IOWA NEWS

C. Floyd Wambean of the Iowa State college, representing Iowa in the western group of states in the intercollegiate Peace association, was declared the winner of an oratorical contest held at the Des Moines college. Five other states were represented. Harold Husted of the Ottawa university, Kansas, won second place; George C. Wilson, University of Missouri, third; Fred Hatch, Dakota Wesleyan university, South Dakota, fourth and J. E. Raymond, Nebraska Wesleyan university, fifth.

What is believed to be the last section of the work looking toward the double tracking of the Milwaukee across the state of Iowa was begun when the first gravel train of the year left Milford a few days ago with gravel to be delivered to the Chicago and Council Bluffs, Ia., division at Herndon. This will be used as ballast for such parts of the new double track as remain incomplete. It is expected that the work will be finished by fall.

The state convention of the Iowa Disciples will be held at Colfax, July 13 to 19. The Epworth league grounds, located north of Colfax, have been rented for the convention, which will be the most unusual church convention ever held in the state. The Rev. Peter Ainslee of New York, one of the best known speakers in the denomination, will give two addresses each day. The delegates will camp upon the grounds.

May 22 and 23 are the dates set for the child welfare and baby health contest to be held in Iowa City under the management of Dr. Florence Brown Sherban, chairman of the child hygiene committee of the Iowa Federation of Women's clubs. There will be contests for country babies and town babies. These two divisions will be subdivided into four classifications.

Wickliffe C. Beem, 73 years of age, of Dayton, passed away. He was stricken with apoplexy. He came to Webster county in 1855, settling near Lehigh. In 1875 he opened the Black Diamond coal mine at Lehigh, which he operated successfully over twenty years. He afterwards engaged extensively in the clay manufacturing business.

The first definite step toward the consolidation of rural schools in Minerva township, Marshall county, was taken when the proposition carried with but one dissenting vote. This is the second strictly rural consolidated school in the state. The other one is in Liberty township, same county.

The private bank at Sully in Jasper county has discontinued business. Fred C. Andreas was president, F. G. Sherman, cashier, and J. C. Huigen, assistant cashier. The bank was started fifteen years ago by A. Smith and L. H. Sherman, his son-in-law. Loans to the latter caused the closing of the bank.

Iowa miners and operators have agreed on two propositions in the new wage contract insofar as it concerns sub district No. 1. One is that the miners shall continue to pay 1 per cent of their gross earnings for blacksmithing and the other that top laborers shall continue to receive $2.12 a day.

Four miles of the River-to-River road between Altoona and Mitchellville were given a good gravel surface by the road boosters of the two towns. The good roads day was held under the auspices of the Altoona Commercial club and every store in town was closed for the event.

Heirs of Frederick Zinkula, a wealthy farmer of near Iowa City, who died during the past year, are contesting his will, alleging that his aged wife induced him to bequeath a large amount of his property to certain favorite sons, while others were "cut off with a shilling."

Virginia Harlan lost her life and Stella Gustavison, Clarence Hagberg and Frank Wallace narrowly escaped drowning when the canoe in which they rowed capsized. The party was enjoying a cruise in the Des Moines river near Ottumwa.

The jury in the case of Matthew M. O'Donnell, the Keokuk man on trial at Fort Madison on a change of venue charged with the murder of his wife, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree and fixed the punishment at death.

According to Judge C. W. Mullan of Waterloo it is illegal to operate an automobile for free delivery service in transporting intoxicating liquors from Bremer county to Waterloo. He granted an injunction against P. H. Landy.

Northeast Iowa has had generous rains during the last week. All vegetation, pastures and foliage have an excellent start.

George Benesh, a young banker, lost his life in the Cedar river at Cedar Falls while fishing from a canoe with a companion, Wencil Sopousek. They had rigged up a sail on the canoe, which capsized. Sopousek made an attempt to save Benesh, who could not swim. Benesh formerly was cashier of the Bank of Ely.

Mark Groves and Charles Grimm of Estherville, who are opposed to draining a portion of Swan lake in Emmet county, consulted with Attorney General George Cosson recently asking that steps be taken to revoke the permit to drain the lake.

