

The Democrat.

Official Paper of County and City.

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CARR, BRONSON & CARR.

Editors and Proprietors.

Subscription price, 1 yr in advance \$1.50

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 15, 1911.

ELECTION RESULTS.

While the democrats, the republicans, the independents and the socialists can find something for consolation in the returns of the recent election, President Taft can search in vain for even a crumb of comfort.

The President's good friend, Henry Cabot Lodge, made the struggle of his life to prevent the election of a democratic governor in Massachusetts. He signally failed.

But the President's sharpest rebuke came from the voters of his own home city. He traveled all the way to Cincinnati to vote for and support the candidates of the Boss Cox machine, and the voters turned the whole gang down by an overwhelming majority.

In New Mexico the progressives, or independent republicans, joined forces with the democrats and elected their state ticket, and probably a majority of the legislature. This move on the part of the progressive republicans knocked into pie all the plans of standstuffers.

When New Mexico and Arizona were admitted, it was generally believed that the former was as safely republican as the latter was safely democratic, and that the admission of the two new states would not change the political standing of either party in congress.

The unexpected result is a great victory for the people and a richly deserved defeat for the corporations that have misgoverned New Mexico for many years.

The democrats made a clean sweep in Kentucky, regaining all of their lost ground. This was accomplished by the repopulation of the conservative, and the nomination of ultra Bryan supporters for all positions of any importance.

Oliver James, who will be chosen United States senator by the Kentucky legislature which was elected last week, and he is an ultra progressive of the Bryan type.

In Maryland the republicans elected their candidate for governor, but the democrats elected all of the other state officers and a large majority of the membership of the legislature. The democratic candidate for governor was a son of the late Senator Gorman, and some account of his defeat by the people's dislike of the old Gorman combine.

Others say that a technical ballot law resulted in the throwing out of some 3,000 ballots cast for Mr. Gorman. In any event he was defeated, but there is nothing in his defeat to discourage democrats.

A democratic representative in Congress has been elected in the Second Kansas District, and the democrats have held the Third Nebraska District, where also an election was held to fill a vacancy.

In New York the republicans recaptured the legislature. This is important in a state that casts 45 electoral votes.

New Jersey, like New York, changed the political complexion of its legislature. This is charged to the disloyalty of the machine democrats who are opposed to Woodrow Wilson's legislative program.

THE DRYS WON IN MAINE BY A MAJORITY OF 758.

After many conflicting announcements of victory, by the contending forces in the recent prohibition contest in Maine, the official canvass has finally been completed and it gives the prohibitionists a majority of 758 out of a total vote of approximately 120,000.

The last census shows that the increase in the colored population of the country has not kept pace with that of the white population. At the present time practically 90 per cent. of the population of the country is white, whereas ten years ago only 87.9 was white and thirty years ago 86.5.

The Commercial Travelers' League has decided to wage war upon the tipping system. If the traveling men succeed in abating the nuisance they will place the balance of mankind under overlying obligations.

DEMOCRACY MORE THAN HELD ITS OWN.

It is reasonably safe to say that the New York World did more than any other newspaper or individual to give the republicans a majority in the recently elected New York legislature. It took the position that the success of Tammany in the state election this year would give Tammany a commanding position in the democratic national convention next year, and that would result in the defeat of the next democratic candidate for the presidency.

The World sums up the general results of the election in the following optimistic manner: "Meagre returns from the elections outside of New York state show no strong swing back to the Republican party throughout the country to offset the heavy Democratic gains of last year. There is nothing anywhere that could be taken in an effort to counterbalance the election of a Democratic House of Representatives or of Democratic Governors in half a dozen northern states that were regarded as normally republican."

"In Mr. Taft's own state the principal cities, Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus, were captured by the Democrats. The defeat of Boss Cox's candidate for Mayor in Cincinnati, in whose behalf Mr. Taft's letter of support was used as a partisan appeal, is especially significant. Ohio remains a doubtful state in 1912."

