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The Manchester Democrat.

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MANCHESTER, IOWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1908. VOL. XXXIV--NO. 6.

The First National Bank of Manchester
 CAPITAL, - \$50,000.00
 SURPLUS, - \$12,500.00
Offers Its Customers:
 Every safe-guard known to modern banking for the security and safety of their funds.
 Loans when they need them at reasonable rates.
 Safety deposit boxes for storage of valuable papers.
 4% Interest paid on time deposits.
 Farm loans at cheapest rates with liberal pre-payment option.
 Exchange on all principal cities of the world.
 Our satisfied patrons are our best advertisement.

Fall Shoes For Men
 Which combines style and service. This shoe is made with Velour Calf upper stock, in Blucher pattern heavy sewed sole, and a neat, good fitting last. The price is
ONLY \$3.00
 Other styles at \$5.00, \$4.50, \$4.00 and \$3.75.
 Give our Men's Shoes a trial. IT WILL PAY YOU.
H. H. LAWRENCE
 Phone 361. The Shoe Man.

FANCY STATIONERY
 A New Lot Just Received
Anders & Philipp,

COAL
 We have a good line of coal, and are independent of any other concern on prices. We make our own prices and will use you right. Also FLOUR and FEED.
C. H. PARKER.
 Bunker and Baumgartners old stand.
 TELEPHONE 113.

The national supreme court has made a decision that is of great interest to both employer and employee, in deciding the case of William Adair, master mechanic, of the Louisville and Nashville railway, who was convicted in a United States district court in Kentucky of violating the act of congress prohibiting discrimination by employers against labor unions in the employment of help. Adair discharged a man because he was a member of a labor union, which was a direct violation of the law. The supreme court declared the law unconstitutional, Justice Harlan writing the opinion.

As To Mouth Breathing.
 The present movement for preventing tuberculosis promises much for future health. To this end one of the things to be attended to is the habit of breathing through the mouth. There is abundant evidence that this habit is harmful and that it can be broken up. Many years ago, says our informant, I had fallen into the practice. I found that I could not walk three squares without opening my mouth. On waking in the morning my mouth was dry. The cause was that I had breathed so little through the nose that the nasal passages had become so contracted or obstructed as not to allow the needed amount of air to pass. I immediately set about a reformation. In walking I tried to keep my mouth closed as long as I could. On going to sleep or after waking during the night I would press my lips firmly together, and so endeavor to keep my mouth closed as much as possible.

My efforts were successful. After a time I found that the nasal passages had become open and free; that I could walk long distances with my mouth wholly closed, and that I had no dryness of mouth in the morning. Mouth-breathing is more harmful in winter than in summer. Cold strikes the pharynx and tends to produce inflammation. The nasal passages are tortuous, and the air passing through them is partially warmed before it reaches the tender vital parts.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Gigantic Conspiracy.
 The more we observe the tactics of Aldrich and Shaw and other representatives of the predatory interests, the more it becomes apparent that the financial panic is going to be used as a pretext for saddling on the American people for all time a national banking system that would in conception disgrace the intelligence of a Hotentot and in execution shame the gentlemanly highwaymen of the time of Dick Turpin and Rob Roy.

The panic of 1893 was a banker's panic, deliberately made for the purpose of forcing the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman act, or, in other words, to further debase silver and throw the burden of the world's demands on the single standard of gold.

The panic of 1907 looks more and more like another banker's panic, brought on deliberately for the purpose of increasing the power of the national bankers over the finances of this nation.

No scheme will ever reach the light in congressional action that does not take the national banks as a premise and argue from there. National banks can only exist while we are in debt. The more we get in debt as a people the more we can have saddled upon us. The more we pay out of debt and become solvent the less banking currency. It is therefore the interest of the national banker to keep this nation in debt, the more the better.

Learning and Living.
 Over the hills to the sea I went to see
 Him who was once a professor and taught in a school for boys;
 Often I've heard him at sunset, glad as the twilight,
 Spout his stock-speech and Plato, and say, but he did it well!
 He had a dozen diplomas and prizes for great debate.
 One time The Journal commenting, referred to him as a great.
 Still he was always published to half of the stores in town.
 Often his clothing was ragged, and shoddy and brown!
 Somehow his Latin 'twas awful, he never could make it pay;
 Sometimes I think education is apt to turn out this way.
 Many a day I've regretted not havin' Latin enough,
 Still I ain't gone to the poorhouse though I be old and gray!
 Over the hills to the poorhouse they took him
 Beggars today—
 Sometimes I think education is apt to turn out that way!
 Seems that you've got to apply it and make it look out for bread,
 Otherwise the Latin is rubbish that's at rest in a useless head.
 Seems like you've got to get busy an' hit an education up—
 I ain't ain't with a pertic'lar exception a fall 'bout now!
 Make it so what you tell it depends on the man, they say—
 That is the reason that I'll ram went over the hills today.
 —Byron Williams.

