

# INTERIOR JOURNAL.

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NO. 6.

**THE INTERIOR JOURNAL.**  
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Office—Corner Masonic Block.

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AND DEALERS IN  
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**TERMS CASH.**

## ITEMS FOR LADIES.

### DOLLY VARDENS AND BACHELORS.

The bachelor who intimated that Dolly Varden would be "dead stock" in Stanford, if the INTERIOR JOURNAL'S statements regarding them were true, viz: That it possessed an individuality of character rigorously incompatible with an adoption by any waver not possessing the youthful beauty and exquisite grace of the fictitious locksmith's daughter—we are happy to inform our young lady readers, is now suffering excruciating agony from a blistered tongue, a perjured conscience and single wretchedness—his just deserts.

### BOSNETS.

Straw is the accented, and nothing can be more meaningless than the untrimmed straw bonnet of the present season. But when it has passed through the milliner's hands, had height and fullness given to the crown, lightness and grace, by the artistic arrangement of lace, drooping flowers, or knots of ribbon, or an entire transformation effected by a clever contrivance, the "Abatian bow," it passes muster. The bonnet at present is a negation, without even the dignity of a fact, for by the time it is perched on the chignon it cannot be distinguished from a hat, except by the absence of continuity in the hair.

A new style of lockets are in the shape of an egg, of gold, with a fancy design in enamel on the outside, and opening with a spring, disclose on one side a glass, and the other a place for a miniature. Ear-rings are also made to match, and are very appropriate little trinkets to present to a friend on or about Easter time.

Every season a reduction is announced in the price of goods; every season there is a great parade over the evidences of returning "simplicity" (since Eve's fig-leaves, when was clothing simple?) Every season dressmakers' bills heavier, and something added in the way of trimming or material, to increase the cost of each garment.

Painted and scalloped boucées are the latest style of trimming dresses, and make the ladies look like small perambulating awnings.

Gloves ornaments for the hair are very prevalent. The latest is a bird's nest, containing a small bird, with extended wings and jeweled eyes.

Initial letters of gold or silver for note or letter paper are very fashionable. White or tinted paper may be used, according to taste.

A new style of ornament for the hair is a small humming bird with diamond eyes and a jeweled arrow through its breast.

The old-fashioned style of necklaces, worn by our grandmothers, of several rows of small gold beads, are all the rage at present.

Many of the fashionable up-town residences have been built with open fire-places in each room.

Fashionable young ladies consider evening dressing at home as the greatest "bore" in existence.

Fashion, like history, repeats itself, and the high tortoise-shell combs worn by our grandmothers are again *à la mode*.

Feathers in ladies' bonnets are longer recognized by the *beau monde*. Buds and flowers are now worn.

Kid boots, with buttons on both sides, are the latest for ladies.

Zebra-striped dresses are among the spring styles.

**Bather Hard on Genosco.**  
The Hartford *Current* hardly knows whether Columbus did a good thing or not in discovering this country, and moralizes thus: The Indians never thanked him, for one party. The Africans had small ground to be gratified for the market he opened for them. Here are two continents that had no use for him. He led Spain into a dance of great expectations, which ended in her gorgeous ruin. He introduced tobacco into Europe, and laid the foundation for more tracts and nervous diseases than the Romans had in a thousand years. He introduced the potato into Ireland, indirectly, and that caused such a rapid increase of population that the great famine was the result, and an enormous emigration to New York—hence Tweed and Hall and the constituency of Ring. Columbus is really responsible for New York.

**Dr. W. H. HOPSON,** the noted Christian minister of Louisville, had his flourishing female college at Palmyra, Mo., broken up by the Federals during the war which explains this.

**CARD.**—I am requested by Dr. W. H. Hopson, as his trustee to whom he assigned his property for the benefit of his creditors, to state that he has paid all of his Missouri debts, as far as any were known to exist, amounting with interest paid thereon, to about \$18,000 and exceeding his assets when he made the assignment by about \$11,000. I am also requested by him to return his thanks to his creditors for the reason, as he states, that not one of them dunned him, and that all were liberal to him on final settlement.

## Answers to Correspondents.

**Answers to Correspondents.**  
**Twenty-One.**—Asks us if he, at the age of twenty-one, should begin the study of a profession. This is not too soon to begin, provided you are sufficiently advanced in your studies. If not, defer it a while longer. It will aid you wonderfully.

