

TAFT'S THREE POINTS

PRESIDENT SHOWN AS STAND-PATTER OF FIRST WATER.

In Effect the Chief Executive Declares His Opinion That the People Are Incapable of Deciding Tariff Question.

In his preliminary talks and addresses in the past and in his veto messages, President Taft indicated the points he would seek to emphasize in the course of his western trip—that is, in connection with tariff discussion.

Those talks, addresses and messages show that he bases his policy and program on three assertions.

The first is, that he will deal with the tariff on the basis of recommendations by a board appointed by himself and responsible to nobody but himself.

Second, he is opposed to all tariff legislation not in accord with the Republican national platform.

Third, congress is incompetent to exercise proper judgment on tariff matters.

Last November, the people sent to congress a new lot of representatives especially chosen to carry out the popular demand for tariff revision. Mr. Taft pronounces the people incapable of deciding on such policies and scorns the men—though he carries them into effect—except for welcoming their aid in connection with his pet projects.

He stands pat of the pat in service adherence to party platform heresies.

He announces adherence to no plans or policies not formulated by his personally conducted tariff board.

These are the three points of his propaganda in the west. He grows weaker and weaker, all the time, in the estimation and support of the people.

Must Cut Out the Graft. No revision of the tariff would be "scientific" except a revision which would take out the graft. Any tariff designed to raise prices instead of being designed to raise revenue is a graft measure—it is so by the law of its being, and cannot be anything but so.

The underlying of the president and of the "friends of the tariff" is that "scientific" revision consists in going about among the beneficiaries to find out with how much profit they should be reasonably content, and then fixing the schedules so that the benefits desired would accrue. City councils might with equal justice consent with municipal contractors as to the profits desired by them and award contracts in accordance with the understanding reached. Tariff graft and contract graft are in the same category of wrongs; the only difference is that the former has obtained legalized respectability and an odor of sanctity, while the latter is still a penitentiary offense which smells to heaven.

Not a Waver; No, Indeed. The spokesman of the New England Association of Commercial Travelers, on being asked by the president at Beverly, said: "Other sections may waver, but we will not."

Oh, no. There was no wavering in Maine last year when the entire Democratic state ticket was elected and the Democratic United States senator chosen; or in Massachusetts, where a Democratic governor was elected; or in Connecticut, where the same thing was done; or in Rhode Island, where Nelson W. Aldrich did not find it convenient to be a candidate for re-election; or in New Hampshire, where the Boston & Maine railroad oligarchy was overthrown.

There was no wavering in any of the upheavals, but they registered the low-water mark of stand-pat Republicanism in New England. If Mr. Taft can find comfort in them he will pass from joy to ecstasy when he reaches the insurgent west.

Champ Clark's Reply. Champ Clark's reply to President Taft, reduced to its essence, amounts to this:

"We Democrats were put in power on our pledge to give the people relief from tariff exactions. We did our best to keep faith. We helped the president put through the reciprocity bill because it meant lower duties. We united with progressive Republicans to other tariff legislation for the benefit of the people.

"We stand for the best interest of the masses; he stands for a handful of protected tariff barons and a few sets enables them to continue to levy unjust and exorbitant tribute upon the consumers of the land."

Baldly, that is the issue as it now stands. And on that issue there can be no question what the verdict of the people must be.

Thebides of prairie dogs are to be used for making gloves. It is reasonable, therefore, to expect American prairie dog raisers to immediately apply for a high tariff on prairie dogs.

Explanations at Syracuse and Erie. At Syracuse Mr. Taft's explanation of why he vetoed the lower-cost-of-living bills consisted mostly of statistics showing why it was necessary to spend some money each year to disseminate information to farmers on the subject of scientific agriculture.

At Erie Mr. Taft's explanation of why he vetoed the lower-cost-of-living bills consisted mostly of telling how he will compromise with the senate on the question of arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France.

Must Be "Scientific." Owing to the hard times and the suffering in Germany, following the prolonged drought there, the Berlin chamber of commerce and the Merchants' guild have petitioned the government to reduce the tariff on potatoes 50 per cent.

While this change might give relief to the poor it is clearly a most unreasonable demand. Such a reduction would be "unscientific" and should not be considered until a tariff board has passed on the matter early in 1914. All the best and most conservative authorities condemn popular tariff tinkering—Chicago News.

