DAILY EXPRESS.

TERRE HAUTE, IND.

TUESDAY.....FEBRUARY 12, 1861

European Conflict.

Recent advices from the Continent tend to the apprehension that the opening of the spring will bring with it a war between some of the leading Powers of Europe—France is now engaged most actively in the work of military preparation. The Emperor is diligently placing his kingdom in a war like attitude. The arrangements, reported to be in progress, will tend to place the French army and navy on a most formidable footing. These preparations are presumed to be making with a complete understanding between the Emperor of France and the cabinet of St. Petersburg Prussia has caught the alarm. The recent address of the King of Prussia to a military deputation of his Generals, seems to have created great disquietude among the diplomatists of Europe. The King, it will be remembered, seems to suspect the ulterior object of these preparations, on the part of France, to be the restoration of her ancient boundaries on the Rhine. He emphatically says that if the sovereigns of Europe cannot turn aside the storm, which is rising, that Prussia will need every soldier in her midst to *protect* herself. He appears to regard his own kingdom as surely menaced by the impending preparations. Those conversant with European affairs seem to think his conclusion justifiable.—Since the abandonment of any attack on Venice there seems to be no excuse for France to be making such war-like preparations. She cannot interfere in present difficulties, unless Austria should attempt to invade Lombardy. If Hungary and the Principalities commence the contemplated movement, the Italians can settle the Venetian question themselves. France will have no excuse to interfere. The statesmen of the Continent seem to think that the present plans of the Emperor, contemplate the dismemberment of Austria and a resulting revolution all over the German States, such as occurred twelve years ago. In this event, it is presumed that he wishes to be ready to interfere and extend his territory after the manner of the acquisition of Nice and Savoy, in the recent Italian war. Prussia sees, in this state of things, that any acquisition must come from her; hence the King evinces his apprehension of the need of her army for self-protection. Of course, nothing has yet transpired which shows clearly the ultimate object of the war-like preparations of the French Emperor and the sovereigns surrounding him. There is pretty surely some grand movement in contemplation. The speculations of those skilled in European matters cannot, now, guide us to a conclusion as to its purpose. Enough is transpiring, however, to lead to the belief that some new stake will soon be played for, by the monarch gamesters of the Old World.

An Effect of Secession.

The Convention of Louisiana, a day or two since, resolved that it was unwise for them to attempt to interfere with the present postal arrangements of the Federal government. The reason assigned was, in effect—the selfish one—that a single State could not provide so effective and cheap a system of mail facilities as that they already enjoyed. It appears that the members of this secession convention are already beginning to see that it requires something besides will, for a State, as well as an individual, "to set up housekeeping on." It is strange that those gentlemen who are of such chivalric turn of mind as to prevent them from bearing any of the financial ills of the Federal government would consent, in their present attitude, to receive any favors from it. Not only do our Southern friends still desire to enjoy the advantages of the mail system of the government they affect to despise, and with which they are at open hostility, but they have the bad taste to complain of the manner in which it performs its service. The present condition of political affairs, in the South has produced irregularity and uncertainty in the mails. There is no small degree of complaint, already, showing itself in the press of the South, in regard to these failures. The following clipped from the Vicksburg (Mississippi) Whig of 24 inst, contains one of these complaints.

We are again subjectdd to the repeated loss of money by mail. For some time past, we had hoped it had been stopped, but it appears we were mistaken and the "system of plunder" has begun again.—Independent of the loss, it is a serious inconvenience to both ourselves and our subscribers. The present political difficulties, and the almost utter impossibility of applying an effective remedy, has started every rascal connected with the mail service, and we suppose we shall have to bear it until something like order is brought out of the present chaos.

The postal bill of Mr. Colfax of this State, which has passed the House of Representatives, if it becomes a law, will place it in the power of the Post Master General to discontinue all routes through states or communities resisting the laws of the United States. In case this bill goes into effect all complaint as to inefficiency of the service will cease.

Fort Sumter.