**CINCINNATI.**—We can only give you the fact from history as to the origin of the word *cinereus*. The Coars and other Emperors of Rome, with seats in the form of those in the circus of the present day. There were nine of them at Rome, in which gladiatorial combats were often held. The largest one was said to be sufficient to seat 300,000 persons. We doubt it, however, for that is a tremendous crowd of folk.

**MURDER.**—We are asked the question if a boy of ten years were to kill another lad, or any one else, if our law would sanction his punishment to the same degree that it would be meted out to an adult for a similar offense. The law might do so, but a jury would never do it. There is a case reported in some of the law books, however, where the court decided that a boy ten years old was guilty of murder, because he concealed himself after committing the deed, which showed a knowledge of right and wrong. The jury pronounced him guilty and he was hung.

**FRUIT.**—Of course it will be too late to plant trees the 20th of this month, except evergreens, the leaves will be out by that time. Why don't you get it at now, and not wait until you get your corn land broken up. Better defer corn-planting than tree planting, for you can do the one hereafter, the other now, or not at all until November.

**SEAMSTRESS.**—This lady asks us which is the best sewing machine for family purposes. You had as well ask us which is the prettiest lady in town. If we were to answer either question, we would be at once assailed by all the owners of the other machines and babies in the place. We don't seek any such difficulty.

**Hand-Shaking.**  
How did shaking get in the habit of shaking hands? The answer is not far to seek. In early and barbarous times, when every savage or semi-savage was his own law-giver, judge, soldier and policeman, and had to watch over his own safety, in default of all other protection, two friends or acquaintances, or two strangers desiring to be friends and acquaintances, when they chanced to meet, offered each to the other the right hand—the hand alike of offense and defense, the hand that wields the sword, the dagger, the club, the tomahawk, or other weapon of war. Each did this to show that the hand was empty, and neither war nor treachery was intended. A man cannot well stab another while in the act of shaking hands with him, unless he is a double-eyed traitor and villain, and strives to aim a cowardly blow with the left while giving the right, and pretending to be on good terms with his victim. The custom of hand-shaking prevails, more or less, among all civilized nations and is the tacit avowal of friendship and good will, just as a kiss is of a warmer passion. Ladies, as every one must have remarked, seldom or never shake hands with the cordiality of gentlemen, unless it be with each other. The reason is obvious. It is for them to receive homage, not to give it. They cannot be expected to show to persons of the other sex a warmth of greeting which might be misinterpreted, unless such persons are very closely related to them by family or affection; in which cases hand-shaking is not needed, and the lips do more agreeable duty.

**The Great Mystery.**  
The body is to die. No one who passes the charmed boundary comes back to tell. Imagination visits the land of shadows—sent out from some window of the soul over life's restless waters, but wings its way wearily back without a life leaf in its beak as a token of merging life beyond the closely blending horizon. The great sun comes and goes in the heavens yet breathes no secret of the ethereal wilderness. The crescent moon cleaves her nightly passage across the upper deep, but tosses overboard no signals. The sentinel stars challenge each other as they walk their nightly round, but we catch no syllable of their counterpoint, which gives passage to the heavenly camp. Between this life and the other life there is a great gulf fixed, across which neither feet nor eye can travel. The gentle friend whose eyes were closed in their last long sleep, long years ago, died with rapture in her wonder-stricken eyes, a smile of ineffable joy upon her lips, and hands folded over a triumphant heart; but her lips were passed speech, and intimated nothing of the vision that enthralled her.

**A PAPER** tells how a servant-girl mends her stockings: "When a hole appeared in the toe, Bridget tied a string around the stocking above the aperture, and cut off the projecting portion. This was repeated as often as necessary, each time pulling the stocking down a little, until at last it was nearly all cut away, when Bridget sewed on new legs, and thus always kept her stockings in repair."

## A MAN nine feet high propels his ponderous proportion in Russia.

Hon. Ed. C. MARSHALL has quit farming and resumed the practice of law.

CINCINNATI went Democratic at the city election on Monday by from 2,000 to 3,000 majority.

DR. LOGAN, of Missouri Legislature, recently made a four hours' speech on dogs.

WISCONSIN FARMERS go to running for their horses, many of whom have become rabid from contact with the incisors of family dog.

A TERRE HAUT belle tried to bleach her hair, but is now confined to the house, "seriously indisposed," and bemoaning her blighted hopes.

