

The present is said to be a very backward spring in the Eastern States.

In the State of New York snow fell on the 19th, to the depth of five to 12 inches. This beats Montana.

—Bismarck, April 17.—There appears to be scarcely any hope of rescuing any of the 240 miners in the Agroppe coal pit.

—The postoffice at Gilmore's Garden are reduced to a pitiful few, and are getting comparatively tired of the interminable rounds.

—A negro named James Carroll, accused of outraging Mrs. Thomas, Littleville, Mo., was recently lynched by 15 or 20 masked men at Washington city.

—The *Sas* says that after the adjournment of the Hazon-Stanley court martial yesterday, ex-Secretary Bishop shook hands with Gen. Sheridan and others.

—New York, April 18.—A cable dispatch reports a revolution in Panama. Fourteen hours fighting in the street, and many were killed. Order has been restored.

—London, April 17.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer to-day said the government had not ordered the advance of troops into Afghanistan, and had no news of such a movement.

—Chicago, April 17.—A well known workman, passing in police circles by the name of Smith, was shot at, and killed, by a patrolman while making off with some stolen booty.

—The Portland, Oregon, Board of Trade recently unanimously adopted a formal memorial addressed to President Hayes, commending in strong terms the Chinese immigration to that State.

—The Attorney General has affirmed the decision that regular publications designed primarily for advertising purposes, cannot be sent through the mails at rates charged legitimate newspapers.

—Dr. St. Louis, who was to have been hung at Waterloo, Neb., on the 18th inst. for poisoning his wife, shot himself, but not fatally. The execution has been postponed until the 19th May.

—Congress is still deeply absorbed making and listening to unbecoming speeches, to the exclusion of important business and matters of National interest.

—The Army appropriation bill is still the shuttlecock of the Senate.

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LEGALIZED MURDER.

Washington, April 12.—Louis Walle, colored, convicted of the murder of his wife in April, 1878, was today sentenced to be hanged on the 20th of June.

There is nothing remarkable or at all unusual in the proceedings and legal treatment of a legalized public butchery.

Such things are almost of daily occurrence, and the American people have become so much accustomed to similar proceedings that many take them as a matter of course, glancing over a short paragraph containing the ominous announcement of a legalized public butchery.

Under the sudden impulses of outraged indignation, when men are wrought up to a frenzy of indignation and revenge, it appears shocking and cruel and barbarous enough to take life, but such deeds are done in the name of justice.

The moral sentiment of many well-regulated communities are far in advance of the "legalized" degree of sense of propriety and ordinary human sympathy that will render a verdict of guilty when the penalty is death; so that the law often punishes very unjustly and discriminatorily in the same State, depending very largely for its enforcement or non-enforcement on the temper, intelligence or prejudices of the men composing the jury before whom criminal cases happen to be tried.

There can be but two plain and distinct considerations involved, or in any way applicable to this inhuman and criminal act: one is the safety or protection of society, the other the reformation and future well-being of the criminal. As to the first, if the interests of society can be effectually protected by other and more humane methods, than by hanging, then the death penalty is not only unnecessary, but it is a barbarous and criminal act on the part of the State that inflicts the punishment.

Public executions can hardly be viewed in any other light than "legalized murders," and also place only in pursuance of the provisions of an ancient law and usage which spring into existence in the twilight of humanity of man's intellectual development. The law enacted "an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth and blood for blood" has been abrogated, at least in theory, for nearly two thousand years, and yet the most enlightened and Christian nations of the world appear to be the most ardent adherents of this old law of "vindictive justice."

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BY RAIL TO THE YELLOWSTONE.

The N. P. R. to be Built to That Point This Season.

The Pioneer-Press states that Mr. Saragossa has not heard anything about the Northern Pacific building to the Yellowstone this year.

The information comes from the headquarters of the Northern Pacific in Philadelphia that the Board of Directors has determined to build the whole Missouri division this season.

The general manager not having anything to do with the construction of the new division, he was not promptly advised of the company's conclusions as to other people.

Additional to the above, the Tribune has the company's official circular, signed by the secretary, Samuel Wilkeson, stating that the Northern Pacific railroad company has decided to complete forthwith with the Missouri division a distance of 200 miles.

To provide the means for this purpose, the company have decided to issue \$2,000,000 worth of first mortgage bonds, payable in forty years.

The present stockholders have the exclusive right of purchasing these bonds until the 15th of April. The net proceeds of the sales of the lands will be applied to the redemption of the bonds and the payment of the interest, six per cent.

The company propose to mortgage the new road and its attaching lands only, leaving the old road, from Duluth to Bismarck, with its attaching lands free from incumbrance, except that so much of the net earnings as may be required is pledged to secure the regular payment of interest on these bonds, and to insure sinking fund in case the sales of land attaching to the extension are not, from time to time, sufficient for these purposes.

The bonds are to be accompanied by an equal amount of preferred stock. For \$100 a purchaser receives a \$100 bond and a share of preferred stock of the par value of \$100 and ratably for larger purchases. The bonds are redeemable at par and accrued interest for the lands of the company between the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers, and the preferred stock is receivable at par for lands of the company east of the Missouri river.