The steamship Marion arrived at New York, a few days since, bringing the wives and children of the garrison of Fort Sumter. They were quartered, for the present, at Fort Hamilton. The papers of New York represented them to be in need of many comforts, at the time of their landing. These were doubtless supplied by patriotic and kind friends. Their departure was hasty and unexpected. The information given, by these persons, in regard to the internal condition of the Fort, encourages the belief that Major Anderson can, successfully, resist an attack. The garrison, they report to consist of seventy-five efficient soldiers and thirty laborers, all in good health and spirits. The entire garrison was warmly attached to their gallant commander, and resolved to defend the post to the last extremity. The officers and men were busily employed in mounting the heavy Columbiad guns on the rampparts of the Fort. The garrison has sufficient salt provisions and rations to stand a long siege. No re-enforcements had reached the Fort, down to the time these passengers left, and they thought it doubtful if the garrison could, now, be increased.

This information is perhaps the only reliable statement of the condition of affairs within the Fort, which has, of late, transpired publicly. The whole country looks with anxiety for the result of the efforts, of the gallant commander and his few brave comrades, to sustain our national flag.—God grant there may be no fratricidal war fare around the walls of this fortress! If, however, milder counsels cannot prevail and maddened brethren of the same race rush to its assault, our hope is with the loyal officer and his scanty phalanx. If battle comes in all its direful forms, we trust that after its din and smoke dies away, the "Star Spangled Banner," may still float over Sumter, as gloriously as it did over Fort McHenry, on the day which gave birth to our grand old National Ode.

Indiana Legislature.

But little business was done in the Legislature further than to receive reports from committees, the session was short and but little discussion was elicited. The following from the Indianapolis Journal gives a liberal synopsis of the proceedings.

SENATE.—*Petitions* were presented from the University of Notre Dame; from citizens of Clay county on the State of the Union; and in relation to the claims of individuals; all of which were appropriately referred.

Committees reported laying on the table a petition from citizens of Jefferson county in relation to the option of plaintiffs bringing suits before Justices of the Peace, for the reasons that a bill on the subject was before the Senate; amending the bill to authorize clerks of courts to enter satisfaction of mortgages; reccommending the passage of the bill providing compensation to the owners of animals killed on railroads, recommending the passage of the bill relative to the formation of manufacturing companies; reccommending the passage of the bill legalizing assessments made in cities, all of which were concurred in.

Two reports were presented from the Committee on Military Affairs—the majority postponing indefinitely the bills introduced by Messrs. Anthony and Ray, and the minority dissenting from such a disposition of them for the reason that they had not been thoroughly examined.

Pending a motion to lay both reports on the table, a call of the Senate was ordered which disclosed the lack of a quorum and the necessity for an adjournment.

Messrs. Claypool, Hamilton, Anthony and Wagner were announced as the Senate's portion of the joint committee on apportionment.

HOUSE.—A *Petition* was presented from Vermillion county praying for legislation in regard to the Common Pleas District, of which that county was a portion.

Reports, against a bill regulating the business of Insurance Companies; in favor of a bill in regard to executions; recommending amendment of the act in regard to the settlement of decendent's estates; in favor of a bill enlarging the legal capacity of married women with insane husbands, so that they may make contracts and convey real estate; in favor of amending the law regulating the fees of County Treasures, so that the pay for redeeming orders shall be uniform in all counties—laid on the table; against amending the law in regard to cutting down dead timber on roads; against requiring road supervisors to clear obstructions of rivers; against changing the rates of toll so as to increase those on wagons and reduce those on sheep and stock—ordered to be recommitted to select committee.

Joint Resolutions—That the Swamp Land committees of the two Houses agree on a plan for prosecuting the investigation of Swamp Land frauds; authorizing the State Librarian to send to the Governor of Wisconsin copies of the journals, laws and documents of the State, of which there is a surplus on hand.

Bills were introduced in regard to the arrest of fugitives from justice; providing for the expenses of the Legislature, and appropriating $30,000 therefor; amending the Practice act; reorganizing Circuit Courts; providing for the location of highways, and assessment of damages; to sell the present residence of the Governor, and purchase a new lot and erect a new house, the lot not to cost more than $6,000, and to be north of New York street; to amend the law defining the duties of County Clerks, and fixing their fees; Recorders to issue marriage provide for the erection of an inebriates, and assessing a tax on the $100 and giving the liquor licenses, as a fund for to amend the act in regard to ricultural Societies holding re issuing capital stock; amendi of the act in regard to the Si to provide for the registratio marriages and deaths; to pr land ditches.

The difficulty between Mc and Packard was announced adjusted by the withdrawal of epithets on both sides. A re clering that leave of absence extend to one day, unless spe ited, was adopted.

