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A Church of Iowa

The Manchester Democrat.

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The Democrat.
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They are made from the very best Peble Grain Leather that keeps soft and wears well.
The soles are made from first quality leather, Heavy or Light, just as you like them.
They are made on the improved foot form last, that gives comfort, and will keep their shape longer than any other Plow Shoe made.
We have them in Lace, Congress, and Buckle. Remember the price is only $1.50 per pair.

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BRONSON & CARR.
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A. J. WARD,
PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, will attend to calls promptly at all hours of the day or night. Lamont, Iowa.

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PHYSICIAN, surgeon and Eye Specialist. Office hours for eye cases and fitting glasses 1:00 to 3:00 p. m. Office corner Main and Franklin streets.

H. H. LAWRENCE.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention given diseases of children. Have also made a special study of Gynecology, Obstetrics, and Rectal Diseases. All chronic diseases successfully treated with the aid of various Thermal and Massage treatment. All patronage solicited. Consultation free. Office over Work's market. All calls promptly attended. Residence on Main street, the old Dr. Kelsey property.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
J. H. MCGEE, D. O. OSTEOPATHY is a system of treating diseases without the use of drugs. For information call or write. LA-GRIPPE is successfully treated. Office over Gregg & Ward's Drug store.

DENTISTS.

O. A. DUNHAM. C. L. LEIGH.
DUNHAM & LEIGH.
Dentists. Office in the Adams building on Franklin street. Telephone 215.

C. W. DORMAN.
DENTIST. Office on Franklin Street, north of the Globe Hotel, Manchester, Iowa. Dental Surgery in all its branches. Makes frequent visits to neighboring towns. Always at office on Saturdays.

S. S. NEWCOMB.
DENTIST. Office over Clark & Lawrence's store on Franklin street. Crown bridge work a specialty. Will meet patients at Farley Wednesday of each week. 32tf

VETERINARIAN.

DR. J. W. SCOTT.
VETERINARY Surgeon, and Dentist. Office in H. C. Smith's Drug Store, Main St. At night can be found at rooms over Ralph Conver's Store.

MANCHESTER MARBLE WORKS
Are prepared to furnish Granite and Marble Monuments and Head Stones of various designs. Have the county right for Sipe's Patent Grave Cover; also dealer in Iron Fences. Will meet all competition. 2tf 94.
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BOYNTON & MCEWEN.
WATCHMAKERS, Jewelers and Engravers dealers in Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles, Cutlery, Musical Instruments, etc., Main street.

A. D. BROWN.
Dealer in furniture etc., and undertaker, Main Street.

F. WERKMEISTER.
GENERAL DEALER IN FURNITURE, Coffins, Picture Frames, Etc. A complete stock of Furniture and Upholstery always on hand, at prices that defy competition. A good Hearse kept for attendance at funerals. Earlville, Iowa.

ALLEN & STOREY.
CLOTHING and Gents furnishing goods. Cor ner Main and Franklin streets.

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CLOTHING and Gents furnishing goods. City Hall Block, Franklin Street.

RIDDELL & CO.,
DEY GOODS, Carpets, Millinery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Main St., Manchester, Iowa.

A. THORPE.
PROPRIETOR OF KALAMITY'S PLUNder Store and Dealer in Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Notions, etc. Masonic Block Manchester, Iowa.

GRASSFIELD BROS
(Successors to Seth Brown.)
BOOTS AND SHOES of all grades and prices. Custom Work and Repairing given special attention. Store in City Hall Block.

GEO. S. LISTER,
HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, ETC. Keeps a first-class tinner and does all kinds of repairing with neatness and dispatch. Store opposite First National Bank, Main St.

T. F. MOONEY.
(Successor to Lee Bowman.)
BLACKSMITH and Wagonmaker, Delhi, Iowa. Work done promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Charges reasonable. Your patronage solicited. 16tf

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY against cyclones and tornadoes in the old reliable Phoenix Insurance Co., BRONSON & CARR, Agents.

