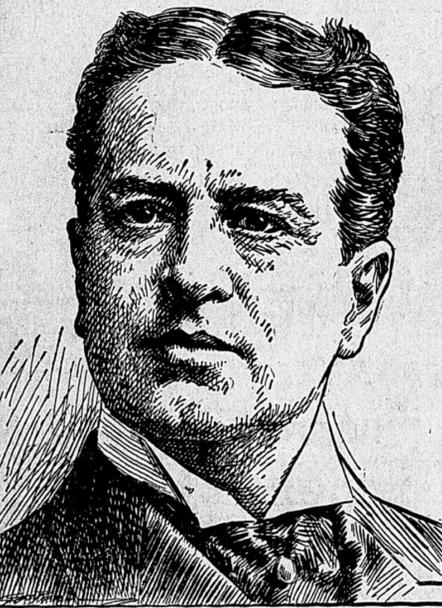


# LOVE ROMANCES of the VANDERBILTS



William K. Vanderbilt.

**NEW YORK**—Julia Estelle French, one of the youngest descendants and heirs of old Commodore Vanderbilt, has eloped with a chauffeur of Newport, and has thereby once again revived interest in the long line of romance and scandal—romantic scandal or scandalous romance—that has accumulated from generation to generation around the name of Vanderbilt. It turns one's attention back to the days when Cornelius disinherited his son of the same name because he insisted on marrying for love a young woman eight years his elder. His son Alfred, who presumably married to suit him, and who inherited all of his money, is since divorced, while Cornelius is said never to have regretted his marriage. But this is but one of many anecdotes to be told of the love stories of this illustrious family.

Miss Wilson was an extremely rich young woman in her own right. Her two sisters had married Ogden Goetz and Sir Michael Herbert. But though old enough to marry, Miss Grace was single. "She has not yet fallen in love," said her mother to the Prince of Wales, later King Edward, who admired Grace and asked why she was not settled in a home of her own. To the German emperor, to whom she was presented, Miss Wilson said, "I would gladly marry a foreigner, your majesty, but I could marry no one if I did not first fall in love."

Fall in love she did, with young Cornelius Vanderbilt. The match, because of the young woman's age, was bitterly opposed by the bridegroom's father, and the young man was practically turned out of the house. "But nevertheless the young couple were quietly married. A year later old Cornelius died and disinherited his son of the same name "for disobedience to parental wishes."

Wilson Comes to the Rescue.

"My daughter, Grace, loves you," R. T. Wilson to the young Vanderbilt without a fortune, "and if your father hasn't left you with enough to support your family, I guess I've got enough for you both."

The young Cornelius went to work, and in the last ten years has perfected enough valuable machinery more to support his wife and family. Besides any such sums, he received \$6,000,000 as a gift from his brother Alfred, to whom the father left the bulk of his fortune. So the old man did not cheat love out of its due of worldly fortune after all. You wouldn't think he would wish to put a ban on continuous and happy love in his family. There has not been enough of it to spare.

The second son, Alfred Gyne Vanderbilt, came into possession of \$50,000,000 by the will of his father, but it did not bring him a happy marriage. He gave his family great pleasure by wedding Miss Elsie French, a representative New York girl of old family. She had a great fortune in her own right, but not in comparison with the

## CHEESE LOVED OF EPICUREANS

Care That is Taken in the Production of the World-Famous Roquefort.

One who has never visited the village of Roquefort, in the department of Aveyron, France, can form no idea of the extent of that cheese industry whose product is known the world over from the name of the town where it is manufactured. No pains are spared to secure the best results. The kind and quality of the milk is important. It must be pure unskimmed sheep's milk, unadulterated with water or any other milk. The green hills of the Aveyron, which furnish fine pastures for feeding the sheep, play no small part in the quality of the milk and the celebrity of Roquefort cheese.

In the Roquefort industry the cans and everything pertaining to the milk must be scrupulously clean. The dairies are in dry and airy spots, and the white-washed walls, cemented

## A FEW OF THE ROMANCES OF THE VANDERBILTS.

Julia Estelle French of Newport eloped with Jack Geraghty, chauffeur. Cornelius Vanderbilt III, married Grace Wilson, eight years his senior, and was dispossessed of \$50,000,000 by his father.

