THE AVANT COURIER.

The Only Paper Published in Eastern Montana.

FRIDAY, : : OCTOBER 1, 1875.

Some of the farmers of Ohio are getting seed wheat from Oregon.

A RECENT fire in London rendered three hundred families homeless.

THE Pope conferred upon Cardinal McCloskey the ring and the title of Santa Maria Sopra-Minerva.

THE war of races in Mississippi has been checked by the State authorities, without Federal interference.

SECRETARY DELANO has resigned and his resignation has been accepted by the President. Various persons are spoken of as his successor.

EX-REPRESENTATIVE WHITE of Alabama has been appointed an Associate Justice for Utah, and will start for that Territory in October.

THE French Catholics at Woonsocket R. I., have hanged their pastor, Father Berkins, in effigy, in the churchyard, because they dislike him, and he refuses to leave.

PREPARATIONS for the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia are briskly pushed forward. Thirty-five foreign nations have officially accepted a request to be represented, and there is every indication of a grand success.

THE Governor of Colorado has issued a proclamation authorizing the election of delegates to a constitutional convention on the 25th of October. The convention is called "to meet at Denver, the capital of said Territory, on Monday, the 20th of December, 1875."

HON. HENRY T. BLOW, of Missouri, who died at Saratoga on the 12th of congestion, was born in Virginia July 15, 1817; and removed to St. Louis in 1840. Mr. Blow's last public service was as minister to Brazil, with the exception of his service as a commissioner of the District of Columbia, during the past six months.

A PIGEON match for $10,000 has been arranged in New York, in which James Gordon Bennet and A. H. Bogardus, the latter champion of America, are to shoot against Carroll Livingston and Ira A. Paine. They are to shoot at fifty birds each, and the highest score in the 100 wins. The match will be shot from five traps, English rules.

THE Minneapolis Tribune says watermelons, as big as bushel baskets, were peddled around the streets in the back part of the city yesterday for five cents apiece. This is cheaper than farmers can afford to raise them, and brings a good lively colic within the reach of every small boy.

THE Commission appointed to investigate the charges of fraud preferred by the Indians against Agent Gibson of the Osage agency, reported to the effect that they found some irregularities, such as an imperfect system of keeping accounts, but no evidence was adduced showing corruption or fraud. Neither the government nor the Indians have sustained any loss.

THE greenbacks now deposited for the surrender of banks notes amount to $28,000,00, and the direct contraction under the resumption and currency laws amount to about $35,000,000. There has been $7,500,000 of greenbacks absolutely and finally cancelled; all the rest of the contraction is simply withdrawal from circulation. The national bank capital now stands at its highest point $500,000,000.

THE Iowa State Ledger tells a story of a well known life insurance agent, who approached Hammond, the revivalist, on the subject of insuring his life. Hammond said that he could not afford to turn his attention to such a temporary and worldly subject, but if the agent could insure his soul it might be worth while talking. The agent slowly shook his head, and said it was impossible; his company did not carry any fire risks.

A GREAT big blanket sheet in Iowa—the Chariton Patriot—has a sixteen-line pica display head over the fact that it has 1,300 subscribers and is published in a county with only eleven thousand of a population.

There are three daily and nine weekly papers published in this Territory, with an average circulation of more than 1,300, and our population will not exceed fifteen thousand. But the people of Montana are intelligent and chock full of enterprise, and naturally read more to the square mile than they do in Black Iowa.

D. O. MILLS, the man who demanded that Ralston should resign, and whose clandestine interviews with the newspapers seem to have hastened the collapse and Ralston's death, owes his fortune to the dead banker. He was taken by Ralston out of an up-country store and made President of the Bank of California. He was then poor and unknown; he now has an income of $800 a day. It is said that there is no better way to make a man your enemy than to place him under obligations to you, and Mills seems to have proved the truth of the apothegm.

THE finance question will enter largely in the next Presidential campaign, and it seems, both parties are split up on that issue. While the Democrats and Republicans of the South and West are for inflation, the Democrats and Republicans of the Northern and New England States are for contraction and an early resumption of specie payment. We would like to see a little more inflation in this Territory. We have never seen money so scarce as at the present time, and we presume the cause to be, that there has never before in the history of this Territory been as much currency lying idle in the vaults of our banks. An increase of special deposits is notable in each succeeding report of the several National Banks in the Territory.