DERISO a recent cold snap at Galveston, Texas, Judge Dodge had to adjourn the criminal court until the county could borrow five dollars from the deputy sheriff to buy fuel to heat the court-room.

TWO CHILDREN of Mrs. Manlake, of Detroit, led alone by their mother, found a pair of scissors and six \$10 greenbacks in a bureau drawer, and had amusement for an hour.

Washington correspondent styles COL. FAX "a fox in an ass's skin." The skin is an ass's certainly; but we never suspected that there was any other sort of animal in it.

The papers say "Ben Butler proposes to take Louisville in his western tour." We knew Ben would take anything he could lay his hands on, but we are a little anxious to know what he wants with Louisville.

THE PITTSBURG *Gazette* says that the spirit of the Louisville press is whiskey. That is probably the reason why the average Pittsburger is always so eager to devour a Louisville newspaper.

The Democrats of Pendleton county in convention April 1st, instructed for Hon. Jno. W. Menzies as candidate for Judge of the second Appellate District, and for Hon. J. S. Boyd for Judge of the Tenth Judicial District.

THE Mississippi Valley Life Assurance Association, of Louisville, has suspended and reinsured all its risks in the St. Louis Mutual. The rumor has been circulated on the streets for some days, but not until Friday last did it receive confirmation.

HERE is human nature in a three year old; "What would you do if your mother should die?" asked a lady of her three year old girl that we would't take a hundred dollars for. Well, mamma was the melancholy response, I suppose I should have to speak myself.

An old minister says the best criticism he ever received on his preaching was from a little fellow who had been following his sermon attentively, and suddenly spoke out, as he heard a repetition of a remark previously made: "You said that afore."

The Trustees of the Southern railroad have made no formal announcement of their intentions under the amended act of the Kentucky Legislature. It is understood, however, that they will accept the charter and commence operations under it at an early day.—*Covington Journal*.

SOME young Texas hunters, feeling cold, built a fire in the woods. About the time it got well under way they had reason to believe that the fire had been built over their powder sack, for the only one who was not hurt by the explosion counted the others as they came down.

A RECENT number of a Berlin newspaper says that a contractor of a mason's work has been condemned to two years' imprisonment, and a carpenter to one and a half years' imprisonment, by one of the German courts, for criminal neglect in their work, the building falling in consequence.

AN old bachelor editor, thus, in his spite, comments on a recent moonlight night: "We left our sanctum at midnight last night, and on our way home we saw a young lady and gentleman holding a gate on its hinges. They were evidently indignant at being kept out so late, as we saw them bite each other several times."

A GERMAN got his dander up the other day, upon the arrival of a second pair of twins, and said to his family physician: "Oh you blundering doctor, it is a pair of twins, but you are to be blamed for not seeing that a schup be boot to dose dings. Van of squince, Idings, is allers recht, but more asad ish plaid out, don't it? Dat vor's do matter mit ma. You know how it ish, myself."

The five-lovers of a Springfield (Mass.) girl, each of whom she had taught to think was the favored one, discovering that their love was a joint stock concern, recently met at the house of the fair one and with one accord dropping on their knees, offered her their hearts and hands. The tableaux was an effective one, but the young lady refused them, one and all.

## Farmers' Clubs.

We clip the following from the *Prairie Farmer*, and wish our farmers in this county would re-organize their club. Much good could be done if such a society were kept up and thoroughly worked. In other States, great good has been done by these Clubs, and we see no reason why our county should not do as much good as they have. Who will make a move in this direction?

### ORGANIZING A FARMERS' CLUB.

We have on hand some half dozen requests for information as to the manner of organizing and conducting a farmers' club. In the *Prairie Farmer* nearly every year for the past four or five years, or longer, we have given this information, but our increasing circulation, bringing in new individuals and neighborhoods, renders it necessary to often repeat many useful things. It is with pleasure that we do this. To meet the present demand for instruction in forming Farmers' Clubs, we perhaps can do no better than to publish the plan of organization of the Madison County Farmers' Club, No. 1, lately forwarded us by a member:

### CONSTITUTION.

1. This organization shall be known as the Madison County Farmers' Club, No. 1.
2. Its object shall be the improvement of its members, in the theory and practice of agriculture.
3. Its members, additional to its original number, shall consist of such persons as shall receive a two-thirds vote of the admission, and pay the sum of one dollar; and annually thereafter.
4. Its officers shall consist of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Librarian, (who shall jointly constitute the Executive Committee,) and Chairman of standing Farmers' Clubs, and shall be elected annually.
5. Its meetings shall be held monthly, and at such other times and places as the President may deem necessary to the good of the Society.
6. This constitution may be amended at any regular meeting, said amendment having been proposed the previous meeting.

