The Democrat.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 6, 1899.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY AND COUNTY

With Roberts in the house and Quay in the senate, says the Rochester Herald, honors will be so evenly balanced that one branch of congress cannot throw sneers at the other.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, in his annual report, asks that the territory be granted statehood. It is doubtless merely a coincidence that in the same report he asks for $110,000 for a penitentiary.

Thus far the Boers have proved more than a match for the English forces sent against them. They have 1,500 British soldiers prisoners of war at Pretoria and upwards 12,000 more beseiged in Ladysmith, Kimberly and Mafeking. General Methuen has lost upwards of 1,000 men in his attempt to relieve Kimberly, and the siege of the city seems to be just as effective as ever. It begins to look as though President Kruger made no idle threat when he said that the price Great Britain would have to pay for the Transvaal would stagger humanity.

It will be dangerous to read out of the republican party certain great republicans who steadfastly refuse to indorse Mr. McKinley's imperialism, men like Reed, of Maine, Edmunds, of Vermont, Hoar, of Massachusetts, and many others now aligned against the president's policy. There will not be much of the republican party left if they are eliminated. The problem of the ultimate fate of such republicans is extremely interesting as bearing upon the difficulty of a solid republican organization for the presidential campaign of 1900.—St. Louis Republic.

Are the Boers Imperialists?.

The Cedar Rapids Republican discourses as follows upon the attempt of the English to make it appear that the Boers are trying to drive them out of Africa and provoked the war for that purpose:

It is evident that the burden of the war operations in South Africa is a heavy one for England. Chamberlain has added to the burden by his indiscreet remarks in defiance of France. Some English papers are now trying to make out that the Boers are really the imperialists and that they have for many years been meditating an attack on the British in South Africa with the intention of driving them out of the country entirely. But is not this theory strangely at variance with previous assertions, namely, that the Boers are a unprogressive and indolent people? If they have really imperialistic designs are they not worthy to be ranked with the British and the Americans as forces in modern civilization?

Russell Sage, the perennially young and (as his antagonists sometimes think) infernally active Wall street magnate, denies the report that he is about to retire from business and go to live on a farm. "Not a word of truth in it," he says, and his friend and broker, W. E. Connor, says that Mr. Sage has no intention of ever retiring—"he is so constituted that he couldn't live away from business." "Uncle Russell" doubtless loved to go fishing or otherwise divert himself when young. But his business habits and his passion for money making have become so confirmed that he simply couldn't stop if he wanted to—which he doesn't.

A wise physician who has long observed the customs of Europeans and Americans in this particular says that if a man cannot retire from his business or profession when 50 years old he had better not do it at all. After that age it is hard to readjust one's habits to a life of leisure. There is something pathetic in an American of 60 or 70 years, whose whole life has been spent in "hustling" in some sort or other, retired and trying to "enjoy himself." He simply can't do it—and generally dies in the vain experiment. A man like Russell Sage—now 83 years old—can no more retire from business, so long as he is able to transact it, than a man can let go of live electric wires.—World.

Trusts Given a Body Blow by the United States Supreme Court.

On Monday of this week the United States supreme court decided the Addison pipe case against the trust, which for some time past has been fixing the price and limiting the production of gas and water piping. The court holds that an injunction should issue to restrain the trust from continuing to transact its unlawful business. A writ of injunction is a capital remedy in such a case. The court has the power to punish by imprisonment for any violation of this writ, and experience has shown that nothing short of imprisonment has any effect upon the robber classes. The court in its opinion says:

We have no doubt that where the direct and immediate effect of a contract or combination among particular dealers in a commodity is to destroy competition between them and others, and that the parties to the contract or combination may obtain increased prices for themselves, such a contract or combination amounts to a restraint of trade in a commodity, even though contracts to buy such commodity at enhanced prices are continually being made.

This is the first decision of the court which squarely holds that trust contracts are within the constitutional clause relative to interstate commerce. It would seem as though the supreme court had cleared the field and prepared the way for the destruction of these unlawful conspiracies. All that is necessary now is the election of public officials by the people instead of the trusts. No matter what the law may be the trusts will continue in business while they are accorded the privilege of paying the campaign expenses of the public officers who should prosecute them.

Forty Horses Cremated.

Boone, Ia., Dec. 4.—The livery stable of Payne & Sons burned and forty horses were cremated. The loss is estimated at $20,000 with $7,000 insurance. The fire was started by an incendiary.

Death of John I. Blair.

New York, Dec. 4.—John I. Blair of Blairstown, N. J., a millionaire many times over and one of the oldest railroad builders and owners in the country, is dead.

Samoan Treaty Signed.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The treaty for the partition of the Samoan islands was signed at the state department at 3:30 Saturday afternoon.