Mr. Thomas Doane has been appointed consulting engineer, and will soon go to Bismarck to take charge of surveys. Mr. Doane is a well known and successful engineer, and has filled important positions from 1841 to 1847 he was chief engineer of the Hoosac Tunnel; from 1849 to 1874 he was chief engineer of the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad in Nebraska, and built that road, which has been a very economical line to work, the high grades being confined to a few points where auxiliary cuts were necessary.

He has been consulting engineer of the Troy & Greenfield road and Hoosac Tunnel, and also consulting engineer to the Boston & Concord Railroad. He is president of the Boston Society of Civil Engineers. Mr. Doane will assume at once the personal oversight of engineering affairs of the company. After inspecting the work in progress between the Missouri and Yellowstone in Dakota, he will proceed to place locating parties in the field in Washington Territory, with a view to the early construction of a division of the road west of the Rocky Mountains, for which the rails are now being shipped around Cape Horn.

Professor Swain, of Chicago, recently presented a paper on "Mistakes of History" in the course of his remarks, the Professor defended the use of ridicule as a means of attack, holding that it is most effective and that nothing but such plain-spoken lawyerly denials will make any impression upon the hard shell of our modern dogma. Another idea of the sermon is that the Pentateuch is not a history, but a poem, and only as such should it be recognized and estimated by the Christian world.

Upon the hundred crest of such a theology could make any impression. Those religious who are so fond of ridiculing the efforts of their brethren, are well ridiculed, and will be laughed at. And this ridicule and laughter are just as much a part of the progress of a true Christianity as the solemn number of either a Wesley are a part of a progress.

Washington, April 18.—The following circular was issued from the Treasury Department this afternoon: The circular of April 16, 1879, is hereby amended so that the bonds thereon offered for sale hereafter, shall be in the form of a circular, and shall be exchanged for land warrants in sums not to exceed \$100 at one time, by the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers of the United States and by all public officers bonded for that purpose. They will not be issued hereafter until the certificate of any national bank depository, Commission on such exchanges heretofore or hereafter made will be allowed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent, on any aggregate of \$1,000 with regard to the period in which such exchanges are made. The bonds issued on or after March 12th and 30th, 1879, are modified accordingly.

Major Walsh, of the Canadian mounted police, knows more than anybody else about Sitting Bull. When he was reported having warned the United States to look out for the yellow peril, the Canadian authorities on the northern border, now they correct his report over his own signature and describes the famous savage as quiet, peaceable and amiable, and would be considered as fairly expatriated.

"HEAP-A-GOOD" SIOUX.

In another column will be found a batch of most interesting and welcome Indian news to the readers of the COURIER and to the people of Montana generally.

Lieut. Loder writes and brilliant exploit, has not only given unmistakable evidence of genuine soldierly qualities, but he has performed an incalculable good service to the Territory, and one which will be gratefully recognized, especially by the people of Eastern Montana. It is due, also, to General Brisson, under whose prompt action and general supervision the troops moved for the purpose of intercepting and chastising the hostile raiders, to say that, from the moment news reached Fort Ellis reporting depredations in the Yellowstone country, the General has been most active and vigilant in the movement of troops under his command, and that nothing has been left undone that was in any way calculated to insure success or lead to the present glorious result.

A FEW MORE GOOD INDIANS. Lieut. Loder Writes on a War Party of Sioux, Leaving None to Inhabit the Vale.

Diamond City, April 19.—A special courier arrived to-night from the Muskogee with the news that Lieutenant Loder, with about 18 men, had attacked and killed a party of 80 Sitting Bull's Sioux in the vicinity of Careless creek, about 75 miles east of Martinsdale, the particulars of which, as near as possible, are as follows: On the morning of the 17th a party of Gros Ventres, who were camped near a former Lieut. Loder, who was on a scouting expedition with eighteen men, from Fort Logan, that there was a party of Sioux near by. Moving at once, without waiting for breakfast, he started in pursuit, preceded by several Gros Ventre scouts. After a rapid ride of about eleven miles, one of the scouts signaled that he had found them, which was evident, as the Sioux fired upon him at once. He returned to the fire, but soon received a fatal shot. Lieut. Loder dashed forward and was soon within 150 yards of the enemy, who kept up a brisk fire. One Indian stood up as if to resist, but when Lieut. Loder shot down stood up a second time. The remainder of the party retreated into a cooler, but were charged upon and all killed, fighting with desperation to the last. One Gros Ventre was killed and one wounded. The Sioux were all about, and carried off to the reservation. The party consisted of 18 men, and the depredations on the Yellowstone a short time ago.

How Sitting Bull is to be Treated. Washington, April 18.—Chief Moses has agreed to it, the President has set aside a very large reservation in Washington Territory for Moses and his people, with the Indians of the United States. They will not now be permitted, even with penitentiary intentions, to recross the frontier.