France Sees a Light. Germany follows on after France in taking steps to reduce the cost of living, in the most obvious way, by considering measures for the reduction of tariffs on foodstuffs. The minister of agriculture has taken the extraordinary step, as a means of instant relief, of ordering the sale of fodder to needy persons at reduced prices. Men and women are now being urged to reduce their fares less sumptuously as the days go by.

POINTS FOR TARIFF MAKERS

Smuggling Scandals Prove That Human Nature Has Not Changed to Any Remarkable Degree.

Makers of tariffs, whether for public revenue only or for private spoils only, learned long ago that it was folly to lay high duties on things easily smuggled. Experience taught them that the few dollars worth of revenue from jewelry and other small but costly things, and they acted accordingly.

But of late our American tariff craftsmen, ignoring experience, or thinking the "scientific" had grown honest, or that the dear masses had become easier marks, restored the obsolete high duties on such things. And now they find that there is plenty of smuggling, as of yore, where there is plenty of motive.

The latest news in this line comes from New York. According to the dispatch conveying it a banker of great wealth, not named, is the expert under whose direction many articles of small bulk, but immense value, have been smuggled through that port. Citizens of high standing in the world of industry and commerce are said to be involved.

Such disclosures should convince our new-light tariff makers that their predecessors knew something, and that American human nature is not less prone to iniquity than it was in the days when, as they assume, tariff building was a less scientific art.

This noble art has not become more progressive or scientific than its kindred art of gambling.

The Tariff and the Millhand. Cotton millmen enjoy probably a higher degree of tariff privilege than any other industry.

The profits of the cotton magnates are enormous. The dividends of 40, 50 and 60 per cent are not uncommon, capitalization is frequently three or four times the investment, and a surplus greater than the capitalization is maintained.

The federal bureau of labor has published the results of an investigation into the cotton textile industry, which gives some interesting figures.

The average wage of an adult worker in an American cotton mill is \$4.83 per week. When one remembers that in the north 10.2 per cent of the male workers and 5.4 per cent of the female workers are children of 14 and 15 years, and that in the south 33.9 per cent of the males and 25.1 per cent of the females are of the same tender age, the pittance which cotton magnates pay for labor is apparent.

Will some standstill editor explain why high tariff, which enables the mill owner to pay the people by high prices, not only fails to put the cotton worker on a decent living standard, but actually puts him below the level of a street sweeper?

At Least a Year Too Late. Mr. Mann, Republican leader in the house, in his statement to the country reviewing the work of the extra session of congress, makes one point against the Democrats. He charges them with having delayed the passage of the measure for the direct election of senators.

But what profit can Mr. Mann hope to gain for his party by calling attention to that fact? The stand-pat wing of the Republicans in congress, to which Mr. Mann himself belongs, has delayed the passage of a measure for the direct election of senators through the six-year term of its control of congress. Although the measure passed the house under Republican control, did anyone ever hear of Mr. Mann pointing to the fact that its defeat by a stand-pat senate was a party blunder?

The Republican house leader is at least a whole year too late in seeing the light.

A New York stock exchange firm has just failed for \$4,000,000. It ought to be evident to the most careless eye that this might have been prevented by permitting the Steel trust to absorb something at the psychological moment.

Who Could Beat Taft? President Taft is as certain of re-nomination as he can be certain of anything in the chaotic chaos of the present. His only chance of getting it is to assert, as some Democrats are jauntily asserting, that any Democratic nominee can defeat him. The fact is, only a Democrat who commands the confidence of the country in an unusual degree can hope to do it.

Probably no Democrat of the politician class can do it. The people who would vote against Mr. Taft are crying out for a new sort of leadership. Their only chance of getting it is through the party that has for some years been on the outside. If the managing Democrats are wise enough to put forward a leader of so commanding a personality as to satisfy that demand they will be likely to win—World's Work.

Three Achievements. These three achievements of the attorney general of the United States remain most prominent in the public mind:

1. The exonerating of Ballinger and the condemnation of Glavin on a most perfunctory examination of the record, including the falsifying of the Taft tariff opinion.

2. The denunciation in a speech of the progressives after the tariff session for an attitude which has proved to be the general attitude of the people.

3. The recommendation of the dismissal of Doctor Wiley, a most efficient public servant, on a charge which was evidently absurdly trivial.

Only Ones Worthy of Sympathy. In China famine stalks abroad as a result of disastrous floods sweeping over large areas of cultivated lands and destroying the crops. In France and Germany there are reports of a famine brought about by famine prices caused by high tariffs on bread and meat. Because the Chinese cannot help themselves they are more deserving of commiseration than their highly-civilized fellow sufferers.