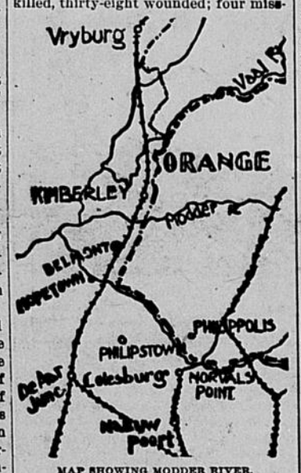
LOSS AT MODDER RIVER

Total British Casualties Number 438 Men.

SEVENTY-THREE OF THESE KILLED.

General Methuen Giving His Hard-Pushed Column a Needful Rest While Awaiting Reinforcements—Bulk of the Ladysmith Relief Force Has Arrived at Frere—General Clery's Whereabouts Unknown in London—More Troops Sail.

London, Dec. 4.—The revised list of Modder river casualties, non-commissioned officers and men, is divided as follows: Ninth Lancers, one wounded; engineers, two wounded; artillery, three killed, twenty-five wounded; Second Coldstreams, ten killed, fifty-six wounded; Third Genadiers, nine killed, thirty-eight wounded; four missing; Scots gaurds, ten killed, thirty-seven wounded, one missing; Northumberland Fusiliers, eleven killed, thirty-one wounded; First Northumberlands, three wounded; Second Yorkshire, nine killed, forty-four wounded; First North Lancashire, three killed, fourteen wounded; Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, fifteen killed, ninety-five wounded, two missing; First Coldstreams, twenty wounded; South African reserve, one wounded; medical corps, one wounded.



MAP SHOWING MODDER RIVER.

Total Casualties.

London, Dec. 4.—As surmised, the British dead and wounded at the hard-fought battle of Modder river number hundreds. Up 2 o'clock in the afternoon only the bare total, 438, of which number seventy-three were killed, had been given out. So it is impossible to deduct from "the butcher's bill" such information regarding the nature of the fight as details as to losses of the different units generally indicate. The war office has received the following from General Forestier-Walker:

"Cape Town, Dec. 1.—General Gatacre reports no change in the situation. General French has made a reconnoissance from Naauwpoort to Rosemead. The troops returned to-day. General Methuen's flesh wound is slight. He is remaining at Modder river for the reconstruction of the bridge. Am reinforcing him with Highlanders and a cavalry corps. Horse artillery, the Canadian regiment, Australian contingents and three battalions of infantry moved up to the De Aar and Belmont line."

Reports of Advance Premature.

From General Forestier-Walker's dispatch it is proved that all reports of General Methuen's advance after the battle of Modder river were premature, though, with the railroad working, he should not be long in constructing a temporary bridge. His enforced delay, doubtless, will be of considerable service in giving his hard-pushed column needful rest, and in allowing the arrival of reinforcements, of which he must be sorely in need, after three such fights, placing hors de combat upwards of 1,000 men out of less than 7,000.

General Forestier-Walker's announcement that the Canadian marksmen and other reinforcements have been pushed forward to the neighborhood of the Orange river, to protect General Methuen's line of communications, has relieved much anxiety here, where it was fully expected the Boers would attempt to attack the vulnerable points of the line of communications.

The latest news from Natal indicates that the bulk of the Ladysmith relief force has arrived at Frere, though there is considerable conjecture as to the whereabouts of General Clery, whose movements have not been chronicled recently.

May Reapper Unexpectedly.

It is surmised in some quarters that he may reappear in a totally unexpected quarter, on the flank or rear of General Joubert's force, which is supposed to be concentrated at Grobelaar's kloof, north of the Tugela river. As General Hildyard's advance guard was in touch with the Boers as long ago as Tuesday last, developments should not be long delayed. Dundonald's mounted force, Nov. 28, accompanied by four guns, went in pursuit of a body of Boers returning to Colenso, when the Boers replied to the British shells with long-range guns. There were no casualties. Colenso bridge, it is added, was afterwards blown up.

Another detachment of 3,000 British troops has sailed for South Africa. Owing to the phenomenal sale of the newspapers consequent upon the war a paper famine is threatened. It is reported that the American supplies have failed temporarily.

LIEUTENANT MUNRO'S BLUFF.

With Fifty Men He Causes the Surrender of 800 Filipinos.

Washington, Dec. 4.—General Otis informed the war department of the surrender of Bayombong in the following dispatch: "Reports received that Bayombong with province Nueva Viscaya surrendered Nov. 28 to Lieutenant Monroe, Fourth cavalry, who commanded advance scouts on Carrangalan train, consisting of fifty men, Fourth cavalry, and three native scouts. Insurgent General Canon surrendered entire force, numbering 800 men, armed with Mausers and number officers; seventy Spanish and two American prisoners secured and probably considerable insurgent property."