A strike involving the half million or more coal miners of the country is probable unless peace is restored in the Colorado fields, where striking miners and state troops are at war, according to John P. White, international president of the United Mine Workers of America, who was in Des Moines this week.

Grundy camp, No. 5, Sons of Veterans, which has been organized at Grundy Center, starts out with fifty-one charter members, which they expect to increase to seventy-five. This is said to be the largest organization of its kind in the state.

Special train left Decorah with the Luther college band of sixty pieces for St. Paul, where they gave a concert. This is the first lap of their long journey to Norway, where they will land May 16 and participate in the one hundredth anniversary of Norway on May 17.

Several hundred county superintendents and principals from southeastern Iowa will meet at Iowa City at the annual convention, May 8. Preparations for the convention are now being made by the committee composed of Professor Jessup, Superintendent Slade and Principal Meade.

B. J. Engle, an attorney residing in Newton, who recently secured his release from an Indianapolis detective, on a writ of habeas corpus, says he is willing to return to that city at any time to face an indictment charging him with forgery. "I am not guilty of the charge," said Engle, "and I do not propose to allow an officer to take me to that city." Engle declares his arrest was the result of mistaken identity, he being taken for a man named Stoddard.

Frank H. Laufer of Iowa City, a veteran of the Spanish and Philippine wars, and John P. Painter, a Washington veteran who were killed in the Chicago & Northwestern freight yards at Chicago last week were two old soldiers on their way to Milwaukee to reenlist. Laufer was a former private in Company L, Fifty-second Iowa infantry, and Painter, a private in Company B, First infantry, Washington volunteers.

The sixteenth annual convention of the Iowa Osteopathic association will be held at Des Moines Still college May 20 and 21. Among the speakers will be Dr. Ella R. Gilmour of Sioux City, Dr. Della B. Caldwell of Des Moines, Dr. U. R. Parrish of Storm Lake, Dr. A. G. Hildreth of Macon, Mo., Dr. J. A. Deason of Chicago and Dr. S. L. Taylor of Des Moines.

The rainfall for the month now totals 2.10 inches. The crop conditions were never better at this time of year. Small grain is all in and nearly all the corn ground has been prepared for planting. Grass is in excellent condition and is estimated to be fully two weeks ahead of last year's crop at the same date.

The body of Frank Devorick, who was killed in the fighting at Vera Cruz, will be sent to Blakesburg, near Ottumwa, within the next week for burial. Young Devorick was taken from the orphans' home in Ottumwa when 9 years of age by Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bailey of Monroe county.

The Ames men who have won their honor "A" in intercollegiate stock judging may form a club, membership in which to be confined to only men of the agricultural college who have made an Ames intercollegiate stock judging team.

Stanley Newall of Iowa Wesleyan, Mount Pleasant, the winner of the Iowa state oratorical contest at Des Moines last March, will represent Iowa in the interstate contest which will be held at Richmond, Ind., May 15.

The controller of the currency has approved the application to organize the Farmers' National bank of Winfield, capitalized at $50,000. The officers are J. A. Baxter, W. B. Matthews, C. W. Humphrey and R. P. Davidson.

A meeting of the Central Association of Commercial Teachers will be held in Des Moines May 7, 8 and 9. The principal speaker of the association meeting will be H. R. Pattengill, former state superintendent of instruction for Michigan.

The club women of Sioux City are leaders in many reform movements. A resolution was recently passed wherein the members of the Women's club pledged themselves to do their shopping before 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Judge Reed at Dubuque imposed $100 maximum fine on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road on two counts for violation of the sixteen hour law. The violations took place July 3 and 4, 1913, on the Dubuque division.

Elks of the state will take possession of Iowa city June 18, 19 and 20, when the state convention will meet there. Extensive plans have been laid for the convention. Committees are now working on the parade and decorations.

Contracts for the purchase of a site for the new $50,000 university nurses' home at Iowa City has been signed. The building locaton is opposite the university hospital, and is valued at about $9,000.

Mrs. Caroline Lundy, 81 years of age, who died near Durham in this county, last week, had been a resident of Knoxville and the vicinity of Pella for the past sixty-nine years.

