

IN HOUSE AND SENATE

BOND BILL DEBATE IN SWING IN THE UPPER HOUSE.

House Declares a Seat Vacant—Action on the River and Harbor Bill Veto.

Washington, June 1.—The final vote on the Butler bill to prohibit the issue of bonds will be taken in the senate tomorrow. Most of the time of the session was given to debate on the bill, Senator Cullom speaking against it as a step toward repudiation and Senator Brown of Utah in favor of the bill, or of a resolution offered by him declaring that the bonds under any future issue would be illegal and void.

Senator Morrill gave notice of a tariff speech tomorrow. Senator Brown presented the following resolution: "Resolved, That in the opinion of the senate of the United States the secretary of the treasury has no authority under the act of January 14, 1875, to issue any further bonds in addition to those already issued, and that any such bonds that may hereafter be issued by him would be without authority of the law and void."

The resolution went over to be considered in connection with the Butler bill later in the day. A resolution by Senator Lodge was adopted recommending the president for information as to the seizure of the American schooner Frederick Goring by the Canadian cutter Abercrombie.

In introducing a bill for building the Nicaragua canal, Senator Morgan said it would be more appropriate for the senate to pass the canal bill of last year. Final action could not be expected at this session, but in connection with the favorable action of the house it would give satisfaction to the country.

A brief but breezy controversy arose over the resolution offered by Senator Hansbrough, appropriating \$900 for completing the picture of the president in the capitol. The picture which is to be the final feature of this frieze has long been in controversy. No explanation was given as to the nature of the picture, but it was indicated when Senator Hawley introduced with the statement: "I have no criticism of the president in expression, and yet, I see no reason why the representations of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln should be omitted from that frieze while a representation of Mr. Cleveland is placed there."

Senator Hansbrough explained that the committee had two sketches, one showing the president, Cleveland, touching the electric button which announced the opening of the world's fair. The background was a representation of the lake of Veragua and family of the last of the line of Columbus. Senator Hansbrough said he did not think any senator should let his prejudice against the president prevail in this instance.

Senator Hawley responded that it was most surprising that this historic frieze should entirely overlook the greatest historical event since the revolution—the war of the rebellion. The very omission would cause criticism. Senator Hawley suggested a representation of Grant and Lee shaking hands at Appomattox as an appropriate theme for an artist.

With some warmth Senator Hansbrough stated that the Breckinridge bust had been suggested by at least one of the senators from Kentucky. "I am one that believes the war is over," added Senator Hansbrough. "I object to that sneer," said Senator Hawley. "It was not meant as such," answered Senator Hansbrough.

"I have no narrow views on this subject," proceeded Senator Hawley. "I thank heaven I have the warmest feeling for some of those who engaged on the other side. But it is impossible to believe history. There was a great war. We have wiped out the aristocracy, but the event itself can not be wiped out of history."

Senator Wilson objected to the adoption of the resolution, and it went over. Senator Sherman's request for a vote at 4 p. m. today on the Illinois cheese bill was objected to by Senator Harris. Bills were passed granting right of way through the Grand Canyon Forest reservation, in Arizona, to the Flagstaff and Canyon Railroad Company, and granting a pension to Elvira Batscheider. The latter bill corrects an error pointed out in a recent vote.

The partial conference report on the Indian appropriation bill which has been contested for three days, was further debated. Senator Vilas declared that the provision as to Indian citizenship was little short of a legislative outrage, and evidenced a decadence of public morality and duty.

The Bond Bill. No action was taken until 2 o'clock, when the bond bill was taken up, and Senator Cullom spoke in opposition to the bill. Senator Cullom spoke at considerable length. He said in part: "No one on this floor deprecates the issue of interest-bearing obligations by this government in the time of peace more than I do. But does any senator imagine that causes which made the issue of bonds necessary or which may require further issues can be removed by simply passing a bill prohibiting it? The consequences of the passage of the bill, if it shall become a law, to my mind are so far-reaching as to be simply appalling. In my opinion it would be the undoing of all that has been accomplished since the passage of the resumption act. It would mean a repudiation of our obligations. Its tendency would be to place this country upon a silver basis. It would seriously endanger every business concern in the country which has weathered thus far the terrible financial storm of the past three years. It would throw out of employment hundreds of thousands of laboring men and women who had hope that the dawn of a brighter day was at hand. It is wholly wanting in common honesty and would forever be a blot upon the name of American history."

co-operation of other great commercial nations, for such a settlement of the financial question I hope and look." Senator Stewart followed in support of the bill. Senator Vilas wanted to know if Senator Stewart would be satisfied if silver was made legal tender up to \$50. Senator Stewart replied that this would hamstring and bind the limbs of one of the metals.

Senator Allison asked if Senator Stewart's plan contemplated the issue of silver certificates before the bill was voted. Senator Stewart said he would issue certificates at once and coin as fast as possible. There was no doubt, he said, of the ability of the government to coin silver with sufficient rapidity for the needs of circulation. He would undertake to coin \$50,000,000 a year on a contract to receive the mint charges.