The war department has also received the following from General Otis at Manila, dated Dec. 2: "Lieutenant Colonel Brereton, captain of the Twenty-fourth infantry, while temporarily insane, committed suicide at Santa Thomas, near San Fernando, Union province, Luzon, at 6 o'clock this morning. Insanity first noticed Nov. 29 at Aringay."

Manila, Dec. 4.—The capture by Lieutenant Munro and fifty men of the Fourth cavalry of the Filipino general, Conon, with 800 officers and men with rifles, several American and seventy Spanish prisoners, at Bayombong, province of Nueva Viscaya, was a successful bluff. Lieutenant Munro tapped the rebel wire, telegraphed to Conon that he was advancing with a large force, and demanded his surrender. After negotiations, Conon consented to capitulate to a "superior force," whereupon Lieutenant Munro telegraphed that he would enter the town with a small guard and receive the garrison's surrender. He captured the whole Filipino force and secured their arms, the rebels supposing Munro had an army behind him.

TAYLOR MEN AT FRANKFORT.

They Say They Will See He Is Not "Robbed of His Rights."

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 4.—The first delegation of Taylor men, who are expected here to watch the work of the board of election commissioners, has arrived. There were about sixty of them and immediately on arrival the majority of them went to the state house. Being informed definitely that there was no prospects of anything being done before Monday, they quietly left, several of them announcing, however that the entire crowd proposed to stay until the thing was settled. An interview with one of them was an interview with all. They say they simply desire to see Taylor is not "robbed of his rights." All of them, however, seemed to have determined in advance just what are "Taylor's rights," and anything short of their estimate is likely to be resented There has been no influx of Democrats as yet, and the arrival of any number of them is not expected before Sunday night or Monday morning.

ADMITS KILLING HIS MOTHER.

Albert Swingle, 14 Years Old, Says the Shooting Was Accidental.

Zanesville, O., Dec. 2.—"I shot mother, but it was an accident," declared Albert Swingle, the 14-year-old son of Mrs. John Swingle, at the inquest held over the body of the dead woman, near Cannelville.

On the strength of this declaration and the testimony of his 4-year-old brother, Bobby, that he saw him shoot her, Albert Swingle was brought to this city and placed in jail. The boy denies that he loaded the gun with which his mother was killed, but his father says he must have done so, as it had not been loaded for a week. To all appearnces the boy is a degenerate, as he manifested no compunction over the killing of his mother. He laughs and talks about it as freely as if it were a trifling accident.

Attempted Train Wrecking.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 4.—A special from Marshalltown, Ia., says: Word has reached this city of an attempt to wreck the east-bound Colorado special on the Northwestern road near State Center, fifteen miles west of here, but it is impossible to secure any information at this hour further than that two men named Funk have been arrested charged with the crime by Detective Peter Valely of the road. An operator at the towerhouse saw the men place ties across the track and flagged the train. No damage was done.

Pittsburg Iron Molders on Strike.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.—The strike of iron molders for a minimum wage rate of $3 a day was renewed at five of the largest foundries, and operations will be suspended at twenty-five other foundries at once unless the scale is signed. Unlike the strike of a short time ago, the strikers this time have the support of the iron molders national union.

United States Prisoner Escapes.

Columbus, O., Dec. 2.—Captain Ike T. Jobe, late of the Sixth United States infantry, who was to have been tried before the United States court here for using war department penalty envelopes for private letters, escaped from the county jail here.

Laborers Buried Alive.

Denver, Dec. 4.—By a cave in of the excavating for a sewer at Thirty-fourth and Downing avenues, several laborers were buried and probably all will be lost. The body of George Holtz has been taken out. It is not known how many were in the trench.

To Control the Lumber Business.

Rossland, B. C., Dec. 4.—The Kootenai-Yale lumber combine has been organized to control the lumber business of British Columbia. It is capitalized at $500,000. Louis Blue of this city is president and J. E. Panport, secretary.

Adds to the Force of Steam.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—Professor Josse of Berlin university has invented a method of increasing the power of steam engines, which promises to revolutionize steam engineering. He conducts steam generated in an ordinary boiler into a cooling tank and then treats it with sulphuric acid, increasing its power from one-third to one-half. A factory at Charlottenburg has been using the invention for three months and has obtained 56 per cent. above the indicated horse power of its engines.

Millionaire's Son Lost.

Philadelphia, Dec. 4.—Milton Oppenheimer, 16 years old, and son of Henry Oppenheimer, the millionaire, is missing, and it is thought that he was abducted. He was at his father's home in New York and it is thought he has been brought to this city. Ransom is thought to be the object of his abduction. Young Oppenheimer is heir to $5,000,000.

SORROW IN THE SENATE.