The resignation of Supt. E. F. Schall of the Fort Madison schools, also that of Principal H. L. Thornton of the high school of that city, have been tendered the board of education.

When caught in a belt at a cement plant in Mason City G. J. Brakacholos, an 18-year-old Greek, was so badly crushed that he died soon after.

Kester Chedister and son, Raymond, 7, and Pearl, 18-month-old son of Andy Nalevanko, all of Albia, have been taken to Iowa City to take treatment at the state hospital for hydrophobia. They were bitten by a mad dog.

The campaign to establish community work for boys under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. began at Centerville last week and ended Sunday evening in a big union meeting at the Christian church.

While on a Northwestern train near Webster City J. C. Damboy, a farmer aged 47 years, residing near Holstein, was stricken with heart trouble and died.

C. P. Berrian, a resident of Fort Dodge for thirty years, was found dead of heart failure at his home.

Fifteen hundred Masons—members of the grand lodge of Iowa—will be guests of the city of Des Moines June 9, 10 and 11. Preparations for a big entertainment program are under way. Preceding the big convention—on June 5, 6 and 8, the grand lodge school of instruction and exemplification of degrees will be held.

Burglars made a rich haul at the C. Ewald home in Marshalltown while the members of the family were down town in the evening. Loot to the amount of $383, included $150 in currency, two gold watches, and several articles of jewelry was secured.

Judge C. D. Wheeler, in district court at Council Bluffs, took the case of Ingward Anderson against the Rock Island railroad for damages from the jury, and directed a verdict for the defendant. The plaintiff, an employe of the railroad, claimed damages because he was hit on the head by a beer bottle thrown from a Rock Island train.

Frank E. Brown, assistant city electrician at Marshalltown, came near being killed when he came in contact with a live wire. Brown will recover. He got hold of a telephone wire that had been charged with 2,300 volts.

Miss Louise Klatt of New Hampton has filed papers for $10,000 damages for malicious slander. Miss Klatt was employed as a bookkeeper and clerk by Johnson & Hilmer, when they openly accused her of dishonesty and thieving it is claimed.

Members of Company D, 44th Iowa infantry, who enlisted from the colleges of Iowa in 1864, will have their fiftieth annual reunion as a feature of the commencement program at the University of Iowa, June 14-17.

Silas W. Johnson, superintendent of the schools at Greenfield, has accepted a position at Oelwein.

Mrs. McAdoo in Bridal Gown, and Mr. McAdoo.

ELEANOR WILSON NOW MRS. M'ADOO

President's Youngest Daughter Married in White House.

CEREMONY IN BLUE ROOM

Wedding Gifts Are Many and Handsome—Description of the Bridal Gown, Going-Away Dress, and Other Costumes.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—The wedding of Miss Eleanor Randolph Wilson, youngest daughter of President Wilson, and William Gibbs McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, took place Thursday at six o'clock p. m., in the blue room of the White House.

The wedding procession proceeded from the main stairway into the corridor, through the north door of the blue room, to the platform erected in the south bay window of the room.

Miss Sallie McAdoo led the procession, followed by Mrs. Sayre and Miss Margaret Wilson. Miss Nancy Lane directly preceded the bride, who was escorted by the president. The groom, with Dr. Cary Travers Grayson, met the wedding party at the altar. Mr. McAdoo wore evening clothes and Dr. Grayson wore his uniform. Rev. Sylvester W. Beach performed the ceremony.

After the ceremony the wedding party proceeded to the red room, where they received congratulations and good wishes of the company. The Marine band furnished the music. Supper was served at small tables in the state dining room. The decorations of the blue room were lilies and ferns, and the decorations in the dining-room were pink and white roses.

Handsome Wedding Presents.

In spite of the small list of invited guests the wedding presents were numerous. Prominent among them were the beautiful silver tea service, given by the members of the house of representatives, a piece of jewelry from members of the senate, twelve silver plates and a platter from the cabinet members and their wives, and a handsome gift from the justices of the Supreme court. From the diplomatic corps, no member of which was invited, came flowers and good wishes.

The bride's bouquet was of orange blossoms, white orchids and lilies of the valley. The flower girls carried white chip hats, hung by ribbons, filled with flowers.

