NEW NORTH-WEST.

DEER LODGE CITY, FRIDAY, APRIL 14

Things Worth Knowing.

In 1662, the Governor of Massachusetts, Sir Henry Vane, an aristocratic Puritan, as austere as a saint, and as ambitious as Napoleon, was hanged for high treason.

In 1663, the Province of South Carolina was erected, with a free conscience clause in its charter.

In 1664, Nova Cassova, or New Jersey, was settled by Lord Barkly and followers.

In 1673, New York and New Jersey, then belonging to the English, were taken by the Dutch; one year after they were restored by treaty.

In 1683, the settlement of Pennsylvania was commenced by William Penn.

The Persians gave a name to every day of the month, the same as we do of the week.

April is so called from Aperit, the spring.

Ten beats of a healthy pulse are equal to nine seconds of time.

The first writer who used algebraic signs was a Nuremberger, named Stifelius, in 1544.

The least friction is found in polished iron and brass.

A man five feet six inches high, on level ground, or on the sea shore, can be seen about three miles distant.

Black rats are tamed in Germany and have bells hung about their necks. They drive away other rats.

The Angora cat has one eye blue and the other yellow.

The pip in poultry is a disease that produces a thin film under the tongue.

Perfectly white cats are deaf.

A horse sleeps while standing.

The bones of birds are hollow, and filled with air instead of marrow.

Fish and birds can see through the nictitating membrane that they draw over their eyes to screen them from the sun.

A louse lays sixty eggs or nits in six days, and hatches them in six more.

A flea, grasshopper, and locust jump two hundred times their length, in the ratio of a quarter of a mile to a man.

In the migration of birds, the males arrive several days in advance of the females.

Hair has been successfully transplanted from one part of the body to another

The atoms composing the "human form divine" are supposed to undergo an entire change every forty days.

The pulse of children goes double as quick as in a person of sixty—the one, one hundred and twenty to the minute, the other, sixty.

Cassado roots are made into bread in Brazil, and the starch is our tapioca.

Wheat and barley grow more in the day time than night.

Hops entwine to the left and Convulvus to the right.

Deciduous trees are those whose leaves wither and fall once a year, in contrast with evergreen.

Extract of lettuce is a sure cure for coughs, and an effective sedative.

Galena is the native sulphuret of lead, and contains antimony, silver and zinc.

Mount Athos, in Macedonia, is a mile high. It has twenty-four Greek monasteries, with six thousand monks.

The metals retaining heat the longest are in their order, brass, copper, iron, tin and lead.

Quicksilver freezes at 39° below zero. Ether at 90°.

A poker laid over a fire concentrates the heat of the passing smoke, and increases the draught through the fire.

Frost goes downward, heat upward.

Eggs are hatched at 104° of heat.

Bell metal is three parts copper and one of tin.

The first tragedy written in America was by Benjamin Coleman, while a student at Harvard. It was entitled Gustavus Vasa, and was enacted at a regular commencement of the college. Coleman afterwards became a noted Boston divine.

Penn's charter was dated March 4th, 1681, and his first colony comprised five hundred souls.

The Greeks and Romans had no standing armies in the time of peace. In the time of war every citizen was a soldier.

The Romans lay on couches at their meals resting on their left arms and eating with the right. The sexes ate separately.

William the Conqueror was descended from Rollo the Danish pirate in the seventh degree.

Fahrenheit, who invented the Thermometer in 1780, was a Dantzic merchant.

The report of a gun is heard before the word "fire."

Echoes cannot be heard in a less distance than forty-seven feet. To distinguish syllables, it requires one hundred and sixty-one feet for each syllable.

A bell in water produces a sound like two knives struck together.

In the Arctic regions you can converse a mile distant.

The "Saw Dust Swindle."

HOW IT WAS CARRIED ON IN NEW YORK.

(From the N. Y. Star.)