Death of the Vice President Casts a Pall Over the Proceedings.

Washington, Dec. 4.—In the shadow of the recent death the senate convened at noon, in its first session of the Fifty-sixth congress. The death of Vice President Hobart cast a pall over the preliminary proceedings at the north end of the great marble capitol.

As usual, on the opening days of a session of congress, the chamber was a veritable conservatory. The odor of the rarest and lovellest of blooming plants was heavy on the air. Scarcely a single senator was forgotten in the lavish floral display and particularly notable was the offerings of flowers to the new members of the body. The desks to which they had been assigned were loaded with the choicest selections from the public and private conservatories of the city.

Promptly at 12 o'clock, noon, Frye of Maine, president pro. tem., called the senate to order. The blind chaplain, the Rev. Dr. Milburn. pronounced the invocation, making a beautiful and touching reference to the death of Vice President Hobart. Bacon (Georgia) was the first member to be recognized by the chair. He presented, on behalf of Mallory (Florida), who was detained from the session by illness, the credentials of Senator-Elect Taliaferro of Florida. They were filed. Penrose (Pennsylvania) presented the credentials of Matthew Stanley Quay, appointed senator from Pennsylvania by the governor. On motion of Cockrell (Missouri) the credentials of Mr. Quay were referred to the committee on privileges and elections. In this connection Mr. Chandler (New Hampshire) offered a resolution that Senator Quay be admitted as a senator from Pennsylvania. This resolution also went to the committee on privileges and elections.

Remonstrances and memorials against the seating of Quay were presented by Burrows (Rep., Mich.) and Jones (Dem., Ark.). The credentials of Hayward of Nebraska were presented and subsequently the announcement was made by Thurston (Neb.) that owing to critical illness Hayward was unable to be present. By direction of the chair the new senators were then presented at the secretary's desk, where the oath of office was administered to them by the president pro. tem. Cullom then offered the usual resolution that the secretary of the senate inform the house of representatives that it was ready to proceed to business.

The death of Vice President Hobart was announced and the senate, at 12:35, adjourned as a mark of respect.

OPENING OF CONGRESS

Animated Scenes in the Capitol Building.

SIGHTSEERS FILL THE GALLERIES.

Great Interest Manifested in the Proceedings in the Case of Representative-Elect Roberts of Utah—Petition of Protest That Is Said to Contain 7,000,000 Names—The Vice President's Death Casts a Pall Over the Senate Proceedings.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Seldom, if ever, has such crowds swarmed about the house to witness the opening scenes of the session. The proceedings in the case of Representative-Elect Roberts, which promised to be exciting and possibly sensational, furnished an additional attraction. For hours before noon, the hour for the house to meet, people streamed through the corridors to the galleries which looked down upon the arena where the statesmen were congregating. By 11 o'clock a brilliant gathering had assembled. The galleries were black with people and through the swinging doors could be seen pushing hundreds who were unable to gain admission.

Monster Petition Against Roberts.

Very early in the day a monster petition, said to consist of 7,000,000 names, protesting against the seating of Roberts was brought into the hall. It had been collected by a New York newspaper. It consisted of twenty-eight rolls of names, each about two feet in diameter, encased in the American flag. These rolls were stacked up in the area in front of the clerk's desk and were viewed with great curiosity. Later, Major McDowell, clerk of the house, ordered all except two of the rolls taken out into the lobby. Richardson of Tennessee, who was selected as the leader of the minority on Saturday came upon the floor early and was soon surrounded by a group of Democrats.

Entrance of Roberts.

Roberts came into the hall shortly after 11 o'clock, but he was not generally recognized, and he retired to the cloakroom almost immediately. At 11:30 a shrill-voiced clerk directed those not entitled to the floor to retire, and officers and pages rapidly cleared out those already in. Conspicuous on the floor were the old veterans, Payne of New York, the leader of the majority; General Grosvenor of Ohio, Hepburn of Iowa, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Bailey of Texas, McClellan and Sulzer of New York. Senator Rawlins of Utah came over from the senate wing and held an earnest conference with Roberts.

Roberts Undecided.

Lentz of Ohio took part in the conference. After it was over the report was circulated that Roberts would not present himself to be sworn in. But this was immediately denied. Roberts himself said he had not decided what he would do, but that he might desire to be heard when the case came up. He took a seat to the right of the main aisle and soon became the cynosure of all eyes. His daughter sat in the members' gallery. Tayler of Ohio, who represents President McKinley's district, who was to conduct the case against Roberts, was conferring with his colleagues on the Republican side.

As the minute hand of the clock opposite the speaker's rostrum overtook the hour hand at noon, the gavel of the clerk of the last house, Major McDowell, descended with a bang.

Calling of the Roll.