Miss Margaret Wilson's gown was of soft blue crape with panniers and waist of blue tulle. The neck was finished with a cream lace ruff and a flowered sash completed the costume. With this costume was worn a blue lace hat, trimmed with pink roses and touches of black. Mrs. Sayre's costume was exactly like Miss Wilson's except that the color was pink. The gowns of the little flower girls were white, with blue and pink ribbons.

Beautiful Wedding Gown.

The wedding gown worn by Miss Wilson is made of ivory-white satin and trimmed with real old point lace. The bodice is softly draped with satin, which crosses in front and is brought to a point below the shoulders, front and back. The V-shaped neck is finished with folds of soft tulle. The long mousquetaire sleeves are made of tulle. The real old point lace is gracefully draped over the right shoulder to the left side of the waist and is fastened with a spray of orange blossoms; the lace than continues as a border to the long transparent tunic of tulle, which graduates to the side of the skirt at the train. The sweeping train is three and a half yards in length.

A cap effect bridal wreath, with orange blossoms and long draped veil was very effective.

The old point lace used on the gown is a masterpiece and a work of art in lace making. It is a part of a world-famous collection.

Her Going-Away Dress.

The bride's going-away dress is a three-piece dress made of corbeau-blue gabardine. The coat is made of corbeau-blue charmeuse and gabardine. The front and upper part of back of coat is made of charmeuse. The back is gathered at collar. The three-quarter sleeve of gabardine is topped with the blue charmeuse, the edge of the sleeve being bound with a flat black silk braid. The soft girdle of gabardine ends in front with an oval charmeuse buckle. The bodice is dark blue chiffon over white. It has braided straps of gabardine over the shoulders, with 12 rows of braid over belt of blue gabardine. A white organdie vestee and collar are edged with a rose and green flowered narrow ribbon, fastened in front by three ribbon buttons. Long blue sleeves over white chiffon end in wide cuffs of 16 rows of narrow black braid.

The short skirt is of gabardine, with three circular flounces starting at sides of skirt. These are fastened at back with a strap of gabardine attached to which are four small black silk tassels. Between the flounces, corbeau charmeuse, to which they are attached, showing about one inch of charmeuse between each flounce. Flounces and bottom of skirt are edged with black silk braid.

Sketch of Mrs. McAdoo.

Mrs. McAdoo is the only one of the three daughters of the president who has evinced no inclination to pursue an accomplishment or perfect herself in any branch of study. Like her mother, she has talent as an artist in oils and has spent two seasons at the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia. She has a keen sense of humor, and is much of a diplomat. She is the only member of the White House family who has a nickname. She is called "Nell."

In appearance, Mrs. McAdoo is tall, slender, with a girlish figure, and a light, swinging gait. She has a pleasant smile, fine teeth, a rather large mouth, blue eyes topped with dark brows and fringed with dark lashes, a fine clear white skin and quantities of soft, straight, dark hair. She rides, dances, swims and rows well and is quite a linguist. Her place in society as the wife of the secretary of the treasury will now be next to that of Mrs. Bryan.

Career of the Groom.

Mr. McAdoo was born in Georgia in 1863, of a family which had been wealthy, but had lost their all in the Civil war. At twenty-one young McAdoo was admitted to the bar and five years later he came to New York. There he formed a partnership with William McAdoo, who was no known relation.

In 1885 Mr. McAdoo married Miss Sarah Fleming of Chattanooga, Tenn., who died four years ago. There are six children, Mr. McAdoo's principal residence is at Irvington-on-the-Hudson, not far from New York.

All for 15 Guineas.

From the Lady's Magazine of 1789: "Wanted, for a sober family, a man of light weight who fears the Lord and can drive a pair of horses. He must occasionally wait at table, join in household prayer, look after the horses and read a chapter in the Bible. He must, God willing, rise at seven in the morning, obey his master and mistress in all lawful commands; if he can dress hair, sing psalms and play at cribbage, the more agreeable. Wages, 15 guineas a year."

Might Name a Few.

Gibbs—"I believe in early rising, don't you?" Dibbs—"Well, there's no abstract excellence in early rising; it all depends on what you do after you rise. It would be better for the world if some people never got up."—Boston Transcript.