Reginald Vanderbilt married Kathleen Nelson, who was comparatively poor. They have all appearances of living happily ever after.

Gertrude Vanderbilt married Henry Payne Whitney and is living happily with her husband and two children.

## A FEW OF THE DIVORCES IN THE VANDERBILT FAMILY.

W. K. Vanderbilt divorced and married again.

Consuelo Vanderbilt separated from the Duke of Marlborough.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt divorced and married to the late O. H. P. Belmont.

Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt divorced from her first husband, who was of the Vanderbilt family.

Elliott Shepard, great-grandson of Commodore Vanderbilt, once separated from his wife.

Col. Vanderbilt Allen, son-in-law of William Henry Vanderbilt, separated from his second wife.

Mrs. Clarence Collins, granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt, divorced.

Countess Czakoowsky, great-granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt, divorced.

Leroy Dresser, brother of Mrs. George Vanderbilt, divorced.

the unhappy marriage of Consuelo, Duchess of Marlborough, daughter of William K. Vanderbilt, and the woman who is now Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. The papers gave a page to the description of the wedding. It was one of the largest society events ever known in the United States. Some of the best lines read "Hands Off! Hearst and the orchestra played 'Oh, Perfect Love' during the ceremony.

When the new American duchess went for the first time to her new estate, the servants who had been in her husband's family through three generations to give her a hearty greeting. The nobility of England received and loved her. She was soon famous for her entertainment and her charities. But there was no denying it—her marriage was a success.

The duchess looked and was unhappy. Her father tried to adjust the difficulties of his daughter with her husband even while he was undergoing difficulties with his wife which led eventually to her divorce. The king of England is said to have tried to bring the two together. But it could not be done. They are now living separately, with the two children in the custody of the duchess, except for a brief period every year.

When her father married Mrs. Ruth-erford in London, after obtaining his divorce more or less sensationally, the duchess attended the wedding, kissed him and wished him happiness. Her own mother, however, was more than that moderate of a millionnaire, she did the same. Nobody knows how she felt, however, while they were getting their divorce.

**Differences in Taste Striking.**

Mrs. Vanderbilt was originally Miss Alva Smith of Alabama, and she was a different woman from her husband. Her husband's tastes were quiet. She said to her friends that he was provincial. This made some smile, since she came from Mobile and he from New York. Mr. Belmont was of a temperamental nature. He was almost a millionnaire, she did the same. Nobody knows how she felt, however, while they were getting their divorce.

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**The Elections of 1911.**

Six states will elect governors this year—Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Rhode Island and Vermont. The Democrats are conceded to be the victors in Rhode Island and Vermont probably are as sure Republican. The Republicans have the governor of Kentucky now, and will make a fight for his reelection with slight hope of success, but with the United States senatorship in the balance in that state, the greater chance seems to be with the Kentucky Democrats.

**Has Lost Confidence of Country.**

With all the respect that is due to the head of this nation, thinking men will find it hard to repose continued confidence in the president, who has declared the Payne-Aldrich bill "the best tariff the Republicans ever enacted," who has subsequently admitted his iniquities; and who has finally put his veto upon reasonable measures of congress for the abatement of these iniquities.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

**Must Be a Compromise.**

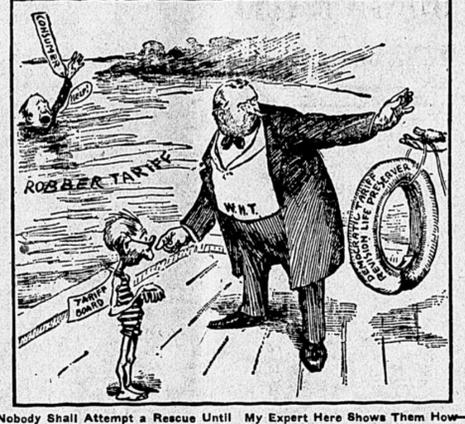
In his Hamilton speech President Taft seems to hold out hope for tariff revision at the next session of congress.