Primary Election Rules.
 In an exhaustive opinion transmitted to the governor yesterday, the attorney general undertook construction of the primary law, interpreting each section and particularly considering sections relating to the expenditure of funds by and for candidates before the primaries.

The substance of it has appeared heretofore in The Register and Leader. Section 32 prohibits persons from giving or receiving compensation for political services and attaches severe penalties for its violation, "the object of the section and the intent of the legislature being to secure the unbiased expression of the voter at the primary election." The attorney general adds:

It was not the intent of the legislature to prevent persons from accepting pay for performing service to a candidate which is in no sense political; that is to say, a candidate for office may legally and properly employ clerks and stenographers to make his dictation, write his letters, copy his speeches, take clippings from newspapers, mail his letters and send out his speeches, clippings and announcements to persons whose names are furnished by the candidates, and perform all other services which come within their legitimate occupation or calling. He may legally and properly rent headquarters, pay for halls in which to make speeches, pay the printer for putting his speeches in type for distribution, hire livermen to drive him from place to place and pay the railroad company for his transportation. Such services are innocent and the candidate, or his friends for him, may properly pay for the same. The persons who perform such services may legally and properly receive pay therefor.

On the other hand it would be unlawful to pay a stenographer or clerk or any other person, for writing letters to his friends soliciting their support for a candidate for office; or to pay for managing a campaign, a person for making speeches, interviewing voters, soliciting votes, getting voters to the polls and other like services.

It would also be unlawful for a newspaper to accept pay for advertisement for a candidate urging reasons for his nomination, etc.; nor can a newspaper lawfully publish for pay, matter disparaging a candidate. Nor can a candidate, nor any one for him, lawfully cause newspapers containing matter favorable to his candidacy, to be sent by the publishers to persons who are not regular subscribers, and pay for same and publishers who accept pay for papers so sent would be subject to prosecution under this section.

The thought running through the whole section seems to be that the citizen may not make a commodity of his duty to the public. To illustrate: John Brown is an expert stenographer and a popular man in his county and state. A candidate for office says to Mr. Brown: "I want help with my correspondence and I will pay you \$500 for the next two months if you will come to my headquarters, take my dictation, copy my speeches and mail them out to a list of names that I will furnish you." Mr. Brown accepts the employment. The transaction is legitimate and proper and not prohibited by the section under discussion. If, however, the candidate should say to Mr. Brown: "You have a wide acquaintance and a great many influential friends. I am a candidate for office. If you come to my headquarters and write letters to your friends throughout the state urging them to support me and in other ways use your personal influence to get votes for me, I will pay you \$500 for two months for such work." The transaction is illegal and both the candidate and Brown would be guilty of a violation of section 32 of the act in question.

BROWN'S SPECIAL Cotton Felt Mattress \$9.00
 We offer this week our famous "BROWN'S SPECIAL" Cotton Felt Mattress. This Mattress is made from 50 lbs. of cotton elastic felt, and is positively guaranteed not to pack down or get hard or lumpy, but to remain as soft and luxurious as now.
 We have many hundreds of people who are using "BROWN'S SPECIAL" Mattress, who are enthusiastic over them and would buy no other.
 More luxurious and sanitary than expensive hair mattress, less expensive than Excelsior mattresses (wear considered) and the best mattress that \$9.00 will buy.
 We guarantee "BROWN'S SPECIAL" Mattress to be superior to widely advertised mattresses that which sell for \$15.00.
BROWN, THE FURNITURE MAN.
 Sells Cedarine Furniture Polish.

1867. ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS. 1907.
The Delaware County State Bank.
 MANCHESTER, IOWA.
 CAPITAL, \$100,000. SURPLUS, \$15,000.
 With ample means to do so, we can and do, take care of our patrons. Shall be glad to receive a share of your business.
 OFFICERS AND DIRECTOR:
 Wm. C. Cawley, President. R. W. Tirrill, Vice-Prest.
 Chas. J. Seeds, Cashier. C. W. Keagy, Asst. Cashier.
 Geo. W. Dunham, M. H. Williston,
 J. F. Merry, H. F. Arnold,
 Jcs. Hutchinson.

WINTER APPLES.
 Go to Peterson's for CLEAN and PURE GROCERIES.
 Put in a barrel of APPLES NOW for winter.
 The best line of PLAIN and FANCY Earthen Ware in Manchester.
A. E. PETERSON.

KEEP WARM!
 And save on your fuel bill by giving us an order for
STORM WINDOWS and DOORS
 We have also a heavy tough paper for screen doors.
 If these do not keep you warm, burn more
COAL
 We have plenty of all grades and prices. Do not forget us when placing your next order.
Eclipse Lumber Co.
 PHONE 117.