The indescribable buzz ceased. The members arose and the spectators in the galleries bowed their heads. In this stillness the voice of the blind chaplain, Rev. Henry Couden of Michigan, was elevated and his prayer made the occasion reverent. After the invocation the reading clerk began calling the roll and a minute later the buzz had recommenced, making a noisy background for the staccato notes of the clerk as he called out the names. Roberts sat listening intently for his name, and when it was called he responded "here" in a loud voice. But he looked nervous and ill at ease. There were no demonstrations during the roll-call. When it was concluded Clerk McDowell announced that 352 members had answered to their names, a quorum. "The next thing in order," announced the clerk, "is the election of speaker."

Applause for Henderson.

Hepburn of Iowa offered a resolution which was adopted viva voce providing that the house proceed to the election of a speaker for the Fifty-sixth congress. Thereupon Grosvenor of Ohio, as chairman of the Republican caucus, presented the name of David B. Henderson of Iowa. The mention of the name of General Henderson was greeted with a round of applause from the Republican side. Hay of Virginia, chairman of the Democratic caucus, nominated James D. Richardson of Tennessee, and his name drew the plaudits of the Democratic side. Ridgely of Kansas nominated John C. Bell of Colorado as the Populist candidate, and Wilson of Idaho placed Francis G. Newlands of Nevada in nomination as the candidate of the Silver party. Each party having put forward its candidate by the direction of the clerk the roll was called and each member voted for the candidate of his political affiliation.

Henderson Elected.

Morris of Minnesota, Overstreet of Indiana and Carmack of Tennessee were appointed tellers. Newlands, himself a candidate, voted for Richardson. The roll-call resulted: Henderson, 177; Richardson, 153; Bell, 4; Newlands, 2. The clerk thereupon announced the election of Henderson amid great Republican applause. He designated Richardson, Bell and Newlands as a committee to escort the speaker to the chair.

The committee retired to the lobby and after a short wait the doors of the main portal of the house swung open and General Henderson entered upon the arm of Mr. Richardson, followed by the two other members of the committee. When the new speaker ascended the rostrum Mr. Richardson in a neat speech introduced him and in response to the hearty cheers, he addressed the house and then took the oath.

The speaker then announced that the oath would be administered to the members by states. As the names of the members were called they appeared at the bar in groups of about a dozen and there with raised hands were sworn in by the speaker. When the name of Brigham H. Roberts was reached in the house roll call the Utah member-elect proceeded alone to the area in front of the speaker's desk and awaited the administration of the oath. At the same time Representative Taylor of Ohio secured recognition, and amidst breathless interest protested against the swearing in of Roberts on the ground of his being a polygamist and not a properly naturalized American. Mr. Taylor spoke calmly and dispassionately. Mr. Roberts stood gazing at him and not once moved a muscle throughout the protest.

Protest from Democratic Side.

Representative Meltea of Arkansas followed with a protest from the Democartic side, saying this issue was one involving the sacredness of the American home, a sentiment that brought an outburst of applause. Speaker Henderson then addressed Roberts, saying: "Will the gentleman stand aside until the roll call is completed?"

Mr. Roberts assented with the statement that in so doing he waived none of his rights.

"I can assure the gentleman," answered the speaker, "that he waives none of his rights by this course."

Mr. Roberts then resumed his seat and the roll call proceeded. It was agreed by unanimous consent that the cosideration of the resolution should go over until Tuesday after the reading of the president's message. The swearing in of the remaining members was then concluded.

Taylor's Resolution.

After the remaining members had been sworn in Taylor presented his resolution, as follows:

"Whereas, It is charged that Brigham H. Roberts, a representative-elect to the Fifty-sixth congress from the state of Utah, is ineligible to a seat in the house of representatives, and,

"Whereas, Such a charge is made through a member of the house on his responsibility as such member, and on the basis, as he asserts, of public records, affidavits and papers evidencing such ineligibility,

"Resolved, That the question of the prima facie rights of Brigham H. Roberts to be sworn in as a representative be referred to a special committee of nine members of the house, to be appointed by the speaker, and until such committee shall report upon and the house decide such question and right, the said Brigham H. Roberts shall not be sworn in or be permitted to occupy a seat in this house; and said committee shall have power to send for persons and papers and examine witnesses on oath in relation to the subject matter of this resolution."

At 3:50 p. m. the house adjourned for the day.

Manchester Markets.

Hogs, per cwt	$3 20@$3 40
Steers, per cwt	4 00@ 5 00
Heifers, per cwt	3 50@ 4 00
Cows, butcher's stock, per cwt	2 00@ 3 00
Canners, per cwt	1 50@ 2 25
Turkeys, per lb	8
Ducks, white, per lb	5½
Ducks, dark, per lb	5
Chickens, per lb	5
Old Hens, per lb	5
Corn, per bu	20@22
Oats, per bu	19
Hay, wild, per ton	5 00
Tame hay	6 00@7 00
Potatoes, per bu	20
Butter, creamery, per lb	27
Butter, dairy, per lb	22
Eggs, per doz	16
Timothy seed	80@3 00
Clover seed	3 50@4 00

Shorthand and Typewriting.