A CHICAGO correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal asserts that 20,000 persons are out of employment in the City of the Lakes, and that clerks make up a large percentage of this number. Those that have places are far from being well off, as the maximum salary of many is only $15 a week, while still more range down as low as $6.

No doubt of that, and to a greater or less degree it is true over the whole country. What is the reason? It is not because of the failure of crops. Nature has been bountiful for many years. It is owing to the legislation of men. It is the result of the contraction of the currency from $44,000,000,000, it is alleged by good authority, in 1865 to $30,000,000 in fact in 1873. This has brought down the price of every thing. It has caused bankruptcy. It has broken up manufacturing concerns. It has thrown hundreds of thousands out of employment.

THE YELLOWSTONE COUNTRY.

It is proposed to cut off a portion of Gallatin county lying north of the Yellowstone and attach it to the Crow reservation. Such a measure would prove disastrous to the business interests of Bozeman and the entire county, indeed, and is in every respect impolitic and unwise. The scheme has no doubt its origin in some one of the local jealousies which seem to be perpetually besetting the business interests of the Territory. Instead of endeavoring to advance the prosperity and development of the whole country, short-sighted men imagine that if they can concentrate the trade in any particular locality, they will subserve a purpose in which selfishness and greed are the prominent characteristics. It is this spirit, too evident in some parts of the Territory, which hinders the united and constant efforts essential to put our country upon a basis of social and material prosperity. It will serve no good purpose to argue where this movement to despoil Gallatin county had its origin. It will suffice to show that it is unnecessary, impolitic and unjust. The territory proposed to be disconnected is being rapidly converted into a farming country. It is settled with an enterprising and industrious population, which in a few years will constitute a very large and important element of our social progress. It is already comparatively rich and prosperous, and sustains a profitable and lucrative trade with Bozeman. The separation of this territory under the policy proposed would brake up this trade and incidently injure both communities. The compensating advantages of such a course are not to be seen. Indeed, they do not exist. While the disastrous effect is clearly apparent, the good is not to be discussed. It forces the conviction that the movement was put on foot through discreditable purposes and evil motives. Under the impulse of the new industries that have sprung up to the north of the Yellowstone, many advantages have accrued to the Territory. Public attention has been turned to the importance of that stream as a navigable river. Its rich valleys have been reduced to cultivation, and by it the productive interests of the country have been proportionately augmented. It serves, besides, as a feeder to an enterprising and industrious population on the south, and constitutes in every respect an essential factor in trade, population and commerce.

To wish to destroy this settlement that some other remote locality may be benefitted by it, is simply foolish, criminal and unwise.—Independent.

MINES EAST OF BOZEMAN.

From Surveyor General Reed's sixth annual report, we make the following extracts:

"The gold mines of Clark's Fork, a branch of the Yellowstone, in north-western Wyoming, continue to be worked by miners from the vacinity of Bozeman, Montana, and the mountains east of the Yellowstone Lake and National Park, in which Clark's Fork rises, will, in due time, become a resort for a large population of gold miners.

The gold mines of the Black Hills and the Big Horn Mountains, will attract wide spread attention, when peaceable possession is gained by the whites, and the warlike Sioux are sufficiently removed.

THE BLACK HILLS

now so well advertised all over the continent, are located in north-western Wyoming and western Dakota. Their area is small, and their gold-bearing surface far inferior to the Big Horn Mountains, about one hundred miles west of the Black Hills. These latter mountains are not sufficiently explored nor the gold deposits tested to such an extent as to enable us to give an intelligent opinion of the amount of gold they will yield when fully opened to mining enterprise and population.

We have lately conversed with miners of judgement and experience, well known to us, who have passed over their whole length, made valuable discoveries, and have come here for farther supplies, with the hope and intention of returning there to spend the winter.

BIG HORN MOUNTAIN—ITS GOLD RESOURCES.