### BY-LAWS.

1. The President shall preside at meetings of the Club and Executive Committee, and have power to call special meetings.
2. The Vice President shall have like power with the President, and shall preside during his absence or inability.
3. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of the Club, and conduct its correspondence.
4. The Treasurer shall receive all moneys, and pay out the same on the written order of the President.
5. Meetings shall be held on the second Saturday of each month.

### STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1872.

On soils and their improvement; pastures, grasses and meadows, grains (corn, wheat, oats &c.) on exhibition, root crops and other farm crops, fruits and fruit trees; domestic animals, library.

### ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Reading of Minutes of last meeting; reports of special Committees; unfinished business; new business; essay; discussion reports of standing Committees.

This club meets monthly at the residence of some one of the members. The meetings are very interesting and profitable.

### Southern Mutual Life Company of Kentucky.

This excellent company, with their headquarters in Louisville, Kentucky, advertises in our paper this week. The object of life insurance has become one of so much interest, from the fact that so many companies have recently sprung into existence, and so many persons are seeking protection for their families through them, that it becomes not only the duty of the press to be careful in its recommendations, but of persons who take out policies to seek all possible information in reference to institutions of this kind that may be candidates for public favor.

When I first contemplated taking out a policy for the benefit of my family, with the propositions of several agencies before me, after the most careful and scrutinizing examination, (residing at that time in Louisville,) while many excellent companies were brought to my notice, I preferred none of them to the Southern Mutual Life Insurance of Kentucky.

With the officers and directory, resident in Louisville, I am personally acquainted, and have always regarded them as not only among the best business gentlemen of the city, but also as gentlemen of sterling integrity. Having been insured in this office for several years, I am gratified to be able to state that in no instance has the annual premium in no instance been called upon to pay them one cent more than they originally promised it should be.

A. H. REDFORD,  
Nashville, Tenn. March 25, 1872.

GENEALY and twenty of his friends endorse the call for the Cincinnati Convention.

THERE are 60,382 miles of railroad in operation in the United States.

THE *Newcastle Constitutionalist* will hereafter be published in Eminence.

CINCINNATI has 4,366 licensed dogs. The surplus strychnine, after the 3,000,000 gallons of old stock whiskey with which they she defend the Louisville corner have given a flavor of age, will be employed in qualifying the other pups to figure in the packing returns.

## How Gunpowder is Made—A House Where Men Never Laugh.

How do you think you would like to live, fearing every moment to be blown up; not daring to speak loud, to jar anything, for fear of starting an explosion that would send you in an instant to the other world?

You don't think it would be pleasant? Well it isn't; yet hundreds of men live just in that state, work, and receive pay and live, year after year, in the very sight of death, as it were; all that the world may give them.

You can easily guess that those men go very quietly, and never laugh.

You know that gunpowder is very dangerous in a gun, or near a fire, but perhaps you don't know that it is equally as dangerous all through the process of making. A powder mill is a fearful place to visit, and strangers are very seldom allowed to enter one. They are built far from any town, and each branch of work is done in separate buildings. These houses are quite a distance apart, so that if one blows up, it won't blow up the rest. Then the lower part of the buildings are made very strong, while the roofs are very lightly set on, so that if it explodes only the roof will suffer. But in spite of every care sometimes a whole settlement of the powder mills will go off almost in an instant and every vestige of the work of years will be swept away in a few seconds.

But though you feel like holding your breath to look at it, it is really a very interesting process to see. It is made, perhaps you know of charcoal, saltpeter and brimstone. Each of these articles is prepared in a house by itself; but the house where they are mixed is the first terrible one. In this building is an immense stone rolling round and round in an iron bed. In this bed, and under the stone are put the three fearful ingredients of gunpowder. There they are thoroughly mixed and ground together.

This is a very dangerous operation because if the stone comes in contact with its iron bed it is very apt to strike fire and the merest suspicion of a spark would set off the whole. The materials are spent on three or four inches thick in the bed; the wheel, which goes by water power, is started, and every 20 lbs. of the place. The door is shut and the machinery is left to do its terrible work alone. When it has run long enough, the mill is stopped and the men come back. This operation leaves the powder in lumps or cakes.