On Saturday last Judge Dowling sent two of the swindlers, named Hawkins and Palmer, to Blackwell's Island for six months and also fined them $50. Previous to September last these worthies were engaged in various advertising swindles under the name of Groombridge & Co., Trowbridge & Co., etc. In September last they took four rooms at No. 58 Liberty street, on the third floor. This building has also an entrance at 37 Nassau street. Here they hung out their shingle bearing the words, Fisher & Co., and having advertised for good penmen, they engaged ten young men, whose duty it was to address envelopes from letters in the possession of the swindlers at two dollars per thousand. These letters were in large bundles, and had been addressed to parties who had advertised such extraordinary things as appear in many of the weekly newspapers, and of whom they were purchased by these scamps. One barrel contained about 20,000 letters, which were addressed to a "Miss Ellen Lambert," of Brooklyn, who, for the moderate compensation of thirty cents advertised to send "the portrait of husband and date of marriage of any young lady who was anxious to get married." Hundreds of these notes were on beautifully tinted and highly perfumed note paper, and the writing was of the first order. One letter was from the daughter of a wealthy New York merchant. Others were from girls in the Southern States. All of them were a request—inclosing thirty cents—for ways and means in regard to some nice young man. Not one of the 20,000 had been answered, so it is to be supposed that their authors are still pining in almost hopeless misery. The ten penmen were packed in one small room, the door of which was kept continually locked. In another room were eight girls, who were kept constantly busy folding and inclosing the circulars sent out by the "firm." In a third room was a packer of the stuff. Each box was tightly packed with shavings and scraps of iron; then wrapped in brown paper and sealed in red wax, with a large official stamp. The packer sent off by express about thirty or forty boxes daily, on every one of which a deposit of from $10 to $50 had first been received from the gulls. The "firm" changed its name repeatedly, so that it was impossible for the deceived to track them. The game went on for months, and the profits of it were enormous. Eighty thousand envelopes were addressed on an average per week. Frequently $5,000 were taken in a single day! Possibly the assumption is a mistaken one, but it is nearly certain that the fools are not all dead yet.

BILLIARD BALLS.—The *Cabinet Maker* says: To color billiard balls red, take four grms. of picric acid, and dissolve in 250 grms. of boiling water; add, after cooling, eight grms. of liquid ammonia. Dissolve also two grms. of crystalized fuchsine (magenta) in forty-five grms. of alcohol, dilute with 378 grms. of hot water, and next add fifty grms. of ammonia. As soon as the red color of the magenta solution has disappeared, the two solutions are mixed together, making a bulk of liquid amounting to about one-half litre, which is a sufficient quantity for dying from four to six sheepskins. Ivory and bone should be placed in very weak nitric or hydrochloric acid first, before immersion in the ammoniacal liquid; wood cannot be dyed by this liquid unless it has been previously painted over with paste made from flour. When to the ammoniacal liquid some gelatine solution be added, it may serve as a red ink, which does not attack steel pens. By varying the proportion of the magenta and picric acid the tints obtained may be varied from a bluish red to a bright orange red. The desired colors do not appear until the ammonia is evaporated. This solution may be used for either ivory, bone or horn.

AN ENGLISH RACER COMING.—With a view of testing the relative speed of English and American racers, Mr. M. H. Sanford of New York has sent an order to England for the purchase of the three-year-old colt "Anton," who proved himself the best two-year-old on the turf last season. "Anton" is not engaged in either the 2,000 guineas, Derby or St. Leger, and can therefore only run in handicaps or weight for age races. The price asked for him is 3,000 guineas. He is by "Atherstone," a son of "Touchstone," but of "The Twin," and won seven out of the ten races he started for last season, in nearly every case carrying the highest weight and beating large fields of good horses. Had he been entered for the great three-year-old races in England, no money could have bought him. If Mr. Sanford succeeds in purchasing him, he will be entered for the Saratoga Cup, in which race he will have to meet such flyers as "Longfellow," "Kingfisher," "Glenelg," "Helmbold," and the best horses on the American turf.