MORE TRAITORS—WORK FOR MARSHALS.—The Bloomington Telegraph says that Lieut. McG merly of the Bloomington Gu in Galveston, Texas, drillin preparing them to seize upon other property of the United and that Capt. O'Callahan, Guards, is now in Bloomingto agent of the said Lieut. McGr ing to purchase the uniform o and to enlist men to go down t join the traitors there. These are Irishmen.

☞ A maxim of Ferdinand of Spain, the husband of Isabella, has recently been discovered among his papers. He addressed it to one of the English Henrys: "Always ruin your opponent in the opinion of the world *before* you go to war with him."

☞ It is believed in Washington, that the appointments of Judge Pettit and Black will not be acted on this session.

☞ Georgia Disunionists are advocating a monarchical form of Government for the Cotton States because our National Government has proved too weak, and because, if reconstructed after the experience of the last few weeks, it would be "weak' and "contemptible.' We are compelled to infer that if our Federal Government had exibited the vigor of a monarchy—if Buchanan had hung a score of traitors at Washington and Charleston, proclaimed martial law, and dispersed seditious Conventions and Legislatures at the point of the bayonet, it would have been just such a government as those fire eaters would delight in. It would have given them perfect satisfaction according to their own theories. We fancy, however, that the people of the Cotton States have a different way of thinking.—[Lou. Jour.

☞ The bleached remains of the emigrant party massacred at the Mountain Meadow, in Utah, have been collected in a single grave, and a stone monument, conical in form, fifty feet in height, now marks the spot where they rest. This is surmounted by a cross of red cedar twelve feet in height, on which is carved the following inscription: "Vengeance is mine, I will repay, saith the Lord." On the base of the monument stands a granite slab, into which are cut the words: "Here one hundred and twenty men, women and children were massacred in cold blood early in September, 1857. They were from Arkansas."

PARSON BROWNLOW FIRM TO THE END.—In the last issue the Knoxville Whig, Parson Brownlow says:

We are informed that Mr. ——, of the ninth civil district of Knox has proposed to join a company at any time to come to Knoxville and hang the editor of this paper. We propose next Monday as a suitable day, and we invite our Union friends to attend and witness the execution! We propose to make a speech under the gallows, and to relate our political experience. There will be a mass meeting of the party here on that day, and the hanging of the "notorious Brownlow" will greatly add to the interests of the occasion!

A PREGNANT SUGGESTION.—The following document came to the Louisville *Journal* for publication with one hundred and fifiy-four prominent names attached to it. The hint is as broad as the list of names is long:

FLEMINGSBURG, KY., Jan. 28, 1891.

To Mr. Burns. Representative from Fleming and Rowan:

We, the undersigned citizens of Fleming county, respectfully suggest to you the propriety of resigning your seat in the Legislature of Kentucky. as you are unwilling to serve under the flag of our country.

COLLECTING A DEBT IN NORTH CAROLINA.—A Philadelphia firm received a letter from an attorney in North Carolina, remiting $85 as the proceeds of a debt of $90. The lawyer failing to collect the debt in the regular way, had to "board it out.' In winding up his letter to the firm he says: "I have retained $5 for my services, though the commission is but $4 50. I have only to say that if you knew the abdominal anguish I have suffered while boarding out your bill, you wouldn't grudge the extra half dollar.'

"Abdominal anguish' is good.

☞ The Charlestonians are carefully looking over the names of their streets and alleys to see whether any of them bear Northern names. When such an unlucky circumstance is discovered as a Yankee name, it is immediately obliterated and some one full of the peculiar melody, pertaining to all things in the soft and sunny South, is substituted.

DECLINE OF STOCKS IN THE SECEDING STATES.—Since the secession movement the bonds of Louisiana have declined from 95@100 to 80, with no buyers at the latter figure; and Georgia sixes. always rated higher than any other Southern securities, have fallen from 102 to 75. which is the best which has been offered of late.

☞ The Charleston papers have determined to abandon the practice

Union is now for co-operation and a common and united policy to preserve our institutions common to the South. He writes to the editor of the Tuscogee Republican that his views and feelings have been much misunderstood and misrepresented, that he has been denied a hearing through the most ultra papers, and says: "We are in the hands of revolutionary cabals. It is Red against Black Republicanism."—We fear there is too much truth in this remark of Col. Samford.—*Nashville Patriot*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fire Insurance!