HOLLISTER LUMBER CO.
LUMBER and all kinds of building materials. Posts and Coal. Corner of Delaware and Madison streets

THOS. T. CARKEEK.
ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT, S. E. Cor. 8th and Main St., Dubuque, Iowa

SCHARLES, THE TAILOR.
MERCHANT TAILOR and Gents Furnishing Goods. Bradley & Sherman bldg., Manchester, Iowa.

CAL. ATKINSON.
DEALER in Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, etc. Masonic Block, Manchester, Iowa.

WM. DENNIS.
CARPENTER, CONTRACTOR & BUILDER. I am now prepared to do all work in my line in a good and workmanlike manner. Satisfaction guaranteed. Plans and estimates furnished. Work taken in town or country. Shop near the stand tower on West Side of river.

C. E. CATES.
CITY DRAYMAN. Am prepared to do all work in my line. Moving household goods and pianos a specialty. All work will receive prompt attention. A share of your patronage is solicited. Charges right. Give your draying to a man who has come to stay.

B. CLARK.
DRY GOODS, Notions, Carpets, Gents furnishing goods, etc. Franklin street.

QUAKER MILL CO.
FLOUR and Feed, Manufacturers of the celebrated White Satin and White Pearl Flour.

W. A. ABBOTT.
DRUGS, Wall paper, Stationery, Paints, Oils etc. City hall block.

PETER BOARDWAY.
Dealer in flour, feed, hay, straw, Maquoketa lime, stuco and common and Atlas cement. Telephone 113. Lower Franklin Street.

PETERSON BROS.
Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Fruits, etc. Main Street.

C. E. PRATT.,
PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING. I am prepared to do paper hanging and painting on short notice, in town or country. Will give estimates on all work in my line. Leave orders at H. C. Smith's drug store

J. M. PEARSE.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND COLLECTOR. All business entrusted to him given prompt attention. Office in City Hall block, second floor.

Mason Work.
I am prepared to furnish estimates and guarantee satisfaction on all kinds of Mason work.
17tf C. P. MILLER, Manchester Iowa.

120 Acre Farm For Sale.

We are agents for the sale of the O. A. Underwood farm of 120 acres, situated about 5 miles north east of Manchester. There is a bargain for some purchaser in this property. BRONSON & CARR.

For milk cows on dry feed, Raven's Stock Food increases milk flow and makes better quality. It makes cows healthy and prevents aboration. It cures scours in calves. For cattle not doing well, it aids digestion, cures all blood and kidney disease, saves feed and they fatten well. It keeps cows in good order and will make calves grow one third larger the first year.—For sale by W. A. Abbott, Drugs, Manchester, Iowa. 31-1yr.

BARGAIN IN RESIDENCE PROPERTY
A house and lot in one of the best resident portions of city of Manchester for sale cheap and on easy terms. Good dwelling, barn, etc. Enquire at DEMOCRAT OFFICE.

LOW RATES TO CALIFORNIA.
On Tuesdays, March 19-26, April 2-9-16-23 & 30th., the I. C. R. R. will sell one way second class colonist tickets, Manchester to San Frances, Los Angeles, San Diego and Reading California & Common points at a rate of Thirty Dollars.
H. G. PIERCE, Agt.

Goshen, Ill.
Genessee Pure Food Co., LeRoy, N. Y.:
Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your Grain-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the Grain-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank.
Respectfully Yours,
A. C. Jackson, M. D.

For growing colts Raven's Stock Food purifies the blood, regulates the kidneys, cures scours and exterminates worms. It cures colds, coughs, distemper, pink eye and heaves in horses. It is good for overworked horses and old horses, and prevents mares from dropping their colts prematurely. It gives good appetite and fine spirits, makes bone and muscle and glossy coats. For sale by W. A. Abbott, Drugs, Manchester, Iowa. 31w1

Funston Is In No Danger.

(Toledo Times.)

In discussing the danger to Funston from the lionizers it ought to be remembered that he was married before achieving this fame, while Dewey and Hobson each lacked the safeguarding balance of a wife.

A Girl's Good Recipe.

[Boston Transcript.]