But how?

One of the reasons he gave for vetoing the wool bill was that it was "a compromise." And does he suppose that any tariff measure that is not a compromise can get through a Democratic congress?

When the average man gets what he really deserves he begins to howl to the effect that he is being persecuted.

## STATESMANSHIP!



Nobodv Shall Attempt a Rescue Until My Expert Here Shows Them How— And He Won't Be Ready Until December.

## ACCIDENT OR DESIGN? MAY BE PROUD OF RECORD

Democracy in Recent Session Have Shown the Nation That Its Faith is Justified.

The adjournment of the special session of congress is chiefly notable for the fact that it leaves the Democracy with a clean record before the country.

By grace of Democratic votes and persistency the pet measure of a Republican administration, Canadian reciprocity, and the subject which brought the special session into existence, was steered safely through hostile Republican waters and put before the Dominion parliament for ratification.

On the side of tariff legislation the party has accomplished all that could have been expected of it, viewing the handicap and the shifting coalition under which it worked and upon which it had to depend.

The full effect of the president's successive vetoes of measures aimed at materializing policies that trailed Republican pledges no less than Democratic doctrine can, of course, be accurately estimated only after the final record of the next regular session is made up.

What counts principally is that the Democracy has simply demonstrated a capacity for cohesion and discipline, giving a body blow to Republican prophecies that the old-time dissensions and demoralization would nullify the fruits of the victory of last fall.

Thus far the nation's vote of confidence has been justified. The temper of the organization has, moreover, been sufficiently tested to give the most definite basis for the prediction that the recent session may be expected to carry its own of victory up to the presidential election next autumn.—Atlanta Constitution.

**DEFECT IN CAMPAIGN PUBLICITY LAW NULLIFIES ACT.**

Opinion Will Be General That the Bill as It Came From the House Was "Tinkered" in the Senate.

The discovery has been made in Washington that the intent of the campaign publicity law, as far as it applied to the senate, has been nullified. The law was enacted during the closing hours of congress, and it may be that the defect which has been found in it is due to clerical carelessness. On the other hand, it may have been brought about deliberately.

The law, as originally drafted, provided that lists of the expenditures of committees in charge of the campaign of candidates for senate and the house of representatives should be filed with the clerks of those bodies and be a matter of record, open to public inspection at all times.

There is a warm senatorial contest on in Virginia, and the senate two of them have filed their expense statements. The primaries are to be held September 7, and naturally the voters of the state desire to know to what extent money has been used in the campaign. The law, as it came from the house, was tinkered with. Whether that is the case or not, the best thing the senate can do, as soon as congress convenes, is to make it apparent that so far as the senate is concerned the provision requiring publicity had been omitted.

The senate does not stand any too well with the country, and the general opinion is bound to be that the bill, as it came from the house, was tinkered with. Whether that is the case or not, the best thing the senate can do, as soon as congress convenes, is to make it apparent that so far as the senate is concerned the provision requiring publicity had been omitted.

**Expensive Courtesy.**

If the published accounts are correct that the navy department sent a battleship on a voyage of several hundred miles just to please women it indicates an extreme of courtesy. The story is that the women of the Kansas W. C. T. U., desiring to honor the battleship Kansas made some 100 comfort bags, consisting of needles, pins, scissors and other work-basket fittings that come in handy on board ship when a button comes off or a shirt is ripped, intending to give them to the 700 members of the crew when the battleship was in port next year or so ago. But the vessel was ordered to sea before the gifts arrived and the presentation was postponed.

Learning that the Kansas was at Hampton Roads, the States Island W. C. T. U., which had been deputized to distribute the presents, asked that the vessel be sent around to New York to receive them. Which the navy department very gallantly has done.

Carping critics in this era of governmental economy should have had the mountain transported to Mahomet when it would have been so much simpler and cheaper to have had the presentation committee compete for the comfort bags shipped to Newport News. For that matter what it cost to send the ship to New York would have supplied every Jackie on the Kansas with a couple of comfort bags and give the navy the credit of saving the cost of a complete set of the works of William Allen White.