For Their Bad Heats. A Chicago man says there is a horse heaven. Some selling plates and also-rans would be very unhappy if they were to go to the same place as the sports.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Trade Restrictions in 1776. "They intended," Mr. Rudyard Kipling says of the colonists in his new "School History of England," "to shake off all our restrictions on their trade and to buy and sell in whatever market they could find."

Unfair restrictions of trade by tariff duties always have made trouble, as the stand-paters are learning to-day.

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AUSTIN LOOTERS ARE WOUNDED BY STATE TROOPERS

Thieves Are Discovered Searching Flood Stricken Town—Wounds May Be Fatal.

DRINKING WATER POISONED

Death List Is Put at Less Than Hundred—Governor Tenth Visits Scene of Disaster Caused by Breaking of Huge Concrete Dam.

Austin, Pa.—Recovering from the first horror of the flood disaster, and with the death list seemingly cut below one hundred, state and local authorities have turned vigorously to efforts to fix responsibility and demand retribution. The feeling was intensified by the coming of Governor Tench, with a party of state officials on a special train from Harrisburg to make a personal investigation. Besides looking into the circumstances of the breaking of the dam, the official visitors will examine into the real measures and conditions generally in the devastated valley.

Four Looters Are Shot. Carrying out their threat to kill looters on the spot, the state constabulary shot and severely wounded four vandals who were looking for valuables through the wreckage of the flood.

Orders were immediately issued by the military officers that no one without a badge would be permitted within the police lines. At night-fall those

whose houses are still standing were ordered indoors and all others were given immediate notice to leave the ruins. The robbers were taken to the temporary hospital, where Dr. J. W. Knight says they may die. They refused to give their names.

Drinking Water Is Poisoned. Rescuers were confronted with a sudden and serious danger when it was discovered that every spring and stream in the vicinity is poisoned with copper sulphate used in the manufacturing of paper. Twenty-five or more persons were seriously ill before the reason was discovered. It is now necessary to carry drinking water from well several miles back in the country.

The property loss will exceed \$5,000,000, and it is the general opinion that the town never will be rebuilt. Two, at least, of the large plants never will be rebuilt, and a majority of the business men of the place have been ruined financially.

Homeless Given Shelter. The homeless have all been provided with shelter. On the outskirts of Austin are a number of houses which were vacated by workers in the Good-year mill when that plant was dismantled. These houses have been filled with homeless people. The residents of Keating Summit have taken in the others, several hundred in number. Provisions continue to arrive in large quantities.

Easy Mark. "I was just thinking if there were to be an aviation financial scandal—" "Yes?" "It ought to be easy to find the man higher up."

Eating It. Mrs. Haskelgh—Some of my boarders make a disturbance when I don't have soup for dinner. Friend—I notice some of them make a disturbance when you do.

Successful Oil Paint Spray. The oil paint spray has been so perfected that it is now possible to adjust the stream from a fine point to a wide spray covering many inches and to vary the color of the paint by the use of a colorator, and the finest effects are secured by its use.

For Their Bad Heats. A Chicago man says there is a horse heaven. Some selling plates and also-rans would be very unhappy if they were to go to the same place as the sports.—St. Paul Dispatch.

The Pet Dog's Tribute. A Devonshire (Eng.) newspaper, in reporting the funeral of a lady of title, states: "Floral tributes, one from the deceased's pet dog, with the inscription, 'Fond love from Gertie. To Dear Mother.'"

The Rickshaws. The Highbrow—"You have been in Stratford? Then you remember that passage from Shakespeare—'Mrs. Richquack—'No, we didn't take it. We came by another route.'—Puck.

MAY SUE STRIKERS

ILLINOIS CENTRAL SEEKS EVIDENCE TO BE USED IN PROSECUTIONS.

TROOPS RULE M'COMB CITY

Mississippi Town Is Practically Under Martial Law—Six Men Are Shot, One Fatally, During Rioting.

Chicago.—Interruptions of traffic on the Illinois Central, the riots at McComb City, and the destruction of records by railway clerks before going on strike, threaten to bring about the greatest and most costly legal battle ever encountered by labor.

Following the riot, agents of the company began the collection of evidence to be used in the prosecutions of strikers under the Sherman anti-trust act. Evidence is also being sought against striking railway clerks and shipping orders at the Memphis and New Orleans offices of the company before they went on strike.