Having opened an office over the express office, I am prepared to do shorthand and typewriting for the transient and general public. Prices reasonable.

I am also prepared to make duplicate copies of all legal documents, etc., etc. Will make a specialty of mimeographic copies.

Will be pleased to receive your patronage. RALPH W. CONGER, Manchester, Iowa.

All orders left with Mr. Allison Doolittle, at the express office, will be called for. 47w4

Horses Wanted.

H. E. Light, of Pennsylvania, will be in Manchester, at M. W. Sheldon's feed barn Monday and Tuesday, December 11 and 12th, wanting to buy one team, road or all-purpose driving or draft horses, for which I will pay the highest market price. Remember the days and bring in your horses. 49w1 H. E. LIGHT.

For Sale or Rent.

The 200 acre farm I am offering for sale or rent three miles south of Manchester is under a good state of cultivation, good fences, never failing supply of water, nice new barn with basement, and a good comfortable house and cellar. A bargain, little money down, long time and a low rate of interest.

A. S. COON, L. B. 36, Manchester.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the firm of Story & Abbott will please call and settle before the first day of January, 1900. W. A. ABBOTT. 49

Makes fat, blood, and muscles more rapidly than any known remedy. It's food for the blood, brain, and nerves. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea is.—Smith's Pharmacy and Gregg & Ward.

Farm for Sale.

The Clark farm, consisting of 200 acres of cultivated land and 20 acres of timber is for sale. It is located about 6 miles south east of Manchester on the Delhi road. For particulars address or call on Bronson & Carr, Manchester, Iowa.

Mrs. R. Churchill, Berlin, Vt., says, "Our baby was covered with running sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her." A specific for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits.—H. C. Smith.

For Sale or Rent.

My farm in Milo township, 2½ miles south of Manchester. Enquire at Thorpe Bros', store, or Mrs. C. Tierney, Manchester, Iowa. 47tf

True beauty comes from within, instead of without. A beautiful face is the outward sign. That's why Rocky Mountain Tea makes women beautiful.—Smith's Pharmacy and Gregg & Ward.

HOUSE TO RENT.

The Denton residence property near the High School building is for rent. Inquire of R. W. TIRRILL. 19tf

FOR SALE.

Two fine business houses on Franklin street, bringing an annual rental of $1140. Also lot 23 and w½ of lot 24 in Burrington's addition to Manchester, all belonging to the estate of Mary A. Denton, deceased, will be sold at private sale by order of the court. R. W. TIRRILL. Executor. 47-tf.

"I was nearly dead with dyspepsia, tried doctors, visited mineral springs, and grew worse. I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. That cured me." It digests what you eat. Cures indigestion, sour stomach, heart burn and all forms of dyspepsia.—H. C. Smith.

SMOKE San Mateo 5c Cigars. Strictly pure and absolutely free from artificial flavor. 15tf B. B. BRIGGS, M'f'g.

If strong the frame of the mother, the son will give laws to the land. All mothers should take Rocky Mountain Tea: Gives life and strength. 35 cents.—Smith's Pharmacy and Gregg & Ward.

Chimneys Cleaned.

I have got a patent devise for cleaning chimneys. If you want yours cleaned leave orders for me at Seth Brown's or Graham & Son's. I also do all kinds of mason work and white washing, build chimneys and cisterns and do repairs. All work warranted to give satisfaction. 8tf JOHN TOWSLEE.

J. B. Clark, Peoria, Ill., says, "Surgeons wanted to operate on me for piles, but I cured them with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve." It is infallible for piles and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits.—H. C. Smith.

PROCLAMATION AND NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

TO THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF MANCHESTER, IOWA: Pursuant to a resolution regularly adopted by the City Council of Manchester, Iowa, on the 27th day of November, 1899, notice is hereby given that on the second day of January, 1900 a special election, as provided for in Sections 720 and 721 of the Code, will be held in said City, at which election the following question will be submitted:

"Shall A. L. Beardslee and his assigns be granted the right to erect and maintain, for a period of ten (10) years, an electric plant for the purpose of supplying the City of Manchester, Iowa, and its inhabitants with electricity for illuminating and other electrical purposes, including the right to occupy with its poles, wires and other fixtures the streets, alleys and public parks of said City."

The polling places at said special election will be as follows:

First Ward, S. A. Steadman's harness shop.
Secodd Ward, Firemans' Hall, City building.
Third Ward, W. G. Hitchcock's residence.