**Systematic Tariff Robbery.**

There is a joke concealed in this little tariff story, according to Mr. Bryan's Commoneer. The task of the reader will be to detect the joke, then decide just how much of the several million country consumes about three million tons of sugar a year. Of this amount 2,300,000 tons is imported and 700,000 tons produced at home. The home product isn't worth as much as Nebraska sugar and butter crop by several millions of dollars. Yet under the guise of "protecting" the American sugar raiser the sugar consumers are taxed about 250 million dollars a year. Sugar is retailing at about \$117 a ton. We could buy the home product and give the way, paying the price now obtaining under protection, then throw it away, and save 170 million dollars a year by putting sugar on the free list.

**Free Trade Not Demanded.**

The country stands for tariff revision and demands it. But the people desire to care for the several million in changing the duties on imports. The American people have not forsaken the broad principle of protection. They have not turned their backs upon home industries and interests. This country has not been asked to be a free trader, nor is it going to be.—Cleveland Leader.

**Keynote of Campaign.**

Champ Clark has framed up the issues for the coming presidential campaign by the announcement that the Democrats redeemed their election promises by passing the several measures that were promptly vetoed by President Taft. On these issues, says Clark, we appeal to the country. This will be the Democratic keynote of the campaign.

**Critical Sense.**

"That youngest son of Ellgins seems to have the making of a true musician in him." "Does he sing or play?" "No. But he cries pitiously when Ellgins tries to do."

**Fashion Note.**

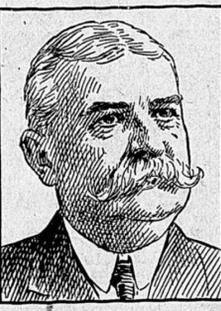
Ladies who are interested in the subject may take a trip to Washington and examine in the Bureau of Manufactures samples of the worst which the African Anopheles uses for a face stain and paste, which have been sent over here by our vice-consul at Lourenco Marques in the interest of American beauty.

**Always.**

A man always has a ready listener when he is trying to persuade himself that he is being wronged.

## PROMINENT PEOPLE

### A STATEHOOD ENTHUSIAST



William H. Andrews, known for years in Pennsylvania politics as "Bull," is highly elated over the admission of New Mexico along with Arizona, and is making no effort to conceal it.

Andrews became a resident of the Territory some years ago, and has represented it in congress as Territorial delegate. He hopes to be a senator from the new state, in which he claims twenty-five years' residence.

"The happiest moment I have had since I took up my home in New Mexico was at the White House when President Taft laid the pen aside that traced his signature on the bill giving the glorious Territory statehood," said Mr. Andrews.

"I say it was the happiest moment I have had since I became a New Mexican because it ended a long, weary and at times discouraging struggle which I pursued first as an individual, and then as a representative of the people here for admission to the Union.

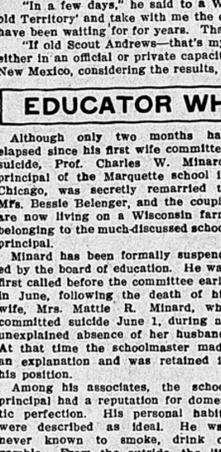
"For me that struggle was continuous for twenty-five years—seventeen in the Territory and eight here."

"Will New Mexico be a credit to the Union?" continued Mr. Andrews enthusiastically. "Will she shoulder the new responsibility now resting upon her with honor?" "My answer is: Watch her."

"In a few days," he said to a Washington reporter, "I'll go back to the old Territory" and take with me the official message that the people out there have been waiting for years. That will be another pleasant duty.

"If old Scott Andrews—that's myself—never comes to Washington again, either in an official or private capacity, I will feel my share here in behalf of New Mexico, considering the results, will have been enough for one man."

### EDUCATOR WHO WAS OUSTED



Although only two months had elapsed since his first wife committed suicide, Prof. Charles W. Minard, principal of the Marquette school in Chicago, was secretly remarried to Mrs. Bessie Belenger, and the couple are now living on a Wisconsin farm belonging to the much-discussed school principal.