This mountain rises about forty miles northwest of old Fort Casper, on the North Platte, some distance west of Fort Fetterman. It is a broad, high mountain trending off to the northwest some two hundred miles, and then turns westerly toward Yellowstone Park and Lake. It is cut in twain at its bend by the Big Horn river, where it has excavated a deep canon of about sixty miles in length, near the lower end of which, and between it and the Yellowstone river, Fort C. F. Smith was located in 1867. From the northeastern base of this mountain flow Powder, Tongue, Rosebud and Little Big Horn river, and all of them are said to contain gold in their alluvium beds. From its western base flow numerous small streams that enter the Big Horn river, and are known to carry down placer gold.

ORVILLE GRANT, the President's brother, says a Washington special to the Chicago Inter-Ocean, has surrendered his license to trade at Forts Rice and Belknap on the Missouri River because he found the business unprofitable. He places his losses during the past year at $9,000. This will be a disappointment to the anti-Administration people who have been trying to convince themselves and others that the President's brother was getting immensely rich out of the special privileges granted him on the Missouri.

A WONDERFUL deposit of coal has been discovered some miles north of Aspen, in Uinta county. Prof. Pontes has personally examined it, and says there is one vein forty feet in thickness, and another sixty feet. Whew! We begin to think now that the story of an 800 foot vein of coal over in the Yellowstone country, as not altogether improbable. Wyoming is filled with wonders, and its valuable resources are not among the least of them. —Cheyenne Leader.

CHARLEY COLLINS informs the Omaha Bee from Red Cloud Agency, under date of the 7th, that the Commissioners, with the consent of about one-third of the Indians, have concluded to hold the grand council at Red Cloud instead of at Shadron Creek. Spotted Tail and about 2,000 of his band refuse to change the council ground, however, and presents are to be distributed to bribe him into acquiescence.

Stonewall Jackson's Grandson.

Richmond, (Va.) Sept. 28.

Percy's sister of General Thomas J. (Stonewall) Jackson, presented to Virginia by the Hon. Rossiter Ross, M. P., and married English gentleman, yesterday married here last night here, Percy, grandson of Stonewall Jackson, a young man of twenty-one years. The presents included one silver service from the Legislature.

THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF INDIAN OUTRAGES.

Three Men Killed and Others Missing.

Under the above heading, the Missoulian of the 23d inst. prints the following extra:

"News has just arrived this morning that a party of white men, consisting of Jack Allen, James Nolan, and Neil Campbell, were murdered by the Kootenai Indians, about 20 miles from Scribner, and their property taken.

"T. J. Demers' pack train, with five men, returning from Kootenai, is a week behind time, and it is feared that the Indians have massacred them also.

"The citizens are arming themselves, and great excitement prevails. The danger of a general Indian outbreak is imminent, as the country is full of roving savages, and they are becoming threatening in their actions. An urgent appeal is made to the authorities for aid and protection, as the Indians forming this confederation are far superior to the settlers in point of numbers and arms.

LATER!

"It is rumored that Lavenberg, the trader at Scribner, has been compelled to leave his store and goods, and that all the whites at the head of the Lake will be forced to leave their homes and property—even if they escape with their lives. Now is the time for the Government to interfere in this matter; for if the settlers are forced to take the law into their own hands, a sudden and fierce vengeance will descend upon these savage marauders."

RAILROAD CONVENTION.

ST. LOUIS, September 25.—The Executive Committee to arrange the preliminaries of the National Railroad Convention, to be held next month in this city, held another meeting yesterday, and adopted resolutions asking the President of the Merchants' Exchange to appoint a committee to co-operate with the Executive Committee; also asking the Merchants' Exchange to invite other commercial organizations throughout the country to send to the Convention delegates who favor the object in view. A resolution was also adopted asking the Governors of the various States to send to the convention a number of delegates equal to the Congressional delegation of their respective States. The municipal authorities of many cities will also be invited to send delegates. An address, giving the object and the benefit which must result to the country from the proposed railroad, will soon be issued.

THE New York Sun learns that Jay Gould is making an extraordinary effort to get control of the Western Union Telegraph Company in the annual election which occurs early in October. To do this it is not necessary for him to buy a majority of the stock; a sufficient mass of proxies will be quite as effectual. For this purpose he is employing an ingenious novelty, believed to be of his own invention. A great portion of the company's shares are in the hands of brokers who have advanced money upon them to speculators by whom they have been purchased. For the transfer of such shares, Mr. Gould, as we are informed, is now paying a neat commission. The shares after being transferred are at once handed back to their holders, so that they are in no danger of being sold by the new ostensible owner, and can be transferred back again upon the books of the company after the election. This secures to Gould or his representative the right to vote upon these shares, and should he succeed by this means in getting command of the company, and electing a board of directors to suit himself, he will thus gain the power of distributing after the old Erie fashion, that immense part of the company's stock which is held by it as a reserve.