STATEMENT OF ASSETS

OF THE

Lafayette Fire Insurance Co.,

OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

OCTOBER 1, 1860.

Bonds and Mortgages (worth $230,700)	$146,947 4
Loans on demand, with collaterals	19,356 67
Interest accrued but not due, on B & M	4,662 90
Interest accrued but not due, on loans	395 01
Premiums due and unpaid	2,457 67
Bills receivable	284 37
Cash in the hands of Agents	878 47
Cash on hand and in Bank	3,277 80
Personal property of the Company	1,975 14
	$174,735 43
UNPAID LOSSES	$2,500 00

City and County of New York, ss:

James B Thompson, Jr., Secretary of the Lafayette Fire Insurance Co., being duly sworn, says that the foregoing statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief. JAMES B. THOMAS, JR., Sec.

Sworn before me, this 29th day of October 1860. GEO. T. HAWS, Commis'r of Deeds.

☞ The Lafayette Insurance Co. does a safe and conservative business, and the security to the insured last least equal to that afforded by any other Company.

HOSFORD & BROWN,
Agents at Terre-Haute.

fe12dly

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of two orders of sale issued from the Vigo Common Pleas Court, to me directed and delivered one in favor of Frederick Minkle, and one in favor of Stephen S Pierce, and and both against Levina C. Scott and Martha Scott, I am ordered to sell the following described real estate, situated in Vigo county, Indiana, to-wit: The northeast quarter [¼] of section thirty-two [32], township thirteen [13], north of range eight [8] west, except five (5) acres in the south east corner of said tract of land: also, the northeast quarter [¼] of the northwest quarter (¼) of section thirty-two (32), township thirteen (13), north of range eight (8) west, except five (5) acres in the southeast corner of said tract, and on

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1861,

Within the legal hours of said day, at the Court House door in Terre Haute, I will offer the rents and profits of the above described real estate, together with all the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, to a term not exceeding seven years, to the highest bidder for cash, and upon failure to realize a sum sufficient to satisfy said orders of sale and costs, I will then and there offer the fee-simple in and to said real estate, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the same.

This, 11th day of February, 1861.

fe12w3-pf$4 SAMUEL CONNER, Shf.

FURNITURE!

A LARGE AND SUPERIOR STOCK at Exceedingly low prices, until March 1st. Call soon at 142 Main Street.

J. C. WALTER

HAS GREATER FACILITIES
in the line of
CLOTH, NELVET AND WOOD
COFFINS AND TRIMMINGS!

Than any other house in this city!
Sole agent for the Metallic Cases and Caskets!
I have two new styles of the Metallic Cases and Caskets, to which I invite your attention.
Prompt attendance in all cases.

MILLINERY!

Mrs. WALTER

Will close out her present stock of Fine Winter Millinery at less cost. Call early to secure bargains, at

142 Main street, Between 5th and 6th sts.

Three first class MILLINERS WANTED.
Also, a good DRESS CUTTER and FITTER.
fe7dwtf

ies Attention!

ing my old stand and moving new, I did not entirely forget the contrary, I have a greatly increased stock of articles in your line, such as rubber and Horn Tuck Combs in prices from 5c to $5; Rubber Wire Hair Pins, Bone and Pocket Needles; Embroidery, Hole, and various other of Scissors—best quality—Nail and Tooth Brushes, Rubber Horse Rubbing Combs, Indelible Ink and Pencils, Powder Shawl and Diaper Pins, Port (every variety) Card Cases, Paper Knives, Cabas, Travelling, Red and Blue Pencils, Letter and Note Paper, (Plain and Gilt) Envelopes, (Blue and Opaque.) Rubber Long and, in short, so many other articles that I cannot stop to mention. Call at No. 101 you shall be pleased.

O. BARTLETT.

ICES DOWN!

You yet secured a Diary for the year of Remarkable Events? If not, advise, go directly to HARTS at cost, and after treacherous has been frustrated in her designs of by this aid call the inventor of Diaries.

Valentines!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF VALENTINES, wholesale and retail, at

ja26dw BARTLETT'S

Important Notice.

ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to J. L. Howell & Co., will please call and settle. All accounts not paid within 30 days will be left in the hands of officers for settlement.

☞ Groceries sold cheaper than ever.

Feb. 5, dwtw J. L. HOWELL & CO.

REMOVAL!