Because of the fear of further riots at McComb City, Governor Noel sent 400 police to that city. The strike-breakers at their request were taken to another city. McComb City is practically under martial law.

Six strike-breakers are now known to have been killed, one of them, named Haines, fatally. The strike-breakers were passing through on a train and 1,000 shots were fired into the cars. Lee Haley, a striker, was shot and killed, and a police claim was made that the police claim was fired by his friends. About the time Haley was shot an explosion occurred near the car shops. This was followed by a number of shots. The explosive tore a hole in the ground about 100 feet long.

Julius Kruttschnitt gave out a statement that many strikers had returned to work on the Harriman lines. Many new men were also employed. Officials of the Illinois Central, who had returned to work on the Illinois Central and none on the Harriman lines, so far as heard from.

Fear that the strike would spread to other employees of the railroad affected by the rioting, led P. J. Flannery, international president of the freight handlers. In an interview in St. Paul he said:

"We have an agreement with the railroad until May 1912. There is absolutely no reason for our going out in a sympathy strike with the railroad shopmen. Furthermore, we will not."

The switchmen, maintenance of way men and the telegraphers, who are also affiliated with the union, department of the American Federation of Labor, have taken the same stand. The shopmen are acting independently of these organizations.

OPENS FIGHT ON COAL TRUST

Attorney General Wickham Begins Contest in U. S. Supreme Court on New Line of Attack.

Washington.—At a time when the minds of householders are turning to the winter's fuel bills Attorney General Wickham has renewed his efforts to "bust the coal trust."

The attorney general, by filing a brief in the Supreme court of the United States, began his fight before that tribunal to have the principal coal-carrying railroads and coal-owning companies in the anthracite regions adjudged to be in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

An entirely different attack was made on the corporations from that in Pennsylvania, where the government lost on nearly every point.

The frequently used tactic of the attorney general in his brief cited the Standard Oil and Tobacco decisions indicated that these decisions have revolutionized the methods of trust smashing in the department.

The government argued that the defendant railroads, the Philadelphia & Reading, Lehigh Valley, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Central railroad of New Jersey, Erie and New York Susquehanna & Western railroads, and the holding company, the Reading company, and affiliated coal companies are in the combination.

The combination was charged with being practically prejudicial to the public interest.

"There is no other branch of trade—tobacco or oil, for example," said the attorney general, "it is at least possible for a monopoly to be broken by the influx of fresh capital attracted by high profits; but against a monopoly in the supply of which the supply is limited, there can be no such protection."

Bathe Fish to Stop Their Ills. St. Louis.—Delegates attending the American Fishermen's society, in convention here, were advised by their president, W. E. Meehan of Harrisburg, Pa., to bathe a sick fish to cure it. More than that, a salt water bath was advocated for a fresh water fish.

Car Hits Auto; One Dead. Jamaica, N. Y.—James Colton was killed and his two companions fatally injured in a head-on collision here, between his automobile and a trolley car.

Forbidden Bands on Sunday. Fredonia, N. Y.—There must be no Sunday band music in Fredonia, not even in the supply of religious service. Such is the command of the town board, which has passed an ordinance commanding strict Sabbath observance by musicians.

Platinum Also Is Higher. New York.—Platinum has been advancing rapidly in prices recently, and it is quoted in Maiden Lane at \$47.50 an ounce. This is the highest price on record.

Maine May Float Again. Havana.—The engineers in charge of raising the battleship Maine believe that the famous battleship can be floated. It is believed that a bulkhead can be built and thus float the ship out of the cofferdam.

Kills Spouse Accidently. Cambridge, O.—While entertaining a party of neighbors at her home, Mrs. John Paulus unintentionally shot and instantly killed her husband. The tragedy occurred in the presence of a room full of people.

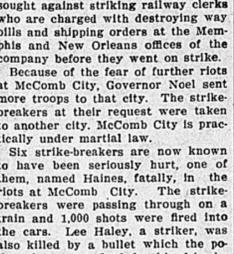
WEAK, ILL AND MISERABLE.

How many people suffer from backache, headaches and dizziness without realizing the cause? These symptoms of kidney trouble are too serious to neglect.

Mrs. Charles Mann, Oskosh, Minn., says: "From a large, healthy woman, I ran down until I was a mere shadow. I could not walk across the room without falling into a chair, utterly exhausted. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors without relief. Since taking Donan's Kidney Pills, I have regained my lost weight and do not have a moment's uneasiness or pain. They actually saved my life."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DONAN'S." For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MOST LIKELY.