At the same time, he can realize an enormous profit by the fall in the price of the stock which the election of a Gould direction would be sure to produce. The scheme has millions in it; but, as far as it has yet been developed, there has been no opportunity to employ the Tribune to aid in its execution.

FRAUD IN THE TREASURY.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Hugh McCulloch states in a recent letter that the Department in 1866 or 1867, to prevent a panic, did not destroy the four million greenbacks withdrawn for the month but credited them to itself in the statement for the next month as "cash on hand," though they were to be destroyed. That is, to avert a supposed damage the Treasury juggled its bookkeeping, deceived business men, and played false with the people.

The disclosure is highly interesting, for it is semi officially confessed—what has long been familiar to those who knew the facts—that the Treasury statements are tampered with at the pleasure of officials, and that the truth is withheld from the people to suit the ends of their servants. The question becomes an interesting one, how many millions have been at one time or another treated as "cash on hand," without being such, and whether Mr. McCulloch set up in business in London on public funds reported as "cash in Treasury?" As he has been shown, in the case of Westjen vs. the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, to have obtained large sums of public money for this purpose, the inquiry is pertinent. Further, his statement confesses that the Treasury has operated in the market, which has heretofore been officially concealed or denied. How much and how often it has thus operated, and who has profited thereby, are questions which an investigating committee next winter might examine, in the public interest, with great propriety.

Important Decision.

The Supreme Court of the Territory of Dakota has just rendered an important decision on the Indian question. Under the law of Congress of 1834, parties were liable to punishment for selling liquor to Indians, whether on or off their reservation. Compilers of the United States statutes, in section 2,139, changed the language so as to make it doubtful whether liable anywhere except on Indian reservations. Judge Shannon, in the United States District Court, on habeas corpus, having held parties liable for giving whisky to Indians away from their reservation, an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, which unanimously affirmed his decision. This decision will be of great interest to parties that have been guilty of this sale throughout the entire country. The belief that the law only reached such offenders when trading within Indian reservations has been general, and many have been engaged in the business who would not have ventured upon it if they had supposed it was a violation of law. The decision will be a check upon the business, and will be hailed with satisfaction by the friends of the Indian throughout the country.

TERRITORIAL FAIR.

Sixth Annual Exhibition.

First Day.

We condense from the Herald and Independent the following report:

The Sixth Annual Exhibition of the Montana, Agricultural, Mineral and Mechanical Association opened to-day under favorable auspices, the weather being fine and the attendance much larger than upon the first day of the Fifth Annual Exhibition. Up to noon but few entries had been made, but it was expected that a good many would be recorded this afternoon, and by Tuesday noon it is probable that the list will be quite as large as that of last year. Floral hall has been tastefully decorated and presents a very inviting appearance. James Gennett has charge of the department. The Agricultural, Mineral and Mechanical departments as yet are comparatively vacant, and it is thought that the Agricultral department will not be up to that of last season. The cause is attributed to the grasshopper raid during the past season. In the stock department some entries have been made which will be noticed in due time. It is possible that the exhibition will not equal that of the Fifth Annual Fair, but as yet we are not prepared to speak correctly in this regard. One thing is quite certain, the races will be far more interesting and exciting than before, and will eclipse those of any former year. The entries for the different races, many of them at least, comprise fast horses that have never before been put on Montana turf. In this respect at least the Sixth Annual Exhibition promises to be a complete success. The attendance will also be very large should the present fair weather continue.

The Mineral Department as yet is very lean, and the display is not by any means what it ought to be. Maj. Forbis has a case of specimens which are very creditable, and others may be brought in to-day or to-morrow. Those who have cabinets ought to have enterprise enough to show them up. These exhibitions only come once a year, and it behooves all to do their level best to make our Territorial Fair a success. We are sorry to see so little enterprise manifested in this important matter.