There was a modicum of sense in the response to a request made by a young lady as to what would keep her hands white and soft: "Soak your hands three times daily in dishwater while mother rests on the sofa.

Catches It Both Ways.

[Springfield, Mass., Republican.]

The retiring attorney general is to form a partnership with the counsel for the billion dollar steel trust and the incoming attorney general is an attorney for the largest constituent corporation in the trust. The trust catches the attorney generalship of the United States both a-coming and a-going.

One of the chief cases of disturbances in Russia is the great difference between the majority of the people and the few highly educated. The university students are restive under a system with which the ignorant peasants are satisfied. The czar's government is not adapted to an untaught community from which a few leading spirits are constantly emerging with a university training. Until the intelligent Russians are allowed to share in the conduct of national affairs under a constitutional ruler the plots against the czar's life may be expected to continue. —Kansas City Star.

Is Everything Fair in War.

Under the above caption the New York World comments at some length upon the methods resorted to by Gen. Funston for the capture of Aguinaldo, concluding with these paragraphs:

We have now the successive steps clearly before us; treachery by Aguinaldo's confidential agent; forgery by Gen. Funston; a fraudulent expedition composed of Tagalo and Macabebe traitors and four American officers in disguise; the appeal to Aguinaldo for food to save them from death by starvation; Aguinaldo's prompt sending of the food; his instant order that the supposed American prisoners be kindly treated; the final scene with the traitor Tagalo throwing his arms about the entrapped leader.

The episode raises two interesting questions—

First—If for the name of Funston Kitchener be substituted, for the name of Aguinaldo De Wet, for the name of Lacuna Botha, etc., how does the account impress the average American?

Second—Is everything fair in war?

While the capture of Aguinaldo is probably a good thing, both for this country and for the inhabitants of the Philippine islands, yet the methods resorted to for the accomplishment of the deed unquestionably dim the character of the whole transaction. The ends may have justified the means, but every right thinking person will regret that it was necessary to resort to such means to accomplish the desired results.

Blaine's Description of Our Tariff System.

When Blaine wrote his Twenty Years of Congress he tried to be as nearly correct in his descriptions of men, and system, as his knowledge and judgment would permit. He knew that he was writing a book that would be critically examined by thinking people all over the world, and that its carefully prepared statements would largely shape his claims to statesmanship in the judgment, not alone of the present, but of future generations.

With such an incentive there can be no doubt but that he approached the right, as closely as his intelligence permitted him to see the right. For that reason it is not surprising that his description of our tariff system should be radically different from the high priests of protection who are financially interested in deluding the people.

Blaine describes our tariff and tells by whom it is paid, on pages 433 and 434 of the first Vol of his Twenty Years of Congress, from which we extract the following:

"Sidney Smith's striking summary "of English taxation was originally "indulged in a warning to the United "States after the war of 1812 against "including a martial spirit of being inflamed with a desire for naval renown "Taxes,' said the witty essayist in the "Edinburgh Review, 'are the inevitable "consequences of being too fond "of glory.' He bade us beware of "Essex, Porter, and Stephen Decature. "Even in the second year of the civil "war in which we were struggling for "life rather than glory, we had come "to realize every exation ascribed to "the British system. We were levying 'taxes upon every article which "enters into the mouth or covers the "back or is placed under the foot; "taxes on everything which it is pleasant to see, hear, feel, smell, or taste; "taxes upon warmth, light, and locomotion; taxes on everything on "earth and the waters under the "earth; taxes on everything that "comes from abroad or is grown at "home; on the sauce which pampers "man's appetite and on the drug that "restores him to health; on the ermine "which decorates the judge and the "rope which hangs the criminal; on "the poor man's salt and the rich "man's spice; on the brass nails of the "coffin and the ribbons of the bride.'

"The system of internal revenue of "which the foregoing is no exageration "proved in all respects effective. Congress rendered the taxes more palatable and less oppressive to the producers by largely increasing the "duties on imports by the Tariff Act "of July 14, 1862, thus shutting out "still more conclusively all competition from foreign fabrics. The increased cost was charged to the consumer, and taxes of fabulous amount "were paid promptly and with apparent cheerfulness by the people."