HARTSOCK, ALLEN & CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR

New Rooms,

No. 79 Wabash Street,

Where they are giving

BARGAINS

In their stock of

Winter

CLOTHING

They take this opportunity to thank their customers for the liberal patronage they have received, and hope by strict attention to all order to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ CALL AND SEE US. ☜

Remember the place!—One door east of the old stand, No. 79 Wabash street.

HARTSOCK, ALLEN & CO

Coal! Coal!

THE undersigned has a few thousand bushels of superior HIGHLAND COAL, Which he will sell at Panic Prices, for the next thirty days. Orders left at Bartlett's Bookstore or C. A. Goodwin's Gunsmith shop, will receive prompt attention. A. C. COMBS.

fe8d2w

To the Public.

Auction and Commission!

THE undersigned having opened a House exclusively for the commission business, hopes to merit a liberal patronage from a generous public.

I will attend all sales in the city or country on as reasonable terms as any other auctioneer can be procured.

Satisfaction Guaranteed in All Cases!

Give me a call, at 108 Wabash street, next door to the old Spinning Wheel Corner, opposite Southern Bank.

☞ Liberal advances made on all consignments. W. S. COOPER,

fe9d3m. Auctioneer.

ISAAC BALL.

UNDERTAKER,

WOULD most respectfully inform those in want of anything in his line, that he is prepared to furnish Funerals on short notice.

I have now on hand the best assortment of UNDERTAKING TRIMMINGS ever brought to this city.

Being the oldest Undertaker in the city, I trust I can give better satisfaction than ever has been given in this city.

I can be found at my old stand, corner 2d and Cherry streets, where I keep on hand, constantly, Marshal's Casket Case—the only Case now in general use. WOOD COFFINS of all kinds.—CLOTH AND VELVET COVERED COFFINS—in a word, anything in the Undertaking line will be promptly attended to, either by night or day.

Bodies preserved any length of time desired.
Carriages furnished to order.
Remember, Corner of Second and Cherry sts.

fe9dwtf ISAAC BALL.

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Auditor of Parke county, in Rockville, Ind., until the 6th day of March next, for the building of TWO BRIDGES across Sugar Creek.

Plans, specifications and terms can be seen at the Auditor's Office for two weeks previous to the letting.

Said bridges are to be built on the improved Burr plan, each two hundred feet span, double track and covered, and to have substantial stone abutments.

There will also be considerable excavation and embankment. L. A. FOOTE,

fe6d2wpd Auditor Parke Co.

Superior Coal!

AT LOW PRICES!

THE undersigned having just opened a new Bank of SUPERIOR COAL, within one and a half miles of the city, is now prepared to fill orders, Lump and Small, at the very LOWEST FIGURE

Orders left at the "BOWIE HOUSE," will receive prompt attention.

ja26dtf JAMES SEEE & CO.

Sale of Land Mortgaged to the School Fund.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will on Wednesday, the 20th day of February, A D 1861, offer for sale at the Court House door in Terre-Haute, Indiana, the following real estate, (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy principal, interest and damages), to-wit: the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-four [24], township ten [10], range nine [9] west, the same having been mortgaged to the School Fund on the 23d day of October, A D 1854, by Stephen B Littlejohn, to secure a loan from the same, and forfeited by the non-payment of principal and interest.

Amount due on day of sale, $187,50. Cost of advertising to be added. E. B. ALLEN,

Aud. Vigo County.

Terre Haute, Jan. 29, '61-did.

MAKE HAY WHILE THE SUN SHINES!

20 DAYS MORE! 20 DAYS ONLY!

The Great REDUCTION SALE,

AT

EDSALL, McDOUGAL & CO'S

Will continue for Twenty Days More.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN ALL OUR

WINTER GOODS,

To close out the entire stock before taking Inventory.

BROCHE LONG SHAWLS,
WOOL LONG SHAWLS,
MERINOS, CASHMERES,
OTTOMAN CLOTHS,
DE LAINES, ROBES, and
DRESS GOODS GENERALLY

REDUCED STILL FURTHER!

THE BALANCE OF OUR

CLOAKS,

In Velvet, Beaver and Cloth, at a Great Sacrifice!

Fancy Dress Silks—Fancy Silks

Never before have Silks been offered as low as the balance of our stock.

BLACK SILKS!