The Races.

During the afternoon two races came off, the first a running race—three quarters of a mile dash for two-years olds, for a purse of $200; $150 to the first horse and $50 to the second. The following were the entries: Longfellow, Sun Dance, Daisy and Lazy Lize.

SUMMARY.

Longfellow, c. c., ent. by Ford	1
Sun Dance, s. c., ent. by Baker	2
Daisy, s. f., ent. by —— ——	3
Lazy Lize, b. f., ent. by Tate	4
Time	1:25

The last, which came off at 4 p. m., was a running race, one mile dash, for three-year olds, for a purse of $375—$200 to first horse and $75 to second horse.

Three horses were entered—Medoc, Doc. Day and Lottie Ewing.

SUMMARY.

Medoc, b. c., ent'd by Baker	1
Lottie Ewing, b. f., ent'd by Ford	2
Doc. Day, b. c., ent'd by Allen	3
Time	1:57

Second Day.

The second day of the Territorial Fair as compared with that of last year was a decided success, the attendance being much larger, as the receipts at the secretary's office will show, and the display at the various departments much better than anticipated last evening. Until noon today Secretary Cuthbert and his assistant, Judge Totten, have been constantly engaged in receiving and recording entries, and although the display at the various departments will probably not be so large as last year, yet it will be very creditable.

Floral Hall, which is more tastefully decorated than ever before, presents a very elegant and inviting appearance, and the exhibit is quite up to that of former years. The Mineral and Agricultural Departments are less imposing, which in a measure may be attributed to the general destruction wrought by grasshoppers in the early part of the season.

Some additional entries have been made in the stock department, and we noticed several fine bulls, brood mares and colts, stallions, and some Southdown and Merino sheep.

The poultry department is quite up to that of last year.

The display of Agricultural implements is limited.

Jesse Taylor is in charge of the Agricultural department, and through his courtesy we were conducted through it. There is a good display of cereals and vegetables, and of a quality unsurpassed, though the number of entries are less than at previous exhibitions. Oats weighing 50 pounds to the bushel, and wheat, barley, and rye proportionately good; melons, squashes, pumpkins of mammoth size; cabbages, cauliflowers, turnips, beets, potatoes, corn, cucumbers, tomatoes, and in fact almost everything in the vegetable line may be seen in this department. The exhibit is very fine indeed.

Members of the different rifle teams were engaged this morning in practising, and some good shots were made. The match will come off on Thursday next, and will be one of the most interesting features of the occasion.

The Races.

At 2 p. m., there was a running race, three-quarter mile heats, best two in three heats, for a purse of $250, catch weights, $200 to first horse, and $50 to second horse.

SUMMARY.

Norma, b. m., ent. by	Baker	1 1
Mussett, s. h., "	Tate	2 0
Blackbird, br. h., "	Williams	3 0
Kate, br. m., "	Barnes	0 0

Norma distanced her competitors, winning both first and second money.

Senator Morton on the Currency.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 23.

Senator Morton, in his speech to-night reviewed the financial question, claiming that the original issue of paper money was a necessary war measure, and a repeal of the act which limits its issue would be disastrous to national industries. In speaking of the national banks he said the only sale and legitimate way for the transaction of their business was under the limitation of law. After showing the advantages of the national banking system over the old State banks, he concluded with the Democratic platform of the State.

MISS ANNIE RALSTON, an exceedingly sweet and handsome young lady of Indianapolis, Ind., ran away with and married one of the James boys a few days ago. She was educated at Independence Utah, and was married in that vicinity. The James boys, it will be remembered, have for years followed a desperate course of the most desperate character.

THE TERRITORY.

Madison County.

From the Montanian, 25d:

The purchases of gold dust have been unusually heavy during the past ten days. Among others, we note the following deposits at Ellings:

John D. Tobleman, of Adobetown, brought up 50 ounces of Alder gulch dust on Sunday.

Davis & Co. of Nevada, brought in 50 ounces on the 12th inst.

Bond & Sweet, on the 19th, deposited 65 ounces gold dust.

On the 19th inst., Alex. McKay & Co., of Biven's Gulch, sent in 300 ounces of gold.

The Highland Flume Company sent down over a hundred ounces of Alder gulch gold yesterday.