Mr. Kidder—Every one speaks of Miss Antique as being a bargain. Miss Cautique—Well, her age is considerably marked down.

"EZEMMA ITCHED SO BADLY I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. I kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again, was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more. I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all the night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured."

"My brother got his face burned with gunpowder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but he can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) were used. (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrik, Forest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 23-page book, will be mailed free on application to 'Cuticura,' Dept. 17, Boston.

Lesson in Good Manners. When the boys' Scout movement was at its height, three of the youngsters journeyed from Baltimore to Washington to be introduced to the president. When Mr. Taft shook hands with them, one of the little fellows stuck out his left hand.

"Why do you give me your left hand?" asked the president.

"That's the way our Boy Scouts shake hands," said the boy, with pride.

"Well, I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all the night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured."

Failed to Scare Tim. A plan was formed to scare a certain Tim Casey, living in a village near Belfast, on his returning from market by night past the churchyard. As he went by, the usual turnip, white sheet, and lantern of the conventional ghost were submitted to his gaze, with the customary weird howl. Tim, however, simply looked fixedly at the apparition for a moment and remarked: "Arrah, now, and is it a general resurrection, or are ye just taking a walk by yourself?"

Learned From Nature. An enthusiastic friend was dilating to the wondrous landscape garden on the obvious advantages she must derive from actually superintending the workmen who executed her designs.

"Being right out with nature that way you must learn so many interesting things," said the friend.

"I do," said the gardener. "I can tell the different kinds of whisky, the different kinds of tobacco and the different kinds of profanity a rod away."

About the Size of It. "Why is it?" queried the youth, "that so many people fail to mind their own business?"

"There may be one or two reasons, or both," answered the home-grown philosopher. "They may have no mind or no business."—Philadelphia Press.

Carelessly Gathered. "What flowers of speech our new minister uses!"

"Yes, cut flowers; they have little or no connection with the stem of his discourses."

Such Is Fate. "Why do you rock that boat?" asked the wise man.

"Because, in case of accident," replied the fool, "I'm always saved."

Celia's Carbolic Acid quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin eruptions. It instantly stops the pain of cuts, cures warts, scabs, etc. and is sold by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

When a man has a clear conscience he doesn't care if people do see through him.

The fact that beauty is only skin deep shouldn't induce a woman to be shallow.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. Williams

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams

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Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

There was an old couple in the village whom I used often to go to see. One day, when I found them sitting on each side of the fire, the old man said to me:

"Well, 't missis and me, we've been married nigh on 50 years, and we've never had no quarrel."

The old woman looked at me, with a twinkle in her eye, and said:

"It was my constications, but varie dool!"—Youth's Companion.

Too Late. "Hubby, I found a lock of hair among your old papers. I never gave it to you."

"You needn't worry, I don't remember who did."

Inflammatory Rheumatism may make you a cripple for life. Don't wait for inflammation to set in. When the first slight pains appear, drive the poison out with Harniss Wizard Oil.

As long as there are people in the world who try to get something for nothing, a lot of our people will be able to live without work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic, etc. & is sold by all druggists.

A reasonable amount of egotism is good for a man. It keeps him from brooding over his neighbor's success.

NO MORE ASTHMA Stop it. Learn how. Send a stamp for health chart, booklet and FREE TRIAL. HITCHCOCK'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. DEFIEME Gold Water Wash makes laundry work a pleasure. 16c or 32c. 10c

THE HEART

If the blood is poor and filled with the poisons from diseased kidneys or inactive liver, the heart is not only starved but poisoned as well. There are many conditions due to impure blood—such as dropsy, fainting spells, nervous debility or the many scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever sores," white swellings, etc. All can be overcome and cured by

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

This supplies pure blood—by aiding digestion, increasing assimilation and imparting tone to the whole circulatory system. It's a heart tonic and a great deal more, having an alterative action on the liver and kidneys, it helps to eliminate the poisons from the blood.

To enrich the blood and increase the red blood corpuscles, thereby sending the nerves on rich red blood and doing away with nervous irritability, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and do not permit a dishonest dealer to insult your intelligence with the "just as good kind." The "Discovery" has 40 years of curing behind it and contains no alcohol or narcotics. Ingredients plainly printed on wrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of wrapping and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton