onion, rutabaga, white turnip, beet, winter squash and pumpkin seed.
20 pounds peas, marrowfat.
20 pounds bunch beans.
2 pounds each of cabbage, raddish, lettuce, parsnip and carrot seed.

The oxen to be well broken, American cattle, in good condition, not less than 4 nor more than 7 years old, and to weigh not less than 1,350 pounds each, gross weight.

The yokes, chains, agricultural implements, etc., to be new, and of first quality.

The potatoes, corn and wheat to be fresh and sound, of Montana growth, and furnished in burlap or gunny sacks.

The garden seeds to be fresh and genuine.

Proposals must be made according to the usual form, accompanied by a guaranty, to be signed by two responsible persons, for the faithful performance of the contract, if it shall be awarded to him or them.

Each proposal must have a copy of this advertisement pasted at its head.

The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals if such a course should be deemed for the interest of the Government.

Bonds will be required in the amount of the bid for the faithful performance of the contract, with two or more sureties.

Proposals should be enclosed in an envelope, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Proposals for supplies for Indians."

The supplies to be delivered promptly upon the requisition of the Agent, at the Milk River Agency, Fort Peck, M. T., after the approval of the contract by the Department.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

WM. W. ALDERSON,
U. S. Indian Agent.

HELENA, M. T., April 20, 1874.

MOUND CITY

Commercial College,

[Formerly called Rice & Stewart's]

Nos. 210 and 212 North 4th Street,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

THOS. A. RICE, President.

Full Commercial Course, $67.

INCLUDING

BOOK-KEEPING, COM. ARITHMETIC,
PENMANSHIP, ENGLISH GRAMMAR,
BUS. CORRESPONDENCE.
COMMERCIAL LAW,
PREPARATORY STUDIES.

WE MAKE THE STUDENT

A thorough Book-keeper.
Quick an accurate in Figures.
An Elegant and Rapid Penman.
An Fluent Speaker and Writer.
Conversant with the Laws of Business.
Posted in Commerce, Trade and Finance, and in general a thorough, wide-awake business man.

Every farmer and merchant should fit his son for successful life by sending him for a few months to our institution.

We have unequalled facilities for imparting a thorough business education. Our teachers are all experienced accountants. We have a course of lectures on business, arts and ethics unsurpassed in the United States. We have unequalled means of introducing our students into actual business operations in St. Louis. Students can be placed in the family of one of the Professors and under his charge.

Young Men Seeking Employment.

We have perfected arrangements by means of which we can Guarantee a Situation by special contract, to those finishing the course satisfactorily

Telegraphing.—Full course and situation on new roads guaranteed by special contract. The Mound City is the model school of the West.

Send for circular and other information to

THOS. A. RICE President.

G. W. FLANDERS,

Manufacturer of

SHINGLES AND LATHES,

BEAR CREEK, GALLATIN CO., M. T.

THE subscriber would inform the people of Bozeman and Gallatin county that he is prepared to furnish them with superior Shingles and Lathes. Having the only Shingle and Lathe machine in the county, I am enabled to sell cheaper than other parties. Shingles and Lathes delivered at any place desired.

NOTICE TO MINERS.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
HELENA, M. T., April 8, 1874.

GEORGE L. DUKE, whose post office address is Willow Creek, Gallatin county, M. T., has this day filed his application to enter as agricultural land, under the pre-emption laws, the northwest quarter of southeast quarter, and south half of northeast quarter, and northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 35 in township No. 1 north, range No. 1 west, which land is suspended from entry. Notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1874, to determine as to the mineral or non-mineral character of said land, and testimony to be used upon said hearing will be taken before M. Hanley, Notary Public at his office in Harrison, Madison county, M. T., on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is alleged there are no known miners, nor mining improvements or claims upon said land.

W. C. CHILD Register.

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