Plain Black Silks,
Black Figured, Striped,
Ceded, Corded,
Rept and Armeure,

Ladies, do look at our Black Silks!

Hosiery and Gloves.

100 doz. Ribbed Hose at 15c. worth 25c.
Ladies' Gloves and Gauntlets
Misses and Children's all kinds.

360 Pairs Wool

Blankets at cost

To close out!

Irish Linens, Table Cloths, Table Damask, Linen Diaper, Crash, Towels Napkins, Doyles, Table Covers, Fruit Napkins, Piano Covers, Linen Bosoms, Linen Handkfs, &c.

Bleached and Brown Muslins.

A splendid line of Bleached Muslins at 6, 8, 9, and 10 cents.

Brown Muslins at 6, 7, 8 and 9 cents.

Gentlemen will find our stock of

Cloths and Cassimeres

VERY SUPERIOR.

English, French and German BROADCLOTHS

All-Wool French CASSIMERES.

Silk-Mixed CASSIMERES for FULL SUITS.

Lamb's Wool, Merino and Silk SHIRTS and DRAWERS.

Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves and Half Hose.

A full Line of

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

At Greatly Reduced Prices, as we are desirous of giving up this department of our trade.

To one and all, we would say you have 26 days only, to purchase at our reduced prices, and make the most of it. Such an opportunity may not occur in years to buy goods at the prices we have marked for entire stock

EDSALL, McDOUGAL & CO

Fort SumterNot Taken!

NIPPERT AND DUNN

HOLD OUT

Against all Combinations!

GREAT REDUCTION

In all kinds of

WINTER GOODS!

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

FIRST-RATE

Beaver Cloth for Over Coats!

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Splendid Line of FRENCH CLOTHS,
Splendid Line of FRENCH CASSIMERES,
Splendid Line of FRENCH TWEEDS,

ALL AT REDUCTIONS!

Fine assortment of Velvet, Plush and Gros-de-Naples.

VESTINGS

Ladies and Gents Under Vests and Drawers.

EMBROIDERIES

At prices unusually low.

Merinos, Alpacas, Cobourgs, Plain and colored DeLaines, *Very Cheap!*

Shawls! Shawls!

Broche and Stella Shawls—Very cheap
Long and Square Plaid Shawls from 75c to $6.

LINEN TABLE CLOTH!

The best Linen in the market, ranging in sizes from 6 4 to 14 4 in length, and pure linen. Table Linen by the yard. Linen Diaper Crash, Napkins, Towels, Linen Bosoms, Irish Linen, Plain and Printed, Linen Handkerchiefs.

Ladies, Misses and Children's

HOSIERY

Marked down very low. GLOVES, do., do.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

Great Bargains in all kinds of Dress Goods.

Nice Assortment of

White Goods.

3 to 30 HOOPED SKIRTS—Cheap!

FURS---At Half Price!

First-rate stock of
BLEACHED MUSLINS, from 6 to 10c
BROWN MUSLINS, from 6 to 8c.

Remember the Place,
NO 116 MAIN ST., TERRE HAUTE.

F. NIPPERT & DUNN.

BUCKEYE CASH STORE,

NEWS FROM THE EAST!

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

To Purchasers! Great Attraction! New Styles!

February 1, 1861.

Received This Day. New Styles Every Day.

5000 yards New Styles DELAINS. 6000 yards New Styles PRINTS.
BLACK VEILS in Pusher Lace, Honiton Lace and Crape

CLOSING OUT MANY GOODS VERY CHEAP.

"Buckeye Cash Store."

This Department occupies the FIRST FLOOR.

Window Shades
CURTAIN DAMASK AND DRAPERY,
Gold Mouldings and Cornices.

SECOND FLOOR, UP STAIRS.

Carpets, Wall Paper, Oil Cloths,
Carpets in Wool, Brussels, Velvet and 3-Ply
NOW IS YOUR TIME, AT CLOSING OUT PRICES.

L. RYCE & SON.

"Buckeye Cash Store."

A NEW FIRM!

At No. 12, Mechanic's Row.

Groceries & Provisions!

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Provisions and Groceries, of Jas. Davis, at No. 12 MECHANIC'S ROW, and having made such additions as were necessary, we are now prepared to furnish to the citizens of Terre Haute and vicinity every article of the choicest

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

The market affords.

All goods delivered by Express, free of extra charge.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

ja12dwtf N. W. CONN & CO.