A NEW LINE OF COMPLETE AND UP-TO-DATE
STATIONERY
R. A. DENTON.

A Real "Hoss" Race.
 If you would see a horse strapped, hooded, braced and geared to the limit you must seek such a track as you see at the old time country fair: "Here comes an awkward flea bitten gray which never went under 2.50 in his life. He is hobbled and checked and goggled and hitched up sideways, lengthwise and crosswise until there is more harness than horse. You wonder how his driver ever got him into this rigging and how he will get him out again without cutting him free with a jackknife. A farmer, with a gray beard and twinkling eyes, observes to his neighbor:
 "Last time John Martin had that plug out on the road I told him he had the old cripple overloaded with fast aids to the injured. Them straps that must be pulled too tight, and the center was yanked clean off the ground. What John was gettin' ready for was a race for flyin' machines, not a hoss trot."—David Lansing in Outing Magazine.

Dina Moe and Dina Mite.
 Mr. Cracker, a young colored gentleman of our city, had just obtained employment in one of our department stores as an experienced porter, but after a short time proved to be unfit for the position. Being first, he thereafter gained the nickname of Fire Cracker. Fire Cracker was deeply in love with a young woman of his own race by the name of Miss Moe and after a short acquaintance found that her surname was Dina. He went to Dina Moe and said:
 "Dina Moe, does you lub me?"
 She quickly replied, "No."
 Not being disheartened and at the same time remembering the motto he learned at school, "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again," he went to Dina Moe again and said:
 "Dina Moe, could you learn to lub me?"
 Dina this time rolled the white of her eyes and looking Fire Cracker in the face, answered:
 "Dina—Mite!"—Judge's Library.

Snurdragon Seed Pods.
 The snurdragon, or snapdragon, is one of the old fashioned garden flowers known to every one. Although it is a visitor from southern Europe, it has been here so long that it has become naturalized. When we say "lion's mouth," "frog's mouth," "cat's mouth," "rabbit's mouth," we mean snapdragons, all these names being suggested by its grotesque mask-like color. But there is something still more grotesque if we will wait till the seed time and gather the dried, brown skeleton of the seed pod. Look at these sideways, under a bright lamp, if possible, and you will find they have quite a resemblance to a rhinoceros. Remove the calyx and the little horns on the nose and look at them from the front, and they have a still more striking resemblance to human skulls, and by turning them about you get all sorts of queer expressions on the grinning mouth.—St. Nicholas.

Hurry.
 To our own age belongs the credit of having raised hurry from the degraded position of a disease to that of a commercial process. Formerly hurry simply brought people to an early grave, with nothing to show for it, whereas now it is become the means of transforming peace of mind, which is a solicitation, to say the best of it, into ready money. Hurry has grown to be a great fact in life. Even the fashion takes account of it until women are found doing up their hair in such a way that they may go the speed limit without fear of its coming down. And the best of hurry is that it is its own sufficient justification. Nobody expects hurry to have any particular reason behind it any more.—R. B. in New York Life.

Preposterous.
 An aged Jersey farmer visiting a circus for the first time stood before the dromedary's cage, eyes popping and mouth agape at the strange beast within. The circus proper began, and the crowd left for the main show, but still the old man stood before the cage in stunned silence appraising every detail of the misshapen legs, the cloven hoofs, the pendulous upper lip and the curiously mounded back of the sleepy-eyed beast. Fifteen minutes passed. Then the farmer turned away and spat disgustedly.
 "Shucks! They ain't no such animal!"—Everybody's Magazine.

Not His Usual Brand.
 He was a wail from the slums, having his first experience of the country. They gave him a new laid egg at breakfast as a great treat, but after one spoonful he put it quietly aside and devoted himself to the bread and butter.
 "Why, Pete," exclaimed the matron in charge, "don't you like your egg?"
 "No, ma'am," he replied deprecatingly. "It don't seem to have no smell nor taste."—Pearson's Weekly.

All Wrinkled.
 Dolly—No, I won't wash my face. I just hate to wash my face. Grandma Naughty, naughty! When I was a little girl I always washed my face. Dolly—Yes, an' now look at it!—Cleveland Leader.

Dissolving Mergers.
 "Two churches here now, eh? The town only boasted one last year."
 "That's right."
 "You must have had a revival."
 "No, we had a split."—Washington Herald.

No man knows so well where the shoe pinches as he who wears it.—Lincoln.

A Discourager.
 Miss Kreech—Some authorities believe that the practice of singing will keep a person from getting consumption. Mr. Knox—Yes, but most authorities believe in "the greatest good to the greatest number."—Philadelphia Press.

Hurt His Feelings.
 She—I think Mr. Rhymer, the minor poet, felt hurt at a remark you made the other night. He—What did I say? She—You said there was only one Shakespeare.—London Telegraph.