"In Massachusetts, where the tariff was made an issue by Senator Lodge to catch the vote of manufacturing districts, Gov. Foss wins a brilliant victory. In the legislative fight in New Jersey Gov. Wilson had to meet treachery in his own party owing to his opposition to the Essex County machine."

"The recovery of Kentucky by the Democrats, with ex-Senator McCreezy as their candidate for Governor, fixes that state once more in the Democratic column."

"As a whole, the result of yesterday's voting is discouraging to Mr. Taft and the Republican party."

SPECIAL WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

By Clyde H. Tavenner.

"As Massachusetts goes, so will the nation go in 1912."

This was the slogan in the Massachusetts campaign. And the Democratic candidate, Gov. Foss, won. The issue was the tariff, the same one that the 1912 campaign will be fought on. If the high protectionists cannot carry Massachusetts, the people of which state are supposed to reap the tremendous advantages of protection, how can they expect to carry the middle and western states, in which regions live the people who pay the excessive prices caused by the tariff and reap none of the benefits of protection.

Why President Feels Shaky. Here is an article which speaks for itself. It is a clipping from the Dakota Democrat, published at Aberdeen, S. D., one of the cities visited by Taft on his trip through the west, and a fair sample of what all the newspapers in the cities visited by the President are saying. Perhaps this article may in a measure explain why Mr. Taft himself predicted failure for the republicans in 1912.

"The big event—Taft day at Aberdeen—has come and gone. Curiosity to see the President caused thousands to come to Aberdeen, stand in line and even give vent to a few feeble cheers when he spoke, but they were not with him at any stage of the game. Poor Taft, big-hearted, jovial and companionable, a commoner in his bearing. Everybody instinctively admires him for the personal charm of his manner. It is too bad that such a good man should be spoiled in trying to make presidential timber of him. We love him for his large personality, but in view of what he has done we cannot vote for him again."

The President got to vote after all. A lot of red-tape was necessary, but the president was persistent, and on November 7th he cast his ballot in old Cincinnati. And thereby hangs a tale.

Six years ago Mr. Taft made a speech at Akron, O., in which he denounced the notorious Cox machine in Cincinnati. He said he could take great pleasure in voting

against it. He declared this foul republican machine was a stretch in the nostrils of all good citizens. The people of Ohio realized that William H. Taft was telling the truth, and they applauded him vigorously and with the utmost sincerity.

On Tuesday Mr. Taft voted for the Cox machine which is still the disgraceful alliance of politics, corrupt business and the brothels that was in 1905. The President also endorsed the candidate of the Cox machine on the ground that "conditions had substantially changed."

Whatever the President was alluding to, it was not the Cox machine, for it had remained as foul as ever. The only change visible to observers is that, whereas six years ago Mr. Taft was not a candidate for office, he is today.

South May Desert Taft. The prediction is made at the La Follette headquarters in Washington that the administration will find it impossible to send a solid Taft delegation from the South to the next convention.

"For many weeks," says a statement given out at the La Follette headquarters, "there has been signs that the Southern Republicans have been fearful that the renomination of President Taft will be a serious menace to their continued receipt of his monthly checks from the United States treasury. The south is affording the Progressive campaign committee more encouragement than any other section of the country."

War Time Prices Out Distanced.

It no longer is necessary to look back to war times as an era of exceptionally high prices. A Washington antiquarian has gone to the trouble to dig up a list of war time prices, and compare them with the Payne-Aldrich prices of the present time; as follows:

Table with 2 columns: War Time Article Present, Price. Items include flour, hams, lard, cheese, sugar, beef, shoulders, coffee.

Works Both Ways.