The polls will open at eight o'clock a. m. and close at six o'clock p. m.

Dated Manchester, Iowa, November 27, 1899.

ATTEST: S. A. STEADMAN, Mayor.
R. R. ROBINSON, Clerk. 48w4.

More Good Towns.

The B. C. R. & N. R'y is rapidly making headway on their new line from Worthington to Hardwick, Minn. This line, when completed, will be about 35 miles long and will open the richest part of the country in southwestern Minnesota. This line is now complete to Reading and will soon be open to Wilmot. Both of these towns are in a fine part of the country and merchants and professional men can find good opening. Address all inquiries to Thomas H. Brown Sioux Falls, S. D.

Those wishing to locate at Maple Hill or Luzon, on our new line from Armstrong to Estherville, should address Mr. John Dows, of Armstrong, Iowa, for such information as they desire.

JOHN G. FARMER, A. G. P. & T. A., 49w4 Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Mason Work.

I am prepared to furnish estimates and guarantee satisfaction on all kinds of Mason work. 17tf C. P. MILLER, Manchester, Iowa.

Residence Property for Sale.

A good house, barn and large lot in Manchester for sale at a bargain. Long time given on half of purchase money if desired.

Inquire of BRONSON & CARR.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers purify the blood, clean the liver, invigorate the system. Famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles.—H. C. Smith.

CYCLONE AND TORNADO

Insurance in first class companies written and policies issued by BRONSON & CARR. tf

Horses Wanted.

A few good horses for eastern markets, must be sound and in good condition. Enquire at my place on Union street in Manchester. 39tf T. W. ROBINSON

It takes but a minute to overcome tickling in the throat and to stop a cough by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. This remedy quickly cures all forms of throat and lung troubles. Harmless and pleasant to take. It prevents consumption. A famous specific for grippe and its after effects.—H. C. Smith.

Great Clubbing Offer.

All our farmer readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make, which includes with this paper, The Iowa Homestead, its Special Farmers Institute editions, The Poultry Farmer and The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Journal. These four publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home. To them we add for local, county and general news our own paper and make the price for the five for one year $1.90. Never before was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The four papers named which we club with our own are well known throughout the west and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The Homestead is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the west; The Poultry Farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer published in the country; The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Journal is the special advocate of farmers' co operative associations, and the Special Farmers Institute editions are the most practical publications for promoting good farming ever published. Take advantage of this great offer. tf

Miss Annie E. Gunning, Tyre, Mich., says, "I suffered a long time from dyspepsia; lost flesh and became very weak. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure completely cured me." It digests what you eat and cures all formes of stomach trouble. It never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases.—H. C. Smith.

Notice of Application For Permit.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF IOWA, IN AND FOR DELAWARE COUNTY.

December Term, A. D. 1899.

In the matter of J. P. Striegal, a Registered Pharmacist, for a permit to buy, keep, and sell intoxicating liquor.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the application of the undersigned J. P. Striegal, a Registered Pharmacist, No. 5519, doing business under the firm name of J. P. Striegal & Co., of Ryan, in County of Delaware, State of Iowa, praying for a permit to buy, keep, and sell intoxicating liquors in the building on Lot Five (5) Block Thirteen (13) in town of Ryan in County of Delaware, State of Iowa, is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of said County, and that said cause will come on for hearing in said court at the December term of said court to be begun and held at the Court House in Manchester, Iowa, on the 26th day of December 1899.

Dunham, Norris & Stiles, 48w3 Att'ys for Applicant. J. P. STRIEGAL, Applicant.

Mr. J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., saved his child's life by One Minute Cough Cure. Doctors had given her up to die with croup. It's an infallible cure for coughs, colds, grippe, pneumonia, bronchitis and throat and lung troubles. Relieves at once.—H. C. Smith.

Personally Conducted Tours to California in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars.

via the Chicago Great Western to Kansas City and the Santa Fe Route to Los Angeles and Southern California. The true winter route avoiding cold weather and snow blockades. Commencing Monday, October 23rd, and on every Monday following, one of these new Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars will leave Oelwein, at 2:55 p. m. via the Chicago Great Western for Los Angeles and Southern California via Kansas City, and reaching Los Angeles the following Friday morning, thus avoiding all Sunday travel. These tours are personally conducted by an experienced railway official, who accompanies the train to its destination. The cars are well equipped for a long journey and are as comfortable as the Pullman Sleepers, while the price is only $6.00 for a double berth, less than half the price in the Standard Sleepers. For full information inquire of any Chicago Great Western Agent, or address F. H. Lord, General Passenger & Ticket Agent, 113 Adams St. Chicago. 42w11

In the District Court of Iowa, In and for Delaware County, December Term A. D., 1899.