One Instance.

Personally we try to believe that progress never makes any mistakes; but we often wonder why fingerbowls were invented after forks.—Dallas News.

Good In Use of Asbestos.

Iron is a fine conductor of heat, Therefore, when an oven warms up the hot iron conducts a great deal of the heat to other parts of the stove and radiates it into space. As asbestos is a poor conductor of heat, a lining of that material will save an immense amount of heat. It will actually keep the hidden iron part of the oven from becoming hot. As less heat is lost, an oven so lined becomes hot more quickly or else on a less amount of gas.

In Troubled Water.

In troubled water you can scarce see your face, or see it very little, till the water be quiet and stand still. So in troubled times you can see little truth; when times are quiet and settled, then truth appears.—John Selden.

For Your Chandeliers.

Try cleaning chandeliers with vinegar and salt, rubbing vigorously. Wash off this cleaner, for if left on the metal will tarnish. Brighten with tripoli and sweet oil.

SEEKS MINERS ARMS

U. S. MAJOR URGES STRIKERS IN COLORADO TO GIVE UP THEIR WEAPONS.

WON'T SEARCH FOR THEM

Army Officer Impresses Upon the Men the Necessity for Surrendering Guns to the Federal Troops.

Trinidad, Colo., May 9.—Major Holbrook with his staff spent Thursday among the strikers at Sopris and Segundo, impressing upon them the advisability of peacefully surrendering arms.

Colonel Lockett will issue his final proclamation calling upon citizens to surrender all arms in their possession forthwith.

At military headquarters it was said no forcible search would be made for arms after the issuance of the proclamation.

Colonel Lockett informed District Attorney J. J. Hendricks that, while martial law had not been formally declared, he considered the district under the absolute authority of troops, but that that authority would be exercised only when it was found that county officers were unable to cope with any given situation.

He told the district attorney that he had knowledge of certain saloons selling liquor, in spite of the strict prohibition imposed by the federal officers, and that such sale must be stopped completely and immediately. If the district attorney's office could not enforce prohibition the federal troops could and would.

Urgent appeals were made by operators in the northern coal fields to Colonel Lockett, commanding the federal troops in the southern fields, for additional soldiers to protect mines there, which, they say, had been threatened by strikers. The operators reported that their strike breakers refused to remain at work unless additional protection was guaranteed.

Denver, Colo., May 9.— Advices received at the governor's office on Thursday were that the strike situation in the Routt county coal fields is tense. Capt. Ralph Dorn, commanding the 20 guardsmen occupying that district, reported that the strikers had removed children from Oak Creek and that the citizens feared an outbreak.

The governor has requested Colonel Lockett to send a detachment of federal soldiers to the district.

TWO WARSHIP PLAN ADOPTED

House Passes Measure Presented by Naval Affairs Committee by Vote of 201 to 106.

Washington, May 9.—By a vote of 201 to 106 the house adopted on Thursday the two-battleship authorization and the other naval increase program presented by the naval affairs committee, and passed the bill. A provision is carried that one of the battleships shall be built in a government yard. It is argued that the Brooklyn yard is the only navy yard equipped at the present time to turn out a battleship of the first-class type. One of the two new ships will be built at that yard.

M'ADOO MAY QUIT CABINET

Reported That Secretary Will Become Ambassador to France—Palmer Slated as His Successor.

Washington, May 9.—Secretary McAdoo, who became the son-in-law of President Wilson, will retire from the cabinet and become ambassador to France. This is the report here which also names Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, Democratic candidate for United States senator from that state, as his successor in the event of the latter's defeat in November. Secretary McAdoo's position as the son-in-law of President Wilson becomes delicate and it is believed he will go to France or he may become head of the new federal reserve board.

MAYOR ROBERTS NOT GUILTY

Jury Acquits Terre Haute's Executive Who Was Indicted for Election Frauds.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 9.—The jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the trial of Donn Roberts, indicted for election frauds on Thursday, at the end of 20 minutes. One ballot was taken. There was a riotous scene in the courtroom, which was crowded. A procession was formed and a band of music was secured. At some of the fire houses bells were run. Mayor Roberts says the verdict was really against the utilities companies, which inspired the prosecution.