Prof. Swain, on Bab Ingersoll and the "Mistakes of Moses." Professor Swain, of Chicago, recently presented a paper on "Mistakes of History" in the course of his remarks, the Professor defended the use of ridicule as a means of attack, holding that it is most effective and that nothing but such plain-spoken lawyerly denials will make any impression upon the hard shell of our modern dogma.

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Montana Condensed.

Delegate Maginnis has been re-elected Chairman of the Territorial delegation at the National capital.

There will be a telegraph line built from Buford to the new post, Assinaboine, on Milk river. It will be within sixty miles of Sitting Bull, and will afford the old warrior an opportunity of talking to his "Great Father."—Bismarck Tribune.

The New North-West, of the 28th inst. reports the Fair for the benefit of the Institute as progressing favorably. The receipts for the three days, ending on the 16th being upwards of \$800, and the vote had not been taken on the landsmen's side.

A man named Frank Williams, in attempting to get on a wagon, while the same was in motion Thursday evening last, was thrown to the ground and two leaded wagons passed over him. He was taken to the Hospital and Dr. Mitchell called. His injuries are not serious. His thighs were badly bruised from the wheels, but he is again able to be about.—New North-West.

"Said Bar" (the Phillips-Bar) correspondent of the New North-West facetiously remarks: Through considerations of a personal nature, I shall refrain hereafter from commenting upon the musical and literary eccentricities of our people. This thing of gazing down into the barrel of a six-shooter six or eight times a day is getting to be slightly monotonous, especially so when your vis-a-vis is a man of excitable temperament, and not disposed to settle matters on any other basis than that of blood, which unfortunately have but little.

South African Campaign. Cape Town, April 1, via St. Vincent, April 17.—The column for the relief of Colonel Pearson's command at Ekowe is to force a passage through the enemy's lines to Ekowe with all possible rapidity, exchange the garrison and provision the fort for one month, and form another post on Inguzum heights, leaving it supplied for a similar period. Perhaps a third post will be established at Inyoni river. The relieving column takes the coast road, where there is but little bush, and moves under the guidance of John Dunn, former Cetewayo's adviser. No tents are to be taken. Each night there will be a bivouac and the camp will be on the march.

NEW TO-DAY. TO FRIGATEERS, STOCK MEN AND ALL OTHERS! My LIVELY, FEED AND SALE STABLE, corner of Black and Metropolitan Streets, one block North of the old office of Black & Jackson, will be found complete and fully up to the requirements of the times in all its appointments.

GOOD SADDLE HORSES. And excellent carriage Turn-outs always in readiness at a moment's notice. Feed stable and travel for the accommodation of freights and travelers.

CHARGES REASONABLE. B. F. CLINE, Bozeman, M. T., April 19, 1879. —12-17

First National Bank OF HELENA. Designated Depository of the United States.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. And buy, at highest rates, Gold Dust, Coins, and all exchange and Foreign Transfers, available in all parts of the United States, the Continent, Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies. Collections made and Proceeds remitted promptly. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS. S. T. HAUSER, JOHN CURTIN, A. M. HOLTZ, R. S. HAMILTON, J. H. MING, C. P. HIGGINS, GRANVILLE STUART, A. J. DAVIS, T. H. KLEINSCHMIDT.

H. F. GALEN'S Stage and Express LINE! CARRIES THE U. S. MAIL. BOZEMAN AND HELENA COACHES. BOZEMAN AND VIRGINIA COACHES. PASSENGERS AND EXPRESS.

STALLION COLTS. A CHOICE LOT OF. Caring one and two years old, and FULLEY bred, and MIXED, and from well-bred stock.

JAMES MAULDY, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS, BRICK BLOCK, MAIN STREET, BOZEMAN, MONTANA.

OPIMUM. My LIVELY, FEED AND SALE STABLE, corner of Black and Metropolitan Streets, one block North of the old office of Black & Jackson, will be found complete and fully up to the requirements of the times in all its appointments.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. DEN. TISTRY Dr. C. L. BISHOP, Dental Surgeon. Established in Montana in 1866!

KLEINSCHMIDT & BRO. THE LARGEST Grocery House! —IN THE TERRITORY, HAVE OPENED A—

BRANCH HOUSE AT BOZEMAN, MONT., AND INVITE ALL PURCHASERS OF GROCERIES TO CALL ON THEM. We buy all kinds of Produce; also Hides, Furs and Buffalo Robes.

UNION MILLS SPRING HILL, MONTANA. The miller, proprietor of the old Reliable Union Mills, would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has had this mill overhauled and repaired, and has secured new machinery, among which is a large size.

FRANK HARPER. Bozeman Restaurant. TO THE FRONT! OPEN NIGHT AND DAY! Mr. Harper is prepared to serve breakfast, prepared in the highest style of cookery, at all hours of the day and night, and at most reasonable prices.

Just What You Need. Choice Family Groceries. And at the lowest possible living rates.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING, IRON AND STEEL OF all kinds and sizes. Train, Wagon & Buggy Work.

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J. C. GUY & SONS, SHERMAN, MONTANA. We have bought with this entire stock the Book Accounts of Mr. Cooper, and they will be found at the bottom of the list, and they will be no delay in parcels sent in sleeping forward and making prompt settlement.

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