Merk & Yandez contributed 76 ounces of Meadow Creek retort to the circulating medium, on Monday.

Carey & O'Brien came up from Adobetown with another large batch of gold dust on the 20th inst.

Root & Bain, Silver Star, deposited a gold bar worth $400, on the 20th.

H. D. Rossiter & Co. made a good clean-up of their flume at Summit last week. We are not informed of the amount.

Assayer Bohm made a 66-ounce bar for M. D. Pistner this week. The bullion was extracted from the Helford lode.

From the Madisonian, Sept. 18.

Patrick Rock, indicted for killing Patrick Kelley, has been granted a change of venue to Jefferson county. He will be tried in October.

On last Thursday afternoon W. P. Armstrong, of Armstrong & Johnson, met with a serious accident. While getting goods down from a top shelf he stepped off the counter and fell, striking his left arm and breaking it near the wrist, but otherwise received no injuries.

The Lone Rose lode, at Iron Rod, owned by Messrs. Bain & Root, is looking well. They have just had twenty tons of ore crushed in the Tripp & Ainslie mill at Silver Star, which yielded better than was expected. These gentlemen are deserving of something rich, for they have been in the Territory since the beginning.

The following party of "Wonderlandists and National Parkists" left this city last Wednesday: Mr. R. B. Wampler and lady, and Mr. John Wampler, of Butte city; Messrs. P. Carney and J. A. Jamison, and Misses Lizzie Hamilton, Mattie Hoblit, A. E. Butts, and Ida J. Jordon, of Fish creek; and Miss Sarah Duncan, of Sheridan. They will make a tour as far as the Falls of the Yellowstone, and return home via this city.

Deer Lodge County.

From the New North-West, Sept. 24.

Col. M. B. Cox writes us from the East that he has made a sale of the quartz mill at Highland and some quartz property at Philipsburg, to an organization which will probably be designated the Silver Bend Company, conditioned upon the representations made being ratified by the Company's agent, Mr. Dickison, of Boston, who is now en route to Montana. If it shall prove as represented, the company will at once remove the mill to Philipsburg and put it in operation.

Mr. John How, accompanied by an assayer, visited Butte during the past week and made an examination of the leads there. He is very much pleased with the camp and we will probably have the pleasure of announcing soon his determination to locate and erect a mill there. We would be glad to number him among our permanent residents.

Mr. S. Ed. Larabie sent over to Helena on Monday from his stables, Fayette Mambrino, two years old; Queen of the West, three years old; and Clark Chief, Jr., eight years old. The latter horse is entered for the $1,500 trotting purse. Mat McGuirk is going to hold the ribbons over him and thinks "plenty" of his horse. The Deer Lodge stables are going for the blue ribbons this time.

THE hostile Indians who have been prowling about the Cannon Ball, Standing Rock, etc., for two weeks past are the Indians that ran off the Carroll stage stock, which they now have with them. They are the ones that fought the Crows recently in the Little rocky region, and undoubtedly the ones that murdered Robert Henry, near Fort A. Lincoln. They ran off four head of mules belonging to Don Stevenson, a few days ago. The reported murder of Fred Edgar is generally credited at Standing Rock where Rain in the Face is known to have entertained ill will toward Edgar, and to be a bad fellow.—Bismarck Tribune.

NEW PHOTOGRAPH Gallery.

I WILL open a first-class Photograph Gallery in Bozeman on or about the 1st of September, and would respectfully solicit the patronage of the people of Bozeman and Gallatin Valley.

I will be prepared to make the latest styles of Pictures,

Rembrandt, Victorie, Cabinet, Promenade

and in fact, every style and size, from the smallest Locket to an 8x10 inch Picture, on Porcelain, Tin or Paper.

Copying a specialty. Orders solicited for enlarging.

Out door Photographing of all kinds done to order, in town or country.

I will keep on hand a full assortment of Oval and Square Frames—odd sizes made to order—

Fine Silk and Velvet Cases and Frames.

Fancy Picture Stands, Standees, Matts, Plain and Fancy Picture Cords, Tassels, Nails, etc.