New Governor General of Canada.

London, May 9.—King George approved the appointment of Prince Alexander of Teck as governor general of Canada to succeed the duke of Connaught, who has been seeking for some time to relinquish the office.

Posse Seeks Four Bandits.

Middletown, Cal., May 9.—Mounted posses are hunting for the four bandits who held up the Wells-Fargo Express company office at Middletown, in Lake county, shot dead the agent, Hamilton Harris, and fled with about $50.

50,000 Russians on Strike.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—Fifty thousand Russian workmen went on strike as a protest against the suspension of members of the Duma for rioting during debate on the budget. The police drove the strikers home.

Negro Shot to Death.

Augusta, Ga., May 9.—Charley Jones, a negro, was taken from two officers near Grovetown, Ga., while they were taking him to Appling, the county seat of Columbia county, for safe-keeping, and shot to death.

Heads Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 9.—Seymour Stuart of St. Louis was on Thursday elected commander-in-chief of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, succeeding W. W. Old, Jr., of Norfolk, Va.

Baer Estate Is $15,000,000.

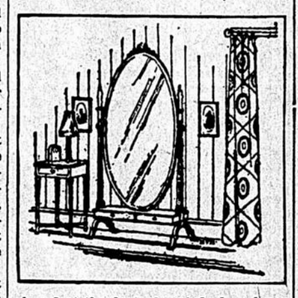
Reading, Pa., May 9.—The will of George F. Baer, late president of the Philaledphia & Reading Railway company, has been filed here. The value of the estate is estimated at $15,000,000.

MAKES IDEAL BEDROOM

ARRANGEMENT THAT SHOWS INDIVIDUAL TOUCH.

Proper Combinations of Furniture and Colors Will Make Sleeping Chamber a Place of Beauty for Its Occupant.

One or two little French beds in the gray enamel, and with natural wicker insets, suit charmingly in style. A dressing table in the French design with three sectional mirrors and a little low-backed chair; a chest of drawers, like a bureau without a glass; a little desk table with a straight chair, two bed stools, about the height and size of chairs without backs, upholstered in old-rose brocade, and one



placed at the foot of each bed, and one wicker and one upholstered armchair, the former to be of gray with a dull-blue cushion seat, and the latter to be of chintz, rich in color, well covered, and reflecting and combining all the colors used in the room. Add to this room built-in bookcases, painted cream and holding books the bindings of which are all soft in tone and without a note of red; fine muslin curtains at the windows with side drapes of gray silk, embroidered at the border in rose and blue; and we can be sure there will not be a more charming bedroom in existence. If one has the money to spend, it is so much better to scheme out something unusual like this than to buy the obvious everyday thing which is doubtlessly correct but somewhat monotonous because it is seen on every side.

For a bedroom furnished in mahogany, the oval cheval glass shown in the illustration presents pleasing possibilities. The small carved knobs were removed and candles substituted, thus giving it an original note. The price of this cheval glass is about forty-five dollars. This bedroom was very stunning. The cream-colored wall and woodwork set off splendidly the mahogany furniture, and for brilliant notes of color, one relied entirely on the Bulgarian chintz hangings and the rings of dull oriental tones.

Butterfly depends From Neck Ribbon.

Butterflies do not, as a rule, depend. They hover. But the 1914 butterfly—the first ones of the species, that is, that have appeared so far—does depend from a broad bit of ribbon which hangs around the 1914 spring maid's neck. These butterflies, which are of filigree metal, of gauze, of applique silk and various other materials, give a very springlike and festive air to the new costume and the black moire ribbons from which they swing outline very effectively the deep V of the bodice. The butterfly takes the place of the pendant, the locket or the small watch which used to swing from the ribbon sautoir worn about the neck over pretty blouses.

For Oily Hair.

If your hair is very oily, try dipping your brush in water and passing it through your hair two or three times a week. This will prevent superfluous oil.

GOOD MODEL FOR CHALLIE

Or Design May Be Carried Out In Any Material Which May Suit Fancy of the Maker.