The house is where these are broken into grains, and of course quite as dangerous as the last one. But the men can't go away from this, they are obliged to tend to it every moment; and you may be sure no laugh or joke is ever heard in its walls. Every one who goes in has to take off his boots and put on rubbers because one grain of the dangerous powder crushed by the boot would explode the whole in an instant.

The floor of this house is covered with leather, and is made perfectly black by the dust of the gunpowder. It contains a set of scales, each one smaller than the last which when the powder is sifted and immense ground and laboring mill where it is ground up while men shovel it in with wooden shovels. The machinery makes a great deal of noise, but the men are silent, as in the other house. The reckless crashing of the machinery even seems to give greater horror, one is very glad to get out of that house.

You have heard of things being as dry as a powder house, but you wouldn't think this house very dry. It is almost imbedded in water. The roof is one big tank full of water. Did you ever hear of a water roof before? Instead of having steps to go in there are shallow tanks of water, through which every one must walk to the door.

In none of these powder houses there is never any light allowed except sunlight. The wages are good the day's work is short, ending always at three or four o'clock. But the men have a serious look, that makes one think every moment of the danger and glad to get away.

Though curiosity may take a man once to visit a powder mill he has no desire to visit it again; and he feels all the rest of his life that for once he has been very near death.—*American Sportsman*.

### Serving at Table.

The habit that obtains, in many families, of "heaping" food and giving a little and considerable more than is asked for, has nothing to be said in its favor and is a great deal against. Unless one has a strong firm appetite that only an earthquake or tempest could effect, a large quantity of food is appalling. It is much pleasanter to send one's plate and have it replenished, than to be obliged to leave food upon the plate. In order to clear the plate one is prone to over eat, from an idea of "saving" the food. Economy does not signify a lack of plentifulness nor stinginess. It means enough for each and all, nothing wasted, and when food is served in an over-abundance, waste must be the result, unless, indeed, the surplus is gathered together again—the simple idea of which is disgusting. Moreover, it is a comfort to have just what one asks for—if "half a cup of tea," that much and no more.

## Horrible Outrage.

We have learned the following particulars in regard to one of the most horrible outrages that has been committed in this section of country: On the night of Wednesday, 20th ult., six men, named Bud Jackson, R. P. Weatherford, James Vaughn, Billy Coe, Ben Jackson, and Humphreys, started out for a big hunt. The first named is a married man with a wife and child, the balance young men, between the ages of fifteen and twenty-one.

When they reached the place of Mr. Shelton, a peaceful, respectable farmer, who resides on the place familiarly known as the Sammy Crossland place, some one of them proposed a most diabolical plan for outraging two innocent women, and gratifying their own lusts. The proposition was that they should go to Shelton's house, give him a dangerous narcotic, and then ravish his wife, and daughter of 15 years. The first four of the party named readily agreed to this, but the last two, Humphreys and Ben Jackson, to their honor and credit, refused to join them in their hellish plan, and returned to their homes.

When they arrived at Shelton's house they called Shelton up, forced him to swallow the opiate, and leaving him lying in the yard, a very bitter cold night, they went into the house, and seizing the wife and daughter knocked them down. The daughter was knocked down three times by the ruffians with the butt of their pistols. Seeing that they would be forced to hold them down every time, they, to save themselves the trouble, then tied them both down.

The villains during the night ravished each one, twice each, and even threatened a younger daughter only eight years old. Bud Jackson and Billy Coe have both been captured, and are now in jail at Clinton, and it is thought the others will soon be captured as the neighbors are hunting them down.

Both women were confined to their beds for four or five days, but are now able to attend the trial of the two men who have been caught. Two of the oldest citizens of the county who were present when the women gave their evidence, left the court room, as the trial was too horrible for their ears.

These alarming outrages are becoming entirely too frequent, and the severest measures of the law should be meted out to the persons, who call themselves men, who commit them.—*Paducah Kentuckian*.

### Letters of Recommendation.

A gentleman advertised for a boy to assist him in his office, and nearly fifty applicants presented themselves to him. Out of the whole number he has a short time selected one and dismissed the rest.

"I should like to know," said a gentleman, "on what ground you selected that boy, who had not a single recommendation?"