President Taft was angered because Congressman Littleton, of New York, spoke in condemnation of the Sherman law at the same banquet at which he was speaker in his defense. If the President had himself protected the dignity of his office, by refraining from talking politics on his trip through the west, his displeasure at Mr. Littleton's action might have been in better taste. But he had just traveled 15,270 miles been seen by nearly five million people, and made 306 speeches, to an aggregate audience of approximately 1,555,000 people. Apparently the President desires that only his side of public questions should be heard. The President chooses to go on the stump, he must not expect that he can do all the talking himself. The consensus of opinion is that if the dignity of the office of President was not injured by Mr. Taft in making a political speech, while a guest at a banquet, he was not injured by Mr. Littleton on the same subject discussed by the President.

Mushroom Millionaires.

"Protection," said a famous statesman, "enriches the few at the expense of the many; the rich at the expense of the poor." A half century of the operation of the Protective Policy in the United States illustrates its effects. Of all the factors that have contributed to the colony of mushroom millionaires in this country, nothing has played such an important part as the Protective tariff. A majority of the magnates who live in mansions along Fifth avenue, and whose names make life a joy for the sensational newspapers by marrying chorus ladies, got their wealth through the Republican-given privilege of picking the pockets of the people through favoring tariff rates. The masses are poorer to the extent that the magnates have been made over rich.

CEMENT PRODUCTION BREAKS RECORD.

Statement of United States Geological Survey Shows Phenomenal Growth of Industry.

Ten years ago the production of Portland cement for the first time passed the 10,000,000-barrel mark, showing an increase of 2,000 per cent. over the production of 10 years previous, and the giant strides that had been made in the industry were widely remarked. Even this production was small compared with that of the present day. In 1910, according to the report on cement by Ernest F. Burchard, of the United States Geological Survey, the production of Portland cement reached the enormous total of 76,549,951 barrels, with a value of \$68,205,800.

This is equivalent to 12,986,152 long tons, valued at \$525.2 a ton. It is an increase over the output for 1909 of 11,558,520 barrels, or nearly 18 per cent, and an increase in value of \$15,347,446, or more than 29 per cent. This increase alone is greater than the total output of Portland cement in 1900. In addition to Portland cement there was also produced last year 1,139,239 barrels of natural cement and 95,951 barrels of puzzol cement, a total of 77,785,141 barrels.

Steady Decrease in Price.

The price of Portland cement in 1910 was as low as 73 cents a barrel in some places, the average for the United States being 89.1 cents a barrel. In 1890 the average price was over \$2 a barrel and as late as 1903 it was \$1.24 a barrel.

Mr. Burchard remarks that measured by the capital invested the cement industry is one of the world's three great extractive industries. In capital employed it apparently far outstrikes the gold-mining industry of the United States, including Alaska, as well as the copper industry. Only

coal and iron stand ahead of it. The principal constituent of Portland cement is limestone, and Mr. Burchard's report summarizes the most important limestone formations in all the States. The greatest of these are found in the eastern half of the United States, where there are enormous limestone deposits. The report is accompanied by a map showing the distribution of these limestone. The areas they cover comprise many thousands of square miles. The map also shows the location of the operating cement plants in the United States.

Exports Small; Imports Negligible. That the manufacture of cement is an American industry is shown by the fact that while our production last year was over 75,000,000 barrels our imports were only 306,863 barrels. Our exports were 2,476,957 barrels.

The following table shows the health growth of the American Portland cement industry and also the decrease in price:

Table with 3 columns: United States, 1880-1910, Average Barrels, Price per barrel. Shows production from 1880 to 1910 and price per barrel.

A copy of the report on the cement industry in 1910 may be obtained on application to the Director of the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

ONE MILLION RED CROSS SEALS. IOWA IN A GREAT CAMPAIGN TO SUPPRESS TUBERCULOSIS.

The department on tuberculosis has been made state agent by the National Association for the study and prevention of tuberculosis for the sale of the Red Cross Christmas seals this year. State Lecturer A. E. Keppford is in charge of the sale and recently made an order for 1,000,000 seals. It is expected, however, that this number will be augmented before the holiday season is past for already more than 500,000 have been placed on sale throughout the state. Orders are daily arriving for seals from women's clubs, civic bodies and various other organizations throughout the state.