A MILE TO BE RUN IN 1:41.—A match against time has been made by Messrs. Jerome and Hunter, of New York, which promises to rival in interest "Lexington's" great four-mile match against old Chromos, in 1855. Mr. Hunter has bet $1,000 against $2,500 that he will produce a horse that shall run one mile, carrying regular weight for age, in the unequaled time of 1:41, the race to come off at the first Summer meeting at Saratoga, in June next. Leonard Jerome backs time. It is thought that Mr. Hunter will be represented by either "Kingfisher" or "Glenelg," but we are informed on good authority that Mr. Belmont, their owner, declined to have anything to do with the match when an interest in it was offered him.

"Now, gentleman," said a peripatetic lecturer to a somewhat noisy crowd who had gathered to one of his seances in a Eastern village, "how would you like a good blackguard story? All in favor will raise their hands." Nine-tenths of the dexter paws present instantly went up, and there was a sudden hush of all noisy demonstrations. The lecturer went on with his original subject for a few minutes, when some incautious individual broke out with, "Say, where's that story?" "Bless you," was the reply, "I did not intend to tell you any such story. I only wanted to know how many blackguards were present." You might have heard a pin drop any time during the lecture, after that.

A NEW INDUSTRY.—The sweet potato, used in various forms as an esculent—in making bread, as a substitute for coffee, in the brewing of beer, as well as for fattening farm animals—is now beginning to be used in making syrup, "far surpassing that of the beet, and even of the sorghum in delicacy of flavor, while the yield is much more abundant. The average product of a bushel of sweet potatoes, the yam variety being preferred, is alleged to be over two gallons; and as the average yield per acre, on poor, sandy soil, is from 150 to 180 bushels, the product must necessarily be from 300 to 350 gallons of syrup. This must open to the view of the piney woods agriculturalists a new and most profitable industry, one man, with a mule, being able to cultivate at least fifteen acres in potatoes. The residium, after the juice for syrup has been extracted, is pronounced a valuable edible either for man or beast."

On Wednesday last, we were pleased to meet Mr. J. A. Brown, from Helena, Montana, who is stopping in the city for a week or two in the interest of his business north.

Mr. B. has a high opinion of the Salt Springs in Oneida Co., Montana, which he says yield the purest Salt now known to exist; it contains 97 per cent pure saline matter. The proprietors, Messrs. White & Stump, are producing about 500,000 lbs. annually.—*Salt Lake Tribune, 26th.*

Which shows that the *Tribune* has neglected its geography.

OLD BULLION.—Thomas H. Benton, concerning the Pacific Railway, delivered the following prophecy, more than twenty five years ago: "The man is now living and full grown, listening to my words without believing them, who will see the day when the commerce of the Indies will cross the North Pacific, will enter the waters of the Columbia and climb the slope of the Rocky mountains, and pour down over our widely-extended Union."

AN ORIGINAL PRESCRIPTION.—The following is a noteworthy specimen of medical prescriptions sometimes written by ignorant pretenders. It is genuine:

℞ Pir Kramps
Tinct. Kensfra, wonouhot
Tinct. Lodenum a litle.
Tinct. Hot Deape, a few.
Tinct. Kyan Pepar, 5 cents worth.
Kloreform, a litle, but not much as it is a dangerous medicine.
Dose, half-teaspoonfull when the Kramps come on.

Matt Greer, indicted for the murder of Wm. Dresser, was admitted to bail by the District Judge of Sacramento, March 30th, in the sum of $1,000, on testimony of surgeons that confinement would seriously affect his health.

"Young America" and the Pope.

Last Thursday one hundred American citizens, mostly Protestants, were presented to His Holiness at a formal reception, held for their benefit in the Vatican.

The ladies and gentlemen were drawn up in a line, in two of the splendid rooms, and as the Pope passed down the line, followed by the purpled functionaries of his court, the master of ceremonies called out the name and city of each party, who was therefore honored with a few words in French by His Holiness, who was very cordial and good-natured. He said: "Although they were of different nations and faith, still he considered them as being all his children;" and bestowed the apostolical benediction, stretching out the two first fingers of his right hand toward each as he passed along.

At the end of the line stood a youth, of 19 summers, a good specimen of "Young America." As the Pope approached him, and held out his hand to be kissed (as it had been by all the others, some kneeling and kissing his feet, *more Romano*), the aforesaid youth made a slight bow, and warmly grasped the Head of the Church by the hand, in good American shake-hand fashion.