A Philosopher's Thanks for Things Not Wanted.

A thankful spirit every man
Should daily try to cultivate.
And those who have a working plan
That other folks might emulate
Should let their light in public shine,
So humbly I uncover mine.

I think it very commonplace
To thank for blessings I have got
And feel it shows a better grace
To thank for things that I have not;
For I am happier, past a doubt,
Because of what I do without.

When there's a thing I cannot get,
I'm thankful that I cannot get it,
For when one's ways of life are set
New things are likely to upset it:
And frugal fare and quiet ways
Most merit philosophic praise.

I'm thankful I am not a king
And forced to bear a nation's worries,
Nor head of a commercial ring,
The victim of financial flurries,
And I am glad I'm not so poor
That I must beg from door to door,

I'm thankful that I haven't got
To work too hard for daily bread
And thankful no one yet has sought
To change my hour of leaving bed
By giving me an eight hour day
Through which to toil and earn my pay.

I'm thankful I escaped the crase
For nerves, appendicitis, golf,
While walking in unnoted ways
Gave carping fools no cause to cuff,
And I am likewise very glad
I've missed each literary fad.

I'm thankful that I have no land
To nourish weeds and yearly taxes,
I'm thankful I've no stock on hand
That daily wanes and seldom waxes,
And, though I've but a slender purse,
An empty one would be still worse.

But think not like the Pharisee
I'm thankful I am not like others.
The simple fact is I agree
With men I meet as with my brothers.
For this I'm thankful, but I guess
I give most thanks for thankfulness.
—P. Magruder.

OXFORD DEFEATS CAMBRIDGE

English People See Grand Boat Race from Putney to Mortlake.

London, April 1.—The closeness of the finish of the Oxford Cambridge boat race, which was rowed over the course from Putney to Mortlake, which is officially given as two-fifth of a length, is evidence of the doggedness of the contest. Cambridge won the toss and chose the Surrey side. A half gale was blowing from the southwest as the time for the start drew near and the water was so rough that choice of positions was considered a great advantage; and but for the generalship of Culme-Seymour, Oxford's stroke, it might easily have given the race to the light blue. As it was the spectators were treated to a rare race, the rivals leading alternately until they reached Thorneycrofts, when it looked as if the odds were on Cambridge. Shortly afterwards, Culme-Seymour called upon his men, and a desperate race ensued along the banks by the meadows.

Cambridge, though distressed, replied splendidly to the Oxonians' challenge and shot by Barnes' bridge looking like winners. It was, however, an expiring effort; and Oxford, keeping an even pace wore down the opposing crew and won in 22m. 30s. It was a grand race, and both crews were greatly distressed at the finish.

VOTES AGAINST IMPEACHMENT

North Carolina Senate Finds Accused Justices Not Guilty.

Raleigh, N. C., March 30.—Chief Justice Furches and Associate Justice Douglas were found not guilty on each of the five articles of impeachment. The ballots nearly all showed a majority for impeachment, but in no case was the necessary two-thirds vote given by the senate.

The trial has cost the state $15,000 and has resulted in a serious and permanent division in the Democratic party. Twelve Democratic senators voted against impeachment on the first article. They represent the best element of the party, as well as the most intelligent and the wealthiest Democrats in the state. If there is wise leadership in the Republican party the result will be the building of a white Republican party that will very soon dominate the state.

There is general satisfaction at the outcome of the trial and telegrams have been passing in to Justices Furches and Douglas congratulating them. The Democratic machine has received a knockout blow, and this rebuke of a partisan effort to change the political complexion of the court will be of great benefit to the state.

Charges Against a Police Inspector.

Chicago, March 30.—Mrs. Lena Linkenheld, who claims to have been struck by Police Inspector Max Heidelmeier at a ball, has filed charges before the civil service commission, accusing him of violating six rules of the police department. The charges are intoxication, immoral and unbecoming conduct, disorderly conduct, assault and battery, willful mistreatment, and the use of coarse and violent language. Mrs. Linkenheld asked the commission to investigate the charges.