Minard has been formally suspended by the board of education. He was first called before the committee early in June, following the death of his wife, Mrs. Mattie R. Minard, who committed suicide June 1, during an unexplained absence of her husband. At that time the schoolmaster made an explanation and was retained in his position.

Among his associates, the school principal had a reputation for domestic perfection. His personal habits were described as ideal. He was never known to smoke, drink or gamble. From the outside, the life between the aged couple appeared as near a thing of perfect romance as the song of Daryl and Joan. Everything indicated an untroubled old age and a tranquil ending.

Then came the explosion. Mrs. Minard committed suicide during a strange 24-hour absence of her husband. It is said now that he was with her whereabouts. He seemed stricken with grief at his wife's death. It was a day before it was discovered that she had taken carbolic acid. The bottle from which Mrs. Minard drank the acid has never been recovered.

News of the marriage, coupled with reports of a long intimacy between the two, shed a new light on the dual character of Professor Minard, "ideal husband." The woman whom he has married is different in every way from his former wife. Instead of being a woman of culture and education, her life has been filled with the hardness which comes from poverty. Left a widow with five children six years ago, she worked as a seamstress until last winter. The former Mrs. Minard was as delicate and ethereal as an old miniature. She loved books even more than her husband, and for twenty-five years they made a practice of reading together every night. They had two children. Both died.

**FIGURE IN LABOR DISPUTE**

J. W. Kline, general president of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers, has been brought into the limelight by the dispute between the 25,000 mechanical workers on the Harriman railroad and the management of the system. Kline's headquarters are in Chicago, but presidents of other crafts involved have headquarters along the coast.

Mr. Kline was the first blacksmith to present the introduction of the profit system on the Harriman lines years ago and started the strike of blacksmiths. He conducted this fight victoriously. Mr. Kline is forty-eight years old, married and lives with his wife and family in Chicago.

He has been a blacksmith for thirty years. He joined the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers, which organization now numbers 20,000 members, in 1898. He was elected a member of the general executive board at the Buffalo convention of 1901 and his first active work was in the strike on the Union Pacific railroad, a Harriman line, in 1903 and 1904.

In the latter part of 1904 he was elected second vice-president at the St. Louis convention.

In 1905 he was elected general president and editor and manager of their official journal. He was re-elected at the Milwaukee convention in 1907 without opposition and again at the Pittsburg convention in 1909.

### SWIFTEST GLOBE GIRDLER



The latest globe-trotter and the swiftest who has ever sought to girdle the world against time, Andre Jager-Schmidt, wound up his trip in Paris with a "round-the-world record in 39 days and 15 hours."

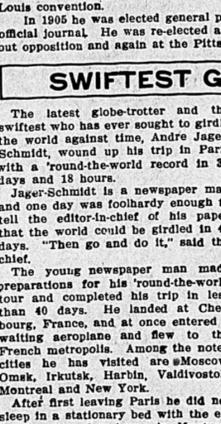
Jager-Schmidt is a newspaper man and one day was foolishly enough to tell the editor-in-chief of his paper that the world could be girdled in 40 days. "Then go and do it," said the chief.

The young newspaper man made preparations for his "round-the-world tour" and completed his trip in less than 40 days. He landed at Cherbourg, France, and at once entered a waiting aeroplane and flew to the French metropolis. Among the noted cities he has visited are Moscow, Omsk, Irkutsk, Harbin, Vladivostok, Montreal and New York.

After first leaving Paris he did not sleep in a stationary bed with the exception of a few hours in Montreal and one night in New York. That was one of his complaints made in New York. Sleeping on trains and steamships is taxing on the nerves and does not give the satisfying rest the system craves.

Jager-Schmidt is twenty-seven years old, tall, athletic and blonde and with the vivacious manner of his race.

### PHYSICIAN SAID ECZEMA CAME FROM TEETHING



"When my little girl was about eight months old, she was taken with a very irritating breaking out, which came on her face, neck and back. When she first came down with it, it came in little watery-like festers under her eyes, and on her chin, then after a few days it would dry down in scaly, white scabs. In the daytime she was quite merry and would giggle and scratch her face nearly all the time.