A good design for bordered material is shown in the model. The original was an all-wool challie with cream ground liberally sprinkled with small brown dots. In the border the dots are much increased in size and the ground color is a deeper cream. The rolling collar is of white taffeta with vest fold of lace. The girdle is of brown satin, a butterfly bow finishing it at the front. A jaunty shape covered with brown satin and trimmed with self-tone maline completes this striking costume.

Bodices Are Tight.

Bodices that are tight and buttoned in front are a feature of some of the new frocks. They are a sudden change from the shapeless, bagging bodice of the present, and perhaps for that very reason are likely to win certain interest and liking.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE TANGO

Serviceable New Garment Has Made Its Appearance as a Result of the Liking for the Dance.

Tango combinations which include a corset cover and a pair of trousers are the most modest garments in lingerie ever created. They perfectly cover the figure from well above the bust to the insteps and as they are cut in two pieces, their seams are few. Imagine a straight-topped chemise bordered with an Empire banding in embroidered muslin or lace, run through and drawn taut with a narrow ribbon; held together at the shoulders with a wide ribbon and adjusted to the waist line with a medium broad ribbon. So much for the upper portion of the garment. The lower portion consists of pantaloons as full as those worn by circus clowns, and gathered at the insteps with a ribbon-run broad band of trimming. When seen through the split of the skirt as the dancer kneels in the tango, they suggest the pantelettes of an elder and more modest day. So full are they that to wear a petticoat over them would be like "carrying coals to Newcastle." This combination is not only favored by the woman who tangoes, but by the woman who gave up dancing years ago. Both appreciate its practicability.

Radical Change.

Another radical change in the silhouette is caused by the lifting of the back of the skirt. This is astonishing and striking, after two seasons of skirts lifted at the front. The new skirt clings closely over the instep of the smart buttoned boot and reveals quite frankly its high heel and the top of the contrasting leather of light cloth. The skirt slashed at the back has never been favored by women of taste, even when they adopted the slash at front or sides, and the lifted at the back effect is infinitely smarter and more piquant.

French Veils.

French veils have a delicate shading going across, instead of from end to end, and they are made of double chiffon, hemstitched.

HATS OF PAST AND PRESENT

Present Modes Are a Decided Departure From the Original Covering for the Head.

Whenever any style is freakish or exaggerated, it is interesting to think of its humble source.

Now perhaps the hats of the present mode are not freakish and exaggerated; and, for the matter of that, their origin is not humble. But there are always those of us who find the prevailing mode, whatever it is, freakish. And certainly the original hat was nothing like the hat of the day.

For the hat, in all races, was a symbol of freedom.

This is why men remove their hats when talking with women. For the moment, they remove their symbol of independence and so show that they are at the service of the women with whom thy talk. For the same reason they remove their hats in churches and in the presence of persons of state—to show that, for the time being, they submit their personality to the pleasure of the power that is higher than they are.

Of course, the reason why women wear their hats in the same situations is another story. But perhaps women are sure enough of their superiority, independence and freedom, anyway, not to need it symbolized.

In Rome the slave was bareheaded. When he became a freeman he received the right to wear a hat—and he donned a liberty cap, which in the ages since then has gone through much use as a symbol of revolt and freedom.

The befeathered, overelaborate hat of the moment hardly suggests freedom. It rather suggests slavishness to fashion.

IDEA FOR FLOUNCED APRON

Handy Little Appurtenance, the Materials of Which Should Cost About a Quarter.

The materials required to make an apron such as is pictured here are one and one-eighth yards of cross bar nainsook at ten cents a yard, 13 cents; three yards of lace at three cents a yard, nine cents; one yard of beading at two cents. The total cost will amount to 24 cents. Cut out according

to the diagram on the right. Then turn up the two narrow curved sections, seam these together at the middle and gather at the top to form the flounce. Insert the beading at the head of the flounce and through this run a ribbon if desired. Add the lace to the edge of the apron.

Effective Frilling.

A touch of handwork upon net ruffling is distinctive. The objection to embroidering net is that the wrong side usually displays all rough defects, and stray threads may be seen through its sheerness on the right side. But with buttonholing the wrong side may be made to look quite as neat as the right side. The net may be edged with buttonholing of any color that is desired. Buttonhole-edge it with silk or mercerized cotton.