Pius IX. took it as a good joke—a piece of variety, the spice of life—especially in prison. His eyes twinkled; he lifted up one finger in threatening attitude—of mock reproach—and then patted the evidently heretical youngster on the shoulder, asking him, in English, if he was from New York. "Yes," was the reply, and, with a parting glance of being highly tickled by this especial proceeding of a Pope being familiarly shaken by the hand, Pius IX. passed on. Young America was subsequently heard to remark, *sans facons*, "I shook hands with him just as I would with General Grant."—*Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

HOW MARRIAGE NOTICES SHOULD BE WRITTEN.—The Louisville (Ky.) *Commercial* makes the following suggestions upon the proper wording of a marriage notice, which meet our approbation entirely, especially his advice not to use the preposition "to," but in its stead the conjunction "and:"

"Will you have me, Sarah?" said a young man to a modest girl. "No, John," said she, "but you can have me if you will." Now, why are not those who prepare marriage notices for the newspapers as wise as Sarah? In the usual form, the woman is put in the objective case, where she really seldom is in matrimonial matters, and is governed by the preposition *to*, to which she certainly has a right to object. Thus Mr. Smith is always married *to* Miss Jones, yet Smith has asked Jones' hand, and she has given it *to him*. He asks to make her his wife, to marry *her*. So the priest asks, "Who giveth this woman to be married *to* this man?" The modern advocates of woman's rights will certainly not object to having their husbands given away in marriage to them; but the good, old-fashioned girls rather like the idea of giving themselves away. In leap year, the common form may be the correct one; but in other years it is certainly a reversal of the proper order of things. There is, however, a compromise which may be very judiciously effected, and this is the avoidance altogether of the preposition and the substitution of the conjunction, thus: "Married—Mr. Smith *and* Miss Jones." In this way neither party would have the advantage, and this would tend to verify the apothegm that "two beings are joined by love as two words by a printer's hyphen—sign at once of separation and connection."

Fun in Congress.

Don Piatt, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* says:

Judge Winans, who is ordinarily as grave as a gravestone, kept the House laughing yesterday, while attempting to get the Speaker's eye, and so obtain the floor. 'Mr Speaker,' cried the Judge to Mr. Dawes, who was in the chair.

Speaker—the gentleman is not in order.

Winans—I'd like to be told, Mr. Speaker, how you know that before I say what I want? (Laughter.)

Speaker—the gentleman will take his seat.

Winans—is there anything in the rules that requires me to be seated before I have said a word?

Speaker—the gentleman is not in order, and the speaker cannot proceed.

Winans—would it be straining a point of order for me to remain standing until it is in order for me to address the chair? (Loud laughter. Voices from over the house. 'Mr. Speaker!')

Speaker—the gentlemen will resume their seats.

Cox—does that include the gentleman from Ohio.

Speaker—the Speaker has not yet recognized the gentleman from Ohio.

Winans—I thought as much. I have here, Mr. Speaker, a pair of spectacles of fine magnifying power. Shall I show them to the Chair, so that I may be seen? (Roars of laughter all over the house.)

Speaker—the gentleman is out of order.

Winans—I arise to a point of order.

Speaker—the gentleman from Ohio will state his point.

Winans—that a motion to adjourn is always in order. (Great laughter.)

Speaker—does the gentleman from Ohio move to adjourn?

Winans—that was my wish when the Speaker invited me to be seated. (Laughter.

Speaker—does the gentleman from Ohio move to adjourn?

Winans—No; I've got over my hurry.

And so the Judge sat down with immense gravity, and the house fairly convulsed.

THE FIRST WHITE BOY.—The San Joaquin *Register* of March 23d, says:

The great Register of this county bears the name of George McKenney, who was born in San Francisco on the 5th of October, 1849. McKenney is certainly the first white boy born in San Francisco, and probably the first (?) born in California. An item now passing round the country to the effect that his name is Auld occurs through a misapplication of names, Auld being the name of McKenney's stepfather.

SCOTT HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

Deer Lodge, Montana.

S. SCOTT, ... PROPRIETOR

Travellers will find this the equal stop House in Montana. The Table shall not Bar Room Couches stay behind, and the Table is supplied with

The best the Market Affords.

Newly furnished rooms, all ventilated and supplied with

CLEAN FEATHER BEDS, ALWAYS READY.

1y6-1y

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

PASSED AT THE

Third Session of the Forty-First Congress

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No. 18.

Joint Resolution for the relief of John E Hagerty of St. Louis, Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster General be, and he is hereby, directed to readvertise for the transportation of all mails in the city of St Louis, now under contract with John E Hagerty, and release him from his bond: *Provided*, That new service under said advertisement can be secured at a reasonable rate.

Approved, February 24, 1871.

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No. 19.

A Resolution to amend a "Joint resolution relating to steamboats and other vessels owned in the loyal States," approved December twenty three, eighteen hundred and sixty nine.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That "Joint resolution relating to steamboats and other vessels owned in the loyal States," approved December twenty three, eighteen hundred and sixty nine, be, and the same hereby is, amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "or in conformity with the laws of the United States."

Approved, March 3, 1871.

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No. 20.

A Resolution authorizing the President to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint Lyman G. Spaulding a master in the navy of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint Lyman G. Spaulding, who resigned as midshipman in June, eighteen hundred and sixty six, master in the navy of the United States: *Provided*, that it appear upon examination that he has been relieved from the physical defect which led to his resignation, and is otherwise physically competent for service.

Approved, March 3, 1871.

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No. 21.

A Resolution for the relief of settlers on the public lands.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That settlers on the public lands of the United States who have been required to make proof and payment for their lands under the act to extend the provisions of the pre-emption laws to the Territory of Colorado, and for other purposes, approved July fourteen, eighteen hundred and seventy, and by instructions from the General Land Office, under date July thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy, shall have twelve months additional time given them under which to make such proof and payment.

Approved, March 3, 1871.

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE—No. 22.

Joint Resolution to amend section four, act of July twenty, eighteen hundred and sixty eight.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section four of the act of July twenty, eighteen hundred and sixty eight, in relation to fermented liquors, be so amended as not to apply to the making of fermented liquids used for the manufacture of vinegar exclusively; but nothing in this resolution shall be construed to authorize distillation of such fermented liquids, except in an authorized distillery.

Approved, March 3, 1871.

RESOLUTION OF GENERAL NATURE. No 23.

A Resolution authorizing the nomination and appointment to the retired list of the navy of certain volunteer officers on the active list of the navy, who are disabled in consequence of wounds received during the late war.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint upon the retired list of the navy, with the rank of lieutenant, Henry C. Keene, now a volunteer lieutenant on the active list of the navy; and to so nominate and appoint upon the retired list of the navy, with the rank of master, Edward E. Bradbury, now a mate on the active list of the navy.

Approved March 3, 1871.

GENERAL NATURE No. 23.

An Act to change the times for holding the district and circuit courts of the United States at Erie, Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after this date the July terms of the district and circuit courts of the United States in and for the western district of Pennsylvania, at Erie, shall be commenced and held on and after the third Monday of July in each year; and the January terms of said court at the same place shall be commenced and held at Erie, Pennsylvania, on and after the second Monday in January of each year.

Approved, February 21, 1871.

GENERAL NATURE No. 29.

An Act to authorize the Union Pacific Railroad Company to issue its bonds to construct a bridge across the Missouri river at Omaha, Nebraska, and Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the more perfect connection of any railroads that are or shall be constructed to the Missouri river, at or near Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Omaha, Nebraska, the Union Pacific Railroad Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to issue such bonds, and secure the same by mortgage on the bridge and approaches and appurtenances, as it may deem needful to construct and maintain its bridge over said river, and the tracks and depots required to perfect the same, as now authorized by law of Congress; and said bridge may be so constructed as to provide for the passage of ordinary vehicles and travel, and said company may levy and collect tolls and charges for the use of the same; and for the use and protection of said bridge and property, the Union Pacific Railroad Company shall be empowered, governed, and limited by the provisions of the act entitled "An act to authorize the construction of certain bridges, and to establish them as post roads," approved July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, so far as the same is applicable thereto; And provided, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to change the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific railroad from the place where it is now fixed under existing laws, nor to release said Union Pacific Railroad Company, or its successors, from its obligation as established by existing laws: Provided also, That Congress shall at all times have power to regulate said bridge, and the rates for the transportation of freight and passengers over the same, and the local travel hereinbefore provided for. And the amount of bonds herein authorized shall not exceed two and a half millions of dollars: Provided, That if said bridge shall be constructed as a draw-bridge, the same shall be constructed with spans of not less than two hundred feet in length in the clear on each side of the central or pivot pier of the draw.

Approved, February 24, 1871.

GENERAL NATURE—No 30.

An Act to provide for the disposition of useless military reservations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to transfer to the custody and control of the Secretary of the Interior, for disposition for cash, according to the existing laws of the United States relating to the public lands, after appraisement, to the highest bidder, and at not less than the appraised value, nor at less than one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, the United States military reservations at Fort Lane and Walla Walla in the State of Oregon, Fort Zarah in the State of Kansas, Camp McGarry in the state of Nevada, Fort Sumner in the Territory of New Mexico, Fort Jessup and Sabine in the State of Louisiana, Fort Wayne and Fort Smith in the State of Arkansas, each portion of the Fort Abercrombie reservation as lies east of the Red River of the North, and each portion of the reservation at Fort Bridger in the Territory of Wyoming, as may no longer be required for military purposes; Provided, that the Secretary of the Interior shall, whenever in his opinion the public interests may require it, survey any of the foregoing reservations or part thereof, to be subdivided into tracts less than forty acres each, or into town lots; And provided also, That each subdivision shall be appraised and offered separately at public outcry, to the highest bidder, as herein before provided, after which any unsold land or lot shall be subject to sale at private entry for the appraised value, at the proper land office: And provided further, That should there be improvements of buildings, or of building materials, or other valuable property, the Secretary of the Interior shall have them appraised; and no patent shall issue for the real estate until the improvements are paid for, at the appraised value thereof, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the said Secretary.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the right is hereby granted to Dalles City to have and use the waters of Mill Creek flowing through the military reservation of Fort Dalles, Oregon, and the right of way to convey the same through said reservation for the purposes of supplying Dalles City with water and for manufacturing purposes.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That permission is granted to the corporated authorities of Dalles City to extend Liberty street southerly, on the line of the same, through said reservation, and the land lying east thereof to, and the same is, granted to said Dalles City, in fee, upon the payment to the United States therefor the sum of ten dollars per acre.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the land hereby granted to said city shall be surveyed under the direction of the surveyor general for the State of Oregon upon application to him made by the mayor of said city; and the expenses of such survey shall be paid by said Dalles City.

Approved, February 24, 1871.

GENERAL NATURE—No. 31.

An Act prescribing the form of the enacting and resolving clauses of acts and resolutions of Congress, and rules for the construction thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the enacting clause of all acts of Congress hereafter enacted shall be in the following form: "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled;" and the resolving clause of all joint resolutions shall be in the following form: "Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled;" and no further enacting or resolving words shall be used in any subsequent section or resolution after the first; and each section shall be numbered and contain as nearly as may be a single proposition of enactment.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in all acts hereafter passed words importing the singular number may extend and be applied to several persons or things; words importing the plural number may include the singular; words importing the masculine gender may be applied to females; the words "insane person" and "lunatic" shall include every idiot, non compos, lunatic, and insane person; and the word "person" may extend and be applied to bodies politic and corporate, and the reference to any officer shall include any person authorized by law to perform the duties of such office, unless the context shows that such words were intended to be used in a more limited sense; and the word "oath" shall include "affirmation" in cases where by law an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, and in like cases the word "sworn" shall include the word "affirmed."

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That, whenever an act shall be repealed, which repealed a former act, such former act shall not thereby be revived, unless it shall be expressly so provided.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the repeal of any statute shall not have the effect to release or extinguish any penalty, forfeiture, or liability incurred under such statute, unless the repealing act shall so expressly provide, and such statute shall be treated as still remaining in force for the purpose of sustaining any proper action or prosecution for the enforcement of such penalty, forfeiture, or liability.