Niles City Bank to Open.

Niles, Mich., March 28.—The suspended First National bank's building and fixtures have been sold to James Reynolds and D. S. Scoffron of New Carlisle, Ind., and Charles F. Pears of Buchanan, who will start the Niles City bank. Mr. Scoffron, who will be president of the bank, is president of the First National bank of Buchanan. Pears is cashier of the First National bank of Buchanan. The Niles City bank will open for business at once.

Egg Testers' Strike Averted.

Chicago, April 1.—The threatened egg tester's strike, which promised to seriously affect the Chicago egg market, has been averted. All but fifteen candlers returned to work as usual, commission merchants in nearly every instance agreeing to the demand of the Egg Inspectors' union for a uniform scale of 25 cents per hour, a ten hour day, and 10 cents extra for each case of eggs candled after the regular close of the working day.

Newspaper Change in Chicago.

Chicago, March 28.—The Record has been sold by its owner, Victor F. Lawson, to H. H. Kohlsaat of the Times-Herald. The papers will be merged immediately and the combination will be called The Chicago Record-Herald. The old Chicago Times, united with The Herald several years ago, loses its identity entirely in this change.

Bank Cashier Sentenced.

Denver, March 28.—U. M. Henderson, former cashier of the First National bank of Greeley, Col., who pleaded guilty in the United States district court to a charge of having embezzled $27,000 from the bank, has been sentenced by Judge Hallett to five years' imprisonment in the Leavenworth, Kan., penitentiary.

IN THE WINTER.
(Benson's Plaster is Pain's Master.)

For coughs and colds Benson's Porous Plasters are an incomparably better remedy than any other—external or internal. Their medicinal properties enter the skin and *go straight to the seat of the disease.*

They relieve and cure a "seated" cold without disturbing the system or upsetting the stomach. Cough mixtures often nauseate. Benson's Plasters are medicinal in the highest degree, and quickest to act.

Placed on the chest or back or on both at once in serious cases, the good effect is felt immediately. The congestion yields, the cough abates and the breathing improves.

Lung or bronchial affections or kidney disease, are cured with the least possible suffering and loss of time.

Benson's Plasters are immeasurably superior to Belladonna, Strengthening, Capsicum or any other combination in plaster form. They are also preferable to ointments, liniments and salves.

Benson's Plasters have received *fifty-five highest awards* over all competitors; and more than 5,000 physicians and druggists have declared them to be one of the few trustworthy household remedies. For sale by all druggists, or we will prepay postage on any number ordered in the United States on receipt of 25c. each.

Be sure you get the genuine. Accept no imitation or substitute.

Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N.Y.

Verdi and the Critics.

No outsiders, not even members of the press, were allowed to be present at rehearsals of Verdi's operas. "A production of a work of mine," said Verdi, "is an affair between that work and the public. I do not write for the press, but for the public, who will support me if my work is good or who will execute me if it is not. I do not care for aught else." M. de Nevers thus describes Verdi's attitude at a dress rehearsal of "Otello" in Paris, when the press was present against his wishes:

"The critics were all placed in the corbeille of the amphitheater, some ten rows of stalls having been cleared away to make room for a table and chairs for Verdi, Boito and the directors. MM. Sardou, Meilhac, Halevy, Obin, the director of fine arts, and two or three dignitaries and officials of the Opera sat behind in the remaining rows of stalls. Among the critics were MM. Reyer, Bruneau, Joncieres, Belaigue, Pessard, Corneau and Sarcey. The foreign press was represented by M. de Blowitz and myself, and as Verdi came in all stood up, with hats off, and cheered the wonderful man. The orchestra joined, of course, in the ovation, and it was to the musicians that the master went, and, bowing his venerable head very low, he thanked them for the kind demonstration and shook hands with the nearest, but never once did he turn our way except for one moment, when he took us all in with a side glance—an ugly one—and then for the rest of the evening, some five hours, ignored our presence completely."

Marshall's Absentmindedness.