"I consulted our physician and found she was suffering from eczema, which he said came from her teething. I used the ointment he gave me and without any relief at all. Then I wrote for a remedy at Cuticura, and purchased some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I did as I found directions in the Cuticura Booklet, and when she was one year old, she was entirely cured. Now she is three years and four months, and she has not been troubled with eczema since she was cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

(Signed) Mrs. Freeman Craver, 311 Lewis St., Syracuse, N. Y., May 6, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 2 K, Boston.

Don't Expect Kindness.

There are six sorts of people at whose hands you need not expect much kindness. The narrow minded think of nobody but themselves, the lazy are too indolent to care, the miserly have no time to think, the rich disregard appeals for kindness, the poor have neither spirit nor ability, and the good natured fool is not capable of serving you.—Home Notes.

Lingering.

"Did you have a trial before you hanged that horse thief?"

"We sure did," replied Plute Peter. "He was a mighty bad man and we wanted to give him all the unpleasant suspense possible."

Blessed are the happiness-makers. Blessed are they who know how to shine on one's gloom with their cheer.—Henry Ward Beecher.

## PROFIT IN SHEEP

Feeder Sheep and Lambs Are Now Cheap.

### GOOD MONEY IN PROSPECT

A Self-Evident Proposition.

Good growing stock of any kind that is selling below the cost of production is always a safe investment, if the purchaser is prepared to take good care of it.

He who buys and develops such stock is almost certain to make a good profit in doing so, because production will not long continue at a loss, with consequent depletion of staple stock on steadily.

Not many others are buying such stock, or else it would not be selling so cheaply, and it follows logically and consistently that when it has been grown and finished for market there will then be a comparative scarcity of such finished stock and such good prices will be realized for it that a handsome profit will result from the deal.

This reasoning is self-evident, and applies with especial emphasis to the present situation in feeder sheep and lambs.

Last year's conditions are now reversed. Then nearly everybody was crazy to feed sheep and lambs and an immense number were sold and shipped to the country at about the highest prices on record. This together with an enormous corn crop of high feeding value, a world of perfectly cured roughage and a splendid winter feeding season were factors that combined to produce a heavy supply of fat sheep and lambs for market during the early part of this year, while retailers of meats held up prices to consumers, so that consumption was limited, with the natural and logical result of low prices and feeders losses in most instances.

In consequence of last year's unprofitable experience and present scarcity of grass and hay, most farmers and many professional feeders of sheep and lambs are now avoiding the market, and very few are being shipped to the country, while prices are the lowest since 1904. In fact, feeders of sheep and lambs are selling on the market today for less than the cost of production.

These facts mean that early next year there will be a scarcity of fat sheep and lambs at market, and some partial high prices will prevail. Those who have the nerve to go contrary to the crowd and invest in good, thin but thrifty feeder sheep and lambs at the present low price, will have no cause to regret their enterprising independence when they come to market them in finished condition.

The consensus of opinion of the best minds in the trade is that since both prices for feeding stock and prospects for fat stock are much better than they were last year, therefore the opportunities for profit are correspondingly better. In fact, the whole situation is the reverse of last year.

Now is the time to buy, because range conditions are such that the sheep and lambs will come to market from the range regions ready for slaughter, while fewer of the feeder classes will be marketed during the remainder of this year, and the supply will not equal the probable Fall demand, so that prices are likely to be materially higher in October and November.

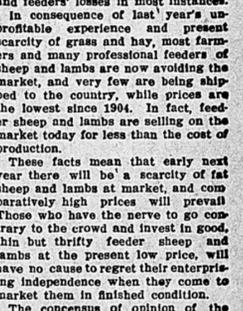
**ADDED 'EM UP.**

Hix—You said your gun would shoot 900 yards.

Hix—I know I did.

Hix—It's marked to shoot only 454 yards.

Hix—I'm 'torn, but there are two barrels.



**PHYSICIAN SAID ECZEMA CAME FROM TEETHING**

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### Supreme Care.

Of all the canis which are canted in this canting world, though the cant of hypocrites may be the worst, the cant of criticism is the most tormenting.—Laurence Sterne.