Albums, Stereoscopes, Stereoscopic Views of the Yellowstone, National Park, Salt Lake City, and of all the prominent points on the U. P. and C. P. and Utah Central Railroads. Also a fine assortment of Chromos and Steel Engravings. Everything pertaining to Photography sold at reduced prices. ☞ Entrance to Gallery one door west of Osborn's Drug Store, Main street. H. B. CALFEE.

BAKERY, RESTAURANT and Saloon.

JOHN MANEJ, Proprietor.

Meals Served at all Hours

The best Liquors and Beer at 12½ Cents per drink. Keeps on hand

Fruit, Bread, Confectionaries and Fruit.

Main street, Bozeman.

SENT FREE

CENTENNIAL. 1776. 1876.

PROCLAMATION.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

IS THE POPULAR ROUTE OVERLAND TO THE EAST.

Passengers for CHICAGO, Niagara Falls, Pittsburg, PHILADELPHIA, Montreal, Quebec, NEW YORK, Boston, or any point East, should buy their

TRANS-CONTINENTAL TICKETS Via the Pioneer Route, THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

THIS IS THE BEST ROUTE EAST.

Its Track is of STEEL RAILS, and on it has been made the FASTEST time that has ever been MADE in this country. By this route passengers for points east of Chicago have choice of the following lines from Chicago:

BY THE PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAYS:

3 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Pullman Palace Cars through to Philadelphia and New York on each train.

1 THROUGH TRAIN, with Pullman Palace Cars to Baltimore and Washington.

BY THE LAKE SHORE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY AND CONNECTIONS (NEW YORK CENTRAL AND ERIE RAILROADS:

3 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Palace Drawing Room and Silver Palace Sleeping Cars through to New York.

BY THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL, GRAND TRUNK, GREAT WESTERN AND ERIE AND NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILWAYS:

3 THROUGH TRAINS, with Pullman Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars through to New York to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Rochester, or New York City.

BY BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD:

2 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Pullman Palace Cars for Newark, Zanesville, Wheeling, Washington and Baltimore, without change.

This is the SHORTEST, BEST and only line running Pullman celebrated PALACE SLEEPING CARS AND COACHES, connecting with Union Pacific Railroad at OMAHA and from the WEST, via Grand Junction, Marshall, Cedar Rapids, Clinton, Sterling and Dixon, for CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

This popular route is unsurpassed for Speed, Comfort and Safety. The smooth, well-ballasted and perfect track of steel rails, the celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, the perfect Telegraph System of moving trains, the regularity with which they run, the admirable arrangement for running through cars to Chicago from all points West, secure to passengers all the comforts in modern Railway Traveling. No change of Cars and no tedious delays at Ferries.

Passengers will find Tickets via this Favorite Route at the General Ticket Offices of the Central Pacific Railroad in San Francisco and Sacramento, and in all the Ticket Offices of the Central Pacific Railroad. W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen Supt., Chicago.

H. P STANWOOD, General Agency, 121 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL.

Between Main and Jackson streets, front entrance on Main and rear entrance on Jackson street,

Helena, - Montana.

SAM SCHWAB, Proprietor.

WM. SIMS, JOHN WILLIS.....Clerks

The St. Louis Hotel is first-class in all its appointments. Its tables are at all times supplied in the greatest abundance with all the delicacies the market affords. Its clerks and employees are polite and attentive to the wants of the guests of the hotel.

Daily arrivals and departures from this Hotel of Gilmer & Salisbury's and all U. S. mail coaches.

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

HARRINGTON, BAKER & CO.

Keep constantly on hand a full line of

Boots and Shoes,

of the best quality;

Men's, Ladies' and Children's Arctics

GUM BOOTS

Leather and Findings,

Boots made to measure from the best French stock.

Repairing neatly done. Prices reasonable

☞ Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere,

Sign of the Big Boot,

BOZEMAN, M. T.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, having any interest in, or owning any part of, the hole known as the "Newton," situated in Muskrat (not extended) mining district, Missoula county, Montana, Territory, to come forward and pay me the amount expended for you on said hole for representation, labor, etc., as required by law. Unless this may concern and said hole will be forfeited to the undersigned, according to law.

P. O. KINGSBURY.

Helena, M. T., July 31, 1875.

J. Feldberg,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING,

Gent's Furnishing Goods

Hats, Caps, Boots, &c.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given thereto.