One day Judge Marshall, engrossed in his reflections, was driving over the wretched roads of North Carolina on his way to Raleigh in a stick gig. His horse turned out of the road, and the sulky ran over a sapling and was tilted so as to arouse the judge. When he found that he could move neither to right nor left, an old negro, who had come along, solved the difficulty.

"My old marster," he asked, "what fer you don't back your horse?"

"That's true," said the judge, and he acted as advised. Thanking his deliverer heartily, he felt in his pocket for some change, but he did not have any.

"Never mind, old man," he said. "I shall stop at the tavern and leave some money for you with the landlord."

The old negro was not impressed with the stranger, but he called at the tavern and asked the keeper if an old gentleman had left anything there for him.

"Oh, yes," said the landlord, "he left a silver dollar for you. What do you think of that old gentleman?"

The negro gazed at the dollar and said:

"He was a gem'man, for sho', but"—patting his forehead—"he didn't have much in here."—World's Work.

Tough Old English Statesmen.

In Macaulay's day English statesmen were of a hardier and more robust type than the present race of politicians. They seem to have had cast iron nerves and appetites and digestions to match. They dined off a huge beefsteak and a bottle of port, while their grandsons are content with cutlet and a lemon squash. And yet they lived to a good old age. We hear of Lord Brougham at the age of 70 "drinking two bottles of port at dinner, going to bed upon half a bottle of peat reek (whisky) and turning out at daylight to shoot teal;" and Lord Lyndhurst at the age of 90 "supping off hot boiled lobster and champagne."

Mr. Kinnear, an old parliamentary hand, tells us that he remembers seeing "Mr. Disraeli drinking, as the prelude to a big speech, a pint of port wine at the buffet in the commons lobby, dressed in a green coat, a buff waistcoat and snuff colored trousers." This seems a modest potation under the circumstances, but Mr. Kinnear adds that Disraeli came back and had another pint later on.—Blackwood's.

Holocaust in New York.

New York, April 1.—A mother and her two children met death in the flames in the burning of the big six-story tenement house at Delancey and Norfolk streets. In the panic which occurred mothers threw their young ones from the windows and fire-escapes to the street below. All were caught by the police and firemen and escaped serious injury. Dozens of the tenants and their rescuers were injured by falling timbers and broken glass. There were numberless narrow escapes from death in the firetrap. On the top floor of the tenement lived Morris Cohen, his wife, Esther, and their children—Sophia, 1 year old; Harry, 3, and Benjamin, 5 years old.

Only the father and Harry were saved.

Sultan's Throne Is Shaken.

Constantinople, April 1.—An earthquake occurred here, which was felt in the Dolmuhagtsche palace at the moment of the Bairdu ceremony, when the high officials were passing before the sultan's throne. A panic resulted. The sultan rose from his throne and took a few steps, apparently intending to leave the chamber, but he preserved great calmness and presence of mind, which had a good effect. After a moment's hesitation his majesty reseated himself upon the throne and ordered the ceremony to proceed.

Peculiarities of Crime.

One of the strangest peculiarities of human nature is its inclination to imitate the misdeeds of others. Crime is epidemical. A particularly dreadful murder, the details of which are set forth in all the newspapers, often has the effect of inducing similar crimes. One of the reasons, and probably the chief reason, why public executions were abolished in England, was that instead of acting as a deterrent the execution had the contrary effect of inciting to murder.

In 1885 a woman of Geneva, named Lombardi, killed her four children. She admitted that she had been reading of a woman who killed her husband, and the very circumstantial account had made her wish to imitate the crime, but as her husband was dead she killed the children. This is only one instance out of hundreds which have come to our notice.

The infectious nature of self murder receives a striking testimony in the following incident: Dr. Oppenheim of Hamburg had to examine the body of a man who had cut his throat and had died after some days of suffering. The medico told his assistant that death would have been immediate if the man had made the cut in a way which he illustrated, and he was startled two days later to learn that his assistant had attempted to commit suicide by lacerating himself in that very manner. The man admitted that he had never thought of suicide until the day of the examination and the doctor's remark.—London Globe.