Hats in Plaque Form.

Hats in plaque form have appeared—flat on top and elevated by a side back bandeau. Ostrich tips are sometimes used underneath.

CHARMING NEW LACE RIBBONS

Come in Almost Any Color That May Be Desired, and Are Beautiful and Serviceable.

Have you seen the newest gauze ribbons—made to resemble lace, and cobwebby lace at that, edged with satin in the most adorable of colors? The laces are either of white or gold and are perfectly charming. They make most alluring tango and breakfast caps, girdles and sashes. A tango bag made of this lace, using an eight-inch ribbon, had four widths overcast together and was made in the usual way by gathering the fullness to a round, cardboard covered bottom and drawing up with satin ribbons at the ruffled top. Needless to say this fragile material was used as an outside covering over satin, which matched the border of the ribbon. The bag in question was made of gold lace ribbon, edged with nile green, four stripes of the green running up and down where the selvages were joined. The bag was lined with green and drawn up with narrow ribbons of the same color.

Handy for Making Repairs.

Handy for making speeding repairs to the gloves, the skirt or the neckwear while on a shopping tour, is a two and a half inch long cartridge-shaped case in silver-coated metal holding three colors in thread, a thimble and needles. The threads are wound about a three sectioned reel whose hollow interior holds needles and on its top is fitted a thimble.

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.

Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You have my hearty consent to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. ORPHA TURNER, 431 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

"The Stain of Guilt."

A little fellow, nine years old, was out walnut hunting last fall and came home with his hands stained. While in the yard he had a quarrel with a little colored boy about the division of the nuts.

They were fighting when the white boy's three-year-old sister went out on the porch. She called to her brother to come in the house. She noticed his hands all black from the stain when he stepped upon the porch.

She ran in to her mother and cried out: "Oh, mamma, Bert was fighting with the colored boy out there."

"No, I wasn't," Bert said.

"Yes he was, mamma," his sister maintained. "Look at his hands—they are all black."

Too Soon.

"Did Jack impress you much?"

"No, it was the first time he had called."—New York World.

Worms expelled promptly from the human system with Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot." Adv.

Most men would rather get their light in front of a powerful reflector than hide it under a bushel.

It is often easier to read a man than it is to make use of the knowledge gained.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes guarantee satisfaction. Adv.

Money is a man's greatest trouble if he hasn't any.

Have You a Bad Back?

Does your back ache night and day, making work a burden and rest impossible? Do you suffer stabbing, darting pains when stooping or lifting? Most bad backs are due to hidden trouble in the kidneys and if the kidney secretions are scant or too frequent of passage, proof of kidney trouble is complete. Delay may pave the way to serious kidney ills. For bad backs and weak kidneys, use Doan's Kidney Pills—recommended the world over.

A MICHIGAN CASE

William Hough, 916 Alderman St., Belding, Mich., says: "I had lumbago and rheumatic pains and my limbs were terribly stiff. I doctored, but didn't get relief and most gave up hope. Finally I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the first box helped me. I kept on until cured and I have been well ever since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

35 BUSHELS PER ACRE was the yield of WHEAT

160 Acre FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE

on many farms in Western Canada in 1913, some yields being reported as high as 50 bushels per acre. As high as 100 bushels were recorded in some districts for oats, 50 bushels for barley and from 10 to 20 bus. for flax.

J. Keys arrived in the country 5 years ago from Denmark with very little means. He homesteaded, worked hard, is now the owner of 320 acres of land, in 1913 had a crop of 20 acres, which will realize him about $4,000. His wheat weighed 68 lbs. to the bushel and averaged over 35 bushels to the acre.

Thousands of similar instances might be related of the homesteaders in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The crop of 1913 was an abundant one everywhere in Western Canada.

Ask for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates. Apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

C. J. Broughton, 412 Merchants L. & T. Bldg., Chicago
M. V. McInnes, 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit.

Canadian Government Agent

TODD—COUNTY OF CREAMERIES, CORN AND CLOVER, write for booklet and land list. VanDyke & VanDyke, Long Prairie, Minn.