"You are mistaken," said the other gentleman, "he has a great many. He wiped his feet when he came in, and closed the door after him, showing that he was careful; he gave up his seat instantly to that lame old man, showing he was kind and thoughtful; he took off his cap when he came in, and answered my questions promptly and respectfully, showing he was polite; he picked up the book which I had purposely laid upon the floor, and replaced it on the table, while all the rest stepped over it or shoved it aside; and waited quietly for his turn, instead of pushing and crowding, showing that he was orderly. When I talked with him, I noticed that his clothes were carefully brushed, his hair in nice order, and his teeth brushed; and when he wrote his name, I noticed that his finger nails were clean, instead of being tipped with jet, like that handsome little fellow's in the blue jacket. Don't you call these things letters of recommendation? I do, and I would give more for what I tell about a boy, by using my eyes ten minutes, than all the fine letters you can bring me."—*Review*.

### Beginning in Life.

Somebody remarks that little fish seem to have the most sensible ideas of a start in life—they all begin on a small scale—and there is as much truth as wit in the saying. Begin small. Countless sermons have already been preached on that text, but until the practice comes up to the preaching there would seem to be need of more yet. It is not so easy for a young couple who have been brought up in comfort and luxury to go backward in the social life and begin according to their means. It seems like a descent, and it is hard to make it gracefully. Better that it should be done, however, at first, than to come to it after a brief period of luxurious living; for in that case the last state is apt to be worse than the first. Emulate the little fishes, therefore, and begin on a small scale.

The Paris Kentucky Democracy have at last made nominations for city officers, and entered into the contest with a determination to elect their candidates.

### "Hair" manure.

"Hair manure" is what a young lady inquired for in one of the Kookuk drug stores last week when she wanted a bottle of hair renewer.

## Card from the Publisher of the Frankfort Commonwealth.

Having announced in last week's issue my determination to suspend the publication of the *Frankfort Commonwealth* after the present number was issued, and the reasons therefor, I have only now to say that I am personally thankful to the many friends who have stood by me and encouraged me in the past, and regret that circumstances have occurred, over which I had no control, to prevent the continuance of the few remaining years of my life. I had hoped to be able to continue its publication during my life.

To those friends who have kindly paid me in advance for the *Commonwealth*—never having adopted the cash principle—I have only to say that if they will notify me, I will cheerfully subscribe and pay the balance for any other paper they may wish to have, or will return them the balance in money, as they may elect.

I have a large amount due me for subscription, advertising, and job printing, upon my books. I am honestly entitled to these balances, and I hope my friends will do me the favor to settle them at their earliest convenience. I do not wish to inconvenience or press any person indebted to me, yet it is but fair that these balances be paid as soon as practicable.

My son, James A. Hodges, who has charge of my printing establishment, is authorized to receive and settle any claim due me. He is also authorized to execute any printing—either book or job printing—in my establishment for the present, and I earnestly solicit that class of patronage until I shall sell my establishment, or resume the publication of my paper.

I ask, as a personal favor, that my friends of the press in Kentucky withhold this notice at least one publication in their papers.

A. G. HODGES.

### Joah Billings' Duties.

Debt is a trap which a man sets and later himself, and then deliberately gets into.

Disease and pills, when they enter a man's body, are like two lawyers when they undertake to settle his affairs, they compromise the matter by laying out the patient.

As the first contains the spark, unknown to itself, which the steel above can take into fire, so adversity often reveals to us hidden gems which prosperity or negligence would forever lay hid.

Most people when they can lay out for advice, can't see their own opinions strengthened and corrected.

We have been furnished the details of an awful crime, recently committed in Breckinridge county, Kentucky. There lived near the town of Bevelyville, Breckinridge county, a negro man, aged about fifty years, and his daughter. The daughter and her husband had been brutally treated by her father, and then lived and lodged with her the same as though she was his wife.

The result of this mode of life was the birth of a child to the daughter, of which her own father was the parent. The two as soon as the guilty and brutal girl could leave her bed, took the child and killed it, and then threw its body into a tank.

The parties were arrested and taken before a magistrate for trial, and the evidence against them being direct and positive, they were committed to the jail of Breckinridge county to answer to the charge of murder.—*Ex*.

It appears that there are 20,167 Free and Accepted Masons in Kentucky. These all belong to the 525 ordinary Masonic Lodges in the State. How