Some Nice Royal Jobs.

"One of the most desirable posts at Windsor castle," says a correspondent of the Chicago Record, "is that of 'the king's limner,' who in ancient times decorated books and manuscripts with initial letters and who now prepares the parchment commissions when his majesty is pleased to confer knighthood or some other honor upon one of his subjects. The man who now fills the post has extraordinary skill with the pen and brush, and his diplomas and certificates were greatly admired for their exquisite taste and skillful execution. He receives a salary of $2,500 a year. The clockmaker at Windsor castle receives the same compensation, and it is his business to keep all the timepieces in repair. The historiographer, who is supposed to keep a record of events, holds a hereditary office, with a salary of $2,500 a year. The master of music receives $1,500 and arranges concerts for his majesty's diversion. The surveyor of pictures is paid $1,500, the librarian receives $2,500, the examiner of plays $1,600, the keeper of the swans is paid $300, and the bargemaster, who looks after the boats used by the royal family at Windsor, has a similar compensation."

Something Which He Learned.

A soft answer has not only the effect of turning away wrath. It may serve to avenge an injury. Years ago the Rev. J. H. Jones was making a visit in Boston and attended a biweekly conference at Divinity hall. Just at that time he was out of sorts with the east, and his address reflected an acrid mood. Especially did he insist that "They didn't know everything down in Judea or even in Cambridge."

When he sat down, there was a momentary hush, and then the late Dean Everett slowly rose. He began in his usual soft and hesitating tone, "There are doubtless a great many things which Mr. Jones knows and we do not know, but there are also a few things which we know and he does not."

Then followed a pause, during which each man held his breath, for the dean was known to carry on his lips a dagger which sometimes found its unerring way to the hearts of men and things, but after due pause he continued gently:

"And chief among them is how glad we always are to see him."—Youth's Companion.

The Echo at Work.

When we had climbed to the top of the mountain, we observed an old man sitting on a rock with a pair of field-glasses in his hands. Every now and then he would look earnestly through them and then whoop continuously for a time with a vigor astonishing, considering his age. For a time we observed him from a respectful distance till finally, being naturally curious, I went up to him. "Why," I asked, "do you rubber that way and then yell so loud?"

He turned and eyed me calmly, with a dignity which could have been born of nothing but a great responsibility.

"If you talk to me," he said gravely, "you'll take my attention, and I'll lose my job. I, sir, am the echo at the Mountain House down yonder."

At this point it became necessary for him to howl again, and I retired much impressed.—Princeton Tiger.

Poaching In London Parks.

Nearly all the London parks are well stocked with eatable birds, and it is the easiest thing in the world for the loafers to kill them, clean them and carry them off to the nearest hot plate for roasting. A story is told by Londoners of a couple of impecunious Scotch black and white artists who took a garret in Lincoln's Inn Fields and lived for a week on Law court pigeons, which are plump, lively, plentiful and tame and would doubtless make a good meal. In addition to poaching in the parks, there is also good reason to believe that many of the rare birds sold to shady bird dealers are snared there.—Glasgow News.

Encouraging Her Cousin.

"Ah, yes!" sighed the lovelorn youth. "I'm passionately in love with Miss Van Fickel. I wonder if I will ever succeed in winning her affections?"

"Why not?" replied his Cousin Helen. "I know at least half a dozen other men who have."—Philadelphia Press.

Well Known Railroad Man Dead.

Minneapolis, March 30.—A Times special from Grand Forks, N. D., says: C. T. Kittridge, chief train dispatcher on the Great Northern road at this point, and one of the best known railroad men in the northwest, died yesterday afternoon. The remains will be taken to Milwaukee for interment.

Struck Petroleum.

Greenville, Ia., April 1.—Petroleum in large quantities was discovered here Saturday night. Many locations have been made and excitement runs high.

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to those young people
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hanging out the clothes and met with a most unpleasant accident. Why not send your clothes to the Manchester Steam Laundry to be laundried and this save all trouble at nome? You can get better work for less money at a first class laundry than you can in any other way. Clothes called for and delivered promptly.

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