HELENA, MONTANA.

A GOOD OPENING!

Wanted for Cash--

Two wood workmen, 3 months;
One horse teamster;
One ox teamster;
One painter, for plain work.

Wanted to Trade for--

One large, well trained ox;
Six head 3 to 4 year-old bulls to yoke.

Wanted to Fell--

10,000 to 16,000 feet of lumber;
6,000 to 8,000 feet dressed dry flooring and ceiling (white and red pine.)
Any amount of shingles and laths;
Dressed door and window jams, casings, mouldings and finishings, dry and superior.
25 head of young cows and calves, and stock cattle from one to three years old.

Address, JOHN J. TOMLINSON, Bozeman, M. T.

30-8

Zack Root's Express

— TO —

THE NATIONAL PARK!

4-Horse Coaches,

CARRYING U. S. MAIL,

And making connection at the

Mammoth Hot Springs

with Packs Trains to all parts of the Park.

On the 1st day of June

the undersigned will put on a weekly line of coaches from Bozeman to the Mammoth Hot Springs, the great summer resort of the National Park, and connecting at the latter place with pack trains to all the attractive points in the Park. Will carry the U. S. mail to the Springs, and passing en route the following places:

HAYDEN, CHICO, EMIGRANT, HENDERSON, BEAR GULCH.

Coaches will leave Bozeman every Monday morning, arriving at the Springs the following day.

Passengers and express matter carried at low rates.

Agents.

RICH & WILLSON, - - Bozeman.
S. M. FITZGERALD, - Chico.

Z. T. ROOT.

Bozeman, May 14, 1875.

THE AVANT COURIER

For 1875.

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED!

We present to our patrons this week the COURIER in an enlarged form and considably improved in its typographical appearance. It is our intention, and shall be our constant aim, to make the paper worthy the liberal support we are receiving and of the community in which it is published.

Arrangements have been made to secure regular correspondence from all principal points in the Territory.

As many of our friends have interested themselves in behalf of the COURIER, in extending its circulation, we desire to make it an object for every one to do so, and offer the following

Extra Inducements

TO GET UP CLUBS:

Five Subscribers,	$ 5 in Cash
Ten "	10 in Cash
Twenty "	20 in Cash

The money to accompany each order.

JOSEPH WRIGHT, Publisher and Proprietor.

Wonder-Land!

SUPPLIES FURNISHED!

TOURISTS and pleasure parties can be supplied with anything they desire by calling at Emigrant Gulch, and enquiring for R. M. FITZGERALD.

$5 TO $20 Per Day at home—Terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Portland, Maine.

RICH & WILLSON

Dealers in General

Merchandise,

and Freighters,

Corner Main and Bozeman streets,

Bozeman, - - Montana

AGENTS FOR

P. B. Clark's Express and Stage Lines;

The Diamond R Forwarding Line;

Coan & Ten Broeck's Carriages and Buggies (the only reliable carriage for the mountains); and for;

T. C. Power & Co.'s Agricultural Implements.

We are now receiving and have en route

The Largest and Best Selected Stock

of goods ever brought Eastern Montana, which we offer at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

A Mammoth Stock of Fancy and Staple

GROCERIES,

and themost complete stock of

Tobaccos and Cigars

ever offered in this market.

Every Department Complete.

DRY GOODS,

Carpets, Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Hardware,

FARMING UTENSILS.

House Furnishing Goods, Lamps, Crockery and Glassware,

Miners' Tools and Outfits, Hats and Caps,

Rubber Goods, Boots and Shoes,

CLOTHING

Gent's Furnishing Goods, Stationery, Notions, &c., &c.

A full supply of the ALDEN PREPARED FRUITS 25 per cent. lower than ever before. California Dried Fruits of all kinds.

A full assortment of the celebrated Canning Canned Goods.

A full supply of California Blankets and Woolen Goods.

Harness, Saddlery, Saddlers' Hardware

Whips and Lashes.

The only place to find a genuine Smith mouth Buck Glove.

The Maine River Drive Boot manufactured expressly to our order.

The old motto:

Quick Sales and Small Profits

TERMS CASH, or such exchange as can readily convert into cash.

Rich & Willson,

BOZEMAN, MONT.