It is well understood that the department on tuberculosis will not realize one cent from this sale, but that each community conducting a sale will use its own money as it may see fit in the relief of tuberculosis. It may be quite understood that only 12 1/2 per cent of the gross proceeds of the sale is to be returned to the department of tuberculosis and from thence to be remitted to the National Association for the study and prevention of tuberculosis, while 87 1/2 per cent is retained by the locality conducting the sale.

It will be seen, therefore, that this is a splendid method of educating the public for the seals are a most attractive article which can be placed on the reverse side of letters, on Christmas parcels and the like, and that large numbers of people each holiday season, use Christmas stamps which carry messages of joy and the compliments of the season.

Arrangements have already been perfected in most of the principal cities of the state and it is anticipated that a large amount of money for education or relief work on tuberculosis will result. Not only the larger cities but very many of the smaller towns, some not exceeding one thousand inhabitants, are ordering the Christmas seals, many of those smaller places preferring to use the proceeds resulting by assisting the larger places where active work in the relief of tuberculosis is being carried on. Tuberculosis relief work is growing rapidly in the state, a number of the larger cities having established camps or retreats or visiting nurses' stations, which is a token of what may be expected in the future suppression of tuberculosis in the state of Iowa.

Parties desiring seals should at once communicate with the Department on Tuberculosis, Des Moines, Iowa. Aretas E. Keppford, State Lecturer.

TRAGEDIES TOLD IN HEADLINES.

From the Chicago Tribune. "Had Left His Railroad Ticket in His Other Clothes." "Woman Had Hidden Her Money in Cook-Stove." "Swing Was Fastened Insecurely at Top." "Used Old Rifle Barrel to Poke Furnace." "Interfered in Quarrel Between Husband and Wife." "It Was His First Attempt at Robbing a Beehive." "Floor of Lodge-Room Gives Way While Candidate Is Being Thrown in Blanket."

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR.

State of Iowa, Delaware County, ss: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Isaac McGee, deceased, of said County, deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance. Irwin A. McGee, Executor. Dated Oct. 31st 1911, 3-44. Carr, Bronson & Carr, Attorney for Estate.

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL. STATE OF IOWA, Delaware County, ss: TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: You are hereby notified that the last will of Francis Baquin, deceased, has been filed, opened, read, and Marcelline, the wife of Dec. A. D. 1911 fixed as the time and the Court House in Manchester, the place for hearing and proving the same. Witness my hand and seal of said Court this 19th day of Oct. 1911. R. D. GRABHAM, Clerk District Court.

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NOTICE OF FINAL REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ESTATE OF KARL CHRISTIAN EMIL KOHL, DECEASED AND HEARING OF SAME.

In the District Court of Iowa, in and for Delaware County. December Term, 1911. In the Matter of the Estate of Karl Christian Emil Kohl, Deceased. To All Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that there is now on file in the office of the Clerk of said District Court the final report of W. L. Herick as administrator of the estate of said deceased; that the death of said Karl Christian Emil Kohl was caused by the fact that he had been absent and unheard of for a number of years, and that the only heirs of said deceased, are Karl Richard Adolph Kohl and Mrs. Marie Johanne Herzog of Ebersdorf, Germany; that there is now in his hands, after paying the expenses of administration, taxes, etc., to be distributed to the heirs of said deceased the sum of \$481.43, and all parties concerned in said estate are hereby notified, unless they appear thereto and defend, before noon of the second day of December, 1911, a default will be entered against them and said report be approved and the money in the hands of said administrator ordered distributed as there prayed, or deposited with the Clerk of said District Court to be turned over to the parties who shall make proof of their title thereto. M. W. Herick, Administrator of said Estate.

The foregoing notice is hereby approved by the court and the same ordered published in the Manchester Democrat three successive weeks, the last publication to be at least twenty days before the time set for the hearing of said notice. Chas. E. Ranner, Judge of said Court.

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