Senator Brown discussed the bond bill and also the resolution introduced by him earlier in the day, declaring that bonds issued in favor of the bill, or of a resolution offered by him declaring that the bonds under any future issue would be illegal and void.

Senator Brown insisted that the Allen resolution had been no warning to bond purchasers. He had not passed on what (Brown) wanted was a resolution giving a notification from the United States that the title of the bonds was questionable.

The final conference report on the appropriations bill was agreed to, and also to a final report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. Senator Allison explained that items still in disagreement were those covering public buildings, and lands, survey of public lands, participation in the trusts, parks, and the District of Columbia, charity schools.

A partial conference report on the salt and office appropriation bill was approved. Senator Allen stated that the item as to the consolidation of post-offices was still open. At 5:45 p. m. the senate held a brief executive session and recessed until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

A HOUSE SEAT MADE VACANT

No Election in a South Carolina District Contest. Washington, June 1.—In the house today it was decided by a vote of 129 to 127 that in the South Carolina district there had been no valid election and that neither Johnson or Stokes was entitled to the seat. Those voting in the affirmative were 72 democrats and 58 republicans. Those opposed were all republicans.

It being suspension day general business was taken up. Mr. Phillips, chairman of the committee on labor, called up his bill to create an industrial commission of 12 members, three representatives each of labor, agriculture, manufacturing and business, salaries of \$200 each, each member to have a legal adviser at \$500, the duties of the commission to investigate questions pertaining to immigration and the other subjects mentioned and to recommend legislation to congress.

The bill was opposed by Mr. Bartlett of New York, advocated by Messrs. Henderson of Iowa, Stewart of New Jersey, Belknap of Illinois, Howe of New York, and passed without opposition. The bill to give jurisdiction over the defenses in Indian territory to the United States courts of Arkansas, Kansas and Texas was defeated, 83 to 98.

An attempt was made to pass the bill for the reorganization of Indian territory based on the Dewey committee report and the amendments by Curtis, but on account of the lack of a quorum the house adjourned at 3:45 p. m.

SCENES OF GLOOM AT SENeca, MO.

Hundred Homes Were Found—List of the Dead. Kansas City, May 31.—A special to the Journal from Seneca, Mo., says: "The streets today presented a scene of darkest gloom. Searchers are returning with bodies and coffins are being buried here and there to receive the dead. Hundreds of citizens are viewing the mass. No actual conception of the immolated loss can be given. Probably 500 names have been inhumed. A special appeal for aid was issued today by Mayor McManion. Of the 15 thought to have been drowned 14 bodies have been recovered. The dead are: Henry Andre, Leo Andre, Mary Andre, Mrs. White, wife of Rev. Harry White, Willie Doehler, Archie Williams, Mrs. Robinson and baby, Carl Smith, wife and five children, — Floyd, a child.

ARTICLE IS FULL OF UNTRUTHS

President Krueger Talks of Seymour Fort's Communication. Pretoria, May 21.—President Krueger is still suffering from influenza. All day he has been receiving the Johannesburg reformers who were released from prison yesterday, and who called to express their gratitude for their liberty. In an interview today President Krueger declared the article in the current Nineteenth Century, by Seymour Fort, who was private secretary to Sir Henry Brougham Loch, while the latter was governor of Cape Colony, is full of untruths.

THROWN AND HIS NECK BROKEN

Wallowa Valley Stockman Met a Violent Death. La Grande, Or., June 1.—Yesterday in the Wallowa valley Andrew Spurling, a well known stock man, was thrown by a sudden lurch from his wagon and his neck was dislocated. He died 30 minutes afterward. He was 55 years old and unmarried.

AID FOR THE SUFFERERS

CHECKS SENT TO ST. LOUIS FROM HOME AND ABROAD.

Bad Sanitary Conditions Threatens the Health of Both Towns—Many Are Missing.

St. Louis, June 1.—The work of clearing up the debris and repairing the damage left by Wednesday's storm continues with unabated vigor. The best news of the day was that the occupants of the demolished city hospital, 40 or 50 of whom were reported still under the ruins last week, are all accounted for. A roll call disclosed this fact today. A list of 120 persons missing in St. Louis since the storm is in the hands of the police. Many among them are pupils from outside St. Louis, who were visiting here or who had business in the town. A search is being carried on for all of these among the ruins of wrecked buildings.

In East St. Louis the work of relieving the many homeless and destitute persons is being carried on rapidly. An official estimate of the loss to shipping has not yet been made and will not be made until the submerged boats have been examined. The first estimate of \$2,000,000 has dwindled down to less than half a million and the chances are that these figures will be reduced materially. Many animals of all descriptions were killed in the storm and their putrefying bodies are becoming a menace to those living in and about the devastated districts. In the past few days 120 horses and mules and five cows have been carted away. The bodies were crushed in every conceivable manner and were found in all kinds of places.

Among the subscriptions received is one of \$50 from Calumet, Ill., and one of \$200 from the National Bank of Commerce in London, England, and \$300 from Helen M. Goile. Both houses of the municipal assembly of St. Louis tonight adopted resolutions asking outside aid for the cyclone sufferers.

MASS MEETING AT ST. LOUIS

Citizens Realize That Relief is Badly Needed. St. Louis, June 1.—A mass meeting has been called for Tuesday afternoon to consider the advisability of appealing for outside aid for relief of the storm sufferers. The call is signed by prominent German, South Broadway, merchants and citizens of the devastated portion of South St. Louis. It states the loss to property is estimated at \$20,000,000. Assistance is sorely needed, and generous offers of this and foreign countries could not be declined.

Only a Scare.

Early this morning St. Louis and East St. Louis received a thorough scare. A storm came up from the southwest accompanied by low flying thunder and almost continuous flashes of lightning. A few minutes later black clouds appeared on the northern horizon and rolled up until they covered the city. There was a strong wind, though not approaching a hurricane. The elemental disturbance lasted nearly an hour and then became a drizzling rain.

List of Missing is Appalling.

The list of persons missing since the terrible tornado last Wednesday is appalling. The police have about 120 names. At the City Hospital. Last week it was thought that 40 or 50 patients were in the ruins of the city hospital. Today every person in the institution has been accounted for. Michael Dunn was the only patient killed outright by the storm. Some have since died, but only a few from injuries received.

CHICAGO WILL TAKE ACTION

Proclamation by Mayor Swift Asking Aid for Storm Victims. Chicago, June 1.—An appeal to the people of this city to go to the aid of the storm sufferers of East St. Louis was issued by Mayor Swift in a proclamation setting forth the want and sufferings of the survivors of the tornado district. Supplies, such as clothing, bedding, tents and the like will be received at the city hall. Arrangements have been made with the railroads for the transportation of such supplies.

KILLED ON A STEAM BICYCLE

Inventor Roper Violently Thrown by His Own Motor. Boston, June 1.—E. H. Roper of Roxbury, a mechanical engineer, while pacing Tom Butler, the professional bicycle rider, with a steam bicycle which Roper had invented, was killed at the Charles river park track today. Roper's machine became unmanageable, and he was thrown, striking on his head. Roper, who was 70 years of age, had been at work on his motor 3 years.

THE CITY ELECTION AT CHENEY

D. J. Turner Elected Mayor by a Small Plurality. Cheney, Wash., June 1.—At the city election today the votes polled were 188. It was a hard contest, and the pluralities were small. The result: Mayor, D. J. Turner; councilmen, L. A. Houck, Fred Switzer, D. H. Stewart, James Curran, Steve Harris.

Levee at St. James.

London, June 1.—The Prince of Wales, in behalf of the queen, held the grand levee of the season this afternoon at St. James palace. The function was a brilliant one, and there was the usual procession from Marlborough house to the palace.

Struck by a Landslide.

Berne, June 1.—The village of Kriensholz, in Bernese Oberland, has been partially destroyed by a landslide, caused by spring water. The inhabitants have been compelled to desert the place. Great damage has been done to railroads and farms in the vicinity.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feriliveness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. "Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it." UNIFIED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass. ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres. Castoria. "Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children." Dr. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass. "Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quiet nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves." Dr. J. F. KIRKBRIDE, Conway, Ark. The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

LYNCHED BY A GEORGIA MOB

Negroes Charged With Killing a White Woman. Columbus, Ga., June 1.—At 10:45 p. m. morning a mob of 600 armed men broke into the Webster building during the trial of Jesse Clayton, charged with assaulting Mrs. Howard Bryan last Thursday. Clayton's trial had a bloody begun behind locked doors and a heavily armed guard of men was present to protect the prisoner from any demonstration of violence. The mob forced the doors and with a resistance rush swept back the spectators and guards and seized and carried the negro out into the street. A rope was passed around Clayton's neck, and he was dragged up Broad street, the crowd shouting at him as they went along. Near the bell tower they swung the negro up and perforated him with bullets.

After this, the mob was roughly and deliberately as in the first instance, went immediately to the courthouse and, overpowering the guard, took W. H. M. E., a negro charged with assaulting Miss Abright, two years ago, and marched him slowly to where Clayton's lifeless body was hanging from a tree. The trembling negro was made to look up to the face of his brother in crime, then a rope was placed about his neck, and he was slowly suspended in the air and his body plied with bullets.

Mrs. Bryan was assaulted at Clapp's Factory, four miles from here, early on Thursday morning. She is a young woman, not over 15 years of age. Her husband was in the city at the time. She was dragged into the street, and a rope was passed around her neck, and she was dragged up Broad street, the crowd shouting at her as they went along. Near the bell tower they swung the negro up and perforated him with bullets.

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MONTANA UNION TIME TABLE. Trains arrive at the Montana Union depot in Deer Lodge as follows: No. 1—Going north 10:35 a. m. No. 7—Going north 7:30 p. m. No. 8—Going south 11:45 a. m. No. 2—Going south 9:30 p. m. R. J. DEE, Agent.

McBurney :: House, W. N. AYLESWORTH, Proprietor. The leading Hotel of Deer Lodge. Tables supplied with the best the markets afford. Sample rooms for commercial men. Board and room, \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day. A share of the patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. W. N. Aylesworth.