Approved, February 25, 1871.

Miscellaneous.

A. F. THRASHER, Photographer. | WM. HYDE, Jeweler and Watchmaker.

THRASHER & HYDE,

Proprietors of the

The Sun Pearl Gallery

MAIN ST., DEER LODGE CITY.

WOULD announce to the West Side public that they will keep on hand a full assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY,

and after the first of May, a full line of

PICTURE FRAMES,

of all sizes up to 24x36 inches. Also a full assortment of CHROMOS, LITHOGRAPHS, LINE ENGRAVINGS, MIRRORS from 8x10 to 36x60, Stereoscopic Boxes and Views, Albums from 50 cts to $15 each, holding from 12 to 200 pictures.

200

DIFFERENT VIEWS IN MONTANA & IDAHO.

☞ Repairs made to Watches and Clocks by WM. HYDE, practical Watchmaker of 20 years experience.

☞ Jewelry manufactured on the premises from pure native gold by CHARLES BENNET.

☞ Photographs, Photo Crayons, Ferrotypes and Sun Pearl Pictures in all styles and at all prices. Give us a call.

87 THRASHER & HYDE.

Land Entries!

O'BANNON & WOODY

O. B. O'BANNON, DEER LODGE, M. T. | FRANK H. WOODY, MISSOULA, M. T.

WILL ATTEND TO ALL BUSINESS RELATING to the Entry of Public Lands in

Deer Lodge and Missoula Counties!

Will keep correct Copies of Township Plats and Abstracts of all Entries and Filings on

West Side Lands

68-1y

☞ During my absence in the States, D. P. Newcomer, Esq., will attend to my Land business in Deer Lodge. O. B. O'BANNON

Deer Lodge, Nov. 30, 1870

The Placer Act.

TO PLACER MINERS.

THOSE interested in the ownership of Placer Mines are hereby respectfully informed that the undersigned, under authority of the "Placer Act" of July 9, 1870, is prepared to make the necessary surveys, plats, etc., required to make entry of placer mines, and to give information to claimants desiring to avail themselves of the benefits of said act. The size of claim, number of owners, whether on surveyed or unsurveyed lands; if on unsurveyed, the distance from the regular surveys, and the amount of improvement expended on the mine, should be sent with application.

Any number of owners can make a joint entry of any tract from 10 to 160 acres, without additional cost.

All business relating to surveys will be promptly and thoroughly attended to.

Address, Deer Lodge,

W. W. JOHNSON, Civil Engineer.

86

Craig's Patent Nozzle

Craig's Patent Nozzle. Craig's Patent Nozzle.

Is the Very Best

Ever offered to the Public in the shape of a

Hydraulic Machine!

As hundreds now at work will bear witness.

CAUTION TO EVERYBODY.

Be it known that the Hydraulic Chief, manufactured by F. H. Fisher of Nevada City; Champion Nozzle, manufactured by the Nevada Foundry of Nevada City, and Dictator, made by Richard Hoskin of Dutch Flat, are infringements upon our Patents dated Feb. 6th, 1866, Dec. 7th, 1868, Dec. 20th, 1869; that suits are now pending in the U. S. Courts, which involve the working principles of each and all of the above named contrivances, and that we will prosecute all responsible parties who make, sell or use, without our consent, any one or either of them.

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THE ARION PIANO-FORTE has Greater Power than any other Piano-Forte manufactured. It

Will stand in Tune Longer

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The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the iron frame,

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It affords me much pleasure to give you, in these few lines, a very sincere testimonial for the Piano Fortes of your manufacture. We have now used the Patent Arion Pianos in our Conservatories for a year, and have had a fair opportunity of testing their durability in that time. The Pianos have been played upon almost constantly, from morning till night, and a Piano must indeed be good one when it will bear such constant use without showing signs of dafection. As for REMAINING IN TUNE, it outrivals any Piano known to me.

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HENRY SCHROEDER, Director.

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