Newton Lawton, as guardian of Samuel Lawton. Josina G Simpson, Ada Cousins, Thomas J Lawton and Newton Lawton, plaintiffs, vs Mrs William N. Hambleton, Isaac Douglass, Inez Elizabeth Crestner Mary Ellen Dewoody, Ines Chisner, Inez Chistner, Mary Dewoody, Josina Simpson, and The Unknown Claimants of the North fractional half of the Northwest quarter of Section One, Township Eighty six, North Range six West of the Fifth P. M., and the Southwest quarter of Section Thirty six, Township Eighty seven, North Range Six, West of the fifth P. M. defendants.	ORIGINAL NOTICE

TO SAID DEFENDANTS:—

You and each of you are hereby notified that there is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Delaware county, Iowa, the petition of the above named plaintiffs claiming that they are the absolute owners in fee of the real estate above described and alleging:

That William N Hambleton was an unmarried man on October 13, 1868, at the time he executed and delivered to Charles Wheeler a warranty deed of the North fractional half (¼) of the Northwest quarter (¼) of section one (1), Township Eighty six (86) North Range Six (6), West of the Fifth P. M., in Linn county, Iowa.

That the debt secured by a mortgage on said real estate made and executed on the 10th day of November, 1869 by John Glade to Isaac Douglass, and which mortage is recorded in Liber 10 on page 94 in the recorder's office of said Linn County, has been paid and that said mortgage should be satisfied of record.

That one, Isaac C Douglass, was on the 10th day of November, 1869, the owner of said real estate and on that day conveyed the same by warrantee deed to one, John Glade. That said Douglass was at the date of said conveyance, as petitioners are informed and believe, an unmarried man; that if he was then married, the name and residence of his wife and the residence of her heirs, if she has deceased, are unknown to plaintiffs.

That one, Alexander Benchoter, was on the 1st day of May, 1865, the owner in fee of the southwest quarter (¼) of section thirty-six (36), township eighty seven (87), north range six (6) west of the fifth p m in Delaware county, Iowa, except two (2) acres and sixty four (64) rods in the southwest corner thereof. That by the will of said Benschoter, his daughters, the defendants, Inez Elizabeth Crestner and Mary Ellen Dewoody, on said 1st day of May, 1865, became the owners in fee of said real estate, subject to the support therefrom of their grandmother, Diena Benschoter. That said Diena Benschoter has since deceased, and before her death she quit claimed her interest in the said real estate to said Inez Elizabeth Crestner and Mary Ellen Dewoody, who on the 3rd day of October, 1877, duly conveyed same to Malinda Lawton.

That the mortgage on said last described premises, made by Byron Lawton to Malinda Lawton and recorded in book 6 of mortgages on page 212 in recorder's office of said Delaware county, has been satisfied and should be released of record.

That the plaintiffs and those under whom they claim title now are, and for more than ten years last past have been, in continued, actual, open, adverse, exclusive, visible, and notorious possession of all of the real estate hereinbefore described, and that abstracts of the title to said real estate are attached to plaintiffs said petition.

And praying that the title and estate of the plaintiffs in and to all of the real estate hereinbefore described, be established against the defendants and all persons claiming by, through or under them, or either of them, and all unknown claimants to same, be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right or title adverse to the plaintiffs, or either of them, in and to said premises or any part thereof: that the title to all of said real estate be quieted in plaintiffs, and for such other and further relief as may be deemed equitable in the premises.

And that unless you appear and answer or plead thereto on or before noon of the 2nd day of the next term, being the December, 1899, term of said court, which will commence at Manchester on the 25 day of December, 1899, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon as provided by law.

Dated this 7th day of November, A D 1899.

BRONSON & CARR, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Upon reading the foregoing Notice, the same is hereby approved, and it is hereby order d that it be published for six [6] consecutive weeks in the Manchester Democrat, a weekly newspaper published in Delaware county, Iowa.

Manchester, Iowa, November 7, 1899.

9-45 A. S. BLAIR, Judge of the 10th Judicial District of Iowa.

YOU ARE A DEMOCRAT.

and, of course you want a democratic newspaper, the Chicago Dispatch is the great democratic newspaper of the country. It advocates the readoption of the Chicago platform and the renomination of William Jennings Bryan.

There has never been a political campaign that will equal in importance that of the one to be fought next year The Republican party, backed by the money power of this country and Europe, is alert and aggressive. Flushed with the victory of three years ago it will seek by every means in its power to mantain its supremacy.

Democrats must be up and doing. They must wage an unceasing war upon their enemies. In no better and more effective way can this be done than by the circulation of good, sound democratic newspapers. The publisher of the Chicago Dispatch will send a copy of the Chicago